SCRANTON, PA., MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 10, 1898.

#### TWO CENTS.

# **FASHODA BLUE BOOK ISSUED**

# Correspondence Between French and British Governments.

#### VALLEY DISPUTE

It Begins with a Despatch Dated December 10, 1897, to Lord Salisbury from Ambassador Monson. Great Britain Does Not Admit the Right of Any Other European Power to Occupy Any Portion of the Nile Valley-Reports of the

London, Oct. 9.-The foreign office has issued a Fasnoda blue book giving the correspondence between the French and British governments.

It begins with a dispatch dated Dec. 10, 1897, from Sir Edmund Monson. Pritish ambassador at Paris to Lord Salisbury, referring to rumors of the massacre of the Marchand expedition and expressing the ambassador's satisfaction that he has been allowed to acquaint M. Hanotaux (French foreign minister of that day) with Lord Salisbury's view that, if other questions are adjusted, Great Britain will make no difficulty regarding the French claim on the northern and eastern shores of Lake Tchad. The dispatch shows, however, that the ambassado: made it clear that this concession must not be understood as admitting the right of any European power except Great Britain to occupy any part of the Nile valley.

M. Hanotaux replied on Dec. 24 in a long dispatch of respectful protest against Lord Salisbury's view.

On August 2 of this year Lord Salisbury wrote Lord Cramer, British diplomatic agent at Cairo, giving him in-structions that after the capture of Khartoum, two flotillas should ascend to Fashoda and go up the Plue Nile as far as it should prove navigable for Under these instructions the sirdar was personally to command the Fashoda flotilla and to take a few troops, if he should consider it desirable, the object being to assert Great Britain's sphere of influence in the Nile

On Sept. 7. Sir Edmund Monson reported to Lord Salisbury a conversation in which M. Deleasse, French foreign minister, announced that Marchand had no authority to decide on right, and had been in structed to abstain from any action likely to lead to local conflict. M. Delcasse further expressed a conviction that the matter was susceptible of ar rangement by means of discussion. To this Lord Salisbury replied on Sept. 9 that Great Britain regarded the operations of the sirdar (General Kitchener) as placing all the territories of Khalifa Abdullah by right of conquest in the hands of the British and Egyptian governments, and insisted that this contention admitted of no discus-

Then follow dispatches recording the discussion between Sir Edmund Monson and M. Delcasse, the latter explaining that Marchand was now virtually a licutenant to the Liotard expedition, and that, therefore, the situation at Fashoda even if Marchand was there, could not be dangerous as Sir Edmund Monson had represented.

## THE SIRDAR'S REPORT.

On Sept. 25, still following the Blue book, the sirdar reported the results of his expedition to Fashoda, fully confirming the announcements already cabled to the Asceclated Press, including the fact that General Kitchener's arrival there prevented a second Dervish attack on Marchand. The French officer informed the sirdar that he had concluded a trocky, which he had sent to France for ratification, whereby the Shillock chiefs had placed the country under French projection. Marchand replied in the negative to General Kitchener's question whether he was prepared to resist the holsting of the Egyptian flag, but he maintained that had orders from the French government to occurry Fashoda. On the departure of the British forces General Kitchener notified Major Marchand in writing that all transportation of war material on the Nile was absojutely prohibited

The sirdar's despatch concludes as

"The chief shillocks came to our camp and positively denied that they had concluded any treaty with Marchand, while all the shillocks declared their allegiance to the British govern-Moreover, Marchand was in such a precarious position that nothing could have prevented his annihilation by the Dervishes had we been a fortnight later in crushing the khalifa."

Other dispatches indicate that M. Deleasse declined Great Britain's request for the immediate recall of Mafor Marchand, and that Great Britain agreed to despatch a message for the French government to Marchand as a matter of courtesy, without accepting any responsibility for the results delay might entail and still maintaining that the matter admitted of no com-

promise In the final dispatch appearing in the blue book Lord Salisbury, under date of Oct. 3, instructs Sir Edmund Monson to inform M. Delcasse that the latter's message to Major Marchand has been sent, but that Great Britain views the Marchand mission as having no political significance whatever.

