

The Scranton Tribune

Published Daily, Except Sunday, by the Tribune Publishing Company, at Fifty Cents a Month.

New York Office: 150 Nassau St., S. S. VREELAND, Sole Agent for Foreign Advertising.

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT SCRANTON, PA., AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

TWELVE PAGES.

SCRANTON, OCTOBER 29, 1898.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE.

Governor—WILLIAM A. STONE. Lieutenant Governor—J. P. S. GOBIN. Secretary of Internal Affairs—JAMES W. LATTA.

Judges of Superior Court—W. W. PORTER, W. L. PORTER. Congressmen at Large—SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT, GALUSHA A. GROW.

COUNTY.

Congress—WILLIAM CONNELLY. Judge—E. W. GUNSTER. Coroner—JOHN J. ROBERTS, M. D. Surveyor—GEORGE E. STEVENSON.

LEGISLATIVE.

Senate.

Twentieth Dist.—JAMES C. VAUGHAN. House. First District—JOHN R. FARR. Second District—JOHN SCHEVER, JR. Third District—C. M. MACKLEY. Fourth District—JOHN E. REYNOLDS.

COLONEL STONE'S PLATFORM.

It will be my purpose when elected to no conduct myself as to win the respect and good will of those who have opposed me as well as those who have given me their support. I shall be the governor of the whole people of the state.

Until the war with Spain is settled finally it is as much a patriotic duty to stand by the president at the ballot box as it was to strengthen his hands while the enemy was in battle array.

Important Questions.

It is the opinion of all well-informed persons, not only in the United States but in foreign capitals, that no people have ever been called upon to face as a result of victorious war against a foreign foe administrative problems calling for a higher quality of tact, patience and broad statesmanship than those which now confront the American people.

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As between Stone and Jenks, common sense and the interests of good government point at once to Stone. As for Dr. Swallow, he is virtually out of the race.

Another Proposed Centennial.

It is proposed at Washington to commemorate in 1900, in some way suitable to the event's significance, the centennial anniversary of the establishment of a permanent national capital. In view of the coincident holding of the Paris exposition it is not contemplated to organize a world's fair nor has the exact style of observance been determined as yet; but it is felt—and properly—that the occasion should not be permitted to go by without some kind of conspicuous notice.

The transfer of the capital from Philadelphia to Washington was begun immediately after the adjournment of congress May 29, 1800, and was accomplished within a few weeks; but, as the Washington site points out, owing to the inadequate, antiquated facilities for travel the pilgrimage of the government officers to their new official home was necessarily slow. They came in squads, by stage coaches. The archives of the government were brought around in sailing vessels, the number being uncertain. Nor is there any exact record, thus far disclosed, of the date of their arrival, a circumstance which gives a generous margin of choice relative to the day of chief commemoration.

The framers of the Twentieth Senatorial district who were interested in the measure known as the freemen's pension bill do not forget the fact that Senator Vaughan had charge of this bill in the senate, where it was passed unanimously. As foreman of Earle Engine company, No. 5, the senator was in position to appreciate the justice and humanity of this wise measure and the result attests his fidelity to duty.

An Independent Judiciary.

The spirit of protest which sprang into place with tremendous force in New York city when it became known that the Democratic party, obeying Richard Croker, had undertaken to punish an upright judge of long and honorable service because he would not accept boss dictation is one of the healthiest signs of the times.

Importance of the Congress Election.

From an interview in the Sun with Hon. K. Q. Leach. THE ELECTIONS this fall involve the selection of one-third of the senate of the United States to serve for six years and the entire house of representatives to serve for two years from the 4th of next March. It seems reasonably certain that the senate of the United States, for the first time in twelve years, will contain a clean working majority of sound money Republicans.

The New York Campaign.

Study of the political situation in New York is interesting and study of the vote when counted will be instructive as well. Perhaps never before in the history of this generation has there been a more sharply defined issue between two antithetical conceptions of public duty than is exhibited in the opposing candidacies of Roosevelt and Van Wyck.

The relationship of Judge Van Wyck to public affairs is that of a reserved but obedient partisan, a willing beneficiary of the power of compact political organization without especial scruple as to methods; a man who probably is mildly conscientious when not interfered with, but whose view of political struggle is that it is mainly a battle for spoils.

