



Tribune.

TWO CENTS.

TWELVE PAGES

SCRANTON, PA., SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 16, 1899.

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SUSPENSE IN TRANSVAAL

England Is Urged to Ter- Accused of Circulating Stories Reminate the Uncertain State of Affairs.

BRITISH READY TO SUFFER

The Residents of South Africa Anxious That British Authority May Be Upheld-Blue Book Issued in London-Alleged Interview with Is No Cause for War-Contradicts Mr. Chamberlain's Assertion That and his dismissal followed. He Has Broken Faith-Pessimistic Advices from the Cape-Report COCKRAN TALKS That Boers Are to March to Natel Frontier Immediately After Reply Has Been Sent.

London, Sept. 15.-A Blue Pook, in which the last despatch of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, to the South African Republic, is published together with a report of the matters which led up to the sending of the despatch, was issued today. The text of Mr. Chamberlain's | tory of the famous Nebraskan, who, note is identical with that which was printed in the newspapers Sept. 13. The only additional feature revealed in session with W. Bourke Cochran, in lowed. connection with the negotiations is a accordance with the programme precable message from the British high viously arranged. Mr. Bryan excommissioner, Sir Alfred Milner, dated Aug. 31, referring to the commercial distress, in which he says.

"I am receiving representations from many quarters to urge the imperial covernment to terminate the suspense. Fritish South Africa is prepared for exfreme measures, and is ready to suffer much more in order to see the vindication of Pritish authority. It is the prolongation of the negotiations, endless and indecisive, that is dreaded I fear the closing address. Mr. Byan would seriously that here will be a strong reaction of feeling against the policy of the imperial government if matters fryan's wishes. Mr. Eryan will speak drag. Please understand me that I invariably preach confidence and pettence not inform you of the increasing diffisee it terminated at any cost. I should be falling in my duty."

ish high commissioner are published, which were honest competitors withbut they merely relevante the Guthands out government aid, but he contanded er claims in respect to the franchise, that government favor to any one and the commissioner's ideas regarding in ant government off-use to the propositions made.

NO NEW LIGHT

The Plus Book throws no new light on the situation as it is today, except to show that Sir Affred Milner's pastlance has reached the ebbing point.

The report published here of an inis far more important. Kruger is quoted as saying:

"I have tried all along to place the my promise. That," thunder-1 President Kruger, "I deny."

"The aliens of the Transvan! have the same commercial rights as the business burghers and have always enjoyed to let them have the same political rights, but they would not avail themselves of that order. Roughly, thereare more than fifty thousand aliens whatever for war. Everything could small tailor and pay him \$50.

today prints a special despatch from employment. Mr. Cockran said that which bears out the Britist high tion producing results of great moment the Outlanders' council have transmit- cost of some article of necessity, would practically amounts to a protest against | welfare of the community to suit that further delay. The correspondent particular 30,000 traveling salesmen. If

template without grave misgivings the earlier discussion of the frequency of possibility that the Pretoria govern- fraudulent actions of corporation direct lay matters on the plea of consulting the burghers. There is nothing to con-On the contrary, it is said that three border immediately after the Trans-yaal's reply has been sent. Everything points to the prospect of an early con-

Greene's Letter.

Conyugham Greene, the British agent ar Precoria, in a letter to the Transvaal government, said the imperial government did not desire to hurt the Boor susceptibilities by publicly reasserting suzerainty, so long as no reason to do so was given by the Transvaal.

The advices from Cape Town today tend to confirm the pessimistic views of the Times' correspondent at Neweastle. The news that a strong force of Boers has been stationed one hour from Ramathlabama, commanding the Pretoria and Johannesburg roads, has created great indignation at the capi-

The first battalion of the Manchester regiment arrived at Cape Town today, disembarked and marched through the streets. The soldiers were cheered wildly. After they had been reviewed by Lleutenant General Sir Frederick to the gallows and executed.

