SHAKE-UP IN WAR CIRCLES WILL OCCUR

Grief Will Follow Secretary Alger's Tour.

A ROD IN THE PICKLE

Talking Begins at Lexington That Will Develop Charges of Neglect Against Both Medical and Quartermaster's Departments-All Information of This Nature Will Be Presented at the Investigation at Washington-General Waites Will Furnish Damaging Testimony Against Some of the Quartermasters-Lee and Ludington on the

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 21 .- A prominent gentleman close to the national administration, as well as to the officers here at Camp Hamilton, says the present tour of inspection of the southern camps by Secretary Alger, Quartermaster Ludington and Surgeon General Sternberg will likely develop numerous charges from regimental and general field officers against both the medical and the quartermaster's departments and especially against some commissaries. The talking was begun here by General Sanger against the medical department and by General Waites against the quartermasters and it is expected that officers at other points will add very materially to this testimony before the tour of inspection is completed. Secretary Alger stated that all of this information and all latitude in arranging the terms of other evidence that he could secure would be presented to the investigating committee at Washington.

At the conference here last evening of Secretary Alger with General Breckinridge, the commander of Camp Hamilton and other officers, General Sanger said that while the division hospital is ill with fever, uttered a few excuses may be a good thing, as it was conducted it had been a disgrace to the service; that it had deprived the reg! hardships to the sick, who should have had better attention at the proper time. Surgeon General Sternberg, in reply, insisted that all requisitions had been honored in Washington and that any medical men failing to do their duty should be reported.

GENERAL WAITES CHARGES.

General Waites told Secretary Alger that the neglect of some quartermasters to furnish supplies was criminal. While in Chickamauga he frequently made requisition which were not honored. An imperative order had been sent to have all water boiled. He made a requisition on Quartermaster General Lee for water boilers. No attention was paid to his requisition, and after he repeatedly urged Quartermaster General Lee to send boilers and telling him how the men were contracting typhoid fever, he was met with a reply which read. "The war department does not furnish boilers."

General Waites then purchased the boilers himself, but the seeds of typhoid had been sown and the daily report showed the list of deaths and of cases in the hospitals. Pointing at Genal Ludington, General Waites said:

se men cannot say it was somebody else's fault. It was the fault of Quartermaster Lee and it was the fault of Quartermaster General Ludington, who is standing right there."

Ludington made no reply to Waites.

OFFICERS RESPONSIBLE.

Secretary Alger Says They Must Answer for Condition of Camps.

Knexville, Tenn., Sept. 21 -The secretary of war, who today inspected Camp Poland and reviewed the troops encamped there, made a speech to the commanding officers at General Mc-Kee's headquarters during the morning in which he fixed the blame for the sick cases in the different camps throughout the country on the commanding officers. Secretary Alger was given an enthusiastic reception by the citizens of Knoxville. He went from the depot direct to the camp and shortly afterwards accompanied by his staff and the officers of the camp, the secretary rode over the drill field and inspected the troops. He then reviewed the parade and afterwards made a

He next visited the hospitals and regimental quarters and made a thorough inspection of the condition of the camp and men. General Alger congratulated General McKee on spiendid condition of his camp and of the troops. He expressed vatisfaction with the location of the camp and the showing made by the men. The par-ade at Camp Poland was witnessed by an immense concourse of people

speech to the commanding officers.

After the review General Alger asked that the commanding officers assemble at General McKee's headquarters. There, surrounded by the officers and the Knoxville citizens' committee the secretary made an address. He removed his hat and in a careful manner of speech said:

purpose of acquainting myself and seeing for myself just how the troops are faring and to hear from the officers any recom-mendations that they may think will

benefit the camp.

I want to hear what the communders have to say about division and regimental hospitals. There has been a great deal of talk about the conditions of the camps and hospitals.

