

THE STORY OF COLONEL QUAY

INTERESTING CAREER OF THE SENIOR SENATOR. One Who Has Been in Touch with the ex-National Chairman...

Matthew Stanley Quay, the son of a Presbyterian clergyman, was born September 30, 1833. He has, therefore, reached the ripe age of sixty-five years, forty-three of which have been spent before the public...

Before becoming conspicuous in civil life, Senator Quay attained distinction in military circles. When less than thirty years of age he commanded the One Hundred and Thirty-fourth regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers...

"I would rather die like a fool than live like a coward," was the response of Colonel Quay. He went upon the staff that battle was among the bloodiest of the whole war...

His first memorable achievement was in securing the passage in 1880, of the McKinley tariff bill. It had been hung up in the Senate for many months, the Democratic opposition preventing its coming to a vote...

HIS SKILL AND ADROITNESS. This is what the Bulletin of the American Iron and Steel Association, one of the most conspicuous trades organs in the United States, said in reference to Senator Quay's connection with the McKinley bill:

"Both in the Senate and in the committee of conference Senator Quay's assistance was invaluable in securing the adoption of the rates of duty which were embraced in the McKinley bill as it passed the house. His effort to secure the retention of the original McKinley rates was not only successful but this was not the only service Senator Quay rendered to the industries of his state and the country in connection with the McKinley tariff bill...

It was chiefly the passage of this measure that gave us our magnificent president, whose name it bore, and who was the original author of it. Again, in 1894, when the Democratic House was before Congress, Senator Quay displayed his great generalship in legislation, and his devotion to the cause of protection as understood and practiced in Pennsylvania...

Whatsoever may be the faults or the deficiencies of Senator Quay, the manufacturers of Pennsylvania and the country will not soon forget beyond dispute that to his resolute and long-continued exertions is due the fact that the Wilson tariff is not more unfriendly to domestic industry...

in America more lauded than than Senator Quay. By universal accord he was declared the most masterful leader known to American politics. His successor as chairman, General J. S. Cleveland, said of him: "He is the first and greatest political general that the first century of partisan politics has developed..."

When he resigned the national chairmanship, a couple of years after the election, the committee paid him a glorious tribute, saying, among other things: "In submitting to it (his resignation), with so much reluctance and personal regret, we desire to express from his pre-eminent position of trust, our sense of the deep obligation under which he has placed the Republican party and the cause of good government and patriotism in the United States..."

"Kelley and Randall are dead, but Senator Quay, who so valiantly took up the battle for the industries of his native state when the strength of these giants failed them, is still living, and as senator for four more years he will still have these industries in his keeping..."

How different this from the vilification and abuse now heaped upon him by the irresponsible band of guerrillas now trumping up and down the state, who, though claiming to be Republicans, have made an alliance with that Democracy which Senator Quay drove out of power in 1888...

"This is the Matthew Stanley Quay who entered politics in 1852, and whose life has been an open book to the public ever since; the Matthew Stanley Quay who fought valiantly for the honor and perpetuity of his country during the Civil war..."

QUAY AND STATE LEGISLATION. It was Senator Quay who wrote the plank in the state platform several years ago, committing the Republican party to large state appropriations for the several counties for school purposes...

Shortly after Senator Quay entered the senate he was made chairman of the Republican national committee, and in that capacity he conducted the great campaign of 1888, which elected Benjamin Harrison president of the United States...

On Cleveland had served as president for four years, and he had declared elected in 1854 over that prince of statesmen, James G. Blaine, by the vote of New York, though it was then generally believed, and now generally conceded, that Mr. Blaine had carried New York, but had been counted out in that state, and therefore, cheated out of the presidency...

"This is a Republican state. Blaine was elected. I do not propose that the Democrats shall steal New York from Harrison. The false registration must be stopped. The recount, and the change of voters, and the frauds of Cleveland must be prevented at all hazards. This must and shall be an honest election..."

And what a magnificent campaign it was! And how adroitly managed! In spite of the fact that the whole United States government, with its hundreds of thousands of officeholders, was in the hands of the Democrats, and Tammany Hall was then in the south of its power, Harrison was elected, having carried New York, though by a small majority. But the contest did not end with the close of the polls in New York. The Tammany machine, finding itself beaten, endeavored to repeat the work of 1884—count out the Republican candidate, and through out that memorable night and into the evening of the following day, desperate tactics were resorted to in the effort to count Cleveland in. But Chairman Quay was ready for them, having prepared for such an emergency. The great conspiracy of Tammany was foiled, and General Harrison was duly declared elected president of the United States. There was no man

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CHICAGO LIVE STOCK. Chicago, Oct. 3.—Cattle—Fairly active and \$15.50-\$20.00. Hogs—Fairly active and \$15.00-\$20.00.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES. Del., Lacka. and Western. Effect Monday, June 20, 1898. Trains leave Scranton as follows: Express for New York and all points East, 7:30 a. m.

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