## Strangled with a Towel.

Denver, Co., Oct. 5 .- George Randall, negro, has been arrested on the charge having murdered Mrs. Julius J. Voight, who was found dead in her apartments where she had been strangled to death with a towel, and has made damaging rd-No evidence has been discov ered to concet Randall with the four murby strangling that were committed

#### PRIVATE KILLED.

#### Thomas Greenwalt Shot While Attempting to Escape.

New York, Oct. 9 .- Thomas Greenvalt, a private in Battery I. Seventh artillery, was shot and instantly killed last night while trying to escape from Fort Sloeum, near New Rochelle, Private John Coates, of the same bat-tery, escaped the bullets fired after but was arrested before he got

Greenwalt and Coates had been in the guard house for two weeks past and escaped from there, and, having secured civilian's clothing, attempted to make good their escape from the fort to avoid the court martial that was pending. They were challenged by the sentry, and in attempting to ond, with two privates of the guard, arrested the fugitives. Before this was accomplished, however, Greenwalt the ground and attempted to slash publication. him with a razor but could not get near enough to do him any harm.

The shot fired by the sentry aroused reach the scene of the trouble. When he came up Greenwalt was a prisoner, being menaced by the bayonet of the guard. Coates was also under arrest. Colonel Sinclair ordered the men takcry but he was unburt. He was taken to the guard house.

#### REVOLUTION IS ANTICIPATED

#### French Government Has Ordered Reinforcements to Be Sent to Paris

from the Garrisons in the Vicinity. Paris, Oct. 9.-The government has ssued special orders to the garrisons of numerous towns near the capital to send immediately to Paris 500 in-

The Journal Des Debats declares that these reinforcements will amount to 10,000 men

The paper expresses the hope that revolution.

All the troops will be supplied with two days' rations and sixty rounds of ball cartri ges.

Today ha.) passed off quietly, President Faure, instead of visiting the races at Long Champs, as he had intended, prudently remained to shoot at tabouillot, thus avoiding a demor stration.

Paris, Oct, 9.-The Siecle says it to demand the expulsion from the leg'on of honor of Major Comte Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy, who is believed to be the author of the Bordereau in the Dreyfus case.

M. Trariaux, former minister of justice, has written to M. Brisson, the premier, protesting against the illegality of Colonel Picquart's close imprisonment, and threatening too, that, unless this relaxed, he will bring the matter before the senate.

## ANNEXING ISLANDS.

#### British Warships Goldfinch and Mohawk Gather Them In.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 9 .- The islands recently annexed by the British warship Goldfinch are said to be Duff, Cherry and Mitre groups. The Mohawk planted the British flag on the Santa Cruz islands, the Reef islands and the Swallow group.

The Duff group numbers eleven is lands, all thickly inhabited by coppercolored natives. The whole of the recent annexations have been placed under the control of Mr. C. M. Woodford, the British resident in the Solomon group.

The Island of Motuiti or Kennedy island, which has appeared on the charts since the beginning of the cenury, was searched for in vain by the Mohawk. It is thought the island, like Falcon island, has sunk beneath the

## TO EVACUATE MANZANILLO.

#### Spanish Troops Expect to Leave the City Monday.

Manzanillo, Oct. 8 (delayed in transmission).-The Spanish troops expect will turn the city over to the major,

itary life in the tropics.

All the political prisoners here have ocen released. The military convicts will be taken to Cienfuegos and sent in the fight at Manila and in the battle thence to Havana, possibly afterward of the third of July shared the dangers

## Mourning for Parnell.

Dublin Oct. 9.-Most of the citizens of Dublin wore the ky leaf today, it being the anniversary of the death of Charles Stewart Parnell. Thousands participate 1 in the ceremonies at Glasnovin cometery in the ceremonies at Grasnevin cometery, the lord mayor and corporation and dete-gates from the municipalities, and all the chief towns of Ireland, in full regalia, taking part in the procession. The cereof depositing the wreaths upon the grave were highly impressive, though

