



TWO CENTS.

TEN PAGES.

SCRANTON, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1899.

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THE GRANT MONUMENT UNVEILED

Miss Rosemary Sartoris Takes an Important Part.

THE AFFAIR A SUCCESS

Interesting Exercises at Fairmount. President and Mrs. McKinley Among the Visitors to Philadelphia—The Little Cruiser Raleigh. The Equestrian Statue Unveiled by Miss Rosemary Sartoris Granddaughter of General Grant—Distinguished Spectators.

INSTRUCTIONS TO REVENUE AGENTS

Innocent Purchasers of the Jacobs' Cigars Will Be Protected—Distinction Between Stamps. Washington, April 27.—Commissioner Wilson of the Internal Revenue Bureau, has sent the following letter of instructions to collectors of internal revenue regarding the disposition of cigars made and stamped by the Lancaster, Pa., stamp counterfeiters:

"Referring to returns of cigars from the Jacobs' factory No. 274, and Kendig's factory, No. 49, Ninth district of Pennsylvania, you are informed that as 50's are now only denominated known to be counterfeit, you may release the cigars covered by stamps of other denominations, which are regular and in the hands of innocent holders. The cigars can be left in the custody of parties from whom seized, if they are responsible, pending further action.

"Innocent holders, who have purchased cigars and paid for same, will be treated fairly and reasonable offers in compromise accepted. Such offers shall include payment of tax, the tax on the cigars and a nominal sum as a specific penalty, to be made through you to this office.

"When stamps are undoubtedly genuine, the cigars may be returned without compromise, and distinction between genuine and counterfeit stamps is this: The paper in the counterfeit is much lighter than that in the genuine and the face of clay on the counterfeit is very much drawn; the lock of hair on the right side of his head is very dark in the counterfeit; in the genuine, much lighter.

"Among the most prominent distinctions are the diamonds and stars in the word 'genuine.' In the genuine they are very distinct, while in the counterfeit they are greatly blurred and in some letters the diamonds do not appear at all. The shading at the left of the stamps is much heavier in the counterfeit than in the genuine stamp, due, probably, to the lighter color of the paper.

"In case of doubt, hold the cigars until they can be examined by an expert. "You can compare the stamps with any genuine 50's on boxes of cigars. "The following Jacobs & Co. and W. L. Kendig for cigars purchased should be advised not to pay such bills or accounts, and you will take prompt steps to attach and hold money thus due on accounts of indebtedness to such government for taxes evaded. Consult the district attorney. Hold the fraudulent cigars in such cases until the matter is decided."

REVENUE STAMP FRAUDS.

Hearing in the Case of the Two Attorneys.

Philadelphia, April 27.—Elroy P. Ingham, formerly United States district attorney, and Harvey K. Newitt, who was his assistant, were arraigned before United States Commissioner Edmunds today on the charge of attempting to bribe William J. McManus, secret service man, in connection with the Jacobs-Kendig-Taylor-Bredell revenue stamp counterfeit conspiracy.

FIGHTING AT SAMOA.

Collision Near Apia—Number of Killed Estimated at Seventy.

Berlin, April 27.—An official despatch dated Apia, Samoa, April 18, has been received here. It says: "On April 17 there was a collision three miles from Apia which ended in the retreat of the Tano people. The number of killed and wounded was about seventy. No Europeans were hurt. A British detachment lying in reserve took no part in the fight."

Steamship Arrivals.

Lizard, April 27.—Passed: Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen via Cherbourg, for New York. Bremen—Shant-Britannic, for New York. New York—Friedrich der Grosse, Bremen via Southampton. Liverpool—Arrived: Teutonic, New York. Bremen—Arrived: Lapin, from New York via Southampton. Naples—Sailed: Saale, New York for Genoa. Rotterdam—Sailed: Amsterdam, New York via Boulogne.

Feed Mill Burned.

West Chester, Pa., April 27.—The feed mill of Myers & Lewis at Honey Brook, this county, was entirely destroyed by fire today. Loss, \$25,000; partly covered by insurance. Cause unknown.

Pennsylvania Pensions.

Washington, April 27.—Pension certificates: Increase—Benjamin C. Vance, Franklin Forks, Susquehanna, \$5 to \$10.

MRS. GEORGE IN SUSPENSE.

Her Case Is Now in the Hands of the Jury.

Canton, O., April 27.—The fate of Mrs. George is now in the hands of the jury. The twelve men who are to determine whether she is guilty or not of the murder of George W. Saxton were locked up in the jury room at noon today and up to a late hour tonight there were no indications that an agreement had been reached. There is gossip, however, that on a recent ballot eight stood for acquittal and three for first degree and one for manslaughter.

