TWO CENTS.

TWELVE PAGES

SCRANTON, PA., SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER, 28, 1899.

TWELVE PAGES

TWO CENTS.

SORTIE AT KIMBERLEY

A Brilliant Dash by the Beleaguered British Forces.

DISLODGE BOERS

Commandant Botha and Many Boers Killed-British Loss, Three Killed, Twenty-One Wounded-Bravery of the Men of the Lancashire Regiment-Scaled a Hill and Drove Back Superior Force of Boers at the Point of the Bayonet-The Situation at Mafeking and in Rhodesia.

Cape Town, Oct. 26 .- Evening-Official reports from Kimberley, dated Tuesday, state that Colonel Turner, with 270 men, proceeded northward to MacFarlane's Farm, where they unsaddled their horses. At 9 o'clock a party of Boers was seen on the right flank and was scattered quickly. Colonel Scott Turner opened fire on them and several of them were seen to fall. The enemy moved to a sandheap and opened fire on the British, which was returned.

Colonel Scott-Turner attempted to prevent the Boers advancing against olonel Murray, but he met with a heavy fire from a dam wall 600 feet to the left.

At 11 o'clock Colonel Murray ordered 150 men of the Lancashire regiment to proceed to the north-An armored train is supporting Col-

onel Scott-Turner. At mid-day Coionel Murray started also with two field guns and two Maxims and seventy mounted men. One of the two British guns opened suddenly on the Boers, who were in an unfavorable position. The Boer artillery fire was Another armored train was held in readiness. At 2 o'clock the cond train was sent forward with additional ammunitten. The Lancashires behaved splendidly

and Colonel Scott-Turner highly commended them. Commandant Botha and many Boers

were killed. The British loss was three killed and twenty-one wounded. The engagement was a brilliant success for the British forces. The Boers, who were 700 strong, were

unable to withstand the splendid charge of the Lancashires, who cleared the hill occupied by the enemy at the point of the bayonet. The local volunteers, with the Lancashires, completed the rout of the burghers after Murray's artillery had driven them out of their entrenchments.

At Kimberley.

London, Oct. 27.-Before the sortle Kimberley was apparently in high spirhs. A dispatch from there dated Oct. 22 says every one was cheerful. A wedding was celebrated there that day. The dispatch adds: "Great enthusiasm has been aroused

here by the news of the British successes in Natal. Several farmers in the neighborhood of Kimberley have been noticed in the ranks of the Boers. A letter from Father Rocke said six hundred Boers, with one hundred wagons, were laagered at Taungs. All the whites have left, except the women, who sought refuge in the convent. The Boer commandant has promised to protect them."

General Yule's column is recovering from the fatigue of the march from Giencoe. The morale of the troops is splendid.

The news from the northern border indicates that the Boers are actively trying to prevent Colonel Plumer from relieving Mafeking, hence the absence of news since Pretoria announced the bombardment of the place is creating considerable alarm.

The sharp struggle at Kimberley Tuesday appears to have been the result of a sortie with the view of breaking the cordon surrounding the town. British, apparently 500 strong, met 700 Boers, and, according to the offictal and other accounts, routed them after severe fighting, in which the armored trains appear to have done valu-The Boers were enable service. trenched strongly seven miles northward and the British brilliantly carried the enemy's position without serious loss. It is said that the Boers twice

unfairly used a white flag. Commandant Botha, who was among the killed, was a member of the Volksraad and a famous Dutch fighter. He distinguished himself as a marksman at Brenkhorst-Spruit, when the Ninety-fourth British regiment was mowed down. He afterward defended a farm house against the Erltish. When he surrendered the farm house he was bathed in blood from five wounds.

Belated despatches from Tuli Fort partially elucidate the situation on the Rhodesian border. It appears that Colorel Plumer ascertained that all the Zoutspansberg Boers, numbering 700 men had mustered under Pist Joubert, at the Erack river and had proceeded to Limpopo river, where they arrived Oct. 16, accompanied by a number of armed Shangaan and Zoutpansberg Kaffirs, whom they had compelled to take up arms. The British thereupon captured three Kaffir chiefs, who are

On Oct. 19 reconnoitering patrols proceeding along the north bank of the river in a westerly direction, encountered a party of Boers in some dens bush on the Rhodesia ride of the Limpopo. The patrol retired and the Boers fired, wounding a trooper.

