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TWO CENTS.

# HEARING II, 68 MIL QUAY CASE

# A Revelation Made Before the Supreme Court Judges.

Lawyers Show How the Famous Prosecution Was Planned and Carried Out - Great Surprise Sprung. People's Bank Charter Specifically Authorized It to Deal in Stocks and Bonds-A Dramatic Hearing Eloquence of Attorney from Pitts-

Philadelphia, Jan. 8.-Senator Matthew Stanley Quay, through the lips of counsel, yesterday hurled hot shot into the ranks of his accusers at what was probably one of the most dramatically interesting hearings that has been held in the rooms of Pennsylvania's Supreme court for many a year.

The assault was made all along the picturesque line of persecution built up by the skill of ex-District Attorney Graham and an ex-judge. The foreer gun was fired. But when the final ever he wished to compliment the inecho came the flag was riddled and torn. Not only were the bulwarks attacked from a legal standpoint, but also from a line of plain hard statements of facts-statements that did not mince words, but boldly set forth that there were political conspirators back

of the entire proceedings.

The hearing was on the application of Senator Quay, ex-State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood and Richarl R. Quay for a writ of certiorari io remove the records in the proceedings against them to the court of last resort for review. This application was on the ground that the prosecution was a political conspiracy, and that it had been so manipulated that a fair trial was impossible in the court of com-

The entire seven judges that constitute the Supreme bench-Chief Justice Sterrett and Justices Green, Williams, Lean, Mitcheil, Fell and McCollamsat during the long hearing. The interest in the case was intense, and owing to the limited capacity of the court room none but members of the bar and representatives of the press were

o'clock, but fully half an hour before that time the room was filled to Its capacity. Lyman D. Gilbert, the wellknown Dauphin county attorney, entered in company with a well-built, auburn-haired and exceedingly business-like gentleman.

The newcomer was D. T. Watson, or of the most eminent attorneys of westera Pennsylvania, who had been engaged to open the legal fight for senator Quay. He has just gotten in from Pittsburg, his train having been delayed enroute.

The judges entered soon after, and court was called to order, Mr. Graham arose and asked leave to file a petition to quash the proceedings. Chief Justice Sterret nodded assent, and remarked that the court would hear argu ments both on this and the original motion at the same time.

Attorney Shields then presented Mr Watson to the court. Mr. Graham was on his feet in an instant, remarking that he thought he ought to be heard first on the motion to quash. He was headed off by Mr. Shapely, who declared that this was only a subterfuge on the part of the prosecution to rob the defense of the last speech. The court took the same view, and Mr. Watson began what was probably one of the most remarkably convincing arguments ever heard in a court room an argument that friend and foe alike declared to be a masterpiece.

ORATORICAL MASTERPIECE It was not a fireworks speech, for the Pittsburger's voice was not in an alluring key, and he used none of the clever tricks of the stump orator. He rather talked in a conversational tone. but earnestly, and with a magnificent flow of graceful language. But the beauty of his speech was its calm. dispassionate logic, logic that began at the top of the Wanamaker-Gordon structure and tore it down niece by piece from pinnacle to foundation Citations seemed to flow from the speaker as though he were the fountain of law. Every point he made was backed up with a legal opinion, nearly every one of which was taken from ome former decision of the very tribunal which he was addressing.

Before he began Mr. Watson handed up the paper books of Senator Quay's counsel, which are 112 pages long, with each page brimful of argument and This argument was to the effect that the Supreme court had full jurisdiction and that the prosecution was due to the malice of ex-Judge Gordon. It went on to declare that in lew of the manner in which the prosecution had been conducted it would be scarcely less than a crime on the parof their counsel to permit the defendants to be made the victims of such an "odious and detestable political con

Mr. Watson next proceeded to file about half a bushel of newspaper clip pings, which, he said, would indicate what counsel meant when they declared that Senator Quay had been hounded day in and day out in the columns of the public press. Mr. Graham retaliated by filing another butch dippings, which, he sareastically said, he was afraid the other side "might have overlooked."

