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Scranton Tribune.

TWO CENTS. SCRANTON, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 16, 1899. TWO CENTS.

MONS. LABORI WILL LIVE

The Lawyer's Physicians Believe That He Is Out of Danger.

OPINIONS ARE OPTIMISTIC

Hope to See Him on His Feet Again Before the Dreyfus Court-Martial Is Ended — Would-Be Murderer Still at Large—The Wounded Man Reported to Have Announced the Discovery of Another Forgery in the Dossier — Indications That His Death Was Plotted—He Tells How the Pockets of His Coat Were Rifled as He Lay on the Ground—Attempt to Steal Wallet.

Rennes, France, Aug. 15.—The condition of Maitre Labori of counsel for Captain Alfred Dreyfus who was shot in the back of the neck from ambush here yesterday while on his way from his residence to attend the court-martial, has improved so much that the physicians in attendance consider him to be out of danger. He lies on his back, unable to move, but life is returning to the leg which it was believed yesterday was paralyzed, and he has no fever. He continues to discuss the trial. His wife has remained at his bedside practically ever since he was brought home. Naturally she is much relieved at the optimistic reports of the medical men, who hope to see the lawyer on his feet again before the trial is ended.

M. Labori's assailant has not yet been arrested.

The Matin today makes the announcement that Maitre Labori, after he was shot yesterday, declared, as the outcome of his injury appeared doubtful, that he wished to make known the fact that M. Chamoin, who has charge of the secret documents in the Dreyfus case, has discovered a new forgery in the dossier.

The anarchist organ, Le Journal Du Peuple, says that, in retaliation for the outrage on M. Labori, the anarchists will hold General Mercier and MM. Drumont, Rochefort and Judet as hostages and personally responsible for anything done against the anarchists.

Pockets Were Rifled.

Corroboration of the statement cabled yesterday that the pockets of M. Labori's coat was rifled while he was lying on the ground was obtained today. Not only were the pockets of the wounded man's coat emptied, but an attempt was made to steal the wallet in which were important papers referring to the court-martial, including his notes for the cross-examination of General Mercier. M. Labori himself related the incident. He had just fallen and saw one of two men run to his side. One of them said:

"His coat must be taken off. He will be too hot."

The speaker then took off the wounded lawyer's coat, and another man seized the wallet. M. Labori, however, retained his presence of mind and refused to allow the wallet to be taken out of his hands, putting it under his head for a pillow, and holding it with one hand. The coat was soon afterward put on him again. On arriving at his residence M. Labori asked his wife to look into his pockets and see if their contents were safe. Mme. Labori found the pockets empty. Luckily, no papers of importance were in them. They contained only personal documents, including menacing letters received on the previous day.

The rifling of the lawyer's pockets of the papers and the attempt to steal his wallet, while no effort was made to appropriate his watch or money, is regarded as evidence of a plot in which several men were implicated.

The man who fired the shot, it appears, was only a tool. The impression is gaining ground that he is being hidden by anti-Dreyfus country people.

The physicians in attendance upon M. Labori have sent to Paris for an X-ray apparatus in order to locate the bullet in the lawyer's body.

Dreyfus has written two letters to M. Labori. The first, on hearing the news of the attempt to murder the lawyer, is a spontaneous expression of his shocked feelings. The second is a touching epistle expressing the keenest regrets at the dastardly outrage, profound gratitude to M. Labori for his heroic championship, and heartfelt wishes for his happy recovery.

At 8 o'clock this evening M. Labori was removed in an ambulance to the residence of Prof. Basch, in a suburb of Rennes. He stood the journey well, although naturally fatigued. The doctors are extremely hopeful of a speedy recovery, but consider it would be unwise for him to return to court until there is absolutely no danger of a relapse.

M. Demange has decided to ask for an adjournment which has necessitated a written application by both M. Demange and Captain Dreyfus, who have already sent letters to the president of the court martial. Colonel Jouaust will undoubtedly accede to the request, but he cannot grant an adjournment for more than two days, when the application must be renewed. Captain Dreyfus wants the sessions postponed until Monday next, when it is hoped that M. Labori will be able to be present.

