HERO OF EL CANEY ASSUMES COMMAND

GEN. YOUNG NOW IN CHARGE OF THE FIRST DIVISION.

Question of Probable Punishment to Runaways Discussed at Length. Corporal Lona B. Day in Charge of Squad That Is Sent Out to Arrest Absentees-General Gobin Is Not in Good Health-Sergeant Paschalis Promoted.

Special to the Scranton Tribune.

Camp Meade, Middletown, Pa., Sept. 14.-Major General S. B. M. Young, of the United States cavalry, and the hero of El Caney, with his right arm bandaged and in a sling, arrived here this evening, and, on tomorrow morning, will formally take command of the First division of the Second Army corps. General Gobin will then relinquish his position as acting division general and resume charge of the Third

A. Wilson Norris, the efficient adjutant general of the Third brigade, is today receiving heartfelt congratulations from all his friends, as he has just received his commission as captain. He will continue to discharge his duties as adjutant general of the brigade.

The Two Hundred and Second New York arrived this afternoon. When the Fifteenth Minnesota, which is to form the Third brigade with the Eighth and Thirteenth Pennsylvania, reaches here the First division will then be

A large consignment of heavy underwear, new blankets and great coats and capes for the Thirteenth has been received. This looks like a probable winter campaign in Pennsylvania, rather than in Cuba or Porto Rico.

The Third battalion of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania, in command of Lieutenant Colonel Rickart, left here yester-day afternoon for New York city, where it will take shipping immediately for Porto Rico, there in due time to rejoin the First and Second battaltons. On the way to the depot the men were cheered loudly by soldiers and civilians, all of whom joined in bidding farewell and wishing all kinds of good luck to the boys in blue.

This is the first body of troops to leave this camp for duty abroad, and now speculation centers on the question "Who will be the next to go?" It is needless to say that the answer would be particularly interesting to the members of the Pennsylvania regiments stationed here.

AS TO ABSENTEES.

The question of the probable punishment to be meted out to those members of the Thirteenth who left camp without leave or authorization continues to be discussed with greater interest every day. The case of an ab-sentee without leave is not quite so insignificant as it is generally supposed to be, and, if any of those who are away are acting on this principle they will have a sad awakening. The military law on this point is plain and decisive. Colonel Coursen and the captains of the different companies, from which men are absent, are saying very little in regard to this, but, if indications fail not, they are determined to leave no doubt as to their position

when the absentees return. The thirty-second article of the "Articles of War" runs as follows: "Any to his company in position of quartersoldier who absents himself from his troop, battery, company or detachment | congratulations of all the boys, but without leave from his commanding officer, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct." The punishment spoken of, and which it is lawful for a court-martial to inflict. is absence without leave for more than two to ten days, inclusive, \$10 fine, ten days' confinement at hard labor, and reduction to the ranks if the offender be a non commissioned officer.

If the man be absent for more than ten and up to and including thirty days he is liable to a fine of \$20, one month's confinement at hard labor, and reduction to the ranks in case of a noncommissioned officer.

This, however, is not the most serious view of the case. Article 47 reads: "Any officer, or soldier, who, having received pay, or having been duly enlisted in the service of the United States, deserts the same, shall, in time of war, suffer death or such other punishment as a court martial may direct and, in time of peace, any punishment, excepting death, which a court mar-tial may direct." The tenor and effect of this are quite plain, and as a supplement to it follows Article 48: "Every soldier who deserts the service of the United States shall be liable to serve for such period as shall, with the time he may have served previous to his desertion, amount to the full term of his enlistment; and such soldier shall be tried by a court-martial and punished, although the term of his enlistment may have elapsed previous to his being apprehended and tried."

TEN DAYS THE LIMIT.

Under the "Articles of War" a man becomes a deserter, technically speaking, when he is absent, without leave, from his camp for a period of ten days, the days of his going and of his returning being both included in this compilation. In order to make this point more practical, let us take a concrete example. On Wednesday, Sept. 7, the Thirteenth regiment was paid, and on the following day men began to go home without leave. So, therefore, a soldier who left camp on Thursday, Sept. 8, must report here before next Saturday in order to prevent himself from being considered a deserter and liable to the punishment above indi-cated by the Forty-seventh and the Forty-eighth Articles of War.

It is not known what, if any, action is contemplated for the apprehension and punishment of the absentees; but it is generally supposed that a sharp eye is kept on themselves and on all their doings at home.

Many of the men of the Thirteenth are quite indignant at the reports printed in the Philadelphia papers to the effect that those in camp are simply awaiting a favorable opportunity to leave camp and go home. This is certainly a libel on the regiment and contains not one particle of truth. It first gives the impression that the men are anxious to make a break for liberty, and intimates that it is only the extraordinary vigilance of the sentries which keeps the men in line. This is not the fact. Those of the Thirteenth who wanted to go home so badly have gone home; those who did not are still here, and have ample opportunity for leaving if they at all desired to do so. They pass in and out of the lines at all hours of the day and the evening, and are not halted till taps; and it is a well known fact that any soldier, who is disposed to leave camp and plans accordingly, can get beyond the limits of

volunteer. The men of the Thirteenth, remembering all these facts, emphatically resent the insinuations printed in the papers of the city of Brotherly Love. They are not true, and tend to seriously reflect upon the discipline of the regiment and upon the good sense of

the men in general.

