SCRANTON, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 18, 1898

TWO CENTS.

REIGN OF THE STORM KING

Fearful Hurricanes Are Reported on Land and Sea.

FALL IN KANSAS

Hurricanes Are Reported at Various Points Along the Atlantic Coast. Many Ships Are Overdue-Kansas City Snowed Under-The Greatest Blizzard That Has Visited the City in Years.

St. Johns, N. W., Oct. 17 .- All the recent arrivals here report hurricanes on the Atlantic. The British steamer Micmac, Captain Meikle, Liverpool for Brunswick, Ga., in ballast, came into port today with two blades of her propeller missing. She reports having encountered very tempestuous weath-

The British steamer Gollivara, Captain Hamtyer, Hamburg for Halifax, with sugar, is also here and short of coal. She had a frightful experience. For days in succession her decks were swept, her life boats, bulwarks, rigging and deck gear being destroyed. One man was seriously injured. The steamer was forced to burn 50 tons of sugar and all the available woodwork in order to steam to this port.

The British steamer Dahome, Captain Forth, arrived here today from Liverpool. She also is badly battered. Montrose, Scotland, Oct. 17.—The Norwegian bark Trio, Captain Torgensen, which sailed from Avenport, N. S. Sept. 18, for this port, is ashore in a perilous position in Aberdour bay.

SNOW IN KANSAS.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 17.-The earliest winter storm in the southwest in twenty-five years and the worst early storm on record, has today almost completely shut Kansas City off from wire communication with the south, west and the north. An opening on the east side has alone kept the city from being totally isolated.

It has been raining for the past twenty-four hours. Shortly after midnight last night the rain turned to

Hundreds of telegraph and telephone poles have either been blown down or broken by the weight of the snowcovered wires.

At Fairmount, near Kansas City, and Leavenworth, Kas., where portions of the Third and Fifth Missouri and the Twenty-first and Twenty-second regiments, respectively, are encamped, many tents were blown down, and the soldiers suffered acutely.

The storm came up with great suddenness. Railroad traffic, while more or less hampered, has not been badly interrupted as far as can be learned. In Kansas City no serious damage

has resulted. Buenos Ayres, Oct. 17.-The Norwa gian bark Premier is overdue at this port. The Premier, Captain Hapsen, sailed from Apalachicola, Fla., on June 3 for Buenos Ayres,

COMMISSION AT HAVANA.

Headquarters in the Trocha Hotel. Sampson Present. Havana, Oct. 17 .- The American mil-

itary commission held a conference at their headquarters in the Trocha hotel today. Rear Admirat Sampson was

Senor Giranta, secretary of the Spanish commission, presented to the American commissioners an official note setting forth the times when the next detachments of Spanish troops will leave the island.

It is reported here that many of the officers of General Gomez' staff have received leave of absence, but, it is added, they have really resigned, owing to serious trouble with their chief. It is further asserted that the only staff officers remaining with Gomez are Deschapel, a colored Dominjean, and Marcos Rosario.

They say that Gomez, who was always bad tempered, has lately become unreasonable, making it impossible to remain by his side.

TOBACCO TRUST.

The Big Combination a Thing of the Past.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 17 .- It is announced here that the big tobacco combination is a thing of the past, that there is no further chance of the Continental company forming the combination expected, and that all negotiations are off for ever.

The purchase of the Drummond & Brown plants at St. Louis last week was made by the American Tobacco company with the expectation of putting them in the combination. These companies will now be operated by the American Tobacco company. Concerning the Louisville companies, it is stated that they would not enter the company, and it is intimated that a part the hitch which caused the failure of the combination was due to companies in this city who wanted more for their plants than the combine

Killed by Burglars.

Allentown, Pa., Oct. 17.—Mrs. William Eachman died at 3 o'clock this morning at Siegfrieds, six miles from here, from injuries inflicted by burgiars yesterday afternoon. She was alone at home when three men entered the house. They heat her on the head causing concussion of the brain, from which she died. The house was ransacked but nothing was stolen.