Quarantine on Portugal.

Madrid, Aug. 15.—The Gazette tomorrow will announce the quarantine on shipping from Portugal. Sanitary posts have been established on the frontier for the inspection of travelers.

Deaths from Plague.

Oporto, Aug. 15.—Since the outbreak of the plague there have been eleven deaths and twenty-six cases of the disease.

DEATH FROM GASOLINE.

Terrible Fate of Mrs. Miller—Several Buildings Burned.

Lebanon, Pa., Aug. 15.—By an explosion of gasoline in the cottage of Charles Rettew, of Harrisburg, on the United Brethren camp meeting grounds at Mt. Gretna, at 5 o'clock this evening, Mrs. William Miller, of Harrisburg, was so badly burned that death followed shortly after she had been carried into a neighbor's cottage. Mrs. Miller's daughter, Gertrude, was slightly burned.

Mrs. Miller, whose husband is a passenger engineer on the Pennsylvania railroad, was a visitor at the Rettew cottage. It is supposed that she picked up a bucket filled with gasoline, thinking it was water, and placed it on the stove. The explosion followed, setting fire to her clothing and the cottage. She was dragged out of the building by two young men who were passing at the time, while the others in the house made their escape out of the front door. The Rettew cottage is situated on Sixth street. In a short time it was in a blaze and the flames quickly communicated to adjoining cottages, fourteen of which were totally destroyed, while from ten to fifteen others were badly scorched. Those destroyed and scorched are on Fifth and Sixth streets, between Glossbrenler and Otterbein avenues. A message was sent to this city for fire engines. Chief engineer ordered Perseverance steam engine and hose carriage to respond. The Cornwall and Lebanon railroad had a special train waiting and forty minutes after receiving the message the engine was on the ground at Mt. Gretna doing effective work. Most of the destroyed cottages were owned by residents of Harrisburg, Steelton and this city. Mr. Rettew is a conductor on the Pennsylvania railroad. The loss on the cottages is fully $20,000.

PECK'S POND TRAGEDY.

Coroner's Jury Hears Testimony. Story of William Kelly.

Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 15.—At today's session of the coroner's jury that is investigating the Pecks Mill pond trolley car accident which killed twenty-nine persons, William Kelly, a young man who testified before the jury last week was brought into the court room under arrest charged with perjury. In his testimony last week Kelly testified that he was a passenger on the car at the time of the accident and described in detail the scene just before the car fell and the efforts of the motorman to stop the car and also his sensations when he fell from the car into the mud in the bed of the pond. His testimony was highly favorable to the company, being to the effect that the car was running slowly.

Patrick J. Clark, the next day testified that Kelly was not on the car at all and in court today Mr. Clark and his son told substantially the same story, to the effect that Kelly was sitting in a carriage on the highway at the time of the accident.

Kelly was then put on the stand and admitted that he was not on the car at the time of the accident and that he did not fall from the bridge.

WRECK OF A BRIDGE.

Structure on the Milwaukee Destroyed by Dynamite.

Iron Mountain, Mich., Aug. 15.—The Milwaukee railroad bridge has been wrecked by dynamite. Men hunting for the bodies of M. Swanson and Carl Rylander, who were drowned on Sunday, decided to use dynamite to bring them to the surface. One charge of sixty sticks of the explosive was placed in the water directly under the bridge, which is of iron and eighty feet high.

The explosion shot a stream of water 150 feet high through the iron structure, tearing loose the rails on both sides of the track, a distance of twenty feet. The stringers were split and shattered and one was broken in two. Two lengths of steel rails were twisted into a shapeless mass. Just before the explosion occurred the passenger train from Milwaukee crossed the bridge.

EASTWOOD SURRENDERS.

Drink and Family Troubles Led to Middlebury Tragedy.

Middlebury, Vt., Aug. 15.—Fred Eastwood, of Greenfield, N. J., who shot and instantly killed Frank Fenn, his brother-in-law, and attempted to murder Mrs. Eastwood and others, at East Middlebury last night, surrendered himself today. Before Eastwood gave himself up he attempted to commit suicide by shooting through the heart, but the ball was too low and he probably will recover. Mrs. Eastwood's injuries are dangerous.