Walker, commander of the British troops in South Africa, the battation c-embarked and proceeded to Natal. The troops are the first instalment of the reinforcements which were sent from Gibraltar to Cape Town.

PRISON KEEPER DISMISSED.

flecting on Management. Trenton, N. J., Sept. 15,-Principal Keeper Samuel Moore, of the New Jersey state prison, summarily dismissed Deputy Keeper A. A. Yard, subject to the approval of the board of inspectors. Yard was one of the two deputies sus-pended last week for two months by the board for carelessness in pecuiting the smuggling into the prison of food and dainties to the late Colonel Ezekiel T. Cooper, who was serving a term as a United States prisoner for alding in looting the First National bank of Dover. Del.

Yard was a gatekeeper and boarded the prison, taking his meals with Mr. Moore's family. Mr. Moore accused Yard of being responsible for the circu-President Kruger-He Says There lation in Trenton of stories reflecting on the management of the prison. Yard

ON CORPORATIONS.

Transactions-Favors Department distribution-the land.

Music hall was packed with an eager audience, but the people present had any other way. to content themselves without the orahowever, occupied a seat on the platform. Mr. Reyan surprised the committee by declining to talk at the night plained that he did not wish to let the impression out that he was to eninto a debate with Mr. Cochran. For that reason he said he would not speak with Mr. Cochran at the same He asserted that he never said he would follow Mr. Cockran with an address on the same evening. Mr. ockran wanted to talk at the same ssion with the noted Nebrasian and offered to flip a coin to determine who should have the privilege of delivering not accept this proposition. The pro-

tomorrow's session. Though disappointed in failing to and not without effect. But, if I did hear Bryan and Cockran pitted against each other the audience nevertheless culty of doing that and of the unmis- enjoyed a race treat as Mr. Cockran takable growth of uneasiness about the was at his best and his speech was present situation and of the desire to punctuated with frequent and pro-

Mr. Cockran in his speech said he was Other long despatches from the Brit- not opposed to industrial combinations ether. A government cannot be generons and at the same time be just.

In speaking of discrimination by railroads in favor of certain shippers he said any officer of a corporation who granted a special favor should be held guilty of serious felony. The remedy claimed would be full publicity of erview alleged to have been had with all transactions of railroad or other cor-President Kruger in Pretoria yesterday | parations. The rascality of many directors of banks or railroads, or of any corporation be said, had lead to dis-respect of all corporations by the aliens in the Transvaul on the same | American people generally, The remedy footing politically as the burglery, against imposition upon innocent Mr. Chamberlain says I have no kept stockholders in these corporations he said would also be publicity. Force these corporations by law to make pubeverything appertaining to their

He dwelt largely on the point of pubthem without interference, I wanted licity as the remedy for corporate frauds and unfair and unjust discriminutions.

Against the monopoly that depends upon government favor in any shape who have been here more than seven or form Mr. Cockran said he was truly years and have registered, thus being opposed, but, he said, organizations ligible to the franchise. Yet, of the which dominate trade without aid of British subjects who have availed a government was of a radically differ- in the past, themselves of it the chief part have entcharacter. He said if a department been Afrikanders and not English- Store (against which some of the speak-That shows that the British ers here have addressed the conference) in the Transvani do not want the fran-chise. In my opinion there is no cause he would rather go there than to a

In referring to complaints of comsecond edition of the London Times | mercial travelers being thrown out of Newcastle, Natal, dated Sept. 15, Supposing a new industrial organizacommissioner's statement, as it says to 70,000,000 people and cheapens the the imperial government what it be right to hold back the general we do it for 20,000, we ought to do "They (the Outlanders) cannot con- for 1,000 or even for one person. In his ment will be permitted to further de- tors. Mr. Cockran referred to Mr. Gompers' speech today about complaints which the labor organizations firm the reports that the Boers will have made against the court for inconcede Mr. Chamberlain's demands, terfering with the operations of these unions by injunction. "I will say this," thousand men will be dispatched to the continued Mr. Cockran, "it has always been to me a source of profound regret that the courts show so much ingenuity in devising injunctions to prevent corporations from being disturbed by their employes. They have not shown me-half that ingenuity in devising methods to prevent their being robbed by their directors."