MR. M'KINLEY LL. D. The Degree Is Conferred by Univer-

sity of Chicago. Chicago, Oct. 17 .- The University of Chicago today conferred upon Presi-dent McKinley the degree of doctor of laws. Eight hundred people, as many as could be jammed into the Kent theater, applauded to the echo as President Harper placed around the shoulders of the nation's executive the hood of

purple. The exercises at the university, while hampered very much by wet weather. were still impressive to an extraordinary degree. The president spent the orning quietly and lunched with President Harper, the faculty of the college and a few invited guests. Prominent among them were Archbish-Henry Barrows and Thomas B, Bryan. Mrs. McKinley was not present at the conferring of the degree.

After prayer by Dr. Henderson, the address on behalf of the trustees was given by Dr. Alongo K. Parker. He spoke on the "Firm Foundation of the National Peace."

After the singing of "America" Pro-Throughout his address he was greeted marks in commendation of the president's course during the trouble with

Solemnly and impressively the dean conferring the degree of LL. D. upon

the president of the United States, When the purple lined hood was placed around Mr. McKinley's shoulders the audience broke into cheers, which lasted fully five minutes. Throughout the exercises the president did not speak ne word, merely bowing in response to the words of the collegians and the demonstrations of the audience. At four o'clock he left the university

grounds and was driven to the First regiment armory, where for some time he received the public informally. In the evening a dinner was ten-dered the president at the Auditorium

Hotel by President Harper, of the uni-

WORK OF THE COMMISSION

European Reports of the Wrangle Between American and Spanish Diplomats.

London, Oct. 18.-A dispatch to London news agency from Paris says: "Today (Monday) the peace commissions conference reached a crisis for the first time, Judge Day presented snow and the temperature dropped the demands of the American convenisperceptibly. Steadily since then a sioners in threatening words. He said dense wet snow driven by a north wind | that delay was the only possible object | at points reaching the velocity of a attainable by the persistent efforts of commissioners to saddle the Spanish the United States with the Cuban debt and would be tolerated no longer, as the United States would neither asume nor guarantee any part of the

debt. "The Spaniards replied that this placed Spain in a position of repudiating or of reducing the face value of the Cuban bonds from 50 to 60 per cent., paying only half the stipulated interest on the reduced value, Before they would adopt either alternative they would surrender to the United

States the entire Philippines. Judge Day responded that the surrender of the Philippines would probably e demanded irrespective of the Cuban or any other debt

"This, to the Spaniards the first in imation of the intentions of the United States as to the Philippines resulted in a whispered conference, followed by a request for adjournment in order to ommunicate with Madrid. Judge Day said that President McKinley had instructed him to demand the entire surender of Porto Rico tomorrow (Tues-

The Paris correspondent of the Times

says: "The American commissioners officially-and it would seem definitelyrejected the idea of accepting soverignty over Cuba for the United States. The Spanish commissioners thereupon remarked that Spain, having abandoned such sovereignty under pressure from the United States and the United States have denied that sovereignty henceforth belongs to them, Cuba is defacto in a state of anarchy, as an intermission of sovereignty cannot be viewed in any other light.

"The American commissioners rejoined that, without accepting sovereignty, the United States considers themselves deputed and bound to maintain security for all the inhabitants, that they would not fall to introduce and uphold orders and in short that they would do all that was necessary to put the island as speedily as possible in a state of normal organization, to be transformed at the earliest moment into a legal regularity satisfactory for the

"Upon this the Spanish commission ers, with what seems striking logic, promptly replied that by the fact of the declaration just made them and for the United States undertaking to restore legality, order and security, the United States were invested with veritable sovereignty and consequently could not refuse to accept the consequences of such sovereignty, seeing that they admittedly could not tolerate the relapse into anarchy of an island placed

under their supervision and direction. 'Notwithstanding these striking objections, the American commissioners persisted in their refusal and officially declared that the United States cannot be considered invested with sovereignty and they (the commissioners) could not deviate from this declaration."