I want to say that had the war depart ment been acquainted with the conditions said to have existed at Chickamauga, the troops there would have been moved long before they were. We received only good reports at Wash-

ington from the consumnding officers and it was supposed that the outside reports were exaggerated. The commanders of camps are respon-

sible for the condition of their camps and if the men are not well cared for and it the hospital and sanitary conditions are oad, the commanding officers must answer for it. The war department has been and is

ready to supply the demands of the troops for medicines and systemance and there is no reason why conditions other than the est possible should exist. Secretary Alger and party left for Chattanooga at 4 o'clock.

SETH LOW'S LETTER.

He Believes That This Is Not a Good Year to Be Independent.

New York, Sept. 21.-In connection with the movement for an independent state ticket, a prominent independent in this city has received from Seth Low the following letter:

"I have your letter of Sept. 13. I am not very well acquainted with the details of the situation, but so far as I can base an opinion on the surface of things I shoud think that the proposed action of the independents in this state is the one thing that can cause the defeat of Colonel Roosevelt, and the possible loss of a sound money senator from New York, as well as sound money

representatives in congress. "On the other hand, I can see absolutely no benefit to accrue from the course which has been taken and which is proposed. It seems to me to be unreasonable and unprofitable, and similar to the attitude of the Prohobitionists who sacrifice all practical results year after year for the sake of a theory. I regret to differ so radically from one whose opinion I value so highly as yours, but under the circumstances you can perceive that I can take no part in an independent movement this year.'

CERVERA IS BITTER.

Objects to Being Insulted for Having Performed His Duty.

Madrid, Sept. 21.-El Liberal says the seace commission will be allowed wide

newspapers indicate that little interest is being taken in the affair. When the train conveying General Toral arrived at the station at Bojara a crowd which had gathered insisted that the general should show himself Upon his doing so the gathering loaded him with insults. General Toral, who and beat a retreat in order to avoid

being struck. Admiral Cervera, while at Santan-Admiral Cervera, while at Santanonel went directly. There he found
der, in thanking the authorities for
awaiting him a telegram from Goverand spend a sale invited her to go there
of competitive bidding and from such
awaiting him a telegram from Goverand spend a week with them. Two letextravagance is the purchase of supplies, coming on board the steamer to re ceive him, dwelt with bitterness upon the situation of the marines, who, upon returning after doing their duty quietly, find an unjust atmosphere of public opinion.

VICTIMS OF SHIPWRECK.

Four Bodies of Men Lost from Fishing Schooner Found.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., Sept. 21. Four bodies of the men who were lost from the fishing schooner, Alice O. Jorian, of Gloucester, which was sunk in Vineyard Haven on the night of the 15th by collision with the steamer Gloucester, were washed up on the shore of Martha's Vineyard this morning. All are badly decomposed. Five bodies are still missing. One of the two bodies found on the shore at Westchop was identified by the coroner as M. Monson, of Gloucester, from documents on the clothing. The other body was apparently that of a German. One of the bodies found on the Edgartown shore was declared to be that of Philip J. Kirby, Derby, Conn. The fourth body has not yet been exam-

WAS HENRY MURDERED?

New Suggestions Made in Beference to the French Army Scandal.

London, Sept. 22.-The Daily News says it hears from a good source that the Italian ambassador at Paris, Count Terniolli-Brusati di Vergano, obtained assurances from the government in January that Colonel Henry's forgery should be withheld from publication: but, the newspapers getting hold of the contents of the document, M. Cavaignac, then minister of war, was confronted with the choice of either exposing Colonel Henry or having the matter exposed from the outside. The paper also says, it is alleged,

that no razor was found in the prison cell after Colonel Henry committed suicide, and it is suggested that he was assassinated.

THE SICK AT SANTIAGO.

Washington, Sept. 21.-General Lawton's report of the health conditions of the American troops at Santiago tonight indicates a distinct improvement. The numof sick has been reduced more than 400 during the past two days, and only one death is reported. General Lawton's dispatch to the war department is as tol-

Adjutant General, Washington: Sick, 766, fever, 434; new cases, 78; re-turned to duty, 85; deaths, Private Frederick William, K. Ninth United States volunteer infantry, Sept. 20, cause not No report received from Fifth known. United States infantry and Ninth United States volunteer infantry. (Signed) Lawton, Major General.