In concluding, Mr. Cockran said his suggestions are: Publicity for corporation mismanagement; prohibition under penalties for special favors: right of action against any corporation whose service is suspended, except an absolute defense proved that it was at all times ready to discuss with its employes questions at issue between them

Gardner Broke the Rope.

Mobile, Ala., Sept. 15,-Henry Gardner, negro, agod 18 years, was hanged here shay for assaulting a white girl under years of age. The crime was committed last June. When the trap fell the first time Gardner's weight snapped the rope and he fell heavily to the ground. wenty minutes later he was again led

PROCEEDINGS OF TRUST CONFERENCE

LOUIS F. POST SPRINGS THE SINGLE TAX THEORY.

He Believes in Abolishing the Tariff and All Monopolies-Workingmen, Socialists and Students of Political Economy and Others Open the Batteries on Trusts at Chicago. Gompers Denies That Organized Labor Is a Trust.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Workingmen, socialists, advocates of the single tax theory and students of political conomy were heard today at the Civic Federation conference on trusts and ombinations. A majority of the speakers vigorously opposed industrial, financial and transportation combinations. The problem in its relation to the workingmen was discussed in all its phases. Louis F. Post, the New York advocate of the single tax, was the first speaker today. His address was enthusiastically cheered. According to the speaker the real trusts rest upon monopoly. The trust question is at the bottom of the monopoly question. Trusts are buttressed by the protection or have peculiar land advan-Believes That They Should Be tages. In the last class trusts cannot Forced to Give Publicity to All be perpetuated unless they come to own the natural sources of supply and

"Abolish the tariff," he declared, abolish all monopolies that can be Chicago, Sept. 15.-The expected joint abolished, take public highways for debate looked for tonight between Wil- public use and collect from land owntiam J. Bryan and Bourke Cochran on ers the annual value of their special trusts did not take place. Central advantage-do that and you out an end to the trust. You cannot do it in

> Thomas J. Morgan, of Chicago, followed on "The trust from the socialist point of view." Henry White, secretary of the United Garment Workers of America, fol-

Assault Upon Rights of Citizen. M. M. Garland, billed to speak on 'An Ironworkers' View of Combinations," and E. E. Clark, grand chief of the Order of Railway Conductors, were not present when Chairman Howe called their names and John W. Hayes. secretary of the Knights of Labor was

called. He said: "I maintain that fhese secret combinations are an assault upon the inherent and constitutional rights of the citizens; that the real and vital advantage to be gained is the desporte control over labor. "Violence is not the only means of making conquests and enslaving people and it can be proved beyond any question that the methods of the trusts are the methods of the invader and the ends to be accomplished by the instigators of the the trusts be destroyed.

"The trust being an aggressive combination for purely selfish objects attacks the individual and by overthrowfield of opportunity and production. This field having been conquered and the trusts strengthened in its financial power, the aggressive spirit of selfish greed looks for conquests f; other fields, which are soon invaded and monopolized or other combinations, sceing the success of the first attempt. enter upon the same campaign of con-Soon the individual is overwhelmed and every field of production s monopolized by a trust."

Labor Not a Trust.

Samuel Gompers, president of the american Federation of Labor, felowed Secretary Hayes. He Jenied that organized labor is a trust and continued:

The only practical use of the antirust and interstate commerce laws has seen to take from us the right of trial by jury and to imprison workmen for conspiracy. I believe that instead of trusts and combinations of capital opposing and antagonizing the labor movement, they should take a more comprehensive view of the situation and try to make better friends of the organized wage-earners than they have

"In the midst of greater concentrations of wealth and the vast development of industry it behooves the workers to more craselessly than ever de vote their energies to organized labor and counteract the effect which otherwise their helpless and unprotected condition would put upon them.

