



TWO CENTS.

TEN PAGES.

SCRANTON, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER, 10, 1899.

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INSURGENTS AGGRESSIVE

They Open Fire on the American Forces at Manila.

AN AUDACIOUS ATTACK

The Enemy Approaches Within Four Miles of the Heart of Manila—Bullets Fall Among the Tents of the Twenty-Fifth Infantry—United States Artillery Brought to Bear.

Manila, Oct. 9, 1899. This afternoon a body of insurgents was seen near the heart of Manila.

The Americans found the trenches and replied with a volley of 1,200 yards. The insurgents volleyed and the Americans used their artillery.

One American was wounded. The result of the Twenty-fifth infantry are out recomputing.

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The United gunboat Helena with a body of marines from the Baltimore, preceded the expedition to make soundings at the mouth of the river.

Manila, Oct. 9, 1899. The American camp tonight is within sight of San de Malaban, the stronghold of the insurgents in the province of Cavite, where the Filipinos are said to number 5,000.

During the march from Novleta to Rosario only a few shots were fired. This large camp town was literally filled with white flags.

Washington, Oct. 9.—A cablegram to the war department from General Otis says that the transport Indiana sailed from Manila yesterday with forty-three officers and crew members of the Tennessee regiment.

San Francisco, Oct. 9.—The transport Pennsylvania, bearing the Washington volunteers, has been sighted a short distance outside the Golden Gate.

Washington, Oct. 9.—General Otis has called the following casualties since his last report: Uremia, Sgt. 9 Corporal Joseph M. Yalls, H. Sixth Infantry; measles, Sgt. 20, Bert Pope, C. Twenty-second Infantry; tuberculosis, pulmonary, Morady E. Jones, I. Fourteenth Infantry; dysentery, chronic, Oct. 1, Samuel Alexander, Twenty-second Infantry; Oct. 4, Sergeant Major Charles Glindoff, Thirty-sixth Infantry; dysentery, acute, J. Lewis Helreife, F. Fourteenth Infantry; Oct. 2, John Cunningham, F. Twelfth Infantry; drowning, accidental, Oct. 1, James Ruffin, Twenty-fourth Infantry; Oct. 3, Garfield Thompson, G. Twenty-fourth Infantry; diarrhoea, chronic, William Dunway, C. Third Infantry; Oct. 4, Henry Booth, B. Seventeenth Infantry; Walter Scott, G. Fourth Infantry; Oct. 5, William Timson, G. Twelfth Infantry; gunshot wound in action, Oct. 3, Corporal O. Gundersen, B. Signal Corps; neuritis, Oct. 4, Henry H. Gayer, M. Fourteenth Infantry; typhoid fever, Oct. 5, First

CHICAGO ENJOYS RED LETTER DAY

GREATEST EVENT OF THE FALL FESTIVAL.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Chicago's great Auditorium, which has been the scene of so many notable events, never held a greater gathering than tonight, when the Chicago day banquet was held within its walls.

The president's address received every mark of enthusiasm. Following the president, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, of Canada, was introduced and responded to the toast "The Dominion."

The banquet was a most hearty greeting, cheer after cheer ringing through the hall.

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NEW YORK'S AWFUL MURDER MYSTERY

A WOMAN'S BODY CUT IN MANY PIECES.

Part Found in the River and Part in the Street—Evidence That the Cause of Death Was an Operation of Some Person to Whom the Victim Had Gone for Treatment.

New York, Oct. 9.—Detectives are today searching every house and cellar in West Seventeenth street, from Sixth to Ninth avenue, in an effort to find some clue to the murderer of the woman, portions of whose dismembered remains were found Saturday.

The police think a man and woman look most like the murderer of the body. The man used a knife to cut the flesh and a saw to cut the bones.

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THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today: FAIR, WARMER.

1 General—Aggressiveness of the Filipinos. Reason for England's Military Preparations. Chicago's Great Fall Festival. New York's Murder Mystery.