Santiago, Sept. 21, 1898.

The Tobacco Trust.

St. Louis, Sept. 21.-A deal was consummated in this city today whereby the Brown Tobacco company's plant becomes the property of the American Tobacco company. The price paid was \$1.250,000. Paul Brown, president of the Brown Tobacco company, will become manager or the business here for the American Tobacco company.

Pennsylvania Pensions. Washington, Sept. 21 .- These Pennsylvanta pensions have been issued: Originer of speech said:

I came here to visit this camp for the Jane A. Jones, Plymouth, 18.

CHARGES AGAINST GENERAL OTIS

ACTION BY THE FATHER OF A CAMP MERRITT VICTIM.

A. E. Metcalf Will Endeavor to Fix the Responsibility for Confining United States Troops in That Pestilential Hole-The Most Unhealthful Spot on the Pacific

Cleveland, O., Sept. 21.-Mr. C. E. Metcalf, living at No. 50 Linwood street, this city, whose son, Burton Metcalf, died recently in San Francisco of typhoid pneumonia.contracted while at Camp Merritt, as a member of the United States regulars, will take steps to have charges preferred against General Otis, now in the Philippines, Mr. Metcalf said today:

"I am a member of an organization made up of people all over the country who have lost relatives or friends who had enlisted in the regular army for service in the Philippines. These men died through exposure on that pestilential spot known as Camp Merritt. Each member of this organization will bring pressure to bear on his congressman to have charges preferred against General Otis who located the camp, The organization is a large and influential one and I believe it will be able to accomplish the object for which it was formed.'

Mr. Metcalf recently returned from San Francisco where he went to bring home the remains of his son. He states that he investigated the conditions at Camp Merritt and that a more unhealthful spot for a camp could not have been found on the Pacific coast.

BRYAN AT WASHINGTON.

The Colonel Will Not Discuss His Resignation.

Washington, Sept. 21.-Colonel Wilam Jennings Bryan, Third Nebraska volunteers, reached Washington tonight from Jacksonville, Fla. Colonel Bryan's uniform looked as immaculate as if he had just stepped from his tailor's establishment.

"Colonel Bryan, Jacksonville dis patches say you are likely to resign your command." was suggested to him. "Really, I cannot discuss that matter now," he replied. "Do you expect to meet Governor

Holcomb, of Nebraska, here?" "I do, yes," he replied. "Do you know whether he has arrived yet?"

This question was answered at the would be here tonight or tomorrow

morning. Colonel Bryan was asked whether i was the intention of himself and the governor to make an effort to have the Third Nebraska mustered out of the service, but he declined to say what his mission here was. He intimated that he might have something to say before he returned to Jacksonville. In the corridors of the Metropolitan

hotel, Colonel Bryan was recognized by several acquaintances and given a cordial greeting. He registered simply as "W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, Neb." It is known that an effort will be made to induce the war department to nuster out the Third Nebraska and the appeal may be made directly to the president. It is the expectation of Colonel Bryan that he and Governor Holcomb will make their application tomorrow. In the event of its not being complied with, it is thought to be like y that Colonel Bryan may resign his commission as colonel

BRYAN LEAVES CAMP.

Secures Permission to Depart and Will Visit the President.

Jacksonville, Fla., Sept. 21.-Colonel William J. Bryan left last night for Washington, having secured leave of absence from General Lee yesterday He will arrive in Washington tonight and expects to meet Governor Holcomb, of Nebraska, there. The two will see President McKinley and make a final effort to have the Third Nebraska. Colonel Bryan's regiment, mustered out. His departure was not generally known.

General Lee said he had received a very positive telegram from Washing-ton stating that as some Nebraska troops had already been mustered out, the Third would be retained until another general reduction was made in the volunteer army, something not likely to occur soon. Colonel Bryan expects to be back at Jacksonville time to be present Sunday during Secretary Alger's visit.