## Will Gather Negro Ballots.

Topeke, Kan., Oct. 9.-Governor Leady has appointed the Rev. G. B. Olden, of Copeka, a Baptist negro preacher. mmissioner to take the ballots to Kan sas negro soldiers at Santiago. Today the Rev. Olden left with the baloits. They are carefully packed in a telescope value

### EFFECTIVENESS OF MEDICAL SERVICE

#### REMARKABLE FORESIGHT EX-HIBITED IN NAVY.

The Surgeon General and Medical Corps Prepared for War-Imme- for murder and burglary, and his girl, Hattie Mahoney, were both killed while Made to Meet Any Contingency.

ge: away were fired upon. Sergeant foresight exhibited by the navy in pre-Heck, of the Two Hundred and Sec- paring for the war than is afforded by came running up at this moment and the struggle. This is set out in the anknocked Sergeant Heck's bayonet to the navy bureau reports submitted for

the whole post. Colonel Sinclair, of General Tryon, who in putting in orthe artillery, was one of the first to der and equipping the several naval navy during the war. When the Maine en to the guard house in double irons. Reypen was in charge of the bureau The two prisoners, in obedience to or- and began preparations immediately ders, stepped forward and the guard for any contingency. The hospitals fell behind. After taking a few steps were fully equipped; plans were preboth prisoners bolted. Colonel Sin-cair ordered to fire and three privates laboratory prepared to furnish medical Greenwalt fell dead in his tracks and surgical supplies in any quantity. without a cry. A bullet had gone No additional expense was incurred unthrough his head. Coates threw him-til war seemed imminent, then every self beside a stone wall with a loud vessel likely to be engaged was given a full outfit of medical supplies for war. In anticipation of a large increase of the navy, proper outfits were made ready and boxed for a large number of

> "There has not been an instance during the war," says the surgeon general, "of any vessel having had to wait for her medical stores."

EFFICIENT SERVICE RENDERED. It was known that the medical corps was inadequate in number for war, yet there was no law authorizing the employment of volunteer medical officers, But medical boards were sent out in were first out of the car and were asanticipation to the principal cities to examine applicants for appointment and as a consequence when war broke the crowd, with heads uncovered and out the medical department had at hand from which to make selections of volunteer surgeons a long list of these was supported by the arm of the presieducated men and thirty-seven of these were appointed out of two thousand the country is not on the eve of a applications. Surgeon General Van comfort. He walked slowly to the Revpen says:

> and have been a credit to the navy, ber, Mrs. McKinley's sister, was next Some have had unusual and trying experience, but they have accustomed husband. Webb C. Hayes followed. themselves to their environments and John Barber was carried from the have justified their appointments." Only one medical officer was killed during the war. Assistant Surgeon John | Washington to join the party, and by

learns that the government is about and the approach of war gave it an

#### thoroughly appreciated." MISS LONG'S SERVICES.

In this connection the report calls attention to the fact that as soon as war was declared, the daughter of Secretary Long and three of her associates at the Johns Hoplins medical school volunteered their services as nurses and were assigned to duty in the hos-

In conclusion the surgeon general says: "I cannot close this portion of the bureau's report without bearing testimony to the efficiency, skill and devotion to duty of the personnel of the medical department. Not a word to leave Manzanillo tomorrow. Gen- but of praise has the bureau heard of eral Parron, the Spanish commander, any of them-regulars or volunteers, When war was imminent they yied who will make the official transfer to one with another in their efforts to get Colonel Ray, representing the United on fighting ships. Some had greater States, on Monday. opportunities than others, but all have General Parron paid a visit to Col- done well the work assigned them. onel Ray this morning, and the two Surgeon Edgar saw his associate, Asofficers exchanged compliments. The sistant Surgeon Gibbs, shot by his side conversation touched mainly upon mil- in the Spanish attack and he continued his work alone doing it thoroughly and well, as it was known he would.

"The medical officers of the vessels of their comrades and should participate in the praise accorded them

"The medical officers of the Solace have the honor of inaugurating the first complete system of antiseptic surgery at sea. They have adapted means to ends, have improvised apparatuses, have been fertile in expedients and have the satisfaction of having demonstrated that with skill and intelli gence, its percentage of mortality among the patients on a well equipped ambulance ship will be no greater than in the hospitals on chore.