Mistake of the Boers. Cape Town, Oct. 27 .- A telegram

from Buluwayo, Rhodesia, dated Mon-

Khama and Chief Linchwe, who are loyal to Great Britain. 'The two chiefs' country lies at the extreme northwest of the Transvaal and includes Bechuanaland. It seems a gross mistake for the Boers to provoke war among the natives. The probable ex-planation is that the Boer force intends to destroy the rallway to Buluwayo, which runs through Khama's country and thus prevent any attempt on Colonel Plumer's Rhodesian force to go to the relief of Mafeking. Already there have been stories of a Rhodesian armored train engaging the Boers some distance north of Mafeking.

Spies Will Be Shot. Durban, Natal, Oct. 24 (Delayed in

transmission).-Many spies have been arrested here and some of them will

On the strength of representations by the mayor of Durban, the governor of Natal, Sir Walter Francis Hely-Hutchinson, has prohibited the landing of all but British refugees. Undesirable persons of all nationalities will be rigidly excluded. Already there are too many of this class in Durban.

It is reported that one of the Indian transports is being fitted out to convey the Boer prisoners elsewhere.

Rhodes Gives Dinners.

Cape Town, Oct 27,-According to further advices from Kimberley the money and another party which, in oppo-sition to imperialism, will combine with their losses has been made. Mr. Rhodes native can only be avoided if the imperial rode out and watched the fight policy is removed and the first step necesrode out and watched the fight. The townspeople, including the wo-

men, mounted the trenches, watching eagerly for the return of the troops. Mr. Rhodes is cheerful and gives dinner parties daily, at which luxuries are

WANT NO INTERFERENCE.

England Can Settle the Transvaal Affair.

London, Oct. 27 .- Commenting upon States be offered in settling the differences between Great Britain and the Transvaal the Standard says:

"We very much doubt whether the Washington government will at all ap-Washington government will at all ap-dangerous for it means the ruin of our preciate the suggestion, but in any case free institutions. If, therefore, we could it is as well for those who it concerns, and particularly for those whom it does not concern to understand that the Transvaal quustion is one which exclusively affects ourselves and which we propose to settle without assistance or intervention of any kind."

TESTING MARCONI SYSTEM. Demonstrations Made on the Flagship New York,

New York, Oct. 27 .- The navy departnent continued its tests of the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy to-The demonstrations are being made on the flagship New York and the battleship Massachusetts in the North river off the foot of Thirtyfourth street.

the demonstration was one of speed and accuracy. Code messages, using both the navy and the international Morse codes, were sent, besides numbers and letters selected at random. The largest continuous message was a newspaper article of two hundred words. In all there were six demonstrations and the work continued with intervals of preparation for about two hours. Signor Marconi said he paid no attention to the speed attained, as the navy department was more particular as to the accuracy,

Of the naval board which is supervising the tests Lieutenant Commander Newton and Lieutenant Hill watched the work on the flagship and Lieutenant Bliss was on the Massachusetts When the tests were concluded they held a conference on the New York and compared notes. They will make a final report to the chief of the bureau

of equipment of the navy department. None of the members of the naval board would give an opinion of the work being done by Signor Marconi. Admiral Farguhar watched the demonstration for a time and seemed greatly interested.

MASON'S RESIGNATION.

To Occur Before Christmas-He Will Take a High Salaried Position. Chicago, Oct. 27 .- The Times-Herald omorrow will say:

"Senator William E. Mason's threat to resign unless the administration's oreign policy is changed according to the latest prophecy, may be executed before Christmas. Persons who assume to be well informed insist that he will step immediately in pursuance of an arrangement which will change the whole face of Republican politics in Illinois. The story, as widely circulated, runs to this effect:

"Senator Mason will resign in a few weeks to take a high salaried legal position-\$12,000 or more a year-with one of the biggest corporations in the country, having headquarters in Chicago. Governor Tanner will then resign and Lieutenant Governor Northcott, on succeeding to the governorship, will appoint Tanner to the vacant senatorship. With Tanner thus eliminated from the gubernatorial situation. Northcott can be made the 'organization candidate' for governor next' year. The interests which are alleged to be making Senator Mason their attorney at a big salary with a longterm contract, are interests which have a friendly feeling for Governor Tan-

New Pennsylvania Line.

ner's future."