An Unknown Identified.

New York, Oct. 17 .- The body of the man found yesterday floating in Grave-send bay with his throat cut, was iden-tified today as that of John McKenna, 25 years old, steward on the United States transport Berlin.

Six Persons Killed. London, Oct. 17.—A collision occurred on the Great Central railroad near Har-nethy. Six persons were killed and twen-

THE MINNEWASKA **BRINGS TROOPS**

MET BY GOVERNOR HASTINGS ON STEAMER MEIGS.

After Transferring 172 Convalescents to the Meigs the Minnewaska Unloads the Sixteenth Pennsylvania at Eric Pier-The Regiment Had a Glorious Career in Porto

New York, Oct. 16.-The United States transport Minnewaska arrived op Ireland, of St. Paul; Rey, Dr. John | today and was cleared from quarantine. On board the transport were General O. H. Ernest and staff, the luncheon, but joined the party at Sixteenth Pennsylvania volunteers, the Kent theatre in time to witness the about 100 men of the Third Wisconsin volunteers and a number of convalescents from the hospitals in Cuba and Porto Rico. There were also about fifty civilians. The Minnewaska left New York for Porto Rico, stopping at Charleston, S. C., and Santiago de Cuba on the way south, At Ponce fessor Albion W. Small delivered the address on behalf of the congregation, on board and of these only fifteen were ill on arriving. The transport was with unbounded enthusiasm, his re- met at the Narrows by the quartermaster's boat, General Meigs and the sick were immediately transferred on Spain being received with resouding board. They will be taken to Bellevue hospital.

The quartermaster steamer General and the president of the university Meigs, in charge of Major Appel, and then pronounced in Latin the formula having on board Governor Hastings, of having on board Governor Hastings, of Pennsylvania; Dr. M. S. French, of the National Relief association, of Philadelphia; Mrs, Ernst and her two daughters, met the transport at Quarantine. Dr. Appel expected to have to are for a large number of sick, but although he took on board the Meigs from the transport 172 men, they were all convalescent. These men were brought to this city and taken in charge by E. H. Moulton, an agent of the Women's War Relief association. They were transferred to the association home on East Fifteenth street where they will remain until completely restored to health or sufficiently recovered to depart to their homes in Pennsylvania and other states. After the transfer of the sick to the General Meigs, the Minnewaska steamed direct to the Eric railroad pier, and, after unloading, went to the Pennsylvania railroad pier at Jersey City, where six companies of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania were put ashore.

SIXTEENTH PENNSYLVANIA. The Sixteenth Pennsylvania had a egiment captured two sets of colors | reads from Falmouth. which were presented to the president at the White House by Captain Harry Hall, who came from Porto Rico for

It was expected that the bodies of Minnewaska, but it was stated that off was killed in the charge upon San Juan hill July 3, His body was to have been buried at Easton, Pa.

PORTO RICO CAMPAIGN.

in Porto Rico, General Ernest said tonight:

We landed at Ponce the latter part of July. The Sixteenth Pennsylvania an advance guard on August 4. The balance of the brigade moved on the sixth, and joined the Pennsylvanians on a couch most of the first day?" on the eighth of August. On that day sent the Sixteenth Pennsylvania on flank march to the rear of Coamo, officer of the Mohegan living. which was occupied by 400 Spanish know that they and the crew did all troops, strongly entrenched. Reconnoitering, we observed the Spaniards had a block house, and though our reconnoitering parties were fired on some times, we concluded we could capture the entire outfit.