These preliminaries adjusted, the Pittsburger plunged into the fray. Rehearsing the status of the case, he called attention to the fact that the then district afterney had been allowed to file an answer to the averments in Quay's petition, an unusual proceeding. The rule of practice had

however, been varied in the recent case of Commonwealth vs. Smith. He de-clared that if the defendant showed cause under oath the rule of certiorari must be granted. He had dozens of decisions to cite to back up his argu-

It was after he began to take up the averments in the defendant's petition that Mr. Watson really began to get in his hard knocks. He rapidly re-viewed the way the case had been hurried along up to the time Judge Finletter refused the demurrers to the indictments. Taking these up scriatim he made out a case that glowed in an entirely new light. Briefly, he showed that in two in-

stances the indictments charged the senator with conspiracy with John S. THE MASK IS TORN OFF Hopkins, cashier of the People's bank, to speculate in stocks. This was under the get that forbade bank cashiers from engaging in any outside business or in stock speculation. Mr. Watson produced the special act chartering the People's bank, which showed that the bank had practically unlimited funcons and had no cashier in the legal use of the term. Under the bank's harter Cashier Hopkins might just as ell have been called treasurer er secretary or agent. Moreover, one of the things the People's bank was specally chartered to do was to "buy, sell and deal in stocks and bonds of all kinds." With a charter that made it part of the bank's business to buy and sell stocks, Mr. Watson wanted to know how it was a crime for any one to engage in stock transactions through the bank's agent. He then asked leave to file a certified copy of the record from Harrisburg showing that the charter, with all its sweeping provisions, had been renewed in 1880.

ILLEGAL INDICTMENTS. The indictment which drags in all the state treasurers since 1886 Mr. Watwas there to hold his works, and he son declared was illegal and he then stood by the black flag until the last proceeded to show why. He said, howgenuity of the man who drew it up.

In closing Mr. Watson quoted laws and decisions to show the supreme court's jurisdiction in the matter In replying, Mr. Graham drew on all his oratorical power. He denied that the prosecution was a conspiracy and tried to make light of Quay's averments. His legal argument was directed in two lines. In the first, he cited an opinion of ex-Chief Justice Black to show that the custom of granting writs of certiorari had been abused, and in the second to prove that the supreme court was without jurisdiction to pass on the indictments.

tribunal. Justice Sterrett took exception to this and Mr. Graham modified his original statement. In closing, he also begged the Supreme court not to cast an aspersion on the fair name of Philadelphia county courts by intimating that they were unfair.

Under the act creating the superior

court he contended that authority in

these cases was now vested in the new

Mr. Shapley's closing speech was of the sledge-hammer order. He said at the start that he did not propose to dmitted.

The supreme court convenes at 11 tainly did not. More than that, he chose, but fully half an hour before chose words that said what they meant, words that showed that English language, when properly handled, is vigorous enough for all practical purposes. At the start he de clared that in all his professional career he had never seen such an at tempt to misuse the machinery of the ourts as had been made by ex-District Attorney Graham and ex-Judge Gordon. He characterized Mr. Graham's recent remarks as "bellowings and tempestuous oratory." Then h called the court's attention to the facthat Senator Quay's averments were sworn to, while those filed in answer by the district attorney were not under oath.

# NOT UNDER OATH.

Turning to Mr. Graham and shaking his finger in the latter's face, he said 'I repeat, sir, not under oath, and ver wisely not under oath." .The emphasis was on the words "and very wisely."

He then proceeded to demolish Mr Graham's contention that the Supreme ourt was without jurisdiction, showing that the word Supreme meant supreme, and that the Superior court was merely a tribunal created by act of legislature

It was when he was showing the nalice in the case that Mr. Shapley really let himself loose. "Why," said, "they tell us Judge Gordon is no onger on the bench. It is true. It is also true that his resignation was sent to Harrisburg at the hour when he knew counsel for Senator Quay were in consultation with the chief justice and assistant justice of this court asking that he might be restrained from sitting at the trial."