At no time during the long hours of waiting was the court room deserted. The nearest approach was about 9 o'clock, when many judges went to dinner. When the spectators, many of whom had been in attendance all day long, filed out, but their places were soon taken by others. Judge Taylor went to the hotel just across the street, leaving instructions that the hall be called up at midnight and would come to the court room at any time to receive a verdict at any time during the night or early in the morning.

Meanwhile, Mrs. George was in her cell in the jail awaiting and ready to come into court and hear her fate. Relatives and friends remained with her and her appearance and manner indicated hope.

DINNER OF THE AMERICUS CLUB

POLITICS GIVE WAY TO PATRIOTISM AT PITTSBURG.

The Birthday of General Grant Celebrated with a Banquet—General Joseph Wheeler and Admiral Winfield S. Schley the Guests of Honor—Other Well Known Impromptu Speakers.

Pittsburg, April 27.—Politics gave way to patriotism at the annual banquet of the Americus Club in honor of the birthday of General Grant tonight and instead of the names of such prominent Republican leaders among the speakers as McKinley, Harrison, Reed and Sherman, the army and navy had the call and the guests of honor were General Joseph Wheeler and Admiral Winfield S. Schley. The dinner was held at the Hotel Schenley and in many respects was the most successful ever given by the club. Covers were laid for 265 and had there been room, probably have seen sold for \$100,000. The distinguished guests held a reception which lasted more than an hour and it was long after the fixed time for the banquet when the guests filed into the banquet hall to the inspiring strains of the Stars and Stripes. Hon. C. L. Magee was chairman of the dinner table and Clarence Burleigh, city attorney, was toastmaster. Major General Wheeler responded to the toast "Grant" as follows:

General Wheeler's Address. "Calm and beautiful the morning of July 23, 1885, dawned on Mount McGregor. All nature seemed subdued. The rays of the rising sun rested upon the green hills and mountains of Vermont, upon the placid waters of Saratoga lake and upon the cottage where the life of the then greatest man of the nation was slowly ebbing away. Ulysses S. Grant was in the immediate presence of the few whom none may conquer, the only few to whom none the great warrior had ever succumbed. For nine long months had he gazed undimmed into the face of death, lying him at bay with one hand while with his pen in the other he bravely finished the work that would make provision for the orphans and the children he should leave behind him.

A few moments after 8 o'clock the "silver cord" was loosed, the golden bowl broken and the patriot-warrior had returned to the God who gave it, and ere the sun had climbed midway to the zenith, the electric wires had told the people of the uttermost ends of the earth that General Grant was dead. In every city, town and hamlet, men and women were reverently bowed and sorrow and sympathy were expressed in every continent.

When the announcement of his death reached Charleston, S. C., the News and Courier of July 23 said: "Many hearts were in one agony in the time of his death, but life ended but a few years since, the mourning for the great leader would have been more or less muted in the nation's estimation. Dying as he now dies, the grief is as widespread as the Union, and the sorrow is as national as his fame. Only a little while ago he was the greatest citizen of the United States, of north and south alike, and the nation's admiration and regard for him more tender than in the states which used to be described as 'loyal states.' The country is reunited in spirit as in word, and the successful generalissimo of the Union forces is mourned by south and north together. His death is a national loss, and the south had no thought save of him who told the worn and ragged Confederate soldiers of Lee's army that they must take care of their own and their own, as they would need them for the spring sowing, and who threw his soldiers' bodies into the sea, and whether he should, by arresting General R. E. Lee, violate the terms of the Confederate surrender and the sanctity of the parole.

"Let us have peace," he said years ago, and hence his people have in their hearts a more timely and timely of peace, there is naught but regard and regret for him for whom strife and dispute are no more. The good will of the world whether he be a friend or not was his in his army and will abide with his name forever.

As an echo of the southern papers all wrote of the man who twenty years before had controlled the surrender of their armies and the crushing of the cause of rebellion. And southern cities told their bells in token of their mournful sympathy. The story of his military career has been rehearsed over and over. All are familiar with his success in the west, and there first loomed up the generalship of his character. When seeking to establish the United States in possession of Kentucky, he proclaimed: "I have nothing to do with opinions, and shall deal only with armed rebellion and its aiders and abettors."