On the night of the eighth of August the Sixteenth Pennsylvania marched six miles and bivouacked on the mountain side. The next day the men were marched over an exceedingly rough mountain trial sixteen miles and on the following day the Sixteenth moved forward and advanced on the block house, sharply firing, and in face of a feeble infantry fire in return, drove out the occupants, who went helther skelter down the hill. Advancing into the town with the Wisconsin men we were met by a heavy infantry fire, but we dislodged the enemy on every side and

they retreated, with a loss of nine killed and thirty wounded. We captured 167 Spaniards, including five officers. Our total loss on that day was seven men wounded. Our next position was Benito. The position of the Spaniards on the front of Benito was one of the strongest military positions in the world, owing to the intrenchments and the natural features of the country. We had arranged to make another flank march. Our pack trains were ready, and our advance guard was on the road, awaiting the order to march, when a staff officer rode up and informed, me that the peace protocol had been signed, and war-like operations were suspended. We lay in camp until the 1st of October. The brigade was then ordered to San Juan. We got as far as Cavey when orders were received to return to the United States. We were forty three miles from Ponce, and the march was no easy task. We left Ponce on Oct. 12, with the Sixteenth Pennsylvania and about fifty miscellangous passengers. The passage was a very smooth one. The men could not have had a better tonic than the sea voyage. The sick improved every day. The hospital on board the ship was rigged up with fifty cots. When we started hospital. His home was at Potistown. these were occupied by thirty-five sick men, and when we arrived we had only

six occupying the cots." Less than a dozen soldiers arriving on the Minnewaska were ill enough to be sent to a hospital. There was a change in the original plan regarding the plan of the transportation of the Pennsylvanians, it first having been lecided to send four by the Erie and seven by the Pennsylvania. After a lot of telegraphing and consulting it was finally decided to ship all by the Pennsylvania road. The men then began to disembark. They were given leave to go out of the yards into Jer- gency at Pekin.

sey City and spend their time as they pleased until there was a chance of the train starting, which will not be until some time temorrow morning

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION. Opening Meeting Held at the Capitol and Work Outlined.

Washington, Oct. 17.-The industrial ommission created at the last session of congress, held its opening meeting today at the capitol and outlined the general work before it. The commis sion is made up of five United States senators, five members of the house of representatives and nine persons from private life who, according to the act, shall fairly represent the differ-

ent industries and employments. The senators on the commission are Messrs. Kyle, Mantle, Penrose, Matlory and Daniels all of whom were present today except Mr. Mantle. The representatives in congress are Gardiner, Lorimer, Otjen, Livingstone and Bell, the absentees today being Messrs, Lorimer and Bell, All the members from private life were present, viz, Messrs, A. L. Harris, Ohio; S. N. D. North, Massachusetts; A. A. Smythe, South Carolina; E. V. Conger, Michigan; T. W. Phillips, Pennsylvania; J. M. Farquhar, Buffalo; C. J. Harris, North Carolina; and M. D. Ratchford, Indiann: Chief Sargent, of the Railway Firemen's association, has declined to accept a place on the commission, and the vacancy caused by this action has not yet been filled.

At the meeting today a committee on organization was named as follows: Phillips, Gardiner, North, Daniels and Livingstone. Later in the day this committee met and arranged a plan of organization. Messrs. Mallory, Otjen and Farquhar were named as a commission. Most of the time of the meeting was devoted to a general discussion on the scope of the work ahead. The meeting was behind closed doors, to be held later will be published,

INQUEST INTO MOHEGAN WRECK

The Usual Fruitless Efforts to Fix Responsibility - Passenger Kelly Dissatisfied.

Falmouth, Oct. 17.-The inquest into the Mohegan wreck began this afternoon in the church at St. Keverne, because it was necessary formally to identify the dead there. The survivors. many of them wounded and carrying their arms in slings, were obliged to glorious record in Porto Rico. This ride twenty miles over the roughest

The coroner expressed his sympathy the purpose. There are about 1.100 The roll of the dead was then called. entertain.

Colonel Charles A. Wikoff and of other don manager, testified, describing the withstanding hardship and whom it officers of rank would arrive on the ship as in the finest condition. He will be an easy matter to yanquish days of next week's celebration will be said they had had trouble with her they were not on board. Colonel Wik- boilers on her first voyage and had the Americans at first. This impres- plays. withdrawn her from one trip, devoting several weeks to repairing her machinery, which was perfectly adjusted, with such virulence and insistence dur He described the officers of the Mo- ing the past few months. hegan in the highest terms, laying Of the campaign of the First brigade stress upon the abstemiousness of Cap-

tain Griffiths. A juror-"Was Captain Griffiths in Elected good health?"

