

SENATOR QUAY GAINS A VOTE

Representative Harold, of Beaver, Supports the Caucus Nominee.

JENKS LOSES A BALLOT

Democrats and Anti-Quay Republicans Have Agreed to Remain Away from the Sessions Until Next Tuesday—Mr. Shadling, of Philadelphia, Votes for the Colonel of the "Bucktails."

Harrisburg, Jan. 27.—Senator Quay gained a vote today by the absence without a pair of Senator Higgins, of Schuylkill. Mr. Higgins is at the Harrisburg hospital with pneumonia and this is the first time since the balloting began that he has not been paired with a Quay Republican.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Vote count. Includes names like Quay, Jenks, Dalzell, Stone, Stewart, Huff, Irvin, Tubbs, Rice, Grow, Markle, Withner, Miller.

Total vote, 171; paired, 80; necessary to a choice, 86; absent without pair, 1. No election.

The only change in the vote was that of Colonel Irwin who polled one more vote than yesterday. Mr. Stradling, of Philadelphia, changing from Widener to the column of the "Bucktails."

RESOLUTION TO CONGRESS

Will Be Asked to Ratify the Peace Treaty with Spain.

Harrisburg, Jan. 27.—In the house today Mr. Palm, of York, reported from the federal relations committee a resolution requesting the Pennsylvania senators and congressmen to use all honorable means to secure the speedy ratification of the peace treaty with Spain.

That in all dealings of our government with any people over whom the United States may assume control under any treaty with Spain we do hereby request the present system of the senate and house of representatives at Washington to adhere to the principle laid down in the declaration of independence that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed.

Further consideration of the resolution was postponed.

Mr. Brown offered the following concurrent resolutions which were referred to the general judiciary committee:

That a committee be appointed, consisting of five members of the house and three members of the senate, to ascertain from the boards of county commissioners the assessed valuation of all real estate and personal property in their respective counties.

That in the several districts in their respective counties, the number of mills levied for poor tax, road tax and school tax in the several districts in their respective counties.

This is for the purpose of ascertaining the difference in the amount of taxes paid by real, personal and corporate property and the total amount paid by all persons and corporations in business in the county.

GENERAL LUDLOW MAKES STATEMENT

DISCLAIMS INTENTION OF DISRESPECT FOR GEN. MILES.

Admits That He Had a Warm Controversy with General Miles at the Army Headquarters, at Washington, After the Return from Montauk—Asks That the Commission Give His Statement as Much Publicity as Was Accorded That of General Miles.

Washington, Jan. 27.—There were no witnesses before the war investigation commission today, but the commission received and gave out an affidavit from General Ludlow, now military governor of Havana, which the general had forwarded in lieu of personally appearing in Washington.

The typewritten statement was principally in answer to the statements of General Miles before the commission in reference to the lack of preparation made by the engineer corps, of which General Ludlow had been the chief officer.

General Ludlow, in his statement, disclaimed all intention of disrespect toward General Miles before categorically contradicting the latter's testimony as reported in the papers.

General Ludlow explained that press of work in Havana had prevented his earlier attention to the matter, and then continued:

Having only newspaper clippings which were sent to me by friends I am without authentic information as to what General Miles really stated to the commission and my statements are grossly misrepresented.

I had the honor at the time to be attached to General Miles' staff as chief engineer of the army in the field, and my affidavit as I received were given me by him.

NEWSPAPER STATEMENTS. In the newspaper statements it is represented that I had been ordered by General Miles to supply myself with everything necessary for the disembarkation of the troops.

General Ludlow then explains that his first orders were to prepare an expedition to land on the island of Cuba, only from 6,000 to 7,000 men were to be landed in a sheltered harbor, and he provided the pontoon boats for use as a landing pier in smooth water.

The transport Alamo was equipped for two companies of engineers and a number of supplies with the necessary tools, picks, shovels, etc. When the plan of campaign was suddenly changed to the south coast, the Alamo had been loaded for another expedition and was out of reach of the expedition.

Concerning General Miles' instructions General Ludlow then goes on to say: "I was merely ordered in writing to proceed to Tampa, to accompany General Shafter's expedition and to render him all aid in my power."

Representatives of the Races Preparing for Self Government. Havana, Jan. 27.—Dr. Castillo is going to Reunion in order to confer with General Maximo Gomez regarding the formation of the projected Cuban independence party.

The platform has one idea, the termination of the military occupation of the islands as soon as possible. The Spaniards have been invited to join in the movement and will be given proportionate representation on the committee.

The organization of the American provisional government and several months are considered necessary to solidify the Cuban people and prepare them for taking up self government.

FIVE PERSONS DROWNED

Steam Canal Boat Runs on Rocks and Sinks.

