SCRANTON, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 26, 1899.

TWO CENTS.

# ORDER TO BE MAINTAINED AT **CLEVELAND**

# Mayor Farley Censured for Calling Out Additional Troops.

#### ADDRESS OF THE BISHOP

He Calls Upon the People to Offer No Resistance to the Authorities and Tells Them to Pray That Peace and Quiet May Be Restored - Mayor Farley Will Call Every Soldier in the State if Necessary to Preserve

Cleveland, July 25.-The four Columbus military companies, together with the military organizations from Newark and Chillicothe, six hundred strong, arrived here teday to reinforce the soldiers already on guard to preserve peace during the street car strike. Adjutant General II. A. Axline arrived with the troops and at once held a conference with Mayor Farley in regard to the situation. The troops marched to the Central armory where they established headquarters. Their presence is very distasteful to the strikers and Mayor Farley is censured by them for calling the additional troops. The latter reiterated his statement that he would keep the city free from rioting and violence if it took every soldier in the state to do it.

The Right Rev. Bishop Horstmann, of Cleveland, today issued an address to the Catholic laity of the city in which he calls upon the people to offer no resistance to the authorities and tells them to pray that peace and quiet may be restored.

The address epitemizes the situation

"Anarchy reigns. Riot and rebellion provails. The city authority is defied and openly resisted. The city is terrorized by the mob and the militia must be called out to preserve order. The fair name of our city as a lawabiding community is in danger, Bustness has been paralyzed. Visitors fear to enter our portals. Our own citizens are in constant danger of their lives '

President Harry A. Bryan today is sued a statement on behalf of the strikers' union disclaiming any part in the recent riots and expressing the resolution of refraining from such acts.

Strikers and their friends tonight held a meeting and various speakers protested against the presence of troops and the carrying of arms by private citizens, meaning non-union street car employes. The day brought forth no new reports of rioting and violence. Rain fell during most of the afternoon and did what the police have been unable to do-keep crowds from collecting and molesting cars.

With the coming of darkness small riots, mostly in the foreign inhabited portions of the city, made their apcarance and conflicts in which nobody was seriously injured took place,

### IRON FAMINE PREDICTED.

#### Brokers Say That Dealers Are No. Anxious to Sell.

Cleveland, July 25.-The pig iron famine that was predicted severaweeks ago, appears to have materialized. The brokers in this city say the dealers are not trying to sell iron for shipment before the first of January next and none is to be had for shipment sooner than September 1. There will be a long period at the end of the year, it is predicted, when there will be nothing but contract iron.

A large percentage of the manufacturers, the per cent, being placed as high as 40, are depending entirely upon wild iron, and it is said most o these will have to close down. About a week ago a manufacturer gave a broker in this city an order for 1.500 tons of iron, but the broker has been unable to get it.

### Mrs. Styles Acquitted.

Chicago, July 21.-Mrs. Augustus Styles was tonight declared by a jury not guilty of the murder of her mother, Mrs. Cathenne Schultz. Mrs. Styles shot her mother, because the latter disparaged her character to Belle Styles, a daughter of Mrs. Styles. Much sympathy was excited for Mrs. Styles by the nature of the stories told to her children by their

### Greater New York Tax Rates.

New York, July 25.-The finance com-nities of the city council and board of aldermen fixed the tax rate for the ser eral boroughs of Greater New York to day. The rates will be as follows: Man hattan and Bronx, 2 4904; Brooklyn, 2.36424; Queens, 3.27445; Richmond, 2.4213, The tax rate for the old city of New York fast year was 2.01.

### Charters Granted at Harrisburg.

Harrisburg, July 25.—Charters were is sued by the state department today to the United States Long Distance phone company, of Easton, capital \$1,000 and the Trappe and Limerick Electric Street Railway company, Montgomer, county; empiral \$25,000.

### Ball Players Acquitted.

Buffalo, July 25.-The members of the were arrested Sunday last for playing ball on that day, were given a jury trial in the police court today and a verdict of not guilty was returned.