"I saw him just before the Mohegar regiment had been thrown forward as started, and he seemed perfectly well "Is it not a fact that he was lying

"I should be extremely surprised to hear that. Unfortunately, there is no We they could to save the passengers." Richard Kelly, passenger, "there was not an officer on the deck when the rew were trying to get out the boats. The only officers I saw were Captain Griffiths and another on the bridge."

Mr. Williams-"I can prove that all the officers were on deck and aiding to get out the bouls." Mr. Kelly insisted that the boats vere improperly arranged, being surrounded by railings instead of swung on davits, so that they were with dif-

ficulty launched. Mr. Williams contended that the launching of four boats in twenty minutes was good work.

The coroner adjourned the inquest for a week to secure the attendance of a nautical expert representing the

board of trade. After the adjournment Mr. Kelly complained that only members of the rew had been summoned to testify. The coroner replied that he would be very glad to hear the experiences of the passengers. In response Mr. Kelly with others, protested inability to remain for an adjourned hearing a week later, offering to testify immediately. The coroner declared that this was out of the question.

The total number of bodies recovered up to midnight is 56.

TWO MORE SOLDIERS DIE.

Captain Lockton, of Michigan, and

Lieut. Schuyler, of Pennsylvania. Philadelphia, Oct. 17.-The announces nent of the deaths of two mere soldiers in the city kospitals was made today. Captain Richard F. Lockton, Company I, Thirty-fifth Michigan volunteers, died last night in the Pennsylvania hospital of typhoid fever. He was brought from Camp Mende Oct. 6. His home was at Marshall, Mich.

Lieutenant Charles W. Schuyler. Company M. Fourth Pennsylvania volunteers, died in the University hospital of typhoid fever. He was brought here Sept. 10 from the Long Island City

Defaulting Stamp Clerk.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. R.-John Burrell, ilias John Baird, defaulting stamp clerk rested by postoffice inspectors here today He confersed. He has been hanging around military camps for two weeks. Two hundred and fifty dollars is the amount of his shortage charged.

Russia Active.

17.-The Odessa spondent of the Standard says that Russia has hastily concentrated 40,000 men at Port Arthur in readiness for any emer-

SPANIARDS MAY NOT YIELD YET

STATEMENT MADE BY A SPIN-ISH OFFICER.

They Would Never Have Relinquished Cuba Without a Struggle. Grave Consideration in the War Department.

Washington, Oct. 17.-Information has reached the war department that a high officer of the Spanish army recently made the statement that had the Spaniards been aware of the condition of the American army, its inability to withstand the hardships of a campaign, its lack of medical and other supplies and general inefficiency as told in the American papers, the Spaniards would not have given up but would have continued fighting for a long time to come fully believing that they would have been able to prevent the capture of Cuba by American arms This statement is known to have been made to the American officers now in Cuba and causes some uneasiness in official circles as it may mean that the Spaniards are not yet ready to yield the islands under the terms of the pro-

It is believed by officials in Washington that had it not been for the outery made regarding the army and the conduct of the war that there never would have been any question raised by the Spanish peace commissioners regarding the Cuban debate. It is pointed out that under the protocol the sole mittee to secure quarters for the com- question left for the committee was the settlement of the Philippines and that nothing was said about the Cuban debt or any other Cuban question. By those who are in position to know it is asbut it is expected that the hearings serted that the Madrid government was aware when it asked for peace and when negotiations were opened that it was useless to ask that the Cuban debt be taken into consideration by ary commission and that it is only since the reports of the bad condition of the United States army has reached Madrid, that the question has been