Columbus, O., Oct. 27,-Definite anuncement is made that the Pennsylva nia company will assume full control of the Cieveland, Akron and Columbus road on Nov. 1. H. W. Byers, from the Pittsburg, Youngstown and Ashiabula. held as hostages for the good behavior will be the new superintendent with divi-of their tribes.

. Unrest at Panama.

Washington, Oct. 27.-Thited States consul General Gudger, at Panama, abled the state department that many arrests of Liberals are being made in that vicinity. Unrest prevails, but, so fur, there have been no open disorders

Mark Cannon Hanged.

Irwinton, Ga., Oct. 27.-Mack Cannon was hanged here today for the murder of "A Boer force is threatening Chief April last. Both were colored

CARL SCHURZ ON THE ISSUES

THINKS IMPERIALISM MORE DANGEROUS THAN SILVER.

The Greatest Danger That Threatens the Institutions of the Country Lies in the Spirit That Prompted the Annexation of the Philippines. In the Midst of a Crisis.

Cincinnati, Oct. 27 .- A number of prominent German citizens recently addressed an invitation to Hon. Carl Schurz to deliver an address in Cincinnati. The following reply was received today: "New York, Oct. 23, 5899.

Dear Mr. Ratterman: it was a matter of regret to me to be unable to accede to your request to deliver a non-partisan address on imperialism in Cincinnati on my return trip from Chicago. This was partly due to my anxiety to reach home and because a non-partisan discussion of this question is no longer recognized. I would be pleased if this question could be taken out of party polities, because if this is not done the only choice that will be left us next year will be between a ed in carts. No reliable estimate of it an unsound money issue. This aftersary to that end is not alone the cessation of hostilities by a victory of our arms. but the relinquishment of the Philippines If the Filipinos are not granted their in-dependence then imperialism will be the main issue in the presidential election next year, crowding all other issues into the background. The signs are already apparent and 1 see that the Cincinnatt Volksbiatt warns as follows:

"Practical people are of the opinion that Mr. Schurz could be of greater ser-vice to the country if he would come to Ohlo and again fight the silver swindle instead of working into the hands of the the petition to President McKinley, free colors by placing annexation into promoted by the New York World, urg., the foreground. For it is a fact free ng that the good offices of the United coinage represents a greater danger than

I am of a different opinion. No one can ey of me that I undervalue the danger that may arise from free coinage, but I hold that imperialism is decidedly more not oppose imperialism without working into the hands of the free coiners, as the Volksblatt says, what then? It means that three years ago, in good faith, we elected a president to solve the money question, who instead has burdened us with imperialism. In this connection the warning "to speak of something else" ands peculiar

Of what do the speakers who have been called into Ohio really speak? Did Governor Roosevelt, for instance, dilate upon the silver question? He was principally occupied in calling us copperheads in answer to our anti-imperialistic arguments. And the rest of the orators do likewise. If under the circumstances I would by he agitation of the silver question aid Republicans of Ohio to victory, I the would be convinced that the administra-tion would construe such a victory as the indorsement by the people of its imperialistic policy and make unlimited capital Toward such a result I can not conscientiously contribute

Danger Ahead.

I am of the honest conviction that the greatest danger that now threatens the republic is imperialism. I believe that it our highest patriotic duty to set aside all party interests and do our best to avert this danger. It was to this end that last year I opposed the candidacy of Roosevelt for governor in this state did this, although I was a personal friend of Roosevelt and worked with him for civil service reform. I believed then, and believe, that his defeat with his imperialistic programme and in spite of his new earned fame, would have frightened the administration in Washington from be annexation of the Philippines and in this manner the danger would have been greatly minimized.