Drink and family troubles are said to have led to the tragedy.

SUPPLIES FOR PORTO RICO.

Two More Ship Loads Will Be Sent on Friday.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The war department has arranged to send two more shiploads of supplies to Porto Rico. The steamer Evylin, of the New York and Porto Rico line, will sail from New York next Friday with a full cargo of supplies. The use of the vessel was tendered by the steamship company free of expense.

The government transport McClellan is scheduled to leave New York for San Juan Wednesday week. The auxiliary cruiser Resolute will also be utilized in case it is found necessary.

ADMIRAL DEWEY'S CONDITION.

Naval Commander Still Ill—Departure for Florence Postponed.

Leghorn, Italy, Aug. 15.—Admiral Dewey's indisposition continues. Various officials visited the Olympia this morning.

The departure of the American admiral for Florence has been postponed.

Moody's Leg Burned Off.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 15.—Joseph Moody, an employe at the Roebling Wire works had his leg taken off this afternoon by a coil of red hot wire that he was rolling. His leg was taken off at the knee. Mosely at the same time was thrown against the revolving machinery and had his other leg badly bruised. He was taken to the Mercer hospital.

PRESIDENT ADDRESSES CATHOLIC STUDENTS

PATRIOTIC SPEECH MADE TO PUPILS AT CLIFF HAVEN.

Mr. McKinley Pleased by the Welcome Given by Father Lavelle's Pupils—He Acknowledges Their Courtesy and Pays Tribute to the Nation's Flag—Enthusiastic Applause.

Plattsburgh, N. Y., Aug. 15.—President McKinley, accompanied by Private Secretary Cortelyou, left Hotel Champlain this morning at 11 o'clock and was driven down to the auditorium on the grounds of the Catholic summer school of America, at Cliff Haven, on Lake Champlain. A triumphal arch of evergreens interlaced with American flags had been erected at the entrance to the grounds and the auditorium and many of the cottages on the grounds had been gaily decorated with flags and bunting in honor of the president's visit. The road from the hotel to the summer school grounds was lined with people anxious to get a glimpse of the president. As the president entered the auditorium the spectators arose and sang a song composed for the occasion and set to the music of Donizetti's "El Puritani." Rev. M. J. Lavelle, president of the Catholic summer school, introduced President McKinley. Father Lavelle's speech was frequently interrupted by hearty applause and when during the course of his remarks he predicted that the "many millions of people recently brought under our protection would make American citizens as loyal, as sturdy and as true as those that are here today," the audience cheered enthusiastically.

As President McKinley rose the audience applauded, cheered, waved flags, handkerchiefs, and parasols until he made a motion for them to desist. He had not intended to speak. In fact this is the first invitation to appear in public that he has accepted since he arrived at the hotel. But the warmth of the greeting which was accorded him evidently caused him to change his mind. He said:

President's Speech.

Father Lavelle, Members of the Catholic Summer School, Ladies and Gentlemen:

I had not intended to say a word but I cannot sit in silence in the presence of this splendid demonstration of your good will and appreciation. I cannot forbear to give expression to my very high appreciation of the gracious welcome you have given me here today, and the more than gracious words of commendation uttered by your president. Whatever the government of the United States has accomplished since I last met you here has been because the hearts of the people have been with the government of the United States. Our patriotism is neither sectional nor sectarian. We may differ in our political and religious beliefs, but we are united for country. Loyalty to the government is our national creed. We follow, all of us, one flag. It symbolizes our purposes and our aspirations; it represents what we believe, and what we mean to maintain, and, wherever it floats, it is the flag of the free, the hope of the oppressed, and, wherever it is assailed, at any sacrifice, it will be carried to a triumphal peace. We have more flags here than we ever had before. They are in evidence everywhere. I saw them carried by the little ones on your lawn, and as long as they carry these flags in their little hands there will be patriotism in their hearts. That flag now floats from the homes of the millions, even from our places of worship; it is seen from our school houses, from the shops, the factories, the mining towns and it waves from the camp of the pioneer in the distant outposts and on the lumberman's hut in the dense forest. It is found in the home of the humblest toiler, and what it represents is dear to his heart. Rebellion may delay but it can never defeat its blessed mission of liberty and humanity. Thank you, again, for this most cordial and gracious greeting.