Philadelphia and Reading Earnings. Philadelphia, Sept. 21.-The statement f the Philadelphia and Reading Railway company for July, 1898, compared with the same period of 1897, follows: Receipts \$1,688,072,56; expenses, \$1,682,687,19; net eargings, \$655,385,37; July, 1897, receipts, \$1,916,565,61; expenses, \$1,087,220,34; not earnnings, 819,375.27. The Cont and Iron state-ment for the same periods is: Reccupts, \$1,352,243.28; expenses, \$1,257,992.78; net profit, \$90,150.52. For 1897, receipts, \$2,207, 758.04; expenses, \$1,915.313.99; net profit, 3160, 444, 65,

Monroe-Pike Conference.

Mauch Chunk, Pa., Sept. 21,-The Mon ne-Pike congressional conferees met her today and organized by admitting the to cal Cassidy faction conferees. Adjourn ment was then taken until tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock with instructions to R. F. Schwartz, chairman, to notify the Northampton delegation to be present at that time.

Mr. Bayard's Condition.

Dedham, Mass., Sept. 31.—There appears to be but little change today in the condition of Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, He began the evening resting easily, with a fairly good pulse, but at 10 o'clock a phy-sician's builetin said that the patient rad begun to show sign of extreme weak

CAPTAIN CAPRON'S FUNERAL. The Dead Hero Is Buried with Mil itary Honors.

Washington, Sept. 20.-The remains of Captain Allyn Capron, one of the notable figures of the Santiago campaign, and father of Allyn K. Capron, of the Rough Riders, who fell in the first battle of the war, was buried at

Arlington National cemetery today with military honors. The funeral was attended by a large number of prominent army officers, including Major General Miles and members of his ctaff, Generals Rodgers and Gilmore, and by the officers of Captain Capron's late regiment, the First United States artillery. Among the many floral tributes was a wreath of orchids and lilles, sent by the President and Mrs. McKinley, from the White House conservatory. Another bandsome wreath came from officers who participated with Captain Capron in the In-

dian campaigns. The honorary pall-bearers were offiers of the staff and line with whom he had been intimately associated, while the active pall-bearers were drawn from the non-commissioned men of Captain Capron's own battery. The casket was borne to the grave on an artillery caisson, an American flag draping the casket. Rev. Alfred Harding conducted the Episcopal burial service, after which the impressive ceremony was closed with the firing of three volleys over the grave by a detachment of artillerymen, and the blowing of taps by a bugler.

YELLOW POND MYSTERY.

New Development in the Case in the Arrest of Walter C. Foster-May Have Been Emma Gill.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 21 .- A new development in the Yellow Mill pond mystery was made known today, with announcement of the arrest in Hartford of Walter C, Foster. The police have reached the conclusion that the young woman whose dismembered corpse was found in the pond last week of an incendiary was Emma Gill, daughter of Harry Gill, of Southington. The theory of the police is based in some measure upon an alleged striking resemblance between the face of the corpse and that of Emma Gill's brother. Young Foster is accused of having been an accom-

plice in the murder of Miss Gill. Miss Gill was 24 years old, and had een employed as a domestic in the family of James H. Pratt, of Southington. Her brother described a mole upon her neck, and a similar mark was ound upon the corps

The brother told how his sister started on a vacation, which she said was to be of two weeks and was to be spent, according to her story, at Lighthouse Point, New Haven. At the end of the two weeks she returned home, but announced to Mr. Pratt that she was ill and unable to work and that she was party, its leaders or on the principle of nepotism, and that a large part of the going again, but wanted him to save her place. To her parents she stated that her suitor, Walter Foster, of Hart-Metropolitan hotel, to which the colonel went directly. There he found awaiting him a telegram from Gover- and spend a week with them. Two letne, with directions on the outside to the postmaster to return within three days if not called for, was received today unopened.

PHILADELPHIA PRIMARIES.

Lively Contest for the County Offices Takes Place.