Another matter that causes grave consideration in the war department is the temper of the Spaniards in Cuba and the fear that the impression which now prevails may lead them to regard the American troops of not much account and act accordingly after the occupancy by the United States. The matter has been discussed in the war department and it is probable that when the troops are sent to Cuba there will be a force of such size and character as to give the islwith the relatives, "many of them anders a different impression of the from a distant but kindred country." United States' soldiers than they now "The impression among men in the regiment which was en- One woman's body was claimed by the Spaniards in Cuba," said an offi-This feeling may make it difficult for sion is due to the charges that have been made against the war department

W. C. T. U. OFFICERS. Yesterday Afternoon at Reading.

Reading, Pa., Oct. 17,-At today's 'session of the W. C. T. U., the treasurer's report showed receipts of \$8,910 and expenses \$6,604.04 The report of press department said that while the pulpit reaches hundreds the press reaches thousands and therefore have inscribed upon our banners the" press for Christ." Due acknowledgement was made to the press of Pennsylvania. These officers were elected

this afternoon: President, Mrs. Rebecca B. Chambers, West Grove; corresponding sec-retary, Miss H. Frances Jones, Philadelphia; recording secretary, Mrs. Olive Pond Amies, Philadelphia; treasurer, Mrs. Frances Woods, Huntingvice-president-at-large, Miss Henletta H. Forest, Philadelphia: national delegate-at-large, Mrs. Anna B. North Upland: A. M. Rice, Philadelphia, The ommittee on narcotics reported that the annual product of tobacco in the the United States hs over 40,000,000 ounds. The report concluded by condemning the use of eigarettes and other narcotics. Tonight Miss Ida Clother, of Colorado, spoke. Resolutions were adopted commending Dr. Swallow for his effort to secure honesty in the dministration of state affairs and pleading for purity in home and commonwealth.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

Colonel Stone Addresses a Large Assemblage at Williamsport.

Williamsport, Pa., Oct. 17.-A big Republican mass meeting was held here tonight, Colonel W. A. Stone, Republican candidate for governor, being the principal speaker. Colonel Stone and party was met at the railroad station by a delegation of citizens and a band and escorted to the court house, which building was packed with people for several hours. President of Select Council Brua C. Keefer presided over the meeting.

Speeches were made by Colonel Stone, W. I. Shaffer, of Chester: Thomas J. Stewart, adjutant general, and David Cameron, of Tioga. At the conclusion of the meeting a public reeption was held at the Young Men's Republican club house, the building be ing crowded.

In his speech Colonel Stone said that the result of the coming election would show whether the people were pleased or not with the war policy of the national administration. He thought that this election would have an important pearing upon the campaign of 1900. In speaking of party affairs he said that Republicans can take care of their dirty linen without borrowing a Demoretic wash board.

Pennsylvania Pensions.

Washington, Oct. 17.-These Pennsylva-nia pensions have been issued: Additional-Elijah Richards, Dallas, Luzerne \$10. Increase-DeWitt C. Gray, Athens, Bradford, \$6 to \$10. Original widows, etc. -Special, Oct. 10, minor of Urbane Avory, West Nicholson, Wyoming, \$10.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today: Increasing Cloudiness and Rais.

General-Peace Commission Considers Spanish Proposition, Sixteenth Pennsylvania Returns from

Porto Rico. nt Spaniard Says War Is Not Yet Over. Hurricanes on Land and Sea.

General-Looking After the Cuban Gar. Financial and Commercial:

Local-Recommendations of the Board of Trade. Doings in Criminal Court. Took Carbolle Acid and Died.

Editorial. Comment of the Press

Local-Annual Meeting of Florence Supreme Court Will Not Interfere in Van Horn Case.