Many of my acquaintances here, who were then of a contrary opinion, agree with me now that the result from the crifice would have been well worth the price. The situation this year, appears to me to be exactly the same. If the fall elections result in a manner that the administration and congress are encouraged to further progress on the path of imperialism, then, unless unlooked for events should intervene, the main que ion that will confront us next year the presidential election will be imperialism and to save the republic from her greatest danger will require unpleasants uterifices. Such encouragement to the dministration should be withheld at any

We are in the midst of a crisis in which very good citizen should regard it as his highest duty to make the less important ubservient to the more important, ac-ording to his knowledge and conscience and not permit himself to be governed aply by party considerations. With friendly greetings, yours,

REV. MORRISON HANGED. Meets His Death Resignedly-Claims

Innocence. Dallas, Texas, Oct. 27.-Rev. tr. Mordson was hanged at 12 o'clock noon today at Vernon, Texas, for wife mur-He met his death resignedly.

On the scaffold he said to the select party of twenty witnesses permitted at the execution: "I am innocent. Circumstances over which I had no control have placed me in this position. I have taken my trouble in private to my God. I admit that I have acted indiscreetly. have done no worse, however, than hundreds of men who stand high in the religious, social, business and official circles of your state. I have done

nothing to confess. I am in the hands

of my Maker. He knows I am inno-

and his deather appeared to be pain-

Morrison's neck was broken

Anglo-Colombian Award.

cent.

Lausanne, Switzerland, Oct. 27.-After we and a half years of consideration he Anglo-Colombian inter-arbitration ourt today gave its award in the dispute between the government of Colom-bia and Punchard, McTaggart, Lowther & Co., engineers and contractors for pub-lic works, respecting the Medelline-Mag-dalena River rallway. Colombia's claim of \$00,000 francs was dismissed, and the firm, a London concern, was awarded un-wards of a million france.

Weeden Guilty of Murder.

Kingston, R. L. Oct. 27.-Andrew Wood en, of Narragansett Pier, accused of shooting his wife in the course of a quar-Narragansett Pier, accused of rel on Aug. 20, was found guilty of m der by a lury here today. He will sentenced to life imprisonment.

VANDERBILT WILL.

Provisions Substantially the Same

as Mentioned in Synopsis. New York, Oct. 27.-The will of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt was filed for probate in the surrogate's office this afternoon. The provisions of the will are substantially the same as mentioned in the synopsis given out yesterday by Chauncey M. Depew. The clause relating to Cornelius Vanderbilt. jr., contains no direct reference to the alleged troubles said to have occurred between the young man and his father The facts as given out previously by Senator Depew relating to this clause of the will are substantiated in the will. Nothing is mentioned concerning his name further than that necessary to make the bequest of the \$1,500,000.

In the thirteenth clause of the will a bequest is made to the mother of the deceased, which reads: "To my mother, as a mark of affection, I bequeath one hundred thousand dollars; also one hundred thousand dollars to my

brother, William K. Vanderbilt." In the twelfth clause, wherein the trustees of the several trust funds are directed to invest the proceeds arising from certain securities, the will designates what securities are to be so managed. They consist of United States and state of New York bonds, mortgage bonds of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad. the New York and Harlem Raliroad company and the Chicago and Northwestern railroad.

The will gives the added information that the executors are directed to pay annually to the Society of St. John the sum of \$2,000 so long as the society keep an agreement made in 1892 with the deceased and Mrs. Vanderbilt. When the agreement shall be broken, the annuity ceases.

There were no further differences to be seen between the will and the synopsis given out on Thursday evening.

PRAISE FOR THE MARINE CORPS

Brigadier General Heywood's Annual Report-More Officers Needed. Otherwise Highly Satisfactory. Work of the Men in the Spanish-American War and at Samoa.

Washington, Oct. 27.-Brigadier-General Charles Heywood, commanding the United States Marine corps, has submitted his annual report to the secretary of the navy. The report says that the condition of the corps is satisfactory, except for a lack of officers. The opportunity that has been offered for enlisted men to obtain commissions has had a stimulating effect on the personnel of the corps and a number of such appointments have been made. It is an interesting fact also that the physical requirements for recruits have been changed. making an allowance for an additional inch in the maximum height of men to be admitted. The recruiting service has been hampered somewhat by lack of funds, but the work is being prosecuted at seven stations.