"At Vicksburg, his order was: 'The garrison will march out tomorrow. Instruct your men to be quiet and orderly as the prisoners pass by and make no offensive remarks.' At Appomattox he gave the famous all policy demonstration of victorious joy with the words: 'The war is over; the rebels are our countrymen again and the best sign of rejoicing after the victory will be to refrain from all demonstrations in the field.'

And his generosity to his defeated countrymen has made his indelible mark on the character of the American soldier, as shown by their conduct in the war with Spain, when their treatment of the enemy's wounded and prisoners gained world-wide admiration. It was the generous magnanimity of Grant, after compelling the surrender of the Confederate armies, that did more to bring about the reunion of the states than millions of troops could ever have accomplished.

General Wheeler concluded by recalling Grant's remarkable prophecy: 'At some future day the nations of the earth will agree upon some sort of

MacARTHUR ROUTES THE INSURGENTS

Drives the Flower of the Rebel Army from Apalit.

GEN. LAWTON'S ADVANCE

A Remarkable Demonstration of Restless Energy—The Men Badly Fatigued by Their March Through the Jungle—Efforts to Secure a Conference with Aguinaldo—United States Consul Oscar Williams Declines to Accompany the Party of Peacemakers, Although He Fears No Harm from the Filipinos.

Manila, April 27, 9:45 p. m.—General MacArthur's division crossed the Rio Grande today and advanced on Apalit, completely routing the flower of the rebel army.

Most of the rebels fled to Apalit station, where two trains were awaiting them. They left hurriedly, presumably for San Fernando. The towns of San Vicente and Apalit were simultaneously burned and evacuated by the natives.

Twenty prisoners were captured, including a Spaniard. The American troops also captured a brass cannon and a quantity of arms and ammunition and the same evening they captured a Maxim gun on the railroad. A fighting lasted from noon until 4 o'clock.

The American loss is one man of the Montana regiment killed and three officers and six men wounded. The enemy is very strongly entrenched on the river bank near both sides of the railroad bridge. General Wheaton sent Colonel Funston across with two companies of the Twentieth Kansas regiment, a couple of privates swimming the swift stream under a galling fire, for the purpose of guiding the raft. The men crossed in squads of twenty and attacked the left bank of the rebels, who scuttled like rabbits into covered ways and trenches.

The rest of the regiment was compelled to cross the bridge in single file along the stringers. All the wood-work and much of the iron work had been removed. The First Montana regiment followed the Kansas across the bridge.

The first Nebraska regiment, acting as a reserve, attacked the rebels in three lines of trenches, driving them out, killing sixteen and wounding many.

In the meantime a large body of Filipinos, estimated at no fewer than 3,000, led by General Antonio Luna on a black charger, that was evidently coming to reinforce the rebels who were engaged with the Nebraskans, appeared in the open field about two miles to the left. Emerging from the jungle, the enemy formed an open skirmish line nearly two miles in length, with very thick reserves behind. They then advanced at double-quick until they were about 2,000 yards from the American line, when General Wheaton ordered his troops to fire.

Rebels Broke and Ran. The rebels, who were evidently unaware that the Americans had crossed the river, broke and ran in the direction of Macabebe. The other Filipinos fled toward Apalit station.

Fighting Joe Wants Active Service. "I hope not," he replied, quickly. "I want to go to the Philippines. There are several good fights left in me yet, and I think I could serve my country to the best advantage in active service in the field. I have not given up hope of being sent to Manila. Have you any news from Lawton?"

The general was shown the headline in a newspaper and chuckled when he read that the Americans had just gained a signal victory over the Filipinos. General Wheeler said that he had great faith in the volunteers in service in the east.

An effort was made to get an expression from Admiral Schley on Admiral Fitzhugh Lee's plan to simply scold the question away with smiles and with gestures signified that he did not care to open his mouth while such a subject was under discussion.

General Wheeler was accompanied to Pittsburg by his fiancée. The distinguished party will return to Washington tomorrow, except General Wheeler, who goes west.

THE FLOOR GAVE WAY.

A Tragedy Narrowly Averted at a Sheriff's Sale.

York, Pa., April 27.—While a sheriff's sale was in progress on the second floor of J. E. Snyder's implement warehouse at Goldsboro, this county, this morning, the floor gave way and about one hundred men fell to the floor below. A quantity of machinery fell down on the men and pinned some of them fast.

Twenty-three were slightly injured and several had limbs broken. John Petrow, a farmer, residing at Yocumtown, had both legs broken and was otherwise injured and is still unconscious. It is thought he will die.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today: CLOUDY; WARMER.