#### SECRET SERVICE REPORT.

List of Captured Plates-The Finest

Workmanship Ever Turned Out. Washington, July 25.—The thirty-fourth annual report of the secret ser-vice division, submitted to Secretary Gage by Chief Wilkie today, shows that during the fiscal year ended June 20, 1899, there were arrested for mak ing or passing counterfeit money and kindred crimes 679 persons. Of these, 218 were convicted and 293 are awaiting action of the court. The acquittals were less than 24 per cent. Of 79 cases undetermined at the close of the previous year, 64 were convicted. New York state led the year's record with 98 cases, Pennsylvania had 77. The counterfeit money captured and secured consisted of \$55,689 in notes and \$20,778 in coin, a total of \$76,467. The list of captured plate embraces some of the finest workmanship ever turned out by counterfeiters, including those of the famous \$100 "Monroe head" siler certificate and other \$100 plates; dso those for \$50, \$20, \$10,\$5 and \$2, the latter including the "Hancock and Windom" heads silver certificates for which the members of the division had vainly sought for more than eight years, and finally captured in the hands of the Johnson brothers at Detroit in August, 1898. There were also the beautiful internal revenue stamp plates used by the Taylor and Jacobs' gang. The total number of plates captured was 267. There were also 22 dies for striking gold and silver coins and 413 molds for the running of spurious oin, the largest number ever captured in a single year. Fifteen new counterfeit notes made their appearance during the year, but of these only two were considered dangerous, and less than half a dozen of these particular notes ever got into circulation. The report touches briefly upon the famous Philadelphia and Laucaster case, and Chief Wilkie pays a tribute to Operatives Burns, ...c.Manus, Murphy and Griffin for their splendid work

#### STATEMENT REGARDING BROOKLYN CAR STRIKE

in connection with this particular case.

#### District Master Workman Pines Asserts That the Strike Has Not Been

New York, July 25,-District Master Workman James Pines, of District Assembly No. 75, Knights of Labor, leader in the Brooklyn street car strike, issued the following statement today:

The strike was forced upon the men by the president of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company. It will be continued for the reason that it has the sympathy of all the labor organizations not only in New York, but in the extire country. The infons of Greater New York have shown heir sympathy and support by their willingness to contribute to those who were compelled to sacrifice themselves for their fellow creatures. It matters not who the men are who will man the cars in Brooklyn hereafter, they must receive benefit of this effort, and therefore will be much easier to organize than were who have been driven out. heir homes and alone they will be shown he benefit they have received by the sacrifice of those who had sufficient

ournge to insist upon their rights. The injustice of the number of hour. ey are compelled to work each day is thoroughly advertised that neither covernor nor mayor can longer sit idly y and not recognize the justice of the ien's claim, and the people who own hese railroads must see that if the mod st request of the men had been granted would have been a thousand times less xpensive to the corporation than the hings they have forced upon them-elves. As evidence of this I point to the Island and Brooklyn railroad, brough two strikes. I mention this to show that laboring men are not unreasonable and only ask fair treatment and

where fair treatment is given those giv-ing it reap the reward. I will do always whatever is in my ower to assist the men who have been ourageous enough to sacrifice them-elves for their fellow employes and no one can make me believe but that the fel-ow employe who has received the benefits will forever remember those who made ach sacrifices. The newspapers can laim the strike to be a failure, but no rgument that they or any one can use sill satisfy me that this strike has been lything but a victory for the men, as

he future will prove In justice to Albert Johnson and the ablic I want to say this, Mr. Johnson as opposed to this strike and advised be men not to strike. He reasoned with them and pointed out to them why they could not win, and he advised them to go to the mayor and told them that if the mayor would not be could settle th itter in one hour without a strike so said to me that he had no motive ther than a friendly feeling for the nen who helped him to make his money and I am convinced that it is the truth.

### BROWN WILL ACCEPT.

#### Announcement Made by Former Gov. ernor of Kentucky.

Louisville, July 25.-The announce nent is made that John Young Brown, ormer governor of Kentucky, will acept the nomination for governor in case it is offered to him by the convention to be held at Lexington. Aug. 2, by Democrats who are opposed to the ticket headed by William Goebel. Governor Brown is quoted as saying:

"I will accept the nomination with pleasure and make the fight of my life for my right."

### MONTREAL BANK FAILS.

#### The Cashier and Teller Have Both Disappeared. Montreal, July 26 .- A sensation was

aused here today by the news that the Villa Marie bank, one of the oldest institutions of the city, had sussended payment.

The cause assigned is a defalcation on the part of the cashier, F. Lemleux, H. Herbert, the paying teller both of whom have disappeared. The amount of the shortage is \$58,000.