"Medical Inspector Persons found himself suddenly confronted with 226 Spanish sick or wounded prisoners in a hastily established hospital. He was equal to the emergency and he and his associates were complimented by Admiral Cervera when he visited the camp.

The medical officers of the other hos-

pitals have had sudden large accesion of patients. They were always eady and always cared for them well.

DIED WITH BOOTS ON.

Go Down Fighting hard.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 5.—Howard Clark, who was wanted in Louisville

resisting arrest on the Indian side of

the river near here today. Clark was wanted for the murder of Officer Hef-

ferman at Louisville last August and

was attempting to escape by rowing down the Ohio river in a skiff. Word

had been sent along the river by tele-

When detected at burglary in Louis

the most desperate resistance.

THE M'KINLEY PARTY

Canton, O., Oct. 9 .- The home coming

President and Mrs. McKinley today

for the funeral of Mr. George D. Sax-

ton, was attended with a most touch-

ing and pathetic scene at the Penn-

extended the party a silent but sym-

pathetic and reverential welcome. The

Wayne and Chicago express at 19.25,

traveling in the special car "Cam-pania." Mr. M. C. Barber, the presi-

tion with several friends of the fam-

ily and Dr. Framfeulter, who was call-

ed to take charge of Private John Bar-

The president and Mrs. McKinley

sisted through the station to the car-

riage in waiting. As they approached,

a little paler than usual. Mrs. Bar-

train by his brother, George Barber,

who had gone from New York to

George C. Clark. The sick man was

in Porto Rico and has for some weeks

been ill with typhoid in Washington,

where his mother, Mrs. Barber, and

Mrs. McKinley have been nursing him,

first at the White house and later at

Garifeld hospital. Miss Helen McKin-

lay, the president's sister, and Mr.

and Mrs. Steward A. Bowman of Lo-

rain, the latter the president's niece,

who started with the party from

The president and party went direct

to the Barber home, which is the old

Saxton homestead and was the Canton

home of the McKinleys during his life

in congress. Mrs. McKinley soon laid

down for a little rest and at 1.30 din-

ner was served to the family. Mrs.

McKinley showed evidence of the suf-

fering from the shock of and fatigue of

the journey but bore up remarkably

well and able to be about the house.

Mrs. Barber shows evidence of her care

and concern for the son she has been

nursing and also of the shock of the

news but also bore up well. Both sis-

ters and the president viewed the re-

mairs, which look natural, none of the

marks of the tragedy being exposed

Washington, left the train at Pitts-

burg to take another road.

meral Henry's stat

cers was most miraculous.

George D. Saxton.

ber, the sick soldier.

took to the woods.

# Howard Clark and Hattie Mahoney

diately After the Destruction of the Maine Preparations Were

Washington, Oct. 9 .- Probably no better illustration can be found of the the history of the medical corps during nual report of the surgeon general, W. K. Van Reypen, which is the first of

Surgeon General Van Reypen begins with a modest tribute to the good judgment and foresight of his predecessor, hospitals, was of incalculable service to the bureau, enabling it to properly care for the sick and wounded of the was blown up, Surgeon General Van

ships ready for call.

"They have rendered efficient service

Blair Gibbs, who fell at Guantanamo, The medical department had long desired to establish a hospital service at sea on a specially selected vessel opportunity to demonstrate the wisdom of its propositions and the efficiency of its methods. The steamer Creole was purchased and with the valuable assistance of Naval Constructor Woodward was converted into an ambulance ship within sixteen days, fitted with every appliance of modern surgery, disinfecting apparatus, cold storage, laundry and elevator. She was a pioneer in her work, indicating a step in advance that it well became the United States to take. The report gives a succinct history of the valuable services rendered by the Solace in caring for the sick and wounded. On every trip she went leaded with medical stores and supplies and also with delicacies and comforts which had been supplied in abundance for the sick and wounded by generous and patriotic individuals and societies from every part of the United States. Says the surgeon general: "In this war woman has done her perfect work and the medical department of the navy is profoundly grateful for the money contributed and supplies furnished for the aid of the sick and wounded of the navy. Patriotic women have ably supplemented the efforts of the government and their assistance has been