During the Spanish war and other occasions last year the men of the marine corps have rendered service calling for especial commendation and a number of these cases are mentioned by General Heywood. For services during the fighting ashore at Apia, Samoa, in April, 1899, Sergeants Michael McNally, Bruno Forrester and Private Lenry Hulbert were personally mentioned by Lieutenant Perkins and the thanks of the secretary of the navy were conveyed to them. Ashore at Manila, the crew of the Colt gun in charge of Ensign Cleland Davis, of the Helena, were three men of the marine corps, Privates Howard Buckley, Thomas Prendergrast and Joseph

Metvin. They are highly commended. Medals of honor were awarded to twelve men of the Nashville and Mar-Medals were also awarded to Sergeant John H. Quick, Corporal Harry Mclant and meritorious services.

CASTRO NOT RECOGNIZED.

Foreign Ministers at Venezuela Awaitng Instructions.

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 27-The forelgn ministers met yesterday at the ed Mr Sexion presented him with the recognize the Castro government without instructions from their respective the resolution declaring for Cuban Miles to Porto Rico, and upon the ocgovernments.

Barbados, where he arrived recently, flag was secured by Colonel to the commander at Paerto Cabello. defend that city against General Castro to the last extremity. Coro and Maracaibo have surrendered to General Castro. Order reigns

ALL QUIET IN SAMOA.

Report of Recent Outbreak Untrue, but Conditions Unsettled.

Washington, Oct. 27.-The British the jail yard today. Before dying Walcommissioner for Samoa Mr. Ellot is in receipt of a letter from the British James Davidson, convicted of the same consul at Apia which dispels recent reports of native agitation.

The consul says that quiet reigns at Apia and throughout the interior, although, he adds, that it is difficult to say how long it will continue in the day. He died without faltering. present unsettled state of affairs.

Milling Plant Destroyed.

Milwaukee, Oct. 27 .- The plant of the Visconsin Milling company, together with four-story brick corn mill and a seven tory elevator, all owned by the Palst Brewing company, burned today. In adbuildings 60,000 bushels of grain and 500,000 pounds of hominy estroyed. The loss is estimated at \$100,

Two More Years for "Buck" Sjear. Trenton, N. J., Oct. 27 .- "Buck" Spear who, some time ago, escaued from the state prison, and was re-captured at S na, Pa., was today given an additional sentence of two years.

Vryburg Magistrate Responsible. London, Oct. 27.-The magistrate ryburg is responsible for a report made o Fremier Schreiner, at Cape Town, that 513 Hoers were killed at Mafeking.

BELIEVE THAT ANDREE LIVES

BROTHER OF THE POLAR AERO-NAUT GIVES REASONS.

Based on Buoys Ficked Up and the Pigeon Message-Balloonist May Be Making His Way Back to Civilization-At the Rate Nansen Traveled That Would Take Two Years - where He May Have Landed.

Mobile, Oct. 27.-Evelyn B. Baldwin, he artic explorer and observer in the United States Weather Bureau, who has been assigned to duty at this station, has arrived here from Washing-He has just received a letter from Captain Ernst Andree of Sweeden brother of the Polar aeronaut, and has given to the Associated Press the fol-

lowing extract from the letter: 'My opinion is that if my brother had landed anywhere between 86 and 88 degrees north and 70 or 80 degrees west and 180 degrees west (Greenwich 12 Local-Live Industrial News. meridian) we would have heard from him. But not having landed, I think he must have come down to the west of 180 degrees and between 83 and 87 degrees north. From 85 degrees north and 180 degrees it is about 750 miles to the nearest known land to New Siberia, Taymur, Franz Josef Land, Greenland and the Parry Islands. At the same dally progress made by Napsen, of three miles, it would take him two years to reach the coast of the Parry Islands and unother year before he could communicate with civilization.

'My brother several times expressed his wish to examine the ocean north of the Parry Islands. The last one of my brother's buoys was found on the north east of Iceland. Lately, however, another has been found on the north coast of King Charles Land, east of Spitzbergen. He had with him twelve buoys, eleven smaller ones and a large ne, the latter to be thrown out when the balloon was as far north as the expedition expected to reach.