The president spoke slowly and deliberately in a moderate but earnest tone. Only once did he raise his voice, when he said that "the flag whenever it is assailed will be carried to a triumphant peace."

Enthusiastic Applause.

The cheering which interrupted his speech at this point fairly shook the roof, and he was unable to make himself heard for nearly a minute.

At the close of the president's speech the audience joined in singing "The Star Spangled Banner," and they sang it with a will. The audience then formed in line and filed across the stage and shook hands with Mr. McKinley. The president and Father Lavelle then left the building and walked around the grounds, the president and Mr. Cortelyou re-entered their carriage and were driven back to the hotel.

Among those who were present at the reception were John S. Wise, General Guy V. Henry, Colonel Edmund Rice, Congressman Sibley, of Franklin, Pa.; Smith M. Weed, Monsignor James Laughlin, chancellor of the archdiocese of Philadelphia; Colonel William M. Brine, of Wilmington, Del., and Rev. John P. Chidwick, former chaplain of the Maine.

A committee consisting of Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania; Robert Pitcairn and E. H. Bigelow, of Pittsburg, arrived here tonight to invite President McKinley to attend the reception to be tendered the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment in Pittsburg upon their return home from the Philippines, August 28. The president accepted the invitation and will leave here Saturday evening, August 26, arriving in Pittsburg Sunday evening, August 27. There will be a review and the entire state militia of Pennsylvania will be in Pittsburg on the occasion. Secretary of State Hay, accompanied by his son, arrived here this evening by steamer from Burlington, Vt. He will have a conference with the president tomorrow.

New Church Flag.

Wilmington, Del., Aug. 15.—Bishop Coleman tonight received from the makers his new church flag which is to float from a staff at Bishopstead, the bishop's residence, on notable church days. This is said to be the first Episcopal church flag in the United States and the bishop has been more than a year in designing it. The flag is of bunting, nine feet six inches square with thirteen stripes of red and white alternating and with a purple episcopal cross set in a white field in the center.

KILLED AT A CROSSING.

Three Persons Sacrificed by a Foolhardy Driver.

Reading, Pa., Aug. 15.—Franklin Hassler, aged about 33 years, son of the proprietor of the Highland house, above Wernersville, and two lady guests, Hilda and Gertie Fleischman, of Harrisburg, aged 20 and 22 years respectively, whom he was driving to the station there to go to Reading for a day's outing, were killed at 10 o'clock this morning by the Lebanon Valley express near that place. It is stated that Mr. Hassler was warned not to cross but he thought he could make it when the train came along 50 miles per hour. The horse was killed, carriage wrecked and all three instantly killed. The bodies were terribly mangled, being dragged for some distance. Hassler was hard of hearing.

Harrisburg, Aug. 15.—Hilda and Gertrude Fleischman were employed as bookkeepers in a large mercantile establishment in this city. They belonged to the richest and most prominent Jewish family in Harrisburg, and their shocking death has cast a gloom over local Hebrew circles. Their mother, who is a widow, is visiting another daughter at Carlisle and a friend went from here at noon to notify her of the terrible accident. The bodies were brought to Harrisburg this evening.

HARRITY IS MUM.

Not Prepared to Talk on Politics at Present.

Philadelphia, Aug. 15.—Former Democratic National Committeeman William F. Harrity, of this city, who has just returned from Saratoga Springs, N. Y., when asked today as to the reported political conferences of leading Democrats now at that place, said:

"I went with my family to Saratoga simply for the purpose of spending a brief vacation there. While there I attended no political conferences whatever; in fact, no such conferences were held. Not unnaturally there were some informal talks whenever two or three Democrats happened to meet at the same time, but in so far as I have knowledge of the subject there was at no time any discussion as to candidates. The uppermost thought in the minds of those whom I casually met there was the hope that the Democratic national convention in 1900 would pursue such a conservative course that all Democrats and citizens generally of independent tendencies might cordially and enthusiastically support the platform and the candidate. This disposition was manifested by those who believed in free coinage of silver as well as those who oppose it.