Except when the president, accompanied by Mr. Barber, took a short walk on the side street abutting the house, the party remained at the Barber house all day. Many flowers are being received from sympathetic friends of the president and the family, Washington friends having placed many on

on the face.

the train before it started. The funeral arrangements were conluded after the arrival of the party. They are to be held from the Barber home at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon,

and will be private. The Rev. O. B. Milligan, paster the First Presbyterian church, will ofciate and the remains will be attended y Judge George E. Haldwin, Hon, William A. Lynch, Postmaster George B. Frease, J. H. Kenney and Attorneys pall-bearers. Interment will be in West Lawn cemetery in the Saxton family

The train bearing the cabinet and other officials from Washington to the Omaha exposition will arrive in Canon Monday evening and about 9 o'clock the private car of the president will be attached thereto and he will join the party. Mrs. McKinley, it is not thought tonight, will undertake the trip to Omaba, but will be with the president in Chicago. She will remain in Canton for several days and more than likely go to Chicago with Mrs. Lafayette McWilliams and Mrs. W. A. Goodnan, her cousins, who are expected to

here for the funeral services. The day has brought no new developments in the tragedy. Mrs. George mains in jail and has seen no one but Mayor Rice during the day. He with her for five minutes. She is to be arraigned at 10 o'clock Monday morning. The coroner will resume the taking of testimony Monday.

## Memoirs of Bismarck.

Berlin, Oct. 8.-The Nord Deutsche Alloirs of Prince Bismarck will be found contain no sensational disclosures, but consist chiefly of grave thoughts and collections which he has left as a legacy the German people.

Calcutta Free from Plague. Calcutta, Oct. 2.—The city was today officially declared free of plugue

### ADVANCEMENT OF NATION'S WARDS

#### REPORT OF COMMISSONER OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Success of Indian Boarding Schools. Average Attendance and Enrollment Have Steadily Increased for the Past Twenty-one Years-School Plants in the Service.

Washington, Oct. 9 .- The annual regraph to arrest him. Officers from port of Commissioner of Indian Affairs Owensboro were in pursuit when Clark William A. Jones shows a general ied up his skiff on the Indian side and steady advancement in the condition Education. of the "nation's ward." greatest factor in solving the status of rille he killed the officer that caught the Indians, is being pushed forward him. When the officers came upon him in the service and now there are 147 Clark and the girl both opened fire in well-equipped boarding schools and an equal number of day schools engaged was well armed and the girl also. Both in the education of 23,957 pupils. The Clark and Hattie Mahoney were shot average attendance and lead, riddled with bullets in the fight have steadily increased for the past that ensued, and the escape of the offitwenty-one years. Vigorous inquiries prosecuted by Commissioner Jones during the year show significantly that 89 per cent, of those pupils who have gone through the schools and returned to their homes are reported to be in good physical condition, contrary to ARRIVES AT CANTON the frequent suggestion that the change might break a naturally strong and They Come in the Special Car "Camvigorous constitution. Of the pupils pania" to Attend the Funeral of attending school, three per cent. are reported as excellent or first-class, 73 per cent, as good or medium, while only 24 per cent, are considered bad or worthless, showing, in the commis-sioner's judgment, the value of a system which can in a generation develop from savages 76 per cent, of good aversylvania station. Many people were at age men and women. Under the per the depot when the train arrived and ent, regime, the large net decrease in enrollment and attendance of last year has been changed into a net increase party arrived on the Pittsburg, Fort of 1,040, and 895, enrollment and average attendance, respectively, for the present year. The reservation schools show the largest gain. Agents are now dent's brother-in-law, was at the stabeing urged to greater exertions to fill

#### confinement. COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE.

the schools to the limit of their capac-

ity by placing therein every child of

school age on the reservation whose

physical condition will warrant school

Future developments, Mr. Jones prelicts, will hardly emphasize that a regulation enforcing compulsory atbowed, opened a passageway through endance upon the schools must be enwhich they passed. Mrs. McKinley acted. The placing of Indian children in the public schools of the country for dent with the care and close attention the purpose of co-education of the he always devotes to her personal races does not appear to meet with carriage, his head bowed and his face much success, but a fuller test of its value and practicability is to be made