- 1 General—Missouri Swept by a Destructive Cyclone. Unveiling of the Grant Monument at Philadelphia. Schley and Wheeler Speak at Americus Club Banquet. General Lawton Defeats the Flower of the Filipino Army.
- 2 General—Unveiling of Grant Monument—Financial and Commercial.
- 3 Sports—Base Ball Results and Sporting Gossip.
- 4 Editorial. Comment of the Press.
- 5 Story—"A Lucky Disappointment."
- 6 Local—Lackawanna Telephone Ordinance Killed by Councils.
- 7 Local—New Developments Affecting Asphalt Reports. Fire Chief Hickey Refuses to Vacate His Office.
- 8 Local—West Scranton and Suburban.
- 9 News Round About Scranton.
- 10 Local—Day's Court Proceedings.

the rebels that they would be treated according to the American traditions of leniency to the conquered and that there would be no punishments or confiscations of property if they laid down their arms.

The leaders of the committee told United States Consul Williams that they would go if he would accompany them, believing the rebels trusted Mr. Williams. The latter, however, refused, having no authority in the matter. He said: "I do not believe the Filipinos would harm me, but they might detain me for months."

The American commission is hampered in its work of effecting the support of friendly Filipinos by the fear expressed by many of them that the "anti-expansionists" may obtain control of the American government and cause the withdrawal of the American troops from the Philippine Islands, thus, they claim, leaving the natives who have assisted the Americans to the mercy of Aguinaldo's followers. Under these circumstances, men of property are reluctant to risk the results of becoming identified with the American regime.

GEORGIA NEGRO MURDERED. Found Dead in the Road—Had Accused Suspected Lynchers. Leesburg, Ga., April 27.—The body of Mitchell Daniel, a negro, was found in the road near here today, riddled with bullets. The man who came in to notify the coroner says he does not know who killed Daniel, but he heard the shooting at 3 o'clock this morning. Daniel and other negroes have recently made inflammatory talks against the state but does not know who fired the shot. The coroner says he has a list of names of persons who were present at a lynch here some time ago.

Three negroes about a week ago tried to force an entrance into the room occupied by Mrs. William Laramore. Her screams brought help and the parties ran away, but Daniel trailed them home. Daniel was supposed to be implicated in this affair. Following his outrage, the Laramore house was fired into a few days ago.

OPINION FROM FLEITZ. The Deputy Attorney General Decides a Question. Harrisburg, April 27.—Deputy Attorney General Fleitz rendered an opinion to Auditor General McCauley today, in which he holds that county officials shall furnish an appropriation of the state with information as provided for by the Act of April, 1897, the compensation for which shall be fixed by the auditor general.

The deputy attorney general also decides in an opinion today to the effect that all stock of building and loan associations of whatever kind or nature upon which the associations pay any rate of interest is liable to state tax under the Act of June, 1897, and should be returned for taxation.

SPLIT CURRENCY BILL. A Maine Man Charged with Defrauding the Government. Rockland, Me., April 27.—R. D. Redfern, a secret service officer; Deputy United States Marshal Norton, County Attorney Johnson and City Marshal Crockett left here this morning for Portland, having in custody Sidney T. Thompson, of South Thomaston, who was arrested, charged with altering government notes and issuing them as defrauded.

It is alleged that Thompson split ten dollar bills and one dollar bills, pasted the halves together and altered the figures so as to pass them all for ten dollar bills. Thompson is thirty-six years old and has a wife and several children.

GOLD IN ARKANSAS. Ore Assaying \$1,000 to the Ton Taken from Blowout Mountain. Little Rock, Ark., April 27.—Ore assaying \$1,000 to the ton has been taken out of the side of the Blowout mountain, Cook county, and since Saturday night every claim within a radius of a mile of the discovery has been staked.

Farmers have quit their work and gone prospecting. Badger Sails for Samoa. San Francisco, April 27.—After the United States steamer Badger sailed yesterday for Samoa with the Samoan commissioners aboard, important orders arrived. A boat was sent over the steamer for Samoa with the Samoan commissioners and the latter will try to reach Honolulu before the Badger leaves.

Robert Goelet Dead. New York, April 27.—The World says: Robert Goelet died in Naples, Italy, yesterday. He had been on a yachting cruise. The cadaver had not yet been received. It was said that whether Mr. Goelet was aboard his yacht at the time of his death. His brother, Ogden Goelet, died aboard his yacht in the English channel in 1897.

San T. Jack Dead. New York, April 27.—San T. Jack, the well known theatrical manager, died of cancer of the liver, aged 48 years.