CRAMPS ARE CRAMPED.

Unable to Obtain Iron and Steel to Carry on Work.

Philadelphia, Aug. 15.—Owing to the great difficulty experienced in getting iron and steel rapidly enough to carry on work, the William Cramp & Sons' Ship and Engine Building company, of this city, has been compelled to greatly reduce its force of men. Three hundred men were laid off a few days ago. Five hundred more were suspended at the close of work today and by the end of the week 1,500 men will have been relegated to enforced idleness. The decision of the company affects all departments and has caused consternation among the employes. The firm was much averse to taking the step, but could not keep all the men employed because of the lack of iron and steel. The company has $20,000,000 worth of work on hand.

Other ship yards on the Delaware river are also experiencing trouble in getting iron and steel.

At present there are thirty-seven vessels in the course of construction along the Delaware and fully twenty-one of them will be delayed, owing to the lack of material.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Officers Elected at Meeting of Grand Lodge.

Lancaster, Pa., Aug. 15.—This afternoon, before adjournment of today's session of the grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Grand chancellor, Scott Diebert, of Pittsburg; grand vice chancellor, Thomas C. Thompson, Philadelphia; grand prelate, Dr. Charles G. Ernst, Punxsutawney; grand keeper of records and seal, George Hawkes, Philadelphia; grand master of exchequer, Julius Mountney, Philadelphia; grand master at arms, George M. Fletcher, Erie; grand outer guard, C. W. Broadhead, Montrose; grand trustee, William B. Hart Philadelphia; supreme representatives, Dr. H. L. Dunnell, Scranton; Charles F. Linde, Philadelphia and John H. Carr, Altoona. None of the fifteen candidates for the office of grand inner guard received a majority of the votes and that officers will be selected by the grand lodge.

YELLOW FEVER IN MEXICO.

An Outbreak at Tuxpan—Twenty Deaths Up to July 30.

Washington, Aug. 15.—A telegram from Surgeon Cofer of the Marine hospital service, dated at the city of Mexico, brings the information to the headquarters of the service in this city that there has been an outbreak of yellow fever at Tuxpan, a town on the Mexican coast, between Vera Cruz and Tampico. There has been twenty deaths up to July 30. The disease is supposed to have been carried to that point from Vera Cruz.

Surgeon General Wyman wired the information of the new outbreak to the American inspectors on the American border.

Iron for Porto Rico.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The secretary of war was today notified by the West Virginia Steel company that they have forwarded a carload of corrugated iron to New York city for use in building operations in the devastated districts of Porto. The iron was accepted with thanks and will be shipped at the first opportunity.

For Dewey Reception.

New York, Aug. 15.—The resolution appropriating $150,000 for the Dewey reception was passed today by the board of aldermen by a vote of 53 to 3.

M. GUERIN HOLDS THE BLOCK HOUSE

FRENCH POLICE UNABLE TO CAPTURE HIM.

An Opera Bouffe Seized at Paris. French Police Call on M. Guerin to Come Out and Be Arrested—His Friends Endeavor to Persuade Him to Return to Work—A Flag Displayed.

Paris, Aug. 15.—The assistant chief of detectives at 4.20 o'clock this morning went to the home of M. Guerin, president of the Anti-Semite league, with a warrant for his arrest. He rang the bell several times and finally M. Guerin appeared at window, but refused to open the door, saying: "If you want me come and take me."

Thereupon the detective withdrew, M. Guerin calling after him: "You want to fight. Well, we will fight. Permit me to tell you you are doing very dirty business." Then returning to his friends, he exclaimed loudly: "Come, comrades, let us die. They will only take me dead."

Some of the spectators of the scene shouted "Vive Guerin."