"If the expedition reached 84 or 85 degrees north and 90 or 100 degrees east and then got northerly winds, it is most likely they would have thrown the buoy, not expecting to go any more to the north. But the wind might have changed in a few hours again to the south or southwest, and thus have carried the balloon to 84 or 86 degrees north and 90 degrees west or 180 degrees. "There they may have landed in an

unexplored region. Previous to reaching land they may have sailed backward and forward several times. Remember that the baloon sailed fifteen or sixteen miles an hour during the first three hours. "I do not put the least faith in any

of the many reports, with the exception, of course, of the pigeon message and the two buoys. I do not expect to hear anything more this year, but expect to hear all the more next summer.

SAMPSON AT PALMYRA.

The Admiral Well Received at the Home of His Boyhood.

Palmyra, N. Y., Oct. 27 .-- Rear Addistinguished naval commander artory whistle joined in a noisy salute of bells.

A procession was formed, which the An informal reception tollowed to the blehead for their gallantry in the cable intimate friends of the distinguished Big Horn. cutting of Cientuegos during the war, guest. The exercises in the afternoon were held in the First Presbyterian church. The building was packed to general of volunteers, and went to Cu-Neal, of the Brooklyn, and Corporal its utmost capacity. The rear admiral J. E. Cooper, of the Brooklyn, for gal- was most heartily cheered as he entered. Fliny T. Sexton, a schoolmate of Admiral Sampson, in an address of itated a final attack upon Santiago in community at the merited high honors with which Admiral Sampson returned the brigade operating on the west side saying that what was easy prophesy of the harbor entrance, which would was now recorded history.

After Admiral Sampson had respond American legation and decided not to flag which was flying over the capitol at Washington when congress adopted President Andrade has cabled from laration of war against Spain. The forces was nade military governor. Clemons, commander of the Palmyra Post of the Grand Army of the Repub-

TWO TEXAS MURDERERS.

Samuel Walrous and Walter Ford Die on the Callows.

Austin, Texas, Oct. 27 -- Samuel Walrous, one of the murderers of G. W. Engberg and his wife, were hanged in rous said he was going to heaven. crime will be hanged on Nov. 24. Dallas, Texas, Oct. 27.-Walter Ford,

June, 1898, was hanged in that city to-

Bishop for Kyoto.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 27.—The house of hishops of the Protestant Episcopai church met again today behind closed doors, for the purpose of further considering the advisability of placing bishop at Kyoto, Japan. Rev. Sydney (Partridge. after some discussion, appointed hishop to Japan. Bishop Part-ridge will be located at Kyoto and will have jurisdiction over the agents of the

Captain Skrimshire. Quebec, Oct. 27 .- The court of inquiry the steamship Scotsman disaster hold Captain Skrimshire responsible and has

with 498 mules, losing only three on the

aspended him for nine months. Mules Arrive at Manila. Washington, Oct. 37.—The army trans-port Port Albert has arrived at Manila

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today:

SHOWERS; COOLER.

- 1 General-Successful British Sortle at Kimberley. General Young After Filipino Rebeis. Carl Schurz on Imperialism. Reasons for Bellef That Andree Lives
- 2 General—Northeastern Pennsylvania. Financial and Commercial.
- 3 General—Present Problems in Cuba. Musical Gossip.
- Editorial, News and Comment.
- Local-Social and Personal. One Woman's Views. 6 Local-Incidents of the Golf Tourna
- Court Proceedings. Local-Endeavorers Form a County
- Programme of County Teachers' In-Local-West Scranton and Suburban.
- Bound About the County. 10 Local-Religious News of the Week. Sunday School Lesson for Tomorrow

Dun's Weekly Trade Review.

GEN. GUY V. HENRY DEAD

II Story-"A Cruel Dilemma."

Stricken with Pneumonia at His Home in New York-His Prilliant Career as a Fighter-Bravery in Indian Campaign-His Work in Spanish-American War.