Organized and alert, the workers annot fail to lighten toil and shorten hours and lengthen life by constant and persistent efforts and make the vorld better for our hying lived in it. Mr. Gampers was foudly applauded, The conference then took a recess until o'clock.

Afternoon Session.

the afternoon session Prof. John B. Clark, of New York, spoke on "The Necessity of Suppressing Monopolies White Retaining Trusts." Edward Keasbey, of New Jersey

spoke on "New Jersey and Trusts," He gave figures on the number of trusts which called New Jersey their home. and in the course of his remarks said: "The danger to be met is that they (trusts) may become too powerful and great number of Red Men.

prevent all competition. I think this cannot be prevented by law. I think we exaggerate the danger of the ability of the danger of competition to put up prices. I have waited all through this discussion to learn any proof that proof is on those who assert that these trusts must be legislated against." M. M. Garland, president of the

Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, said in man; That this new form of trust will

bring voluntarily any new virtues to the business world is a doubtful ques-They are organized for the purpose of making money and will continue to operate to the end, but they have awakened powerful watchers in the governors' cup. the interests of the great mass of common people and in this country the majority of the privileges of the people cannot be long trampled upon. The action of the trusts within themselves will soon decide whether they are to and St. Paul,

be tolerated as useful members of the nation's household or whether the show of hands will relegate them to

M. L. Lockwood, president of the American Anti-Trust League, said:

'This precious weapon (the ballot) is in your hands. It cost occurs of blood to wring it from the kings and emperors and the aristocrats of the old world. Use this weapon earnestly and prayerfully-this weapon befor: which legislators, congressmen, senators and judges are but as chaff in the whirlwind. Organize the American Anti-Trust league; stand shoulder to shoulder with all sons of will."

MORLEY AS PEACEMAKER.

Audience Becomes Noisy and He Has Difficulty in Obtaining Hearing.

Manchester. Sept. 15 .- The Right Hon. John Morley, liberal member of parliament for Montrose burghs, while addressing a peace meeting in this city this evening at which a son of the late John Bright, the distinguished British statesman and friend of peace, presidwas frequently interrupted by crisof "Majuba Hill" and other anti-Boes demonstrations. In retorting to the interruptions Mr. Morley said:

"A year or two ago the United States saw only one aspect of war; and what are they doing today? They are repenting. They have their yellow presand we have our yellow press. am asked to speak in this hall a year or two later. I shall find those who now oppose me repenting also.". The proceedings finally became

noisy that Mr. Morley had great difficulty in obtaining a bearing. He urged an adherence to the five years franchise proposal and advised Prestdent Kruger to accode to Great Britain's suggestion regarding the confer-

Mr. Leonard Courtney, Unionist member of parliament for the Rodmin divislon of Cornwall in seconding Mr. Morley's resolution in favor of securing re-forms by pacific means, advocated the remitting of the question of suzerainty to the privy council. Mr. Morley's resolution was carried by a large major ity, the noisy minority expressing its dissent by heisting the union tack.

LETTER FROM MATAAFA

Sent to President McKinley with a Watch That Belonged to the Late Lieutenant Lansdale.

Washington, Sept. 15 .- The president received as an audience at the white house this afternoon Mr. John George Leigh, who has spent several months in Samoa as special correspondent of the London Times and is now on his return journey to England. While in one of the black villages of Upolu, Mr. Leigh learned that a watch believed to have belonged to either Lieutenant Lansdale or Ensign Monaghan, the two officers of the United States cruiser trusts are exactly those latended to Philadelphia, who were killed during be accomplished by arms directed by the recent war against Mataafa, had military genius. Taking this view of been found and was in the possession ative. He at once communicate enemies of society and as such should with Mataafa, and through the assistance of the latter the watch was obtained and was identified as the property of the late Lieutenant Lansdals A few days later the correspondent left. ing his mutual rights seizes upon his Samon for San Francisco. There he met the young widow of the lamented officer and placed the trinkets in her possession. Mr. Leigh today handed to the president a letter from Mataafa, of which the following is a translation:

> To His Excellency, William McKinley, President of the United States of America Your Excellence: I have today been informed that a watch has been found by one of my people, which is believed to have belonged to Lieutenant Lansdale. or Ensign J. R. Monaghan, who were unhappily killed in battle at Vailele, on April 1. I have learned that Mr. Leigh s about to leave Samon for America and have asked him to convey the watch to your excellency, in the hope that you will cause it to be forwarded to the be-renved mother or nearest relative of the brave and much lamented officer. Mr. Leigh will tell you that I have sincerely deplored the sad, untimely death of the brave officers and men who came from America and perished in the late unhapby (useless) war. My sorrow is the mote because of the great friendship which your great counity has in the past extended to Samoa. I am especially anxious that this should be made known to the sadly stricken mothers and relatives May it be the will of God that there will never again be strife between America and the Samoans and that the three powers will recognize my submission to their will and desire for good covernment.

I pray that God may give you long life.
(Signed) T. J. Mataufa. (Signed) Mr. McKinley in course of conversation with Mr. Leigh expressed himself much gratified at this proof of Mataafa's thoughtful humanity and said it would afford him more then ordinary pleasure to personally respond to the letter. He very warmly thanked Mr. Leigh for his action in the matter and for having personally conveyed the relies to Mrs. Lansdale.

Red Men at Manila.

Washington, Sept. 15.-The national uncil of the Independent Order of Red Men adjourned this afternoon after de-eiding to reduce the delegates' representation to one for every 1300 instead of one for every 1,000. This was necessitated by the large growth of the order. State delegations may not number more than eight, no matter what the state membership. It was also decided to grant authority for the formation of a lodge in Manils, P. L. where there are already a

Sampson Sails for New York.

Philadelphia, Sept. 15.—Rear Admiral imposer's fleet, consisting of the New ampson's York, Indiana, Brooklyn, Massachusett and Texas, left here at 5 o'clock this morning for New York, where the venthere did exist such dange and we morning for New York, where the ver-must remember that the burden of sole will arrive tomorrow. The warships were at this part from Sent. 3, having been sent to participate in the Grand Army encompment ceremonies, and re-Export exposition yesterday.

Woman's Golf Championship.

Chicago, Sept. 15.-Mrs. W. B. McH-nine, of the Owentsta Golf club today on the women's golf championship by efeating Mrs. Harry Toulmin, of the Milwankee Country club in the finals for

President Will Visit St. Paul. Washington, Sept. th.—The president to-day announced that he had decided to extend his Chicago trip to Minneapolis | Failures for the week have been 152 In the United States, against 174 last year, and 22 in Canada, against 23 iast

TARTAR AFFAIR WILL BE SIFTED

SCHEME TO EMBARRASS THE ADMINISTRATION.

Evidence of Political Work-Action by Hong Kong Authorities Not Taken on Their Own Initiative. Before the Matter Is Dropped a Group of Mischief Makers in Hong Kong May Be Called Upon to Ex-

Washington, Sept. 15.- The release of he transport Tartar by the Hong Kong thorities followed so quickly upon its gure that little consideration would given to the matter here were it not or the suspicion of the administration that the whole business was part of a petty conspiracy of those who wish to mbarrass the government in its Phil-

The only information given out at the lepartment is in the brief dispatches rom Colonel Metcalfe, in command of the Kansas regiment on board the transport, and from General Otis, These dispatches refer simply to the edition of the troopship when it sailed. They do not constitute the shole correspondence that has been going on by cable since the first word

ame of the transport's detention. If this cable correspondence with Otis, Metcalfe and the United States onsul at Hong Kong ever becomes public it may reveal the reasons which ompel the secretary of war to the conlusion that the British authorities were induced to hold up the Tartar by complaints and misrepresentations ming from men who ought to be in better business. These men are not discharged soldiers. They have politial affiliations and they are engaged in scheme to discredit the American ampaign in the Philippines. They took divantage of the knowledge that the Cartar was a British ship, flying the British flag and that her British license permitted her to carry only 800 pas-

Lack of Knowledge.