### Pennsylvania Pensions.

Washington, July 25.—Pension certifi-ates: Additional — Patrick Sullivan, granton, 38 to \$12. Original widows— Margaret Johnson, Terrytown, Bradford

#### Postmaster at Lake Como. Washington, July 25.-J. E. Woodman was yesterday appointed postmaster at Lake Como, Wayne county, Pa.

### INVESTIGATING THE IMMIGRATION LAWS

HEARING OF SUB-COMMITTEE OF INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

Agents of the Various Steamship Companies Give Testimony-Conflicting Opinions Regarding the Padrone System in This Country. All Steamship Companies, According to Accounts, Exercise Great Care with Passengers.

New York, July 25.-The hearing of

the sub-committee of the United

States industrial commission which is

inquiring into the working of the immigration laws at this port, was resumed today. The examination of Assistant Commissioner of Immigration Edward P. McSweeney was resumed. Chairman Ellison A. Smyth ques-tloned the witness regarding the existence of the padrone system in this country. Mr. McSweeney said the system still exists. Immigrants, he said, are controlled by certain bankers after they come here, the commissariat is regulated by these men; the money of the immigrant is sent back to Italy by these bankers. The system reputed to have obtained years ago whereby the bankers induced these men to come here, I do not think any longer exists because there is no need for it. They

now come of their own accord. Gustav H. Schwab, one of the agents of the North German Lloyd Steamship company, testified that he believed the immigration laws were intelligently and carefully executed. He said that the steamship companies had issued orders to their agents to investigate all persons applying for passage and his company held such agents personally responsible if the immigrant is

Mr. Schwab spoke of the educational test and said he thought it unwise to keep out the brawn and muscle which is needed for the development of the

#### Present Laws Ample.

"The present laws," said Mr. Schwab, are ample to protect the country. If further improvements are to be agreed upon. I think you will find all the steamship companies ready to acquiesce in anything that will tend to romote the welfare of the country, I believe the immigrants coming here now are absolutely needed,"

Mr. Schwab opposed the developing of the head tax, or making it \$5 or \$10 for each new arrival, which would

be prohibitory. Robert Floyd, representing the Cunard Line, said he agreed with everything which Mr. Schwab had said. any attempt to evade the immigration booking of passengers on the other side he said that an agent who books a passenger who is returned is at one disciplined. Mr. Floyd believed the present laws adequate.

J. Ter Kuile, of the line which plies between this port and Naples, was the next witness. He said his company brought in about 13,000 immigrants last year, nearly all of whom were Italians. From one-third to two-fifths of these had their fares prepaid in this

country. Mr. Kuile said that to his knowledge the evils of the padrone system had been wiped out.

Arthur Lederer, passenger manager of the American Red Line, said his company last year brought 25,000 passengers in the steerage. Of these 40 per cent, were prepaid.

### HAGUE CONFERENCE

#### About Half the Powers Will Sign the Arbitration Convention.

The Hague, July 25 .- At the plenary sitting of the conference this afternoon in deference to Sir Julian Pauncefote. head of the British delegation, and in order to secure unanimity, the Danish delegates consented that the reference to the landing of cubles to be struck out of the list contained in article 53 of the convention on the laws of war.

Turk Pasha, head of the Turkey delegation, made formal adhesion to the arbitration convention on condition that Turkey's recourse thereto be purely optional.

It is understood that about half the powers, including those forming the Dreibund, will sign the arbitration convention immediately.

The third committee met this afternoon to hear the report upon the arbitration scheme proposed by Chevalier Deschamps, the Belgian delegate, which the committee approved and the plenary conference adopted without modification. The committee also approved the final act and then proceeded to consider the preambles and appendices of the convention's declarations.

The question whether governments not represented at the conference, may, by accepting the terms of the arbitration board secure the advantages thereof without first obtaining the consent of all the signatory powers occasioned a long discussion. It is said that the vatican has such awight, but that the Transvaal has not. The conference arose without deciding the question.

### The Volunteer Army.

Washington, July 25.-Colonel Ward, in charge of the recruiting department of the adjutant general's office reports that the total enrollment of recruits for the volunteer army, not including today's recruiting, amounts to 4.792 men, being about one-third of the entire number required. The number of recruits curolled yesterday was 535.

#### Drowned in the Satilla. Wayeross, Ga., July 25.-Mrs. M. J.

Mock, and Cora Smith, an orphan, were drowned today in the Satilla river, near here. They were bathing and got be yord their depth. The bodies were re covered.