Mr. Shapley referred to the presence of Juage worden and John Wanamak r at Harrisburg, where they were trying to defeat Senator Quay for re-ele

Speaking of Mr. Wanamaker, he said The only character in literature to whom I can compare him is Pecksniff His beautiful announcements in the papers tell us that chemises can be had two for five cents. In the next line he assures us that there is individuality even about the undercloth-

#### ing of women. FAIR TRIAL IMPOSSIBLE.

Mr. Shapley then proceeded to show that a fair trial under the circumstances that existed was impossible Among other things he said:

"It could be safely asserted that nev r, since the day of Jeffreys, has there been disclosed such a shameful and atrocious attempt to prostitute the ourts and the powers conferred upon the district attorney and the processe f justice for purely malicious and political purposes, as is shown in this

Mr. Shapley asked the court that use they doubted Senator Quay's aver ments that they appoint a master, that the senator could summon unwilling witnesses and make them to tify under all the safeguards of the aws dealing with perjury The hearing concluded at 2.30, cour

# Dreyfus Case Again.

mmediately adjourning.

Paris, Jan. 8 .- LeSoir says it learns rom an indisputable source that the ourt of casuation is convinced that Drey us was justly condemned. M. Queana e Beaurepaire, president of the section of the court of cassation, has resigned his position in consequence of a disagre-

# AWFUL FILTH OF

### CONDITIONS DESCRIBED BY THE LATE COL. GEO. A. WARING.

Stables, Private Vaults, Pestilential Marshes and Decaying Garbage Contribute Nauseating Odors Laden with Germs of Disease-The Buzzards the Only Scavengers-A Pure Water Supply and Breezes from the Gulf the Only Blessings-Improvements Suggested.

Washington, Jan. 8.-The war de partment, division of customs and inular affairs, made public today a very full synopsis of the late Colonel George A, Waring's report of his visit to Havana under the special instructions of the war department given him early last, autumn to thoroughly inspect the sanitary condition of the city and to make such recommendations for the future improvement of the town as might be suggested by said inspection.

Colonel Waring says he found the street cleaning without adequate organization or funds and the markets offensive and dangerously filthy for the distribution of American food, with the exception of two, Tacon and Colon markets. He also found that the machinery used for sweeping the streets ineffective, the garbage being thrown into the streets in entire disregard of the ordinance requiring it to be set out in proper receptacles. of the contractors was all done in the etter part of the night and absolutely Any obscure sidewalk was freely used for the purpose of depactation and no attempt seemed to have been made to cover or remove the rub-

Foul pools were found in the streets in which rubbish and fith had been deposited which the contractor was required to clean. This filth was turned over to the buzzards. Some of the streets in the compact part of the city are paved with large stone blocks, othwith Belgian blocks and the remainder are unpaved. These streets are filled with dirty holes which in turn are filled up with house garbage. There is practically no sewerage. In many cases households connect their private vaults with loose brick or stone drains just under the pavement along their frontage. These allow the liquid filth to leak out into the ground close to the surface, en-abling the householder to get out of bail out and carry away accumula-

SLAUGHTERING PENS. Slaughtering pens, while superficially clean, are brutally disgusting while the work is going on. Blood and offal are washed by copious flooding from the water supply into an adjoining creek bage and sweepings. It is deposited on the surface, in and near the town, where buzzards feast upon it to their full Dead dogs, cats and chickens are left in the streets until the buzzards pick them to the skeleton. And all this is done under an intense sun. Bad as these conditions are they are not comparable with the disgusting conditions of the domestic life. There are fewer than 20,000 houses in and a very few are of four, and none higher. At least twelve out of every thirteen of the inhabitants live in onestory houses, the total population be-

In all the compactly built parts of the city the entire lot is covered with the house, there being one or two courts included in the building. In the betquite commonly the standing room of the carriage. It opens into the parlor at its side and into the reception room at its rear. Beyond this is a court, then dining room, then a smaller court, the kitchen, stable and private vault, pracically in one. Sleeping rooms are in the rear of the parlor and at the side of the court dining room. The conspicuous feature of every house is the private vault and sometimes a second vault for kitchen wastes. The vaults occupy a space practically under and almost in the kitchen. It is rare, indeed, that these vaults have a ventilating pipe, so that they beich forth auscating odors throughout the house,

average population to the house is over

which pervade the streets. THE PESTILENTIAL MARSHES. Lest the conditions above set forth should fail to do their appointed work of destruction, the broad marshes at at hand to furnish their quota of malaria. Into these marshes flow a numper of water courses which bear upon ment Professor Atwater, of Wesleyan, their surface the off scourings of a says: very poor quarter of the town, the of the gulf save the city from being absolutely and unqualifiedly bad. The own people, largely immune though they are to yellow fever which has prevailed in Havana without interruption for one hundred and sixty-three years, fall constant victoris to the pernicious malaria and depressing influences to which they are always subected. It needs only the immigration of fresh material which the enterprise of an American population is sure to bring in to create a sacrifice such as has not yet been known. Commerce, says Colonel Waring, will carry the terrible scourge of yellow fever to our shores, until we rise again in a war no hitch in the arrangements. of humanity and at all costs wipe out an enemy with which no military valor can cope.

In conclusion Colonel Waring says: Would it not be wise to accept at once the fact that we are confronted with a danger compared with which insignificant and proceed to meet it and conquer it while we may? We cannot afford to wait until we eforms will call for costly works even division of Charente,

now. But every month's delay will make them more costly and more im perative. We can set about these re CITY OF HAVANA forms now calmly and judiciously. Later, under the impulse of panic w should work at far greater disadvant

age. ESSENTIAL IMPROVEMENTS. Colonel Waring suggests the follow ing improvements as absolutely essen tial to make Havana a healthy city:

First-Organize immediately a departent of public cleaning under the ful control of a single commissioner experiwith authority to do all what the occaslen may require. This department, Cel-onel Waring urges, should have for its chief functions, the maintaining of a con-stant state of cleanliness in all streets and public places, in all public buildings and places of public resort and in and about all public markets and abbatoirs. It should also control the disposal of all last Tuesday night, is wastes except sewerage by cremation and ling statement tonight: otherwise

receive the liquid wastes of all houses of the main city as far as Bolascoain. Third-Fill up all the private and kitch-

on waste vauits and supply every house with an adequate water closet connected with the public sewerage system.

Fourth-Pave or repays all the streets the best manner with asphalt. Fifth-Provide a completely appointed abbatoir for large and small enimals,

adequate for all the needs of the popu-Sixth-Provide a suitable and a sufficient incinerating furnace for the com-plete and inoffensive destruction of gar-

age and other refuse. Seventh-Reclaim all the marshes which will involve the care of the drainage from Colonel Waring states that in his

judgment the complete execution of work above indicated would completely eradicate yellow fever from Havana for all time, would relieve it from the malaria which is now so fatal and would reduce its normal death rate from its present high figure (not far from 50 per thousand) to about 20 per thousand.

### THE TORCH WILL BE APPLIED TO ILOILO

#### Insurgents Threaten to Burn the Business Portion of the City if Americans Enter.

Manila, Jan. 8 .- Colonel Potter, the pecial emissary of General Otis between Ma lla and Hollo, arrived this afternoon with dispatches from the latter point. The situation when he left there was practically unchanged. The streets were barricaded and it was reported that the principal buildings much hiring of night scavengers to had been "kerosened," the insurgents having threatened to destroy the whole business section by fire at the first shot of bombardment. The banks were shipping their treasure to the United States transport Newport and other vessels. The family of the American vice consul has gone on board the Newport.

Colonel Potter reports that President and harbor reeking with putrid filth. Colonel Potter reports that President There is no systematic disposal of gar- McKinley's proclamation had to be typewritten aboard ship, as the printers ashore declined to do the work and when the text of the read to them ridiculed the notion that conciliation was possible.

Privates Harry Silvey and Frank Kirkpatrick, of the Sixth United States artillery, while guarding a water boat astern of the Newport, were attacked by the natives of the crew. Silvey's skull was fractured fatally, the city. Sixteen thousand are of one and Private Kirkpatrick fell overstory, two hundred are of three stories board, but escaped with a flesh wound.

The United States gunboat Fetrel arrived at Hollo on Friday and Colonel Potter reports that the United States troops will probably land on Guimaras island, about midway between the isling over two hundred thousand. The and of Panaya and the island of Negros, where a camp will be established There is no change in the situation here. On Friday night public demonstrations were held in Pampagnas proter class of houses the entrance hall is proclamation, and the excitement was intense.

All natives who enter the city in the night time are searched and every oth-

Washington, Jan. 8.-In view of the statements which have gained wide circulation regarding the nutritive properly conducted in any manner. value of American canned meats, tending to injure foreign and domestic trade in these goods, Secretary Wilson has called upon the director of office of experiment stations for statement of the conclusions of scientific experts on this matter. This statehe southerly edge of the harbor are impartial tests conducted by scientific

"It is unfortunate hat the public effluent of the slaughtering pens are at large have so little appreciation of of other foul establishments, while a the nutritive value of canned meats, large portion of the flat is used as a They are really cooked meats, divested dumping ground for garbage. The of the inedible portions, bone, gristle, water supply of Havana, says Colonel etc., which are found in fresh meats. Waring, is of the purest and most ex- In the cooking and canning which is cellent character. This with the winds of the nature of boiling rather than roasting, water is expelled, but the city is a veritable plague spot. Its is very small indeed, so that a pound of ordinary canned meat has, on the the same weight of the fresh meat from which it is prepared.

# Decker Will Be Electrocuted.

New York, Jan. &-Baller Decker, col-red, who murdered als wife near Tottenville, S. I., hat March, will be electro-cuted at Sing Sing prison tomorrow, Sovernor Rosevelt having refused to ininterfere in his behalf. He is keeping up well and shows no nervousness or fright and Warden Sage thinks there will be

Paris, Jan. 8.-Count Boni de Castel member of the chamber of depu lower Alps, who married Miss Anna

# MR. QUAY IS THE REGULAR NOMINEE

# THE REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

Statement Issued by Senator John Business-Like Way.

Philadelphia, Jan. 8 .- Senator John C. Grady, who presided over the senatorial caucus which nominated United Sates Senator Quay at Harrisburg, last Tuesday night, issued the follow-

After a lapse of some days since the meeting of the Republican joint caucus the senate and house at Harrisburg, it is apparently the Intention of some to question the regularity and binding force of the party council held upon that oc-

Let us review the facts. It is admitted that if all were present, who were entitled to a seat therein, including the several who had not qualified as members of the general assembly, there would be 164, and admittedly 83 would be a quorum to transact the business devolving upon it. Those who absented themselves are in the same position, no better and no stronger than delegates to any convention would find themselves after a majority had regularly met under the rules which govern it and a majority had made their declaration and all present acceding to the right for the majority to rule, moved the history of that body. Every one who voted therein was a member of the gen-eral assembly and not only did a quorum of 83 vote, but the tetal number of votes cast was 105, more than two-thirds of all the Republican members who were qualified that day when the general assembly was convened. It was presided over by the chairman of the senate caucus and the secretary of that caucus, acting as one of the secretaries of the joint caucus, according to custom. By the side of the chairman sat the duly elected chairman of the house caucus, Hon. William T. Marshall, and the secretary of that caucus, acting as secretary in conjunction This was in obedience to a notice given with the secretary of the senate caucus in each house of the general assembly at the close of the day's proceedings, by a notice in writing read by the chief clerks of both branches and also by printed notices throughout the day posted in the most conspicuous places in the capital building and about the grounds. The der that no charge of undue haste could

vince, in ratification of Aguinaldo's

er prequition is taken.

### CANNED MEAT ALL RIGHT. When Properly Prepared Is More Nutritious Than the Fresh.

experts In a communication to the depart-

amount of nutritive material removed average, much more nutriment than

# The Count Will Bring Suit.

ties for the Castellane district of Gould, will institute proceedings against the Les Droits de l'Home for asserting that in consequence of a quarrel regarding an actress he recently fought a due have fed it and strengthened it with Patriotic league and member of the the lives of our people. The necessary chamber of deputies for the Augustane

# HE WAS FAIRLY ELECTED AT

C. Grady, Who Presided at the Caucus on Tuesday Night at Harrisburg-Caucus Conducted in a

To the Republicans of Pennsylvania:

casion and this attracts my attention, as chairman of that body.

be made, ten minutes grace was allowed. The roll of membership, consisting of 164 ames was called, the chief clerk of the enate calling the list of Republican senators and the chief clerk of the house alling the list of the Republican memtime became in order. The names of Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay, Hon. Benjamin F. Jones and Hon. J. F. Downing were respectively placed in nomination. At this point the chair asked distinctly there were any other nominations and there being no response, asked if any one had any further remarks to offer. Silence following, the chair announced that nominations were closed and directed a call of the roll. This vote disclosed 93

votes for Senator Quay, 9 for Hon, Benjamin F. Jones and 2 votes for Hon. C. L. Magee. Thereupon the Hon. C. L. Magee, seconded by Representative Hosack, moved to make the nomination of Hon. M. S. Quay unanimous. The chair again offering every opportunity for dissent, submitted this motion to the cau-

Quay to be the unanimous choice of the Republican party for United States senator, to be voted for on the 17th Inst. THE REGULAR NOMINEE. Certainly it will appear to all fan nded peeple that Senator Quay can

The vote was unanimous, the chair

then declaring Hon, Matthew Stanley

justly lay claim to be the regular nominee of his party and his enemies cannot successfully maintain that the caucus was not regularly constituted or fairly conducted. On this point the chair seems sustained by one of the leading newspapers, opposing the nomination of Senator which describing the proceedings states that whatever else can be said the caucus "was corducted in a business-like way." These circumstances differ entirely from the condition of 1881 in which I participated, inasmuch in that case there seemed to be grounds for a complaint, whether well founded or not as to the manner in which the caucus was conducted. It cannot be successfully maintained that the caucus of last Tues-

day was irregularly constituted or im-In view of the facts herein set forth I cannot see how any fair minded Republican can but believe that Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay to be the nominee of the Republican party for United States senator. It is a fundamental principle of the Republican organization that the Republican majority shall rule ment is that the high nutritive value of action of this caucus is as much binding American canned meats has been es-unon Republicans of the commonwealth tablished repeatedly by thorough and of Pennsylvania as would be the action of any Republican convention, city, county, state or national. The great commercial and industrial interests of Pennsylvania demand at the bands of the Republican legislature that Pennsylvania shall esented by a Republican in the United States senate and any Republican or set of Republicans, who shall make assible the election of a Democrat, may justly be held responsible for the result, because in politics as in war, no one can aid the enemy and be loyal to the cause,

John C. Grady, Chairman Senate Republican Caucus, I concur in the above statement of facts end am thoroughly in accord with the sentiments therein expressed. William T. Marshall.

# Gift for Princeton.

Chairman Republican House Caucus,

Princeion, N. J., Jan. 8.-It was an-ounced today that George A. Armour, of the class of '97, has given \$19,000 to Princeton university to found a classical lepartment in the university library, Pomusually for the further support of the epartment.

# Sophia Dallas Dead.

Philadelphia, Jan. 8 .- Miss Sophia Dallas, daughter of George M. Dallas, who under President Polk, is dead in her s nty-sixth year. Miss Dallas was a firs ousin to Judge George M. Dallas, of the 'nited States circuit court of this district.

# Mr. Dingley's Condition.

Washington, Jan. 5.-There has been material change in the condition of Mr. Dingley and tonight it is said he is ing comfortably.

### THE NEWS THIS MORNING

### Weather Indications Today:

Partly Cloudy 1 General-Supreme Court Hears Argu-

ments in the Quay Conspiracy Case Busy Week Predicted in the Senate, Flithings of Havana Portrayed. Statement as to the Legality of the Caucus Which Nominated Mr. Quay.

General-Col. Bryan's Jackson Day

Speech. Industrial Gleanings, Financial and Commercial.

3 Advertisement.

Editorial. News and Comment.

Story-"The Deacon's Revenge." 6 Local-Sermon by Rev. George E. Quarterly Convention of the C. T. A. U. Meeting of the Firemen.

Local-Arrests Made in the Corcoran Murder Case. First Practical Test of the Crawford County Rules Will Be Made Satur-

Local-West Scranton and Suburban

News Round About Scranton. 19 General-Mystery Surrounding the Ad ams Poisoning Case. Training of an Engineer.

# CREMATED IN A HOTEL FIRE

### Three Guests Die and Five Are Badly Injured - Hotel Richelieu, at Pittsburg, Is Gutted.

Pittsburg, Jan. 8 .- A fire which broke out in the Hotel Richelieu at 3.15 this orning resulted in a property loss of only about \$15,000, but three lives were sacrificed and five people were badly hurt. The dead are:

AMOS S. LANDIS, Grapeville, Pa. GEORGE A. WALTERS, Camden, N. J. MRS. KATHARINE BOYLE, Pittsburg The three victims were guesis of the hotel and all were suffocated by the dens

Dr. Robert Blacksley, of Plymouth, Pa.; fracture of vertebrae, caused by fall-ing from third floor window, will prehably die, enry Painter, Grapeville, Pa.; small

THE INJURED ARE:

blood vessels ruptured by inhaling smoke, may recover. John L. Mills, proprietor of the hotel; face and body badly burned, Miss Mills, his daughter; cut by glass

while breaking through window William Garretson, Clearfield, Pa.; dele-gate to miners' national convention;

painfully burned about back and hips, The fire originated on the second floor from an explosion of gas, and within a few moments the building was a mass of flames and blinding smoke. The noise of the explosion awakened most of the guests, about twenty in number, and a frantic fight for life ensued. Robert N. Thompson, of Kalaska. Mich., a salesman for the Cadillac Lumber company, was the means of saving at least six lives. In the firs moments after the explosion he rushed into the hallway of the second floor the conclusion of the session. and stumbled over the unconscious form of a woman, whom he dragged been turned back from the stairway by them all into the big room and locked the door. Knowing that it meant death perate men back until the arrival of the firemen, when all were rescued.

# AFFAIRS AT HAVANA.

The hotel is completely gutted.

#### Two Spanish Flags Cause Uneasiness-A Doctor Arrested.

Havana, Jan. 8 .- This morning two large Spanish flags appeared over the Clerks' and the Asturianos' clubs, facing the principal plaza. Their appearance created considerable adverse comment among the Cubans, who, it is said, requested Governor General Brooke to have the flags removed. No action was taken in the matter at headquarters, where it is generally conceded that Spanish flags may float

as well as those of other nationalities Today General Brooke appointed Colonel Tasker H. Bliss collector of customs at Havana, to be secretary of propriation for the maintenance of the the treasury department, subject to confirmation by Washington. Colonel Bliss will begin his new duties tomorrow.

Surgeon General Sternberg has recommended the old Spanish camp known as Las Animas as the best site for a yellow fever hospital for the United States troops. The proposed site is about two miles from the city on the

heights of Jesus. Inspector Doane, who was sent here by the secretary of war to act as inspector of customs, has been sick since Wednesday. Yesterday morning he was visited by Surgeon General Sternberg and other medical men who diagnosed the case as yellow fever, already well advanced. The house in which he is was immediately isolated. Inspector Doane, who was formerly in the New York custom house, had been attended by Dr. C. C. Joliffe. The latter is discharged army contract surgeon, who came saying that he would establish a hospital. Dr. Joliffe was arrested yesterday afternoon by the United States authorities and locked up on the charge of practicing without a license. unlawfully wearing the United States uniform and failing to report that

Doane's case was contaglous. General Brooke and his entire staff noved headquarters today to the Hotel

Trocha at El Vedado. The battalion of the Second South Carolina regiment, which has been at Morro castle, went yesterday to Buena Vista, about nine miles out, passing the night in the rain and entirely without shelter, because of the lack of prep-

### arations to receive the men at camp. Trampled on the Wreath.

Paris, Jan. 8.-The Socialist annual pit rimage today to the temb of Blanqui is he cemetery of Pere la Chaise led to riots between the rival partisans of Henr Rochfeort, editor of the Intransigeant and M. Jaures, editor of the Socialis Petite Republique. Many were injure and the pelice made a number of arrests The wreath intended for the tomb was trampled upon.

# BUSY WEEK IN THE SENATE

# Senator Hoar Will Oppose Extension of American Territory.

### PROCEEDINGS IN HOUSE

Opposition Bills Are to Be Kept in the Fore, But Other Important Legislation Will Press for Consideration-Illness of Chairman Hull Will Delay the Military Appropriation Bill-A Measure for the Codification of Laws of Alaska.

Washington, Jan. 8 .- The week promses to be a busy one in the senate. It will begin with an elaborate and carefully prepared speech by Senator Hoar to be delivered immediately after the transaction of the routine business tomorrow, in opposition to the extension of American territory. This speech is of considerable length, and with the Interruptions that are liable to occur it will probably consume the greater portion of the day. Tuesday, Senator Mason will discuss briefly his resolution in opposition to this country's asserting sovereignty over Cuba and the Philippines, taking strong ground for the independence of the people of those Islands.

Senator Morgan will make an effort early in the week to get the senate to name a date for taking a vote upon his bill for the construction of the Nicaragua canal, and whether he succeeds or not, will press the bill as continuously upon the attention of the senate as circumstances will permit, Unanimous consent is necessary to the fixing of a time for a vote and it is not probable that this will be secured for some time to come.

It is the expectation that the peace treaty will be reported on Wednesday and also that some of the appropriation bills now in the hands of the committee on appropriations will be brought in towards the close of the week.

Immediate consideration will be asked for the appropriation bills, but it is possible that the beginning of the debate upon the treaty may be postponed until next week. There is an effort among the opponents of the treaty to have it discussed in open session, but the indications are against

#### HOUSE PROCEEDINGS. The time of the house will

occupied from this time forward until propriation bills which are already in an unsually advanced stage are to be into the reception room. Five others, kept to the fore, but there is a deal three men and two women, who had of other important legislation which will press for consideration at every the flames, were shricking and fight- opportunity. Perhaps the most imporing for some exit. Thompson forced tant single measure is the bill for that reorganization of the army. It was the general understanding before the recess to go into the hall, he fought the des- that this bill would be given consideration immediately after the holidays, but the illness of Chairman Hull, the military affairs committee, will delay this measure until he is sufficiently recovered to attend the sessions of the house. His illness will also delay the military academy and army appropriation bills. Meantime the friends of the navy personnel bill are pushing for its consideration and the rules committee will give a day to it during the present week. The only opposition to it is likely to arise from the fact that the reorganization it contemplates in volves an additional charge on the treasury of several hundred thousand

> dollars. The final vote on the legislation, ex ecutive and judicial appropriation bill will be taken tomorrow. The opponents of the civil law succeeded in striking from the bill, while the house was in committee of the whole, the apcommission. But tomerrow when the vote is taken in the house, when members are obliged to go on record, there is little doubt but that the appropriation will be restored. The diplomatic and consular and the naval appropriation bills are the next budgets to be taken up and either or both of them may be considered this week. time as intervenes will be consumed in the consideration of the bill for the codification of the laws of Alaska. This bill has been made a continuing order. Portions of two days have already been consumed by it, and less than 70 of the 32 pages of the bill have been disposed of. The lawyers of the house show an inclination to go over it critically, section by section, and it may be before the house for an indefinite per-

# WILL BE MUSTERED OUT.

The Sixty-Ninth, of New York Among the Lucky Regiments.

Washington, Jan. 8 .- The Sixty-nint? New York regiment volunteers will be mustered out of the service of the United States in New York, in accord ance with a decision reached by Sec retary Alger today. This action is taken in response to the requests of the citizens of New York and Governor Roosevelt, who were anxious that the men should return in a body and b accorded the honors due them The regiment is now at Huntsville

Ala., and will leave for home as soot as the rolls can be completed. Spanish Troops Return Home. Lishon, Jan. 8.-Three steamers arrived today from Cuba bringing 5.30 repatriat

### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* WEATHER FORECAST.

ed Spanish troops.

Washington, Jan 8 -- Porceast for Monday: For eastern Pennsylvania, partly cloudy weather; light southerly winds becoming variable.

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