They supposed that this would be ufficient to induce the Hong Kong ofcials to deny the vessel a clearance. They forgot for the moment, or they ever knew, that the ship had been recodelled and that her freight compartments had been changed so as to give ample room for the additional en who were put on board. They apear to have been ignorant also of the act that General Otis had loaded ewer men on the transport than she arried from San Francisco to Manila when she made the trip over without death, sickness or complaint. As soon as the British authorities learned the facts in the case, they gave the vessel learance papers and allowed her to

blunder arose from complaints made against the ship which called for investigation. It is understood also that the department has the names of those who made the complaints, and that they are closely associated with ertain faction in the United States, tive estimates placed the attendance There is in Hong Kong a little group of men in close correspondence with ippines policy in the United States. They are doing everything to discredit it, and the Tartar incident seems to have been due to them.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE. Volume of Business Now in Progress

Has Never Been Rivalled New York, Sept. 15.-R. G. Dun & 'ompany's Weekly Review of Trade

ill say tomorrow: Better than all news the record of he commerce shows the relations of United States business to that of o necountries. Exports were \$20,081,875 arger than ever before in August and exceeded imports by \$37,929,699, excess of exports over imports gives fair promise of as large a balance in foreign trade to the benefit of this ountry during the winter as has ever been seen. That manufactured imports do not fall off, but no larger than ever, is both surprising and gestifying. The volume of business now n progress have never been rivaled. The great movement of gain in wheat and flour, a little larger than last year in August and in two weeks of Sepember, 5,920,273 bushels, flour included. from Atlantic exports, against 5,422,076 last year, and from Pacific ports, 755,550 bushels, against 304,144 last year, in far more effective in preventing a de line in prices than any official or unefficial estimate of yield.

The price, in spite of good exports

has fallen 15 of a cent, western receipts have been 13.669.455 bushels in two weeks, agninst 14,663,895 last year, and corn exports 6,083.212 bushels, against 4,351,331. The feeling in not unreason able that foreign needs are just now well indicated by the corn movement Extraordinary efforts to increase the ron output failed in August partly because the stoppage of a few large furnaces for repairs more than balanced the addition of thirteen small furnaces to the producing force and partly because hot weather prevented 'ull production. The reported output, 267,325 tons, against 267,672 Aug. 1, with a decrease of 22,347 tons in unsold stocks, indicates a consumption of 1.-209.012 tons during the month. Purchases of 60,000 tons of Hes "and 20.advance of Bessemer to \$23.25 at Pitts-burg, but quotations are wild because premiums paid for early delivery. Plates at the east and common bar at Pittsburg are \$1 per ton higher and stre mails have again been advanced \$3 per ton. Orders for places include several for export and one for a vessel in the Delaware river with one for Venezuela at Pittsburg, but many for all forms are refused because the works are unable to fill them, on time and some orders of much important

have been withdrawn at the west. Failures for the week have been 15

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today:

FAIR, WARMER

General-Blue Book on the Transvan General Otis Asks for More Staff Officers. Administration Will Sift Tartar Hold

Trust Conference Proceedings. General-Northeastern Pennsylvania

at a Glance. Financial and Commercial. Local-Religious News of the Week.

Editorial. News and Comment.

Local-Social and Personal, One Woman's Views.

Local-Fell Township Injunction Case

Local-Democrats Have Candidates to The Dobbe-Matthews Fight

Local-West Scranton and Subarban. Reund About the County.

Story "A True Grandson of the Chi-Sunday School Lesson for Tomorrov Open Bouffe Methods of the Hay

tacul-Live Industrial News. Second Report of the Grand Jury.

EXCITING EVENTS ON THE TURF

Fourth Day of Grand Circuit Meet. Races at McKee's Rocks-Tritting at the Fairs.