The time of leaving camp without permission has passed. The issuing of furloughs also tends to reassure all, and those who have not yet been home will now have an opportunity to do so. TO ARREST RUNAWAYS.

The first definite movement in regard to apprehending and punishing those who are absent without leave from the reglment was begun last night. Privates Montague, Magill and Harris, of D, struck Danville a few days ago, and, it is reported, that two of them were placed under arrest for some offense or other. This being known

here, General Gobin at once made ready to fire the first gun of the campaign. He issued the following order, which is really a military warrant, for the prompt apprehension and return to camp of the young men:

Headquarters First Division, Second Army Corps, Camp Meade, Middletown, Pa., Sept. 13, 1898.

Special Orders No. 87.
The commanding officer, Thirteenth regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer infantry, is authorized to send three enlisted men to Danville, Pa., for the purpose of arresting three enlisted men of Company D, of that regiment, who are absent without leave and reported as being in that city. The quartermaster's department will furnish transportation to Danville Pa., and return for the guard, and from Danville to Camp Meade for the prisoners. The entire charge for transportation will be entered against the men arrested on the next muster and payment roll.

By command of Brigadier General Gobin. F. S. Strong, Assistant Adjutant Gen-

Colonel Coursen lost no time in hav ing the order executed. Transportation was arraigned for late last night and on the first train this morning Corporal Lona B. Day, Corporal Joseph, Cleary, tions received from General Gobin and from Colonel Coursen in regard to the arrest of the three men. Corporal Day is in charge on account of his experlence in such matters.

Special attention is called to the last clause of General Gobin's order, that which makes the prisoners liable for the payment of the entire charges of transportation. This, of course, does not include what fine may be imposed as is known no action has yet been taken to those absentees who are in and about Scranton

GENERAL GOBIN ILL.

General Gobin was at division headquarters yesterday morning and attended to some matters of more or less importance. Later in the day he became ill and took a short leave of absence. It was not announced where he went, but t was understood at his headquarters that he had left for his home in Lebanon as he was not feeling well. He is expected to return in a day or two, Quartermaster Sergeant Paul de Paschalis, of company C, has received

an unexpected promotion. He has been detailed for duty at the brigade commissary and was ordered to report there this morning. He will be the brigade commissary sergeant, will have a horse always at his disposal to carry him back and forth and will receive a substantial increase in pay. Sergeant Paschalis is an expert in this line and his services will be invaluable at the brigade commissary as they were master sergeant. He is receiving the

The many friends of Lieutenant Dodge, of E, who is in the City hospital, at Harrisburg, will be glad to learn that he is doing quite well. The fever is abating and the patient growing stronger.

CAMP GOSSIP.

Edward Kelly, of Lackawanna avenue, who spent a few days in camp visiting his brother, Corporal Richard Kelley, of Company D, has returned to Scranton Hospital Steward Sergeant Kisler,

who has been with the Second battalion, has gone home on a seven-day furlough. Company Clerk George Stuckart and Private Frank Jones, of F, claim to have the neatest and most stylish quar-

ters in the Second battalion. It is ornamented with a large mirror, which is often inspected-not, however, for the mirror's sake. Corporals Lewis and William Dershimer, of E, left yesterday for Hones-

dale on furlough, and will be away one Corporal William J. Horton, of Company G, left yesterday evening for his home in Montrose on a thirty-day sick

furlough. Corporal Edward Frear and Privates George Phillips, Herbert Swan, Harry Angle, Howard Davis and Martin Cunningham, of C, left camp for home Tuesday night on a seven-day fur-

Judge Hinkley, of Danville, was expected to be here last evening to lecture in the Y. M. C. A. tent, but had

to disappoint the boys. Private Thomas Charters, of D. left or home last night on furlough, and will be away seven days.

Corporals Jones and Keller and Prirates Gurrell and Roscoe, of B, left camp yesterday afternoon for home. Private James O'Boyle, of A, attached to brigade commissary, received permission yesterday from brigade headquarters to go home for five

Private Hoffmeister is acting chef for Company C, and does excellent

Lieutenant David J. Davis, of F. was at regimental headquarters this morning on business. Isaac Melhuish, of Burchardsville,

visited his nephew, Captain Corwin, of H, yesterday and Sunday.

Private B. F. Blake, of E. has reurned from home, where he was spending a thirty-day furlough. He was taken sick at Camp Alger, sent to Fort Myer hospital, discharged and furloughed from there, and was then or-dered to report at Fort Columbus, New

He is not entirely recovered. Private Moser, of F, is home on fur-Private Charles Bone, of A, has been discharged from the hospital. He had a slight touch of fever, but is now able

to attend to duty.

York harbor, and then returned here.