Local-West Scranton and Suburban. News Round About Scranton General-News of the Day at Camp

Mende. PHILADELPHIA'S

PEACE JUBILEE

Will Begin a Week from Today and Continue Over Three Days.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17.-Preparations are going on apace for the great peace jubilee, which will begin in this city week from tomorrow and continue over three days. Already the streets are taking on signs of the coming foskival in the construction of the handsome court of honor and the innumerable reviewing stands going up all over town. The co-operation of the government officials with the local committees will make the celebration of more national importance than anything since the contennial of 1876. The president, vice-president, the cubinet officers, Geneval Miles and a good many more celebrities will be here, and at least 20,000 soldiers will march on military day. Secretary Alger today telegraphed the committee that they ould have four troops of the Tenth cavalry, which supported the Rough Riders in the historic capture of San Juan hill, if they would transport them from Huntsville, Ala., which will cost \$8,000. The committee answered that the cavalry men will be here. The secretary has already ordered the participation of the Twenty-first regulars from Plattsburg., N. Y., and there will be battalions from a number of

other states. An important change in the programme made today is the postponement of the unveiling of the Grant monument, at which President McKinley was to officiate on Wednesday This was done to avoid undue crowdgaged in some of the decisive engagetwo families. Other bodies had no
cer in a position to know what is going on, "is that the American soldiers parade falling on the same day. The A. S. Williams, the company's Lon- are weak and puny, incapable of monument will be unveiled April 26 United States." devoted to the naval and civic dis-

REMINDER OF THE CONVENTION There Is a Balance That Must Be

Wiped Out. In addition to the hip-hip-hooray of Scranton's delegates, firemen and rooters at Lebanon, it cost \$871,80 in cash to bring the next state convention of firemen here. That is the amount of all the bills as they came before the committee at its meeting last night in the St. Charles hotel.

The committee is not bemoaning the expenditure of such an outlay. At the outside every man was agreed that as long as they went looking for the prize it was worth fighting for and hence they went about it in true Scranton style, no half way methods, even if it did cost a few dollars. They are satisfied that none of the money was misspent. Bauer's band was hired to go there; the town was thoroughly emblazoned with posters directing attention to Scranton's desire to the next convention; and it cost money here and there in small amounts for this and that detail; but now that the day for reckoning is at hand, the committe finds itself short of \$88.80 to pay the exepnses

John E. Roche, Wade M. Finn, Chief. Hickey, Detective Moir, T. C. Melvin William W. Lowe, the self-confessed and F. W. Zizleman were present at italir robber; Charles Polk, Andy Ryan the meeting. Mr. Roche is treasurer, and Caleb Stone for holding up and When the credit and debt sides of the ledger were made up, and the deficit Line Junction one night in September, determined. Mr. Roche wrote out a statement which Chief Hickey will take around with him to secure subscrip- iranediately issued. tions necessary to square the account. When he meets with that success as he hopes to, or if he falls after an honest effort to secure it, he will call the committee together again to make the final settlement and close up the ac-

was taken on funds for the next con-vention. However, they talked over First, the West, for 2.29 class, trotting; vention. However, they talked over plans to secure money. Chief Hickey addressed a letter to the various companies recently to find their views on the best ways and means to ruise 2.14%, 2.164, 2 the necessary amount, and one of the ways proposed unanimously by the trotters; purse, \$2,000-Lewis Wilkes, p. companies is to conduct a firemen's g. to Hinder Wilkes (Cation), won sec-in a suitable hall at an appros and and fourth heats and race. Coprum, priate time. The committe gave its approbation to this device and it is b. f. (Lyter), won

probable that it will eventuate. Craig Knocked Out Edwards.

London, Oct. 17,-A contest agranged for twenty rounds between Frank Calg "the Harlem Coffee Cooler," of New York, and Billy Edwards, of Australia, took place tonight at the National Soothing club, beginning the club's season. Craig from Genoa and Napies for New York. knocked out Edwards in the twelf'h

Valuable Race Horse.

New York, Oct. 17.-A large number of horsemen were attracted to the auction sale today at Moeris park, of the Neponset stud. Singerly stud and other stock. The great race horse and sire Meddler was knocked down to Sydney Paget, actng for William C. Whitney, for \$49,000

Postal Recommendations.