### Messenger Boys at Work.

Wilkes-Barre, July 25.—The strike of messenger boys ended this evening, the Western Union and Postal Telegraph onpanies agreeing to take the old boys back but making no other concessions.

# ILL FATED BENS EXPEDITION.

Tale of Terrible Suffering in the Klondike Region - A Woman's Lone Walk in the Wilderness.

San Francisco, July 25.-The steamer Berfha arrived today from St. Mich acls with ninety-seven passengers and about \$1.000,000 in gold. The largest amounted owned by any one person was \$75,000. The purser says that there is wealth in the Cape Nome district, and declares there is no truth in the stories of failure to find gold

Details of the loss of the Bens expedition are told by passengers. Out of a party of seventeen people who left Port Townsend June 11, 1898, for Kotzebue Sound to prospect for gold only one survives and that is Mrs. W. H. Bens, of Clay City, Ky. For weeks she watched over her sick husband. with no one to ald her and when he died she was left alone in the wilder-After walking nine miles she found a cabin in which three fishermen were wintering. She became sick of scurvy and was tenderly cared for and finally reached St. Michaels and took passage for San Francisco on the Bertha. She will go to Ray City, Mich., where her mother and brother and sister reside.

# BOB INGERSOLL

#### Funeral Services Conducted by Near Friends of the Deceased-Floral Offerings in Abundance-Old Colored Servants Present.

New York, July 25.—The funeral of the late Robert G. Ingersoil took place this afternoon from Walston, Dobbs Ferry, where he died on Friday last, No clergymen were present to conduct the services; there was no music and there were no pall-bearers. The body lay on a cot in the room where It was enshrouded in white and just one red rose placed on the breast. About the cot were banks of floral tributes sent by friends, weaths and bunches of blossoms. The services were held at 4 o'clock. Mrs. Ingersoll sat beside her dead husband and beside her were her daughters Mrs. Walston H. Brown and Miss Maude Ingersoll. They were very much agitated and Charles Broadway Rouss, Colonel Ingersoll's oldest friend occupied a chair by the side of the bier. There were some forty others present and they remained standing throughout. The intense silence was who, in a voice full of emotion, said:

broken by Dr. John Clark Redpath, 'My friends it is a very sad duty to read in the presence of the dead the last poem written by Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, entitled "Declaration of the Free," This poem Colonel Ingersoft had read and altered in some The passengers of his company he said were drawn mostly from Great Britain and Ireland and Scandinavia. He said Smith, who resides in Dobbs Ferry struction at Cramps. The publication his company would not be a party to and who was a close personal friend preliminary words, reads another extract from Colonel Ingersoll's writ-

ings, entitled "My Religion." "To love justice, to long for the right, to love mercy, to assist the weak, to forget wrongs and remember bene fits-to love the truth, to be sincere to utter honest words, to love liberty, to wage relentless war against slaver in all its forms, to love wife and child and friend, to make a happy home to love the beautiful in art, in nature, to cultivate the mind, to be familiar with the mighty thoughts that genius has expressed the noble deeds of the world, to cultivate the courage and cheerfulness to make others happy, to fill life with the splendor of generous acts, the warmth of loving words, to discard error, to destroy prejudice, to receive new truths with gladness, to cultivate hope, to see the calm beyond the storm, the dawn beyond the night. to do the best that can be done and then be resigned, this is the religion of

reason, the creed of science. This satisfies the brain and the heart. Dr. John Elliott, of New York, read the funeral oration delivered by Colonel Ingersoll over his brother's dead body. This concluded the short and simple services. Nearly all present

then took a parting look at the deal After they had gone Mr. Rouss arose rom his chair, and as he is totally blind, passed his hand over the face

of his departed friend and said: "Perhaps he is better now. No one

an understand It." Mrs. Ingersoll said to him: The Colonel wanted you to put your

hand upon his heart," and suiting the action of the word, she directed his hand to the left breast of the de-

Mr. Rouss asked what she was going

to do with the remains. "I cannot give him up," she I cannot put him in the ground. can't bear to think of it. We're going to bring him back home." The body will probably be taken to Fresh Pend. L. I., on Thursday for cremation, but this arrangement is subject to change, During the morning there were many visitors to look upon the face of the ceased. Among them were several old colored servants of the family who had come from Washington and took four days off and paid their expenses to do honor to their benefactor. Among these were two former butlers of the family. One old man who was a baggageman on the railroad, came from down on Long sland; others came from