Philadelphia, Sept. 21.-There were several lively contests in tonight's Republican primaries, although the slate for the county offices went through without a hitch. The sharpest fight was in the fourth congressional district, where James Rankin Young was a candidate for re-nomination against ex-Congressman John E. Reyburn. At late hour the indications were that Mr. Young had won by a small majority. In the First, Second and Fifth districts, there were no contests and delegates pledged respectively for Ceneral H. H. Bingham, Robert Adams, jr., and A. C. Harmer, the present incumbents, were elected without opposition.

In the Fourth senatorial district, the adherents of both J. Bayard Henry, the anti-Quay candidate, and his opponent, Common Councilman Harry D. Peaston, are claiming victory, Henry men by a vote of 92 to 73 and

the Qunyites 90 to 75. The contest in the Second senatorial district was settled by the withdrawal of Representative John R. Lloyd, leaving the field clear for George A. Holzworth, the anti-Quay candidate. In the Sixth district John M. Scott was unopposed to succeed Senator Dur-

There was no opposition to Secretary of the Commonwealth David Martin to succeed Jacob Crouse in the Eighth

The only legislative fight was in the Twenty-seventh district, where there were six candidates of both factions. The outlook is that a compromise will be effected resulting in the selection of Abraham Alien and Charles W. Boger.

STRANDED MILWAUKEE. Bad Weather Interferes with the Efforts to Float Her

London Sept. 21.-The British steamship Milwaukee, Captain Williams .from Tyne for New Orleans, previously reported stranded at Porter Roll, Scotland, has been temporarily abandoried, all work being stopped owing to the presence of heavy gales. The vessel's condition is getting worse every tide,

Governor Pingree Renominated. Detroit, Mich., Sept. 21.-Governor Pingree was unanimously renominated by ac-clamation this afternoon by the Republi-can state convention. His reform ideas and efforts toward regulating alleged me equalities of taxation were heartily com mended in the platform adopted and many members of his party who have heretofore not been in accord with the governor, joined in the cheering when he appeared and made a characteristic speech of acceptance. The platform de-clares for the gold standard.

Thrown from a Carriage.

Guilford, N. H., Sept. 21 -- Mrs. Estner D. Webb, of Germantown, Pa., white driving with her daughter, Mrs. Leeds, and her granddaughters, was thrown from a vehicle and was killed today. Mrs. Leeds and her daughter were also injured. Mrs. Webb was a summer visitor here.

DR. SWALLOW'S OPEN LETTER

CHALLENGES COL. STONE TO JOINT DISCUSSION.

Is Willing to Talk on Twelve Subjects of More or Less Interest to the Public-The Old Stories Re-

Harrisburg, Sept. 21,-Dr. Swallow today addressed the following open letter to Colonel Stone:

Several weeks ago I extended to you an invitation to hold twenty joint discusof the issues of this campaign at county fairs, and twenty in the larger cities and towns of the state. I presume that you failed to accept because at that time we differed as to what were the real issues you holding that "tariff, sound money war. McKinley" and the "American flag" were the special subjects to which voters of the state should be directed; i. on the other hand, holding that the mone stolen, or attempted to be stolen by the Quay Republican leaders, aided by the Quay Democratic leaders, and the pro abilit, that they would steal more if con-tinued in office and thus be given the chance, was the great issue.

Observing in your recent speeches you dony that there was a padded pay roll, that any money has been misappropriated or stolen, that there has been undue extravagance, or that the taxpayers have suffered loss through any of the foregoing causes, it became apparent to me that our issues are now joined; you denying what I resolutely affirm, brings me to a new proposition which I trust you will see your way clear at once o accept. Here it is: That we hold five union meetings in the following cities, viz., Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Erie and Scranton. You take the aftirnative and I the negative of the followng propositions:

"Resolved, first, That neither the state nor its taxpayers have lost anything un-der the Quay domination either from misappropriation of interest, padded pay rolls, unnecessary committee expenses. rolls, unnecessary committee expenses, or by stealing under forms of law. Resolved, second, That there is no evi-

dence that the capitol fire was the work "Resolved, third, "That there is no evidence that in the rebuilding of the capi-tol there was an unfair system or competitive bidding." We will allow you an hour to open the discussion and a half hour to close the

same, while I be permitted to speak one hour between your speeches, and that one hour shall include the time it may quire me to examine, in the presence of the audience, witnesses to be produced at my own expense. At the close of the discussion the audience by a rising vote shall be asked to render a verdict on each of the three

ropositions separately.
We will undertake to show, first, that over \$2,000,000 interest on state deposits have been stolen during the last twen y years; second, that at least one hundred thousand dollars bus been paid to persons of both sexes sho have rendered no adequate service to the state but re-ceived the money for service rendered the money came from the contingent tunds appropriated to different departments. Third—That the state has lost lar

ters that the parents sent to their and in the improvements of the state's daughter were answered, but a third grounds and buildings, as to justify the one, with directions on the outside to suspicion of collusion and conspiracy on the part of the state officials and employes to defraud the state and unduly burden its taxpayers.

Fourth-That nearly \$30,000 was misappropriated in the fixing up of Grace Church, which cost over \$56,000 in four

Fifth-That fake committee expense by Governor Pattison were ought forward and became a law in the legislature of 1895 by which a large amount of money was taken from the reasury by persons not entitled to it. Sixth-That large quantities of state urniture have been disposed of contrary law, and at great loss to the state and that much of it is new in the homes and offices of private individuals without roper compensation having come to the

Seventh-That over \$8,000 was paid for carpenter work on a rose propagating house which the state authorities admitted were not worth, including material and lumber, more than \$500.

Eighth—That men have been asked by

state officials to sign receipts for much larger amounts in payment for supplies and labor than they actually received. Ninth-That in the disbursement of money appropriated to the Soldiers' Or-phans' schools some of the officials thereof have showed themselves bribe-takers at the expense of the taxpayers, and have improperly used a large amount of

the state money. Tenth-That laws have been enacted enbling dishonest officials to steal from the state treasury, and secure immunity from punishment because of these vicious laws enacted for their protection.

Eleventh-That the constitution of the tate has been violated through the perjury of members of the tegislature and tate officials in base laws increasing the niaries of such officials during their otcial term. Twelfth-That if these officials had their

ast deserts they would now be in th enitentiary. And, further, that the real issue in this campaign is restoration of stolen money, the punishment of the thieves, and the verthrow of that boss system in state politics, which makes thieves and thiev-

ng indispensable to its existence. Yours fraternally, S. C. Swallow. P. S .- An early answer will be greatly (Signed) S.

DEADLOCK AT BLOOMSBURG. Democrats Unsuccessful Against

Judge Herring.

Bloomsburg, Pa., Sept. 21 .-- The Demcratic judicial conferees of the twentieth district met here today and made an unsuccessful attempt to nominate a candidate for president judge. There are but two candidates in the field. Judge Herring, the present incumbent, and R. R. Little, of this place. Five ballots were taken, each resulting in a tie after which an journment was taken until Friday next.

Deadlock Broken.

Johnstown, Pa., Scpt. 21.-The long deadlock among the Democratic congressional conferees of the Twentieth district was broken tonight. Joseph E. Thropp, entieth ballot to succeed Hon, Josian D. Hicks.

Barry Defeats Towns.

London, Sept. 21.-W. A. Barry deleate: George Towns, of Austria, today in the final heat of the races for the sculing championship of England. Time, 23 min-utes, 23 seconds. Towns held the lead for a mile but dropped out of the race on the

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today:

Ocnerally Fair: Warmer

General-Shake-Up Promised in Was Administration's Expectations of the Pence Commission. Candidate Swallow's Open Letter.

General Otis Will Have to Answer. General-Dreyfus Case Is Warming Un The Markets

Local-Judge Edwards Scores the Winton School Board. Superintendent Howell's Annual Re-

Editorial. Comment of the Press.