The school plants in the service are valued at over \$3,000,000, and larger funds for keeping them in repair, etc., are urged. Out of the general school support fund, the Indian office contemplates the expenditure of a sufficient sum, radically increasing scholastic facilities for the great tribes of the southwest and to that end adequate additions will be made to the schools now established for the Pimas, Papa-Navajos, Miquis, Apaches at Sacaton, Fort Defiance, Keams Canyon, San to something like 19,000. The local re-Carlos and Fort Apache. There are on these reservations and adjacent thereto thousands of Indians without any on Tuesday. The following commandschool advantages whatever. Special efforts for school advancement are to be made with the Jicarilla Apaches, the Southern Utes and the Seminoles in

Referring to the torturing of Seminoles in Oklahoma last January, the grand commandery of Indiana; report says it is thought indemnity will grand commandery of Massachusetts; soon be paid by the government to all members of the Seminole nation injured trand commandery of Missouri; Hutchby the mob of lawless whites in that occurrence and the whites guilty of the outrages are now being prosecuted, grand commandery of Tennessee: Couer The report gives in detail the work de Leon, No. 9, Knoxville, Tenn.; the that has been going on at the various reservations during the year.

## DANGER TO FRANCE.

#### Divided State of Society Liable to Cause Disaster.

premier of the French ministry preceding the present government of M. Brisson, and who presided at a banquet of the Association of Railway Employes here last evening, uttered a seri- 2, and past potentate of Boumi Temple, ous warning against the agitation and of Baltimore. unrest in France, class troubles and strikes.

Referring to the "divided state of ociety, the violence of Polemics and the sectarian spirit displayed in polities," he said it was impossible to see France thus torn by factions and deyoured by political passions, while daily the principle of authority was undermined, the army was weakened and the institutions upon which rested the security of the nation were shaken, without thinking of that "opening in the Vosges through which an invading army could pass" or without thinking David B. Smith and James J. Grant, as of "some unforeseen temptation being offered to the foreigner." The adversaries of France, however, had no need to declare war, said M. Meline. They were content to await the exhaustion of France.

## SICK SOLDIERS ARRIVE.

#### Mayflower and the Supply Bring Men from the South. York, Oct. 9.-The auxiliary

cruiser Mayflower, Commander Mackenzle, arrived this morning from Ponce, Porto Rico, all well, The United States steamer Supply, Captain Ingersoll, from Guantanamo

1, arrived this morning, and anchored off Tompkinsville. The United States hospital ship Re-

lief arrived at noon today from Hampton Roads, where she landed about 260 sick and convalescent soldiers from Mayaguez, Ponce and Arecibo, Porto Rico. The Relief was ordered to New York to be fitted with a steam-heating apparatus. She will sail again for Porto Rico in about two weeks.

## Objections to Barber and Lauer.

Stroudsburg, Ph., Oct. 5,-Objections have been filed against the nomination of both Laird H. Barber, the candidate of the Mutchler faction for congress, and of John E. Lauer, the anti-Mutchler candidate. There will be a hearing in the Dauphin county court on Thursday after-noon, Oct. 13. Lauer has filed nomination capers and will run independent in cas

he court decides against him.

### THE NEWS THIS MORNING

#### Weather Indications Today: Fair; Warmer; Variable Winds

General-Spanish Premier Itas Loss Hope.
Navy Medical Department Was Prepared for War.
Advancement of the Indians,
Correspondence Between England and
France on the Fashoda Episode.

General-Rapid Growth of the Silk In

dustry. Financial and Commercial. Local-Rev. James Hughes on "True

Manliness Anniversary of the Lackawanna Bible Society, Editorial.

Comment of the Press.