The warrant for the arrest of M. Guerin, president of the Anti-Semite league, who with sympathizers, has been barricaded since Saturday last in the offices of the league, has been placed in the hands of Magistrate Fabre. Guerin is regarded as an outlaw in a state of rebellion. He cannot claim the right of a citizen of exemption from arrest from sunset to sunrise and the persons garrisoning the headquarters of the league, numbering about forty, are in the same class. Strict orders have been given to arrest every one attempting to enter or leave the building. Three of Guerin's friends who attempted to leave the place this morning were arrested. They all carried six-chambered revolvers and hatchets and what Frenchmen designate as "American knuckle-dusters," otherwise brass knuckles. The prefect of the police is awaiting orders from the government in regard to the action to be taken against Guerin.

The leading Jews of Europe are arranging for a meeting in Switzerland in order to form an international association for defense against the crusade of the Anti-Semites and to protect the Jews in France after the Dreyfus court martial is ended.

He Displays a Flag.

M. Guerin this evening displayed an anti-Semitic tri-color flag on the roof of the anti-Semite headquarters. On the flag was a motto reading: "France for Frenchmen."

M. Waldeck-Rousseau conferred several times during the day with M. Lepine, the prefect of police, and in consideration of the fact that a recourse to force in the arrest of M. Guerin might lead to a useless sacrifice of life, entailing still graver demonstrations, at the obsequies of the victims, the premier decided not to expose the life of any man, soldier, policeman or fireman, but to leave M. Guerin a choice between self-imprisonment and arrest.

Meanwhile, it looks as though this affair would have a rather tame ending. The friends of M. Guerin are busying themselves to rescue him from an impossible and foolish position and are advising him to surrender to the police.

DISORDER CONTINUES.

Restless Parisians Continue to Make Demonstrations.

Paris, Aug. 15.—As an anti-Semite group was standing at the corner of the Faubourg St. Denis and the Rue De Valenciennes, this evening some passersby were greeted with cries of "Down with the Jewites" and were surrounded and threatened by the demonstrators. A supposed anarchist then fired several revolver shots, wounding three men. One of them, a man named Camille, was taken to a hospital seriously wounded. The alleged anarchist was arrested.

At the annual banquet of Bonapartists today, M. Mignot presiding, a telegram from Prince Victor Napoleon was read saying he relied on the various committees to act under the present grave circumstances. The reading of the telegram was greeted with shouts of "Vive L'empereur," "Vive Guerin."

The young royalists also assembled at a banquet at St. Maurx today in honor of the name day of the Duchess of Orleans. Violent attacks were made on the recent measures of the government.

AMMUNITION SEIZED.

Santiago Collector Captures Supplies Intended for Santo Domingo.

Havana, Aug. 15.—Lieutenant Schaum, collector of customs at Baracoa, in the province of Santiago de Cuba, has seized 143 carbines and 18,000 rounds of ammunition that were evidently intended for Santo Domingo. Twenty-five men, Cubans and Dominicans, arrived there last Friday on board a steamer. They have been kept under close watch, as they are apparently planning to take arms to Santo Domingo. The quantity already seized is not believed to be all that is secreted there.

Major General Brooke is making every effort to check filibustering. No attempt will be made to prevent the men leaving Baracoa if they do not try to carry arms with them.

Mifflin Republicans.

Lewistown, Pa., Aug. 15.—The Mifflin county Republican convention heretoday nominated the following ticket: Associate judge, William A. Wilson; sheriff, W. P. Schell; county treasurer, W. F. Burt; commissioners, H. G. Braton and A. W. Nale; poor director, S. C. Myers; auditors, F. H. Wentz and John F. Wilson; coroner, Harry M. Owens; delegate to state convention, J. P. Rothermel. William V. Brought was elected county chairman.

Boatmen's Wages Advanced.

Cleveland, Aug. 15.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Lake Carriers' association held at the office of Captain James Colligan today the wages of all the men employed on the boats from second mates down were advanced 10 per cent. The new schedule goes into effect at once.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today:
RAIN; NORTHEAST WINDS.