Washington, Oct, 17,-Third Assistant Postmaster General Merritt, in his anmusi report recommends immediate ne-gotiations with the postal administra-tions of England, Germany and France to reduce the international postage rates to two cents and a half an ounce or fraction

THE SPANISH **PRESENTATION**

Peace Commissioners Consider Question at Paris.

SUBMITTED ON FRIDAY

The Interchanges Regarding Cuba Are Now so Advanced That the Spaniards Will Not Fail to Understand the Determination of the United States-Trying the Flim-Flam Game on Cuba.

Paris, Oct. 17.-During today's session the peace commissioners were occupied with the consideration of the Spanish presentation of Tuesday last and the American answers submitted on Friday relating to Cuba and the debt of the island. The examination of the American written canvass on the subject was not concluded today and will be continued at the next joint meeting, following which the Spaniards will doubtless reply in writing, the con-

clusion of the subject soon following. The interchanges regarding Cuba are now so advanced that the Spanlards will not fail to understand the United States' determination, disclosed in these dispatches on Saturday, not to assume part or the whole of the socalled Cuban debt of \$400,000,000. It should not, however, be understood that the Americans during the course of the controversy have been unmindful of certain local burdens, like the municipal obligations of the Cuban cities, railroads and kindred properties, local and permanent. It should not be forgotten, however, that the American attitude in Cuba is held not to be that of an acquiring power, elther of the territory or of its real or constructive obligations. The opposing Spanlards keenly contend that sovereignty involves burdens as well as blessings, and that both should pass together from Spain. Close following this contention, the Spaniards are pressing for a construction of the word 'relinquish" in the Cuban article of the protocol.

REGARDING CUBA.

'We must," they urge, "relinquish overeignty over Cuba, but to whom? to the Cubans-we relinquish it to the

Thus, crystallizing their reasoning and insistence, the Spanlards bind debt and sovereignty together and urge that the relinquishment must be to the

United States. While this contention is keenly and igorously supp ried it has not shaken the position of the Americans, who cut the thread of Spanish diplomacy in the middle of the word "relinquish," by practically assuring the Spaniards that they need not cherish anxiety as to whom to relinquish, but to conform to the fourth article of the protocol. which pledges Spain, "that Cuba, Porto Rico and the other Spanish possessions of the West Indies shall be im-

mediately evacuated." Briefly, the American response to Spanish diplomacy of construction and definition was that the words "relinquish" and "evacuate" are interchangeable and have the same meaning. Thus three sessions were given up to patlently meeting Spain's views and conentions touching the protocol piedge to relinquish sovereignty over and title to Cuba, and there is a possibility of

two sessions more. JESSIE JAMES INDICTED.

Son of the Noted Outlaw in the

Toils. Kansas City, Oct. 17.-The grand lury oday returned indictments against Jesse James, son of the noted outlaw; robbing a Missouri Pacific train at Belt Lowe and Ryan are already in juil. Warrants for the arrest of others were

KENTUCKY RACES.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 15.-Rain stopped the meeting of the Kentucky Trouting Horse Breeders' association this aftertoon, only two races being finished. The Except in an informal way no action the meeting and the racing was hardly

purse, \$2,000-Timorah, bik. m., by Prince

hears and race. Russo Greek, ch m. (B. Kenney), won third hear). Time, 2,43%.

br. g. (Rea), won third heat. Now-a-Day, b. f. clayter), won first heat. Time, 2.11%.

Steamship Arrivals New York Oct. L.-Cleared: Trave Bremen, via Southampton. Southampton. -Arrived: Kaber Withelm der Grosse,

Craig from Genoa and Naples for New York, Duchess Loses Her Satchel.

Paris, Oct. 15.—The Downger Duchess of Sutherland while on board a train bound for Calais, lost a satchel contain-ing jewelry worth \$150,000. It is believed that the satchel was stolen but there is no clue to the thief.

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Washington, Oct. 17-Forecast for Tuesday: For eastern Pennsylva-nia, increasing cloudiness and rain; brisk to high southeasterly winds. For western Penterly-mia cooler; high southeast to south winds.