Local-Quarterly Convention of the To-Penn Avenue Baptist Church Free from Local-West Scranton and Suburban,

News Round About Scranton,

General-News of the Soldiers at Camp

#### KNIGHTS TEMPLAR MEET AT PITTSBURG

#### Formal Opening of the Conclave. Festival Sermon at Trinity Episcopal Church.

Pittsburg, Oct. 9 .- Not in the history of the Knights Tempiar conclaves from France. Germany and other powers to 1816 to this day has a conclave ever been opened on a more beautiful day final settlement of the Philippine questhan it was in Pittsburg today. The sun, after having been hidden behind fer it to an international conference rain-filled clouds for several days, in case the United States should inburst upon the awakening city this sist upon anything more in the archimorning and threw his rays of smiles and admiration upon the festival array of streets and buildings which made every one feel that this was an omen from the weather god.

The influx of Knights which commenced yesterday continued during the day and up to midnight, when the promise or encouragement, ormal opening of the conclave was inaugurated with the festival sermon at the Trinity Episcopal church. Here government, aware of the intention of was a congregation assembled larger than the historic building has ever

The first formal event on the programme of the twenty-seventh triennial conclave took place in Trinity Protestant Episcopal church. It was tion, with the likelihood of its being the official divine service of the Knights Templar and was, as usual, very impressive and largely attended. Most Eminent Sir Knight Warren La Rue Thomas, grand master, was es-corted to 'he Trinity church from the As far as can be a Monongahela hotel, by 500 Pittsburg Templars and as many more crowded here between the cabinets of Madrid the churca yard, unable to obtain admittance. The old church was filled to its utmost capacity. Rev. Dr. Al- tional conference; so that any threats fred W Arundel, rector of Trinity, of being able to achieve such a diploread the service, and the sermon was matic victory may be regarded as pure delivered by Rev. Dr. Cornelius L. bluff. Twing, rector of Calvary church, Brooklyn, N. Y., and grand prelate of the grand encampment.

During the day enough knights arrived in the city from all parts of the ountry to swell the number now here ception committee expects at least 25, 600 knightly pilgrims before the parade

eries arrived today: Los Angeles, No. 9, Los Angeles, Cal. Potomac, No. 3, Washington, D. Demoley, No. 4, Washington, D. C. Anderson, No. 32, Anderson, Ind.; Apollo, No. 19, Kendallville, Ind.; the Ascaton commandery of St. Louis: the ison, No. 32, Norristown, Pa.: Rose Croix, No. 38, of Titusville, Pa.: the grand commandery of Virginia: St. Andrews, No. 13, of Richmond, Va.; Old Dominion, No. 12, of Alexandria,

Va.: Grace, No. 16, Norfolk, Va. Today's festivities were marred by one mournful feature. The remains of Sir Knight George W. Starr, who died in the train en route to Pittsburg yes-Epinal, France, Oct. 9,-Jules Meline, terday, were tonight escorted to the Baltimore and Ohio station to be conveyed to Baltimore for interment. deceased knight was past grand master of the Baltimore commandery, No.

# FRÉE FIGHT AT ASHLAND.

#### Warrants Are Out for the Arrest of Seventeen Polanders.

Ashland, Pa., Oct. 9.-Two Polander engaged in a fight in Jake Mekelofski's saloon at Centralia, last night, and when Cornelius Carr aftempted to genarate them, several other Pelanders set upon him with clubs and chairs, beating him so badly that he is in a serious condition.

A mob outside the saloon hurled stones through the windows, striking and badly injuring a child named Tre vosky. Mekelofski seized a gun and fired two shets into the mob, wounding Thomas Collins and George Schoffler Many others were injured but their names could not be bearned. lander named Mulcavage had his nose cut off. War, ants for the arrest of seventeen of the participants were sworn out today.

## Fight at Camp Hamilton.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 8.—There was a sections fight at Camp Hamilton today rerange fight at Camp framition today re-soluting in one death and two being co-riously wounded. The trouble was the calmination of old personal gradges, in enforcing orders Corporal Edwards shot and instantly killed Color Sergeant Green, Both belonged to the Seventh regimen of colored immuses. During the shooting a colored private was fatally shot and nother seriously. Their names could no

## Negotiations at Madrid.

London, Oct. 10.-The Madrid corre-quadent of the Times says: "Although othing concrete is known, it is illing opinion here that the Paris nego lations are not proceeding with the moothness that is desirable. The gov-rument, it is understood, shares this

## Died in a German Hospital.

Philadelphia, Oct. 9. - Christopher chmit, of Company H. Two Hundred and Third New York, died of typhoid fever at the German hospital today. He was brought from Camp Meade on Friday and failed rapidly.