1 General—Hope for Recovery of Dreyfus' Counsel.
Latest Reports from Transvaal Are Disquieting.
President McKinley's Address to Catholic Students.
2 General — Whitney's Weekly News Budget.
Base Ball Results.
Financial and Commercial.
3 Local—State Convention of the Jr. O. U. A. M.
State Firemen's Convention.
4 Editorial.
News and Comment.
5 Local—Inquest in the Quinn Killing.
That Mysterious Text Book Report.
Mayor Dismisses Two Patrolmen.
6 Local—West Scranton and Suburban.
7 News Round About Scranton.
8 Local—Trial List and Jurors for September Term of Court.

ALL ON ACCOUNT OF KLONDIKE

Mr. Bryan Discovers the Secret of Good Times—Latest Speech at Des Moines.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 15.—William Jennings Bryan spoke for two hours at the Auditorium tonight to an audience of 4,500 people. The audience, which included practically all the delegates to the Democratic convention to be held tomorrow, took every opportunity to applaud. Mr. Bryan first reviewed the record of the Republican party, accusing it of putting the dollar above the man.

He then took up the silver question, saying prosperity did not set in until six months after the election, when the Klondike gold mines began to be heard from.

VALUE OF THE RUPEE.

Ruling by Assistant Secretary Vanderlip of Treasury Department.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Assistant Secretary Vanderlip has rendered a decision in which he holds that for dutiable purposes the value of the rupee of India is the value at which the consular certificate, which accompanies the importation, shows it passes current in India.

The board of general appraisers at New York in passing on a case held that the dutiable value of the rupee was the value placed on it by the director of the mint for the quarter covering the shipment. The treasury department takes exception to that ruling and directs the collector at Boston to take an appeal to the courts.

The value at which the rupee passes current in India as shown by the consular certificate was considerably in excess of the commercial value of the silver as given by the director of the mint.

ALASKA BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

Sir Charles Tupper Tells How It Could Be Settled.

London, Aug. 15.—Sir Charles Tupper, leader of the opposition in the Canadian house of commons, who arrived at Liverpool yesterday on board the steamship Parisian, when interviewed regarding the Alaskan boundary question urged strongly two alternatives—either that the United States should submit the controversy to arbitration or that Canada should construct a railway to Dawson City thus opening up a purely Canadian line of communication with the gold fields.

"There is little doubt," he said, "that the United States would recognize the force of the latter alternative, and if it was put in effect would accept arbitration. Otherwise I would favor closing the gold fields against citizens of the United States."

CAVALRY FOR MANILA.

Third Regiment Expects to Be Ready to Sail Aug. 17.

Seattle, Aug. 15.—Lieutenant Colonel W. H. Wessel, Jr., in command of the Third cavalry, is expected here tonight. With him are the three remaining troops of the detachment.

Captain Richard Chilcott, superintendent of the transport station, has reported to Captain Robinson that the transport Garonne is to be ready for sea by tomorrow evening. She may sail with the cavalry on Thursday, Aug. 17, three days in advance of the expected date, as the quartermaster general had figured that the troops and horses would not arrive here in time to sail before Aug. 20.

LOST SOLDIER FOUND.

Man Believed to Have Been Killed by Filipinos Never Saw Manila.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 15.—A month ago a letter from Manila said that Ellis Rinehart of Maysville, a soldier in the regular army, had been captured and tortured to death by Filipinos. Yesterday Rinehart walked into the office of a friend in this city. He was just returning home from the west and had not heard the story of his alleged death. He has not been in the Philippines, having been discharged for disability before his regiment sailed.

RIOTS IN IRELAND.

Catholics Wreck a Church and Protestants Stone a Chapel.

Londonderry, Aug. 15.—An Irish party wrecked a Methodist church here yesterday evening, while its opponents stoned the Catholic chapel.

The mayor has issued a proclamation empowering military officers to act as magistrates, and additional soldiers and police have been called out.

Riots were started at Londonderry Sunday owing to the celebration of the anniversary of the relief of Londonderry, beseiged by James II., in 1689.

Rioting at Belfast.

Belfast, Aug. 15.—There was considerable rioting in the Catholic quarters of the city this evening. The police were stoned and windows and street lamps were smashed.

PAUL KRUGER SHEDS TEARS

He Has Become Physically Incapable of Dealing with the Situation.