Providence, R. L. Sept. 15,-The reord crowd of the week attended the fourth day of the grand circuit meet at Narragamet Park. The talent got upset in the first race of the day, the :15 toot, purse \$5,000, which was a five heat event. Green Brint won the last three heats after Nutmeg had taken the first and the favorite, Lord Vincent the second heat. The latter was recond in the other four heats. Time, 2:12% 110c, 2:11%, 2:11%, 2:14%, Prince Alort won the 2:07 pace, purse \$2,000 in three straight heats and reduced his mark nearly two seconds. The second mile was storged in 2:05 3-5 the fast of mile of the meet. Royal Sheldon go second money. Time 2:07%, 2:05%,

Sadle M., an omodder won the 2:19 trot, purse \$1,200 in (we straight heats, Frank Creamer getting second money. Time 2:16%, 2:1326.

The 2:14 page, purse \$1,200 was won by King Albert with ease in straight heats, Fred W., getting second money. Time

Pirtsburg, Sept. 17 - The closing day of the McKees Rocks driving park fall meeting was largely attended and good racing was pulled off. What was perbars the most sensational finish of a sail. It was not a concession to the heat ever witnessed in this or any oth-United States government, but simply or city, happened when six horses in the correction of a mistake.

It is understood that the secretary of together, and on such even terms that the 2:28 from all passed under the wire ar has positive information that the the judges were unable to select any Hong Kong authorities did not act on one of the six as a winnerr and detheir own initiative and that their eided that it was a dead heat. The race will be decide a morrow morning. Horses taking the moneys in each race tony follow: 2 of trot, purse \$500. Windsor: time 2:251, 2:27 pace, purse

geto, Chelstonat. Two American Soldiers Sentenced to Bethlehem, Par. Sept. 15,-Conservaat the Pennsylvania state fair today at 15,000. Favorites won the concludapponents of the administration's Phil- Ing races. Contention had a bad fall caused by broken hopples and was dis-

tanced. Williamsport, Sept. 15.—This was tast day of the greatest fair ever held in Lycoming county. The total attendance during the four days is estimated it 70,000. The races were the interest-Ing feature of the afternoon

Indiana, Pa., Sept. 15 -- Fully 12,000 persons were in attendance at the indiana county fair today. Over 158 fine horses were entered for premiums. In afternoon two fast ruces were run Holidaysburg, Pa., Sept. 15.- This was the closing day of the Blair counfair. The races this week were the finest ever held in the history of the agricultural society.

SCHLEY MAY GO TO SEA.

Will Command the South Atlantic

Squadron. Washington, Sept. 15. -Some time ago: Admiral Schley applied to the navy despressor postmaster of New Paris, said partment for sea service. At present he is head of the retiring board. The navy department has new granted the request and has notified him to hold himself in readiness to command the South Atlantic station. The department is to take steps to make the commend commensurate with his rank by increasing considerably the number of vesuels on the station.

It is said at the department that with threatened war in South Africa, which is part of the station, and the disturbed | jury in the morning and will then leave conditions in South and Central Amer-, the South Atlantic command is likely to become an important one in the near future.

NATIONAL GUARD ORDERS. Carbine Competition Will Not Be

adquarters of the National Guard York. announcing that the annual rifle and arbine competition at the State range Mount Greing will not be held during the year 1899.

The organizations that won trophies that annual competition in the and have not acquired anal ownership of 00 tons other iron are reported with the same under the rules, will hold them subject to the annual competition in 1900.

> Washington, Sept. 15.-Pension certifi-Original-William Bauer, Wilke arre. \$6; restoration and additional. Wilasm G. Thorp, dead, Scranton, \$6; resisting and increase. Thomas Young, Pittson, \$6 to \$8; original widows, Jemima A

Pennsylvania Pensions.

Grady Drops Dead.

York, Sept. 15 -- Assistant District Attorney James Grady, brother of Sena-tor Thomas F. Grady, dropped dead to-day in the office of Former Police Judge Joseph Koch. Death was caused by heart

OFFICERS FOR **GENERAL OTIS**

The General Cables for Additions to His Staff.