# SAGASTA HAS LOST HOPE

# Spanish Premier Expects to Give Up the Philippines.

#### QUEEN REGENT'S CHAGRIN

Loss of the Islands a Bitter Disappointment to Christina-Vain Appeal to the French Government for International Action on the Question-The Ambition of Butcher

Madrid, Oct. 8 .- Senor Sagasta is at ust becoming reconciled to the eventunt loss of the Philippines, although it is a most bitter disappointment to the Queen Regent and the cabinet, for until Wednesday the secret hopes had been churchhed by the premier that Spanish diplomacy might prevail upon exert their influence to withdraw the tion from the Paris commission and repelago than a port and a cealing station These hopes have now vanished, for it is stated on good authority that the French foreign office, being sounded on the subject, expressed most courteous and genuine sympathy, but declined to hold out a single word of

It is now beginning to be realized in ministerial circles here that the French Spain ultimately to dispose of whatever can be saved from the Philippine wreck to the highest cash bidder, would rather see the whole archipelago annexed outright by the United States than have it remain a bone of contensome day transferred to Germany, Such, at least, is the present situation, subject of course, to medifications when the American demands are actu-

As far as can be ascertained, no interchange of views has taken place and Berlin with a view to referring the Philippine question to an interna-

## WEYLER'S AMBITIONS.

General Weyler, whose recent arrival here from the Balearic islands causes considerable uneasiness in circles friendly to the dynasty, is believed to have at last made his choice between the Carlists and the Republicans ter. It is learned from sources that have hitherto proved trustworthy that Weyler is zealously working with a newly formed committee whose sphere of activity is Portugal as well as Spain. and whose aim is to proclaim after the signature of peace an Iberlan Republic uniting the whole peninsula, with

Weyler as president. A rise of a few points has taken place in the 6 per cent. Philippine bonds, which are held almost exclusively at Madrid, Barcelona and Manila, and are largely in the hands of Jesuits and the monastic orders which have relations with the Philippines. These bonds are now quoted at 89 pesetas, but any considerable rise in them in case of their being in any way taken over by the United States is said in financial circles to be already discounted, especially as there is some probabillty of the interest on them being reduced from 6 to 315 per cent.

## NANCY OWNS UP.

#### She No Longer Denies That She is the Midwire.

London, Oct. 10.-According to the Daily Mail. Dr. Nancy Guliford, who no longer dentes that she is the midwife of Bridgerort, Conn., but declares herself absolutely innocent of any connection with the death of Emma Gill, says that she sailed for England under an assumed name owing to "another matter, which she will explain at the

She is now in the infirmary of the Holloway jail, London, suffering from nervous collapse.

## General Lawton's Furlough.

Santiago de Cuba, Oct. 2.-Major Gen-eral Henry W. Lawton, military gov-ernor of the department of Santiago, will all for the United States in the course of few days, buying been aranted three nonths' leave of absence because at ill health. His dation us military governor will be discharged by General Leonard Wood governor of the city of Santiago, most of whose official duties will on Tuesday be discharged by Major Me-Leary. A few other changes will be made,

# Canned Beef Kills Soldiers.

London, Cet. 12.-A disputen to the Daily Chronicle from Alexandria suys; "The troops who have returned from Khartoum are dying like flies from en-teric disorders supposed to be due to canned beef and indulgence in casus SDICITS.

## Norwegian Artist Arrives.

New York, Oct. 8.-M. Phaulow, the will remain in this city for a few days and will then go to Pittaburg as the guest of Andrew Carnegie. He will officiate us a judge in an art exhibition in that city.

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Oct. 8 - Porecast for Monday: For custom Fernaylya-nia, fair; warmer; held variable winds. For western Perseylyania, fair; warmer; increasing easterly

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