New York, Oct. 27.-Brigadier General Guy V. Henry, U. S. A., died at his home, 139 Madison avenue, at 3,55 o'clock this morning from pneumonia, after an illness of ten days. His son, Seton, his wife and his daughter, Mrs. Benton, the latter of whom arrived from Newcastle, Vt., late in the evening, were with him when be died. Lieutenant P. E. Frank, of his staff, was also at his bedside.

General Henry was a son of Major William Scaton Henry, U. S. A., and a grandson of Daniel D. Tompkins, who was twice governor of New York, and vice-president of the United States. General Guy V. Henry was born at Fort Smith, in the Indian territory, sixty years ago, and was graduated from West Point in the class of '61. He began his service as second lieutenant of the First artillery, and sesured his captaincy in December, '65, He was transferred to the Third cavalry in 1870 and served afterwards in the Ninth. He was brevetted captain in 1862, for gallant and meritorious service in action near Pocotaligo river. South Carolina; brevetted major in February, 1864, for gallantry in the battle of Olustee, Fla., lieutenant-col-onel in 1864 in front of Petersburg, Va., colonel in March, '65, for gallant and meritorious service during the war. He of volunteers in October, 1864, for his service in the Petersburg campaign After the war he was transferred to

the cavalry and in 1871 was fighting Apaches in Arisona. In 1873 he was on duty in Wyoming, and through 1874 and 1875 he was fighting bostile Indians in the Black Hills of Dakota. He commanded a battalion in Crook's miral W. T. Sampson came to Palmyra Horn campaign against Sitting Bull left sick at Honolula of which Corthe home of his boyhood, from Roches- and the Sioux, and in the battle of ter today. As the train bearing the Tongue river received a severe wound by which his left eye was destroyed rived at the station an official salute General Henry was carried off the field was fired from a battery on Prospect and was sent to California on a three Hill, while every locomotive and fac- months' leave of absence to get well. In about two months he was back with which was augmented by the ringing his command, eager for fighting. In the Wounded Knee campaign, with three companies of his colored troopers admiral reviewed, after which he and he rode from Fort Robinson to Woundhis party, including Mrs. Sampson, ed Knee, a distance of 118 miles. Eut were taken to the residence of Pliny for his timely arrival the Seventh cav-

At the breaking out of the Spanish-American war he was made brigadler ba, arriving in time to participate in the final scenes before the surrender of Sentingo When General Shafter medhave had to carry the batteries and cessity of this service was obviated by General Toral's surrender. General Henry afterwards went with General

The Fout a Draw.

New York, Oct. 27. At the Broadway Athletic club tonight the star attraction was a twenty-five round bout at pounds between Eddle Connolly, of John, N. B., and Marty Matthews. Brooklyn. They fought the full 25 rounds and Referce Johnny White declared the a draw. It was a nard fight ad figured early in the game.

Choynski Defeats O'Donnell.

aplit.

Chicago, Oct. 27.-Joe Choynski defeated Steve O'Donnell traight in the fifth and of what was to have been a six round bout. There was nothing in it but Choynski from the start, O'Donnell makwho cruelly murdered his sweetheart ing a comparatively poor showing. Lucinda Moore, at Waco, Texas, in O'Donnell was badly beaten, both eyes being nearly closed and his lips being

Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home committee today Major Tyson, mander of the home, tendered his rther con-placing a Richard S. Cullom, of West Philadelphia

Commander Tyson Resigns

Eric. Pa., Oct. 27.-At a meeting

was appointed to fill the vacancy.

was to have been a 20-round go.

McCoy Knocked Out Stifft. St. Louis, Oct. 27 .- Steve Flanagan got points at the end of the twenty-fift Kid McCoy knocked out Billy in the thirteenth round in what

Ready to Act as Peacemaker.

The Hague, Oct. 27 .- At today's meeting of the committee of the second cham-ber on the foreign budget a resolution was adopted urging the government to offer to mediate between the Transvaal and Great Britain.

NO REST FOR **INSURGENTS**

Gen. Young's Command Leaves Isidro for Santa Rosa.

QUICK ACTION AT MANILA

Filipinos to Be Driven Out-General Lawton Establishes Civil Government at San Isidro-The Mayor Comes Back-Three American Soldiers Missing-Believed to Have Been Captured by the Insurgents.