Local-Champion Roeber Wins the Wrestling Match. Court Proceedings.

Local-West Scratton and Suburban. News Round About Scranton

General-Major Parke Anxious for Thirteeath Regiment News

OF THE FILIPINOS Monsignor Martinelli's Charges Will

ALLEGED CRUELTY

Be Investigated by General Otis. Report Expected in a Few Days. Washington, Sept. 21.-Monsigner

Martinelli, the apostolic delegate in Washington, yesterday received a cablegram from Cardinal Rampolla, be completed before the assembling of secretary of the vatican, informing him that the bishop of New Segovia, Philippine islands, and several Catholic priests had been arrested by the insurgents and were imprisoned and being brutally treated by their captors. Cardinal Rampo. directed Monsignor Martinelli to lay the case before the war department, with a request that some action, if possible, be taken to

protect the prisoners from harm. Monsigner Martinelli presented facts as communicated to him to Acting Secretary of War Meiklejohn and power of the American commissioners urged that the department communicate with General Otis, in command of the American forces at Manila, with a view to affording relief to the captured

In compliance with the request. Sec-

retary Melklejohn directed that Gen-

eral Otis be informed of the situation of the priests and asked to protect them from bad treatment if they were with in his jurisdiction. Adjutant General Corbin sent the following cablegram to General Otis: Washington, Sept. 29. General Otis, Manila:

Secretary vatican advises bishop and priests. New Segovia, captured by in-surgents and brutally treated. If under control of your forces, protect from in buman treatment.

By order of the secretary of war. H. C. Corbin, Adjutant General. In response to this order General Otis cabled the department today as fol-

send officer to investigate which will re

ows:

Manita, Sept. 21.

quire several days. New Begovia, bishop-ric one hundred miles distant. Otis, Commanding. (Signed) The information contained in General Otis' dispatch was communicated to Monsigner Martinelli. A further garded as complete and final. After a report upon the matter is expected by

the department from General Otis. AUGUSTIN'S RETURN.

The General Is a Trifle Nervous Over Prospects.

Madrid, Sept. 21.—General Augustin the former captain general of the Philava, about thirty miles south of Bil-

penings at Manila. The general, however, admitted that he contemplated surrendering before capitulation actually took place, He also praised the army eloquently December." and expressed the hope that the supreme court would pass judgment on

his conduct. REUNION OF THE 52D.

Officers Elected a the Meeting at

Wilkes-Barre. Wilkes-Barre, Sept. 21.—The eleventh annual reunion of the Fifty-second Pennsylvania volunteers was held here today. Captain E. R. Perkins presided. The principal address was delivered fred Darte, of the Orphans' court of

Luzerne county, responded. The following officers were elected: President, Major S. R. Lennard; Wilkes-Barre; first vice-president, William McCabe, Scranton, second vicepresident, S. D. Williams, Peckville,

SPANISH POSSESSIONS.

The Garrisons Hold Cities in the Hemp District. Manlia, Sept. 21.-The report that the

last Spanish garrison on the island of

Luzon has surrendered is premature.

The Spaniards still hold seven scaports in Albay province the principal hemp district The disturbances have already resuited in a diminution of the output of Albay hemp by 250,000 bales, compared with last year's figures. Furthere fighting seems imminent and un-

GAVE WRONG MEDICINE.

less peace in concluded, the shortage

will be doubled.

Terrible Death of Miss Barbara France, of Altoons. Altoona, Pa., Sept. 21.-Miss Barbara

France, a domestic, employed by Druggist Craine, while in bed with typhoid fever, was today given carbolic acid by her mother in mistake for iron tonic. The acid had by ill chance been placed where the tonic stood.

Will Loan Spain Cash. London, Sept. 22.- The Daily Mail this

The girl dled a few hours later,

norning says the Rothschilds will lean Spain £4,000,000 on the security of the Al-maden quicksfiver mine when the treaty of peace shall have been rigned,

THE PEACE COMMISSION

Work to Be Completed Before the Meeting of Congress.