Chicago, Syracuse and Buffalo, Many additional telegrams of sympathy were received today, one of them being from General Miles Floral tributes were received all the morning and there were two full

rooms of them. A photograph of the body was taken this afternoon just as it lay surrounded by those flowers. It took a threequarter view of the face,

### DEATHS OF A DAY.

Basie, Switzerland, July 25.-Nicholas Ruggenbach, the builder of the Right

New York, July 25.-Gideon J. Tucker x-secretary of state of New York, dies loday at his home in this city. He founded the Daily News in 1856 and up to the no of his death was a member of the Lebanon, July 25 .- City Solicitor William Derr Fisher, a prominent member of the Lebanon bar, died tuday, aged 38

#### CUBAN REPUBLIC IN NEAR FUTURE

THE HOPE OF THE VETERANS OF HAVANA.

They Will Send an Appeal to President McKinley-Report in Havana That McKinley Has A'ready Requested Secretary Root to Draft a Plan of Government for the Island-General Gomez Coming

New York, July 25.- The Sun today prints a special from Havana indicatng that a well organized scheme is on foot to hurry the promised establishment of the Cuban republic. The dispatch says that an association of officers who took part in the last two Cuban wars held a meeting under the presidency of General Mavia Rodriguez and decided to telegraph to Presi-

dent McKinley, asking, in the name of

fulfill the promise contained in the

foint resolution of congress and estab-

lish a Cuban republic. Cable dispatches received today from Washington caused much satisfaction tmong those who favor the immediate independence of the island, the information being that President McKinley had already asked Secretary of War Root to draft a scheme of government for Cuba, which would be submitted to

congress in December. General Ludlow has decided to accede to the request of the supreme court that he change the form of the police Two additional judges will be appointed to sit with Captain Pitcher. One case of yellow fever has appeared in Havana and another among the Americans employed at the Triscornia docks. Both were removed to the fever hospital. No alarm is felt, as ample precautions have been taken to prevent

the spread of the disease. General Maximo Gomez has announced that on the arrival of his family from San Domingo next week he will go to the United States.

#### NO DEFECTS IN THE BATTLESHIP MAINE

#### President Cramp, of the Shipbuilding Company, Denies Statements Made in a Washington Special.

Philadelphia, July 25.-Henry W. Cramp, vice president of the Cramp Shipbuilding company, today denied the statement published in a Washington special to a New York newspaper that serious defects had been discoverreferred to stated that Cramps had made the lines of the hull much fin to secure extra speed, bringing her displacement down to 12,300 tons. In the meantime preparations for armor armament, ammunition, etc., had been progressing with the understanding that 12,500 dead weight would cause the vessel to draw only 23 feet 1014 inches of water. The paring down of the hull, it was stated, means that 200 tons of armor must be sacrificed or she will draw 24 feet 214 inches which would render her inaccessible to many ports and expose her to danger.

there is an excess, instead of a shortage in displacement, and as the Maine is now building the actual displacement is 12,560 tons, with a draft of 23 feet inches. He states the article is based on conclusions drawn or deduced from a fact which is of no material importance to any one familiar with naval architecture. Continuing, he says: "The adoption of the Krupp type of armor, which, at the time the design was accepted it was confidently expected that congress would approve, leave of itself a margin far more than sufficient to overbalance or make good 200 tons or twice 200 tons, in relative value of protection, not only as compared with the development of the Krupp process itself up to the present time, but in view of the fact that before the Maine would need armor there would be opportunity for a year and a

Mr. Cramp in his statement says

half for further development. "Now, while these factors to a certain extent were indeterminate at the time the Cramp design was accepted it was well understood by everybody the members of the board of construction included, that whatever change or modification might occur in the charac ter of the armor between that time and the time when it would be necessary to manufacture the Maine's ermor would be all for the better or in the direction of improvement in ballastle power and therefore reduction weight, to produce the same result in resistance. All of this was and is in direct line of projection with the experience of the battle of Santiago and of the development of battleship design

Lewis Nixon, in an interview, states that the 200 tons in question represent a weight that can be saved without impairing the military value of the vessel, and that the changes made by Cramps have added to the vessel's fighting ability.

### Fight with Sharkey Uncertain.

Youngstown, O., July 35.-Champion Jim Jeffries said today that his fight Sharkey was uncertain, as he did know when he would return from Europe Regarding Peter Jackson's challenge, he said he did not believe Jackson wanted to fight any more than "Kid" Met'oy, but that he would give him a chance.