2 General—Northwestern Pennsylvania News. Financial and Commercial.

3 General—The Ohio Campaign. Lancaster Counterfeiting Cases on Trial.

4 Editorial. News and Comment.

5 General—The Beauty Spot of the Philippines.

6 Local—Three Thousand Dollars for Kindergarten. Councilmen Scored.

7 Local—Knights of Honor Here Today. South State Sewer Will Not Be Delayed.

8 Local—West Scranton and Suburban. Bound About the County.

9 Local—Live Industrial News. Kenny Murder Trial Postponed.

REVENUE STAMP FRAUDS.

Trial of Ex-District Attorney Ingham in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Oct. 9.—Interest in the revenue stamp counterfeiting conspiracy unearthed about six months ago by the United States secret service and which resulted in the arrest of thirty-two persons, was revived today when the defendants were placed on trial before Judge McPherson in the United States district court.

The accused are ex-United States District Attorney Ellery P. Ingham; his law partner and former assistant, Harvey K. Seaman; Samuel M. Deacon, deputy collector of internal revenue for the Lancaster district; William M. Jacobs and William L. Kennedy, cigar manufacturers of Lancaster; Baldwin S. Brodell, machinist, of Camden, N. J.; Arthur Taylor, engraver, of this city; and James Burns, a foreman in Jacobs' cigar factory.

OPPORTUNITY FOR PEACE

Reason for England's Military Preparations.

London, Oct. 9.—The Berlin correspondent of the Evening Standard says: "Information has been received in diplomatic circles that Lord Salisbury, at the last moment, hesitated to enter on a war with the Transvaal. A peaceful solution is not, therefore, altogether impossible, although it is improbable."

The vastness of England's preparations for war—amounting to a proportion to the work in hand in South Africa—was not fully realized by the public until the war office announced that 25,000 reserves had already been summoned to rejoin the colors.

The reasons for this having developed are probably a fear of a native rising and possibly a conviction of the advisability of showing Europe that Great Britain is prepared to resent any action resulting from the prevalent continental ill-will.

In that connection the action of the American department of state and the friendly statements of President McKinley and Secretary of State Hay, published here, are welcomed heartily as a happy return for Great Britain's refusal to sanction continental intervention in the war between the United States and Spain.

As the Boers failed to attack Natal in beginning to be felt that they are pursuing a deliberate policy of waiting for the British proposals, remaining in the meantime on the defensive in the hope of thus winning the sympathies of other nations, and leaving to Great Britain the ignominy of starting hostilities if war cannot be avoided.

If the burghers of the advance of General Sir Redvers Buller, it is conceivable that peace will not be broken during the present year. Should that be the case and should the alleged falling off in the Boer commandoes continue, the force confronting the British commander-in-chief will be neither as numerous nor as efficient as that now camped along the Natal border.

Events thus far have tended to give time for consideration. All the proposals in the correspondence between President Steyn of the Orange Free State and Sir Alfred Milner, British high commissioner in South Africa, show that the negotiations were proceeding up to Oct. 6, and that neither side despaired of peace. Sir Alfred Milner said he was sure any reasonable proposal would be favorably considered by the British government.

President Steyn's actual proposal of a neutral zone, to be created pending further attempts at conciliation, meets with considerable approval.

A report is current that the political interest of the situation may shortly increase, as it is alleged that the majority of the premier's party in Great Britain are urging the government to dissolve parliament after the necessary credit has been voted, and to go to the people in a parliamentary general election on the broad issue of the government's policy in South Africa.

As at present arranged, the work of the session, which is to begin Oct. 17, is to consist of the reading of the queen's speech, which is to deal exclusively with the South African question, the voting of the credit and the passage of an appropriation bill.

The legislative plans of the government are not to be disclosed until parliament meets again in February, and no private bills are to be introduced.

NEW ARMY TRANSPORTS. United States Government Chartered Two Foreign Steamships. San Francisco, Oct. 9.—The British steamship Benmore, which arrived here from Hong Kong on Saturday night, is to be turned over to the United States army for transport service as soon as she discharges her cargo of coal.

The Russian steamship Dalystovok, which is on the way from Yokohama to Honolulu, loaded with Japanese laborers for the Hawaiian Islands, has also been chartered by the United States army for a transport.

TRANSVAAL SITUATION

Fear of a Native Uprising in South Africa and a Hint to Europe—Belief That the Boers Will Not Begin Hostilities—Lord Salisbury's Intentions May Be Learned Soon.

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