Chef Thomas Lewis is giving good

he Royal is the highest grade baking powds known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further then any other brand.



Private A. J. Atkinson, of B. has been removed to regimental hospital to be treated for rheumatism of the feet.

Richard J. Bourke. GENERAL GOBIN RETAINED.

Manage the Defense of Major Parke.

Camp Meade, Middletown, Pa., Sept. 14.—Major General Graham has modifled the army regulations to allow ten per cent, of the officers and men of the various regiments to be away on five days' leave at one time. Ordinarily the number on furlough at one time is 5 per cent, and it is thought that this change will relieve much of the discontent among the men who want their discharge. General S. M. B. Young arrived in

camp today from Camp Wikoff with his staff and assumed command of the First division. The Two Hundred and Second New York arrived in camp today and will be followed tomorrow by and Private Ralph Gregory, of D, left the Thirty-fifth Michigan and Fif-for Danville to carry out the instructeenth Minnesota.

Major Charles R. Parke, of Scranton, who is under arrest for neglecting to farnish descriptive lists of patients sent to Philadelphia hospitals, has retained General Gobin to manage his defense

There is much sickness among the men of the Pifteenth Pennsylvania regiment and all drills have been suspended until they are better. The boys are suffering from malarial fever conupon them by a court martial. As far tracted at Sheridan Point, where they were located before they came to this camp.

Orders were issued today forbidding general visiting of the hospitals, Rel-atives and friends will be admitted daily between 3 and 5 p. m., on applying to the surgeon's office. The order directing the Sixth signal corps company to report at Montauk Point 16 prepare to sail for Cuba has been revoked and the company will be retained at Camp Meade. without-leave men of the Thirteenth Pennsylvania regiment have returned and are accepting their punishment with good grace. The Twelfth Pennsylvania regiment turned in its ordnance stores today and will leave camp Friday to be mustered out. Large consignments of overcoats and blankets were received today for those regiments ordered to secure winter equip-

Lieutenant Colonel Stevenson, First Delaware, tendered his resignation today to Adjutant General Corbin. This leaves the regiment without a colonel or lieutenant colonel, Colonel Wickersham having resigned a week ago. Major Townsend is in command, being he ranking officer.

ECHOES OF THE WAR

Rev. R. A. McAndrew, of St. Mary's Catholic church, Wilkes-Barre, has re-turned from Montauk Point, where he spent some time at the bedside of his brother, Lieutenant J. W. McAndrew, of the United States Regular infantry Concerning his experience there Father McAndrew says: "After several attempts to locate my brother, as gentleman of the bureau could tell me nothing, I was obliged to seek out one of the generals in command. guard at the door was the most im-portant man I ever met, and I concluded from his treatment that I had committed a serious crime in ever ask-ing to see the general. Finally after wait of three hours, I was admitted and to my relief found him to be a perfect gentleman. He gave me a pass which entitled me to the privilege of seeking my brother any place in the camp. The hospitals are so plen-

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tiful that they are bewildering. Hospital after hospital with the cots so close together that it is impossible to walk between them. It was a pitiful sight and before finding the corner reserved for the officers, I must have seen 1,500 poor fellows suffering on cots. I shall never forget it. My brother was delirious when I first saw him and his condition critical. He has rallled considerably and will recover. On Monday he is to be taken to a New York hospital. A certain hour of the afternoon is set aside for burials and it is surprising the number who already sleep on that hill which frowns above the hospitals. The Catholic and Protestant burial services take place at the same time. The horrors and the glory of war may be seen at Montauk. The gay uniform is there showing in marked contrast to the rags of the soldlers who fought. The burial trains open to allow the dashing cavalry to pass. On one side the band is giving a concert, and on the other the band is playing a dirge over the dead. away with a love in his heart for the men who faced death. Even though they never left the United States they faced danger more deadly than the guns of the enemy in this terrible fever. Yet were it to be done all over again I would tell my brother to go, as before, and if it is God's will that the fever should carry him off, I would feel that his Maker had been kind to him In permitting him to live to have had the glory of fighting for the flag as he did at Santiago."

Colonel C. B. Dougherty, of the Ninth regiment, has recommended the following to Governor Hastings for appointments to fill the vacancies caused by the deaths of Captain Stearn and

Company B, Captain James C, Kenney; first lieutenant, John A. Kenney; econd lieutenant, Gordon Scott. Company D. Captain, Edmund first lieutenant, William F. second lieutenant, Morris J. Camp; first lieutenant, William

UNABLE TO SEE

my face and neck down to my shoulders were one inflammation, was not able to see out of my eyes for quite a while, and was unable to sleep for weeks, on account of the severe pain, which nearly drove me insane. My face and neck were swollen and made me look hideous. Had three doctors at different times, and not one of them could relieve me of my pain, swelling, and blotches. I used three bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, four boxes CUTICURA (pintment), three cakes of CUTICURA CUTICURA (ointment), three cakes of CUTICURA SOAP, and my friends and one of the doctors are surprised, and asked, "Who cured you?" and I ten them quickly, "CUTICURA REMEDIES."

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