### Killed by Lightning.

St. Cloud, Minn., July 25.-James Harren, of Freeport, and Agnes Herzog, of Millwood, were instantly killed by lightning today at the home of Miss Herzog. They were slitting on the porch when lightning struck the corner of the house. They were engaged to be mar-

### First Chinese Pensioner.

Washington, July 25.-Ah Yu, of Shang al. China, a landsman who enlisted in the navy in 1884, and was formerly at-tached to Dewey's flagship Olympia, today was granted a pension of \$30 a month for lung trouble. He has the distinction of being the first Chinese pensioner of years. He was a Republican in politics. this government.

#### THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today:

SHOWERS.

General-William T. Stead's Views of the Peace Conference.
Militia Will Preserve Order in Cleve

To Hurry the Establishment of the Investigation of Immigration Laws. General - Whitney's Weekly News

Budget. Base Ball Results. Financial and Commercial. Local-Another Suit Growing Out of the Mud Run Disaster. Closing Testimony in the Old Forge

Infunction Proceedings.

News and Comment. Local-Rumored Sale of the Scranton

Traction Company, Annual Inspection of Reservoirs, Uneasiness Among Real Estate Men. Local-West Scranton and Suburban,

Local-Some Scranton School Sta-Live Industrial News. the Cuban people, that he immediately

News Round About Scranton.

#### MOB RUNS THE TOWN.

Hurry Call for Troops Comes from Bainbridge, Ga .- The Militia Or-

Atlanta, Ga., July 25, -Governor Candler tonight received the following message from Sheriff Patterson, of Decatur county, at Balnbridge;

"Town in the hands of a mob. Send aid quick."

Governor Candler at once ordered the company of state militia stationed at Valdesta under command of Captain Littleton, and that of Captain Smith at Thomasville, to proceed with all haste to Bainbridge,

#### ALGER'S FAREWELL.

#### The Feature of the Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

Washington, July 25.-The features of the cabinet meeting today were the farewell of Secretary Alger and the presentation of his successor, Mr. Root. Half an hour after the cabinet had assembled Mr. Root appeared at the white house. He was immediately admitted and was formally presented to those of his new colleagues whom he had not met. His greeting was pleasant and cordial. He remained but a few minutes, leaving shortly after noon to catch the 12:45 train for New York. When he left the white house he said he would return and assume charge of the war department Au-

gust 1. Shortly after Mr. Root had left General Alger made his adleus. He shook ands with the president and each member of the cabinet. In saying fare well there were many kindly expressions of regret and exchanges of well wishes. The cabinet remained in session about three-quarters of an hour after General Alger's departure. There was a general cleaning of little odds and ends preparatory to the president's departure tomorrow. The main topic discussed was the Alaskan boundary line dispute. Secretary Hay explained the status of the direct negotiations now in progress between himself and Mr. Tower, the British charge, and said that he was not without hope that the vexed problem would be solved by direct negotiation,

# NAUGLE JOINED THE ARMY. A Wedding Postponed in Sugar Loaf

Valley. Hazleton, Pa., July 25.-Miss Gertrude Williams, of Sugar Loaf valley, and Lloyd Naugle, of Seybertsville, were to have been married last night, but Naugle failed to put in an appearance. Instead of getting married Naugle came to Hazleton, enlisted at the local recruiting station and was sent away this morning with a number of other recruits to Camp Meade Nothing was known here of Naugle's desertion of his flancee until today, when friends of Miss Williams in search of the intended groom, came to the city and learned of the enlist-Naugle may be placed under military arrest and brought back.

### KRUGER WILL NOT RESIGN.

Amicable Relations Restored Between the Volksraad and Paul.

Pretoria, July 25 .- Amicable relations between the Volksraad and President Kruger have been restored. The conspiracy case against ex-British officers has been withdrawn

and the remaining prisoners were re leased today. Capetown, July 28,-It is understood that President Kruger has definitely

### abandoned the idea of resigning.

Dewey Entertains Americans. Trieste, July 25.-Admiral Dewey this fternoon entertained Frederick W. Hoss feld, the United States consul here and a number of other Americanss at a concergiven on the Olympia by the ship's band Admiral Dewey did not leave the ship teday. He will sail about August 1 for Naples.