NO TROUBLE ANTICIPATED

The Administration's Expectation. The American Commissioners to Set a Limit to Spain's Temporizing Tactics--- A Renewal of Hostilities the Alternative of a Refusal to Accept Our Terms

Washington, Septl . 21 .- Should the Spanish ministry maintain the dispositon to assist in an early settlement of the matters in controversy in connection with the termination of the war, as reports indicate it is believed by the administration that the work of the peace commission at Paris can congress and that the duties of the Porto Rican and Cuban commissions will also be satisfactorily terminated and the Spanish forces withdrawn from the two islands before the first of December.

Little trouble is anticipated in regard to the Paris commission. Before leaving for Paris, Judge Day, chairman of the American commission expressed the belief that the work of the commission would be completed within two months. Indeed, it is within the to say when the work shall be brought close, and in declaring that this work would be completed within two months it is highly probable that Judge Day stated the limit of time that has been fixed for signing the treaty which the American commissioners

took with them It is expected that during the first three or four weeks of the convention the Spanish commissioners will advance a varied list of claims on behalf of their government. Their principal contention will be the retention of the Philippine islands, but this contention be strenuously resisted. The American commissioners are under instructions to insist upon the cession of the island of Luzon as the minimum of the American demand. It is confidently expected that this will be conceded by the Spaniards, and once conceded the question of a continuance of Spanish sovereignty over the remaining islands will be considered. What is believed to be the course of

the commission in convention is out-"The American commissioners will not consider any question relating to the islands of Cuba or Porto Rico, as all matters relating to them are covered by the protocol, and the relinquishment of Spanish authority is rereasonable time has been given the Spanish commissioners to fully consider the American demands, they will be pressed for final action on treaty. They will be reminded that several of the American commissioners have duties requiring their presence in congress, and a time will be named when a decision must be reached by the Spanish commissioners prior to the ippine islands, has arrived at Vitoria, first of December. This will be in the capital of the Spanish province of Altive or failure to agree to the treaty, boa. It is said that he looks Ill, and which will be presented by the Ameriis reticent concerning the recent hap- can commissioners, is an immediate renewal of hostilities. The president fully epects that the American demands will be accepted by Spain, and that the treaty will be signed about the first of

CUBAN EVACUATION. The Spanish Troops Expected to

Leave Soon. Washington, Sept. 21.-It is stated at the war department today that no determination had yet been reached as to whether the evacuation of Cuba by the Spanish should begin at the west or east end of the island, although the inclination seems to be that the evacuation should proceed from west to east. by Rev. M. D. Fuller, of Owego, N. Y. It is known that active preparations His subject was "Our Country, Its Promises for the Future," Judge Albureau of the war department shaping

affairs to that end. The troops destined for Cuba will be paid before embarkation and the subsistence and quartermasters officers are making ready to supply transportation and food for them. Just when the occupation will begin, it is said, will depend upon the evacuation by the Spanish. This is indefinite, but the department is under the impression that it

will begin very soon. Steamship Arrivals.

New York, Sept. 21.—Arrived: Teu-tonic, Liverpool: Ems. Naples. Sailed: Kensington, Antwerp, via Southampton; Germanic, Liverpool. Cleared: Fuerst Rismarck, Hamburg, via Southampton, Liverpool-Arrived: Majestic, New York, Naples - Arrived: Aller. Southampton-Sailed: Lahn, Bremen, for New York.

Morgan Nominated.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 21.—The Con-necticut Democratic state convention to-night unanimously nominated for govex-United States Treasurer Daniel N. Morgan, of Bridgeport.

New Bank Examiner.

Washington, Sept. 21.-Robert J. White-

ad, of Easton, Pa., has been appointed

as bank examiner. ········ WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Sept. 21.—Forecast for Thursday: For eastern Penn-sylvania, generally fair: possibly showers Thursday night, warmer: fresh to brisk south to southeast winds. For western themsylvania, fair, followed by showers at high