South Norwalk, Conn., Jan. 27.—Disabled by an accident to her steering gear during a trip up the sound last night the steam canal boat J. C. Austin, of New York, ran on the rocks off Norwalk early today and sank.

The vessel had with her the coast guard cutter David R. Fisk, loaded with coal consigned to Westport.

Five of the persons aboard the two vessels lost their lives. They were Captain Lewis, of Jersey City; Chief Engineer Thomas Young; deck hand, name unknown; pilot, name unknown; Mrs. Helen Callahan, of 125 West Twenty-seventh street, New York.

Passenger Agents Meet

Scranton, N. Y., Jan. 27.—About twenty general passenger agents of railroads doing summer tourist business, together with a large force of sales clerks, held their annual meeting in this city today.

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COURT MARTIAL OF GENERAL EAGAN

TESTIMONY CLOSED AND ARGUMENTS SUBMITTED.

A Dramatic Incident of the Trial Is Furnished by General Eagan's Daughter—Evidence to Show That the Defendant's Mind May Have Been Unbalanced—Court Reaches Its Conclusions in an Hour—The Verdict at Present a Secret.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The case of Commissary General Charles P. Eagan, charged with conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, and with conduct tending to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, is now in the hands of the court martial appointed to try him.

The trial lasted three days and consumed less than eight hours of actual sitting. A session behind closed doors of an hour or so sufficed for the court to reach a conclusion and embody it in a report.

What the verdict was is altogether a matter of speculation and officially at least will not be made public until the military regulations requiring that its finding shall go through prescribed channels and be kept secret until action be had and promulgated by the proper reviewing authorities.

The attendance at the court martial was much larger today than at any other time since the trial began, and among the spectators was a score or more of ladies. Several of them were friends of General Eagan's daughter, who was called as a witness, while others were attracted by curiosity.

The testimony at the closing session of the court was directed largely to establishing the fact that the general had lost his mental balance as a result of the charges made against him by General Miles.

General Miles' daughter, who was called as a witness, while her husband told of the general's changed condition and intimated that they had great fears that he might at any time kill his accuser.

Charles Khron, New York City; D. P. Smith, Chicago; Ole Evjen, Baldwin, Wis.; Henderson, Wisconsin; George Swisher, New York.

Among the many badly frozen miners who were brought to New York City by the New York City and Erie railroad, five men died from the effects of the cold.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 27.—The steamer Cottage City from Alaska brings news that a miner died at Copeland river, and five men died in Valdez glacier.

The fact was confirmed by the anonymous letter which reached the court that the court had adjourned without day. It can be recalled only to correct a fault in the proceedings, which is a rare occurrence.

The court was in executive session for a little over an hour and in this brief space of time the outstanding questions for it soon became known when the doors were re-opened that a verdict had been reached, or, in military parlance, that the court-martial had made its findings.

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THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather indications today: Threatening; Light Variable Winds.

TREATY IN THE SENATE

The Doors Are Closed Again for Almost Three Hours.

MR. FRYE'S EXPLANATION

He Occupies the Floor During the Entire Session and Answers Many Questions—Does Not Feel at Liberty to Give His Interpretation of the President's Instructions—The Difference Between Cubans and Filipinos—Mr. Berry's Opposition.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The senate continued the consideration of the peace treaty in executive session today, the doors being closed for almost three hours. Senator Frye, a member of the Paris peace commission, and naturally a strong friend of the treaty, held the attention of the senate during the greater part of this time.

CUBAN ARMY WILL RECEIVE 3,000,000

May Disband or Hold Together Until the Amount Has Been Received.

Havana, Jan. 27.—The chiefs of the Cuban army will learn in a day or two from the members of the returning commission of the impossibility of obtaining from the United States government the sum of \$40,000,000 or any amount approaching that, to pay the Cuban army.

The military administration has had no communications with the Cuban commanders regarding the question of pay but Governor Brooke is in a position to learn quickly the purposes of any considerable portion of the army.

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MINERS PERISH IN A GLACIER

Tragedy of the Northern Gold Fields. Five Men Die from the Effects of the Cold.

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WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Saturday, Jan. 28: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

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Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Sunday, Jan. 29: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

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Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Monday, Jan. 30: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

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Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Tuesday, Jan. 31: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

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Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Wednesday, Feb. 1: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

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Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Thursday, Feb. 2: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

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Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Friday, Feb. 3: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

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Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Saturday, Feb. 4: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Sunday, Feb. 5: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Monday, Feb. 6: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Tuesday, Feb. 7: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, Pa., Jan. 27.—Forecast for Wednesday, Feb. 8: Partly cloudy; light variable winds.

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