# Races Postponed

Cleveland, July 25.-The grand circuit races were postponed today on accounof rain after two heats had been trotted In the 2.19 class trotting, Grand Haron won the heat, Dorothea second, Purse third, All King fourth, Time, 2.12%. Ja the 2.23 page Condi won, Bob Fitzsine-mons second, Shade On third, Sam Medium fourth. Time, 2.13%.

### Postmaster Arrested.

Washington, July 25.-Chief Postoffica Inspector Cochran has received a dis-patch announcing the arrrest of Alvin W. Held, postmaster at Harrity, Pa for embezzling postal funds.

### Steamship Arrivals.

New York, July 25 -- Arrived: Southwark, Antwerp. Sailed: Bovic, Liver-pool; Trave, Bramen. Boulogue-Sailed: Antwern Salied: Boyle, Liver-Patria. York. Bremen-Arrived: Bremen, New York.

# CONFERENCE HAS ACHIEVED **BIG RESULTS**

# Views of William T. Stead on Hague Meeting.

#### MAGNITUDE OF GAINS

Much Greater Than Anticipated and Imperfectly Understood Even by the Conference-English Delegates Supported Americans Upon Every Resolution but That Forbidding the Capture of Private Property at Sea-The Unanimous Opinion of All American Delegates That Good Seed Now Sown Will Bear Rich Harvest Hereafter.

(Copyright, 1899, by the Associated Press.) The Hague, July 25,-"I have seen the American delegates and they talked freely about the conference, but refused to make a statement about the results before the conference rises. The following, however, may be accepted as a fairly accurate summary of the views they entertain:

"The conference achieved a great success-much greater than the delegates anticipated-and the result was achieved largely by the amour propre of capable men from all parts of the world, determined to accomplish something worth their assembling together. "The result surprised all of them and the magnitude of the gains is imperfeetly understood even by the confer-

"The establishment of a permanent court of arbitration on the American principle of revision plus the French declaration of the duty of neutrals, to ecommend disputing powers to resort to the arbitration court rather than to war, presents vast progress in the evolution of human society. The recognition of the duty to represent to disputants the desirability of resorting to the arbitration court entails no obligation on the Americans inconsistent with their traditional policy. This is made absolutely clear by the declaration signed by the American delegation,

read in full at the conference today and entered on the records, upon the elaboration of the final act ecording the work of the conference. Mr. Holls has achieved a position of influence much greater than that of many of the first delegates, and Captain Crozier is much admired for his plucky. fight in support of his amendment to

#### the Russian resolution on the dum-dum Friendly Relations of Delegates.

"The relations between the American and other delegates, notably the English, German and Russian, have been extremely friendly. The Englishmen and Americans acted throughout almost like a joint delegation. This was due to no arrangement or direction, but solely because both nations found common ground of defence, common interests, civilization and human-

"The only point on which the English delegates failed to support the Americans was the resolution forbid. ding the capture of private property at sea. To this the English representatives were not opposed, but British opinion being divided, the delegates had no instructions regarding the mat-

ter, abstained from taking action, "After the arbitration convention is signed it will probably be opened to the adhesion of all other powers, not represented at the conference, on condition that no original signatory of the convention object. This right to black ball any power wishing to join the convention, was insisted upon by Italy in order to prevent the adhesion of the pope, and by England, on acthat all the South American states

will come in. It is the unanimous opinion of all the American delegates that the conference begins a new epoch and that the good seed now sown will bear a rich harvest hereafter. (Signed.)

#### William T. Stead. MEETING OF RAILROADERS.

# Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen

in Session at Wilkes-Barre. Wilkes-Barre, July 25.-The Brothers hood of Locomotive Firemen of the Lehigh Valley railroad held a secret meeting in this city last night. Grand Master Wilson was present. Various grievances were discussed. The men claimed that they were discriminated against in favor of non-union men and that the latter got the best post-

It was agreed to refer the grievances to Grand Master Wilson, who will confer with the company officials.

# Iron Moulders' Association.

Indianapolis, July S.—The convention of the Iron Moulders' Association of North America, which has been in session here for two weeks, adjourned after electing the following officers: President, Martin Fex. Cincinnati, secretary, E. J. Denny, Cincinnati; treasurer, William Hensel, New York, Joseph Black, of Toronto, was continued as editor of the iron Moulders' Journal.

### WEATHER FORECAST.

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Washington, July 25.-Porceast

 for Wednesday: For eastern Penns 
 sylvania, showers in the morning: probably clearing in the afternoon; threatening Thursday; moderate temperature; variable winds.

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