WEATHER FORECAST. Washington, April 27.—Forecast: For Eastern Pennsylvania, increasing cloudiness and warmer; east to southeast winds; becoming brisk and high; showers; Friday night and Saturday; cooler; Saturday.

MISSOURI SWEEP BY CYCLONE

Four Hundred Buildings in Kirksville Are Blown Down.

DEAD NUMBER 50 OR 60

LIST OF INJURED NUMBERS OVER ONE THOUSAND.

A Storm That Had Been Threatening Kirksville All the Afternoon Broke at 6.20 O'Clock In All the Fury of a Cyclone—A Path a Quarter of a Mile Wide Is Cut Through the Eastern Portion of the City. Twenty-five Dead Bodies Are Taken Out of the Ruins—The Death List May Reach Sixty—Fifteen Are Reported Dead at Newton.

St. Louis, April 27.—A special to the Globe-Democrat from Kirksville, Mo., says: A gathering storm that had been threatening all afternoon broke upon Kirksville at 6.20 o'clock tonight in all the fury of a cyclone. A path a quarter of a mile wide and as clear as the prairie was swept through the eastern portion of the city and four hundred buildings, homes and mercantile establishments, were leveled to the ground in scattered ruins.

In the heavy rain that followed the people who had escaped turned out to rescue the injured. For two hours not much was accomplished, as all was confusion, but by 8 o'clock twenty-five dead bodies had been taken from the ruins. It is expected that the list of dead will reach between fifty and sixty, if it does not exceed that. Almost a thousand people were more or less injured. Daylight will be necessary before an adequate estimate of loss of life and property can be had.

Kansas City, April 27.—A bulletin to the Journal from Chillicothe, Mo., reports fifteen dead in the cyclone at Newton, Mo.

The list of killed in the cyclone tonight as far as known is as follows: William B. Hoyle, student American School of Chillicothe, Mo.; Mrs. W. H. Sherrhorn, wife of student, School of Chillicothe; James Weaver, Sr., retired contractor; Theodore E. Bigham, proprietor of M. B. Broom, boy; Mrs. W. W. Green and daughter; Beattie; Mrs. Henry Billington; Mr. A. W. Glass, Mrs. A. W. Glass, Mrs. Ben Green, Mrs. John Tarkin, Mrs. T. Mahaffey, Mrs. C. Woods, A. Little, Mr. A. Little, Mr. C. Woods, Mrs. A. W. Rainbolt, Mr. C. A. Gibbs, Mrs. C. A. Gibbs, A. C. Gibbs, James Cunningham, Mrs. Mitchell.

Reported Killed. Mr. Peck, Mr. Anderson, Mr. Stephens, By Billings, Colonel Little and family, Mrs. Pennington and child.

Fire Breaks Out. Intense darkness prevailed after the cyclone and the rescuers were at a disadvantage for a short time. Fire broke out in a dozen places in the ruins and shed light over the scene. No attempts were made to extinguish the fire, partly because the rescuers had no time and partly because of the storm of light. On both sides of the street the debris was piled high and burned fiercely. In all probability a number of bodies have been incinerated. The storm first struck the eastern portion of the city near that part occupied by the boarding houses of the students of the American School of Chillicothe, state normal school and McWaters' seminary. It was just approaching this for the students and it is thought very probably the list of dead will include many students as a large number of their boarding houses were demolished.

As far as known tonight these three institutions of learning escaped the storm. The storm then went northward and wiced out Batterson's nursery pulling the trees out of the ground and the cyclone followed the first twenty minutes later. It, however, passed above the houses doing no material damage.

Storm at Onawa. Onawa, Iowa, April 27.—A terrible wind storm, followed by rain and hail swept the Salader valley last night, leaving death and ruin in its path. The house of George Furne was dashed to pieces.

Louis Furne, aged 10 years, was killed. Injured—Harry Furne, aged 18, was badly hurt and will probably die and others injured may not recover.

WEATHER FORECAST. Washington, April 27.—Forecast: For Eastern Pennsylvania, increasing cloudiness and warmer; east to southeast winds; becoming brisk and high; showers; Friday night and Saturday; cooler; Saturday.

Charters Issued. Harrisburg, April 27.—Charters were issued today for the incorporation of these corporations: William Krause & Sons Cement company, Philadelphia; capital, \$60,000. DuPont, Spangler & Company, Philadelphia; capital, \$100,000. Pittsburgh Steel Foundry, Galesport; capital, \$250,000.

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