BOERS STILL OBDURATE

Report That Their Reply Will Disappoint England—Anxiety in Pretoria—Feared that Negotiations Will Be Broken Off—General Sir William Francis Butler Recalled. Belief That He Sympathizes with Boers — Sir Frederick Walker Placed in Command of the British Troops in South Africa—Government's Action Taken to Mean That the Situation Is Graver.

London, Aug. 15.—The Johannesburg correspondent of the Morning Post says:

"President Kruger, owing to advanced years, has become physically and mentally incapable of dealing with the situation. Often at meetings of the executive council he weeps, but possibly he is shamming incapacity."

Cape Town, Aug. 15.—No reply has been received here up to the present from the Transvaal government on the subject of the latest British proposals for a peaceable settlement of the questions in dispute, and a dispatch from Pretoria says the reply, when sent will be disappointing, and that it is feared the result will be the breaking off of negotiations. Great anxiety prevails at the capital of the Transvaal.

General Butler Recalled.

London, Aug. 15.—Major-General Sir William Francis Butler, who, it was announced yesterday in a dispatch from Cape Town, would be relieved as commander of the British troops in South Africa, as a result of his alleged Boer sympathies, has been recalled and Sir Frederick Walker has been appointed to replace him.

Sir Frederick Walker is regarded as one of the ablest generals in the army. His appointment, therefore, is taken to indicate that the situation is graver.

Lieutenant General Sir Frederick William Edward Forestier-Walker, K. C. B., has been in command of the western military district of Great Britain since 1895. He is the eldest son of the late General Sir Edward W. Forestier-Walker, K. C. B. He was born in 1844 and entered the Scots Guards in 1862. He served in the Kaffir war of 1877-78, was military secretary to Sir Bartle Frere from 1878 to 1879, served during the Zulu war, was quartermaster general in Bechuanaland in 1884, commanded the infantry brigade at Aldershot from 1889 to 1890 and commanded the troops in Egypt from 1890 to 1895.

Mauser Rifles Secured.

Pretoria, Aug. 15.—The executive council concluded its session at 12.30 p. m., when orders were issued to the field cornets to give out Mauser rifles in exchange for Martini-Henry rifles. A great crowd gathered to receive the arms.

The possibility of war with Great Britain is about the only subject discussed, and it is generally felt the Burghers should be consulted before extreme measures are adopted.

HOBSON SAYS HE IS A VICTIM.

Declares Reports of Alleged "Kissing Bees" Are Much Exaggerated.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 15.—A Baltimore woman has received an interesting letter from Naval Constructor Richmond Pearson Hobson dated Hong Kong, July 4, in regard to the alleged "kissing bee" while enroute from Chicago to San Francisco last year. The letter is printed in the Baltimore Sun and Commander Hobson has this to say:

"As to those wretched newspaper reports, they were the grossest forms of exaggeration and misrepresentation. There were incidents in Chicago and Kansas City, and only in those places, but they were nothing like what was reported, and all those interviews with me were pure falsifications. I gave out but a few lines in Denver and San Francisco to testify to the cute and patriotic impulses of the school girls and ladies who were concerned, and as for myself I would have cut off my right arm rather than offend one of them.

"The matter was entirely beyond my control under the circumstances. My own heart and conscience have been clear and I do not fear any consequences. Criticisms based on error and misrepresentation and drawing conclusions that I knew to be at utter variance with fact can never endure. I have not considered it even necessary to take public notice of them. They shall interfere in nowise with my own steadfast purpose for future service."

Fire in Lumber Yard.

Lock Haven, Pa., Aug. 15.—The saw mill, shingle mill and planing mill, together with a large quantity of shingles and dressed lumber at Flinton, Cambria county, owned by Charles Kraemer, of this city, were destroyed by fire today. Loss, $20,000; insurance, $15,000. There are 20,000,000 feet of timber yet to be cut on the tract and the mills will be rebuilt.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Forecast for Wednesday: For eastern Pennsylvania, rain Wednesday; probably clearing Thursday; increasing northeasterly winds, gales on the coast.