DEPARTMENT WILL COMPLY

Adjutant General Calls on Heads of Bureaus to Designate Men-Reason for the Kecall of Philippine Commissioners - Reports Needed by the President-To Be Used in His Message to Congress-Discrepancies in the Statements of Men Recently from the Islands. Future of the Commission.

Washington, Sept. 15.-General Otis as cabled to the war department for additional staff officers. He asks for ne judge advocate general, two assistant adjutant generals, two inspecon generals, eight quartermasters, nine commissaries of subsistence and two engineer officers.

The adjutant general has called on the heads of the different bureaus to designate officers for the duty. The importance of General Otis' request is recognized; and the necessity of having all the officers he asks for at Manila before the next active campaign is

begun is acknowledged. It is said at the war department that recall of Colonel Denby and Prof. Worcester, of the Philippines commission, from Manila, was ordered that they might advise the president respecting the latest aspect of affairs in the islands. He desires to use the information in his message to congrees. It is said that the advices brought by President Schurman, Senaor Beverldge and other present from Manila are not in strict accord at all points, though the items on which bey differ are not known beyond the White House, and it is added that as Admiral Dewey is nearing the United States an opportunity to have a meeting of the full commission, of which he is a member, is one that should not be lost, as a report from it within be expected to sum up the work done and be of great value to congress in its

offorts to legislate for the islands. No official statement can be obtained us to the former of the commission. but it is not probable that it will return to the Islands, at least not without a considerable change in the

Prof. Worcester leaves General Otis the sole representative of the commiz-

OTIS FAVORS PUBLIC HANGING

Death at Manila. Manila, Sept. 11 (via Hong Kong .-The local newspapers assert that Corporal Damhoffer and Private Conine, of Company B. Sixteenth Infantry, have been sentenced to death by court-martial, and that Private McBennett has been condemned to twenty years' imprisonment for having assaulted native women in Manifa a month ago. The

crime, it is said, greatly aroused the marlyes. The newspapers add that General Otis has recommended that President McKinley approve the sentences and that the general desires a public execution of the sentence as a warning

against a reactition of the crime.

BEDFORD LIBEL CASE. Testimony in the Haderman-Thropp Affair Is Completed.

Bedford, Pa., Sept. 15 .- At noon today he restimony in the Haderman-Thropp tibel suit was completed. There was no further startling tottcony except that E. V. Wright, the that no had sent a donation to Congressman J. D. Hicks after by had rereived the appointment.

H. W. Moller, the Manus Choice postmaster, acknowledged that he paid \$300 to A. E. Fyan to reimburse him for money paid by Mr. Fyan in securing this appointment.

The witnesses were discharged and the entire afternoon was occupied in the argument of the law and facts. Judge Albert Evans will charge the for Pittsburg. Judge Longnecker will receive the verdict of the jury.

Steamship Arrivals.

New York, Sept. E. Arrived: Furst Itismarch, Hamburg, Cleared: Umbria, Liverpool, Lagareogne, Havre; Maas-Carbine Competition Will Not Be Held at Mt. Gretna.

Held at Mt. Gretna.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept 15, Coneral bridges were assued today from the broadcasters, of the National Green Constant Cons Conductor's Fatal Injuries.

South Bethlehem, Pa., Sept. 15.-An en-

Philadelonia with the orew of a passen ger train, ran into the rear of a freigh

train last night at Bingen. A. E. Town-

on the North Penn road en route to

and, of New Hope, a conductor, jumped and sustained injuries resulting in his death at St. Luke's hospital here today,

Decision for the Kid. New York, Sept. 15.-Kid McPartland, or this city, tonight, before the Broadway Athletic club, gained a decision over Otto Selloff, of Chicago, after fighting twenty-live rounds.

................. W.ATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Sept. 15.-Forecast or Saturday: Eastern Pennsyls vania-Pair: warmer Saturday; rain Sonday; winds shifting to

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