San Isidro, via Manila, Oct. 27 .- Alipio Gonzales, mayor of San Isidro. who fled when the Americans took posgession of the town, returned yester-

General Lawton has established a civil government here, One of Lowe's scouts and two pri-

vates of the signal corps are missing. It is supposed they have been captured. This morning at daybreak General Young's command, consisting of Castner's scours, a contingent of the Twenty-second regiment. Chase's troop of the Third cavaly, nine troops of the Fourth cavairy, a body of engineers and Russell's signal corps, with rations for seven days, left in the direction of

Santa Rosa. Washington, Oct. 27 .- The war department has received the following:

Manila, Oct. 27, Adjutant General, Washington. Insurgent government submitted appli-cation to send five companies to Manila to arrange difficulties attending release of Spanish sick prisoners and discuss peace onditions. Declined. No negotiations necessary as we would gladly receive all Spanish prisoners at our lines, welcome them from their cruel captivity and labor for their welfare. Correspondence by Correspondence by Otis.

(Signed) Washington, Oct. 27.-The following sablegrams have been received at the

war department from General Otis: Manila, Oct. 27.-Lawton's advance under Young, north of San Isidre near Cabanatuan. Established permanent station, three months supplies being forwarded by San Juan river route. received a brevet as brigadier general | Lawton meets little resistance, 'Twenty-sixth volunteers and battallon of Ninteenth infantry sent to Hollo,

Transport Tacoma, headquarters, seven companies. Twenty-seventh volunteers, arrived. Casualties, Corporal Henderson, Company C. washed overboard. Two men deserted and seven poral Hunter, C. dead. No other casusities. Command in good health, Transport Sheridan, Thirty-third volunteers and recruits, arrived. Good condition. One casualty, Private Hul-

gan Company K, died en route. Traitor Arrestec.

Manila, Oct. 21.-635 p. m.-M. Ruperto Santiago, one of the wealthiest Visayans who had taken the oath of T. Sexton, where luncheon was served, stry might have been annihilated, as allegiance to the United States and were Custer and his men on the Little who posed as a friend of Americans, has been arrested at Hollo, while other Visayans are being watched. The prisoner is charged with organizing a revolutionary junta. Santiago owns sugar estates throughout the island of Negros. It is asserted that a council welcome, expressed the pilds of the order to carry the city by storm, Gen. of ten and the manager of the juntaeral Henry was detailed to command met daily at Santiago's office for the purpose of engineering an extensive scheme of collections for an insurrectrenches west of the Morro. The ness tion. One of Santiago's steamers was eaptered carrying supplies to the rebels. His arrest caused rumors of an outbreak of the natives of Hollo, and freedom, which was virtually the doc- cupancy of the island by the American precautions have been taken to prevent the trouble.

The Eighteenth regiment and the marines of the gunboat Concord form an expedition at Concepcion, Northern Panay, which is searching for the Concord's coxswain, who was lured ashore by a white flag and who is supposed to be a prisoner. They found the place deserted and burned every house as a punishment.

Sentence of Watkins Mouified.

New York, Oct. 27.-Captain Starbuck, United States supervising inspector of steam vessels, has modified the order of the local board of inspector in suspending the license of Captain Frederick H, Watkins, of the American Line steamship Paris for two years, because of his running that vessel on the rocks near the Manacles, off the coast of Cornwall, on May 21 last. The ruling of the supervis-ing inspector suspends Watkins for str months, dating from yesterday, Oct. 26.

Death of a Well Known Authoress. London, Oct. 27.-Florence Marryat (Mrs. Frances Lean), the well known au-thoress, died in London this morning.

Pennsylvania Pensions. Washington, Oct. 27.—Pension certifi-cates: Increase, Abraham V. Williams, Alford, Susquehanna, \$14 to \$17.

Washington, Oct. 27,-Forecast for Saturday: Eastern Pennsylvania +
-Showers and cooler late Saturday + and Sunday night; probably rain

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WEATHER FORECAST.

Sunday; winds shifting to fresh northeasterly.