Theodore Roosevelt, on the other hand, is as energetic in his moral courage and as unflinching in respect to principle as he is physically virile and irrepressible. When he says that if elected governor he will keep his promises, swearing neither to the right nor to the left by so much as a hair's breadth, and when he distinctly proclaims his intention to carry into public office the same moral standards and the same requirements as to diligence and fidelity of service that are recognized as indispensable in private relations, there isn't a man within the borders of the Empire state who doesn't feel that to the extent of his ability Roosevelt will keep his word.

As between Stone and Jenks, common sense and the interests of good government point at once to Stone. As for Dr. Swallow, he is virtually out of the race.

Mr. Bailey's views on public matters are so well known that they need hardly be repeated here. He is an extreme free-silver advocate, and the ablest exponent of Bryanism in either branch of congress. It would be a public misfortune, deeply to be lamented, if the Democrats and Populists should control the national house of representatives. It certainly would have the effect to weaken the results of the last national election; it would give fresh life to the cause of free silver, and thereby deter foreigners from investing in our securities. Every vote, therefore, next month for a Democratic member of congress, I care not what his views on money subjects are, is a vote for Democratic-Populist control of the house of representatives. The Democratic representatives from

the South and West, almost without exception, will be free-silver men, elected on that issue, and they will control the Democratic caucus of the house. Business men, people of property, laboring men who want their wages paid in the best money, should reflect seriously this fall before they allow party prejudices or party affiliations to trap them into voting to place the house of representatives in control of an irresponsible combination of free silverites, Populists and Democrats.

great. A defeat on this basis would not permanently injure Roosevelt but it might and probably would have a discouraging effect for many years to come upon the morale of politics in general.

It is worthy of note in reference to the Roosevelt canvass that while the law-breakers and the tough element are against Teddy to a man, those professional apostles of pure ideals, the Mugwumps, are by no means united in his support. If he is elected it will have to be by the aroused conscience and good judgment of clean citizens without particular respect to party; that is to say, he will have to have the bulk of the Republican vote and a big lift from the Independents beside. It is indeed an interesting situation which justly commands national attention.

An Alabama mob has expressed regret at lynching the wrong man the other day. But of the course the Alabama mob would rather lynch the wrong man than to refrain from lynching anyone when public spirit for reform is aroused.

The citizens of Santiago have asked General Wood to increase their taxes in order that improvements may be made more rapidly about the city. If General Wood had authority here the citizens of Scranton might make a similar request.

Even the chrysanthemum-haired football player seems unable to draw attention from the blue uniform and military hat this year.

If the local newspapers can be induced to sign a protocol, Wilkes-Barre, too, may have a peace jubilee.

It was not difficult to conquer Spanish armies, but Spanish bluff seems to be a more difficult matter.

England ought to assume the Fashoda debt and allow Marchand to evacuate in peace.

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HISTORY MAY REPEAT.

The Watson machine managers have adopted an ingenious plan of campaign. When met with the question whether their opposition to Republican candidates for state senator and representatives may not result in the loss of a Republican United States senator, they protest that it is impossible to overcome the Republican majority in the legislature, and therefore that Republicans may be defeated here and there without giving the Democrats a majority; and in every county persistent efforts are now being made to persuade Republicans that defeat there can have no effect on the senatorial election.

The theory that enough Democrats cannot be elected to the legislature to choose a United States senator is contradicted by experience. This has already been demonstrated in the case of the Democrats to gain both houses; a majority on joint ballot is enough. And there have often been such chances. In 1882, for example, the Democrats elected in 1889 was Republican, on joint ballot, by a majority of 65. The selection of 1892 changed this to a Democratic majority of 21, but in 1893 the Democrats elected in 1899 was Republican, on joint ballot, by a majority of 65. The selection of 1892 changed this to a Democratic majority of 21, but in 1893 the Democrats elected in 1899 was Republican, on joint ballot, by a majority of 65.

Thus even smaller gains than the Democrats made in 1871 and in 1882 will give them a United States senator. The defeat of a single Republican candidate for state senator or representative may again give the Democrats the same majority which the defeat of a single Republican candidate in 1871 and in 1882 gave them, and again send a Democrat to the United States senate. Republican who wish to maintain the Republican representation of the state in the United States senate have no safe course before them but to vote for the Republican candidates for the legislature.

OF NATIONAL IMPORTANCE.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer. Let Pennsylvania go Democratic in November, and mark the effect that that victory will produce in the country. It will strike the Democratic party a mortal blow. The influence of Pennsylvania could not fail to be most important in that direction.

There was an independent fight in 1882, and the Republicans of Pennsylvania permitted so good a man as General Beaver, now a member of the Superior court, and also a member of the commission appointed by the president to investigate the conduct of the war, to be defeated for governor. It is true that four years later Pennsylvania, through the action of the Democratic party, was returned to the Democratic fold, and produced a Cleveland in 1884.

In 1889 there was another independent fight, and again the new wave dashed throughout every state that Pennsylvania had broken away from its Republican moorings and had cast its lot with Democracy. In 1892 Cleveland was re-elected, and he brought into force that deadly tariff bill and the Democratic majority pushed to the front its free silver scheme, and the Nation was tottering upon the verge of bankruptcy until 1896, when McKinley was elected.

In the light of history, how can any one say that a state election is of no national importance? Just as sure as Jenks carries Pennsylvania in November the whole campaign of free trade and free silver will have to be fought over again in 1898.

BEARING FALSE WITNESS.

From the Lancaster Free Era. There is nothing in the record of Colonel Stone to justify any fair-minded man in doubting his sincerity; and yet Wansmaker and Swallow, who profess to be teachers of the moral law, persist in bearing false witness by practically declaring, day after day, and night after night, that Colonel Stone is a dishonest man, who has no regard for his word; Mr. Jenks is measurably excusable for doing the same thing. Let us be Democrats at the dishonest-dollar school, and a lawyer besides, and you think it is the business of lawyers to make white appear black.

THE SPANISH IDEA.

W. E. Curtis, in Chicago Record. Betha Wilkins, a Democrat who served several terms in congress from Ohio, and at present is proprietor of the Washington Post, telegraphs from Paris to his paper that the proclamation of the Spanish peace commissioners is based upon a hope that the Democrats will carry the congressional elections in the United States, when they expect to get better terms.

A QUER TRADE.

From the Hartford Current. Politics is a queer trade. The Democrats, who have not had language enough to ridicule and denounce the "independent" New York, are now welcoming them with both arms and applauding for not having more to do it with; while the Independents, who were out of words for the denunciation of Tammany, are now standing on the same platform with its men and attacking their old associate, Roosevelt.

GOLDSMITH'S G. B. BAZAAR. Winter Underwear Snappy News, This.

It's the Underwear event of the season, and we'll make it o'er top any like event of its kind. Clean, dependable lots. You'll buy them at sight at these prices:

- A little lot of Children's Heavy Fleece PANTS, all sizes, formerly 30c, closing out at 10c. A lot of Children's Fleece Vests, 3 sizes, 12 to 16 cents. Children's Combination Suits, fleeced, all sizes, 25 cents. Children's Natural Wool Vests and PANTS, 20 cents for size 18, and 5 cents rise per size. Children's All Wool Ribbed Vests, patent sleeve, 25 cents upwards. Ladies' Heavy Fleece Jersey Ribbed Vests, all sizes, 25 cents. Ladies' Oneita Heavy Fleece Combination Suits, 75 cent kind at 49 cents. Ladies' Natural Wool Vests and PANTS, \$1.00 kind at 75 cents. Ladies' Hygienic or Health Undergarments, best in the city at lowest prices. Ladies' Flannelette Skirts, with yoke band and draw string, the 50 cent kind at 25 cents. Ladies' Flannelette Night Gowns, well made, full length, 49 cents. Boys' Heavy Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers, 25 cents. Boys' Natural Mixed Shirts and Drawers, 25 cents. Boys' Heavy Highland, Jr., Shirts and Drawers, 35 cents. Men's Velvet Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers, pearl buttons, silk taped and draw straps, 39 cents. Men's Heavy Wool Fleece Shirts and Drawers, exceptional weight, 49 cents. Men's Jersey Shirts, with heavy fleece lining, black and brown, 87 cents. Men's All Wool Sweaters, very elastic neck, \$1.00. 25 Dozen Children's Silk Embroidered Caps, 10 Cents.

ALWAYS BUSY Fall Footwear HILL & CONNELL'S Furniture. Men's, Boys' and Youths' Double Soles. IN ALL THE BEST LEATHER. Lewis, Rellly & Davies, 114 AND 116 WYOMING AVENUE. Pearl Top and Pearl Glass Chimneys. Wholesale and Retail.

THE CLEMONS, FERBER, O'MALLEY CO. 422 Lackawanna Avenue. THE SPANISH IDEA. W. E. Curtis, in Chicago Record. Betha Wilkins, a Democrat who served several terms in congress from Ohio, and at present is proprietor of the Washington Post, telegraphs from Paris to his paper that the proclamation of the Spanish peace commissioners is based upon a hope that the Democrats will carry the congressional elections in the United States, when they expect to get better terms.

A New Departure. We have recently added to our vast assortment of Hardware and House Furnishing goods, a line of Fire Sets, Spark Guards, and Grate Fenders. Spark Guards in three sizes, 24, 30, 36 inches made of tinned copper and brass wire. FOOTE & SHEAR CO. WOLF & WENZEL, 210 Adams Ave., Opp. Court House. Practical Tanners and Plumbers, Sole Agents for Richardson-Boysce's Furnaces and Ranges.

REYNOLDS BROS. HOTEL JERMYN BUILDING, 130 Wyoming Avenue. THE Largest line of Office Supplies in North-eastern Pennsylvania. AN AUTOMATIC CHECK PERFORATOR. Which links the perforations with indelible ink. Has a positive and automatic feed. Every machine guaranteed. Only \$3.00. This price will not last long. OFFICE SUPPLIES. HUNT & CONNELL CO. Heating, Plumbing, Gas Fitting, Electric Light Wiring, Gas and Electric Fixtures, Builders Hardware. 510 and 512 LACKAWANNA AVENUE. HENRY BELIN, JR., General Agent for the Wyoming District for DUPONT'S POWDER. Mining, Blasting, Sporting, Smelting and the Hispano Chemical Company's HIGH EXPLOSIVES. Safety Fuse, Caps and Exploders. Room 401 Connell Building, Scranton. AGENTS: THOR. FORD, JOHN B. SMITH & SON, W. E. MULLISMAN. Pittston, Plymouth, Wilkes-Barre.

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Hill & Connell At 121 North Washington Avenue, Scranton, Pa. The Largest line of Office Supplies in North-eastern Pennsylvania. AN AUTOMATIC CHECK PERFORATOR. Which links the perforations with indelible ink. Has a positive and automatic feed. Every machine guaranteed. Only \$3.00. This price will not last long. OFFICE SUPPLIES.

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FINLEY'S Every Mother Wearing Apparel. Embracing—Knit Saques, Long Cloaks, Caps, Bonnets, Tobboggans, etc. Our selections have all been made with the direct end in view of pleasing both the "Mother" and the "Baby" and we feel confident that they cannot fail to be delighted with what we consider the finest line we have ever had on exhibition. Long Cloaks. In Cashmere, Bedford Cord and Silk, both plain and handsomely trimmed; from \$2.00 to \$15.00 each. Knit Saques. In fine Wool and Silk and Wool; from 50 cents to \$2.00. Caps and Bonnets. Silk, Chiffon, Silk Crochet, with wool lining, cloth and silk trimmed in Fur, etc.; from 50 cents to \$7.50 each. Toques and Toboggans. In Wool and Silk, both plain and Roman stripes; from 25 cents to \$1.25 each. We also have a hundred and one little things such as Fancy Booties in soft sole kid, wool and silk—Mittens, Leggings, etc., in an endless assortment of styles, qualities and materials, specially adapted to the comfort of the "Little One." See our "Display" this week. 510 and 512 LACKAWANNA AVENUE. HENRY BELIN, JR., General Agent for the Wyoming District for DUPONT'S POWDER. Mining, Blasting, Sporting, Smelting and the Hispano Chemical Company's HIGH EXPLOSIVES. Safety Fuse, Caps and Exploders. Room 401 Connell Building, Scranton. AGENTS: THOR. FORD, JOHN B. SMITH & SON, W. E. MULLISMAN. Pittston, Plymouth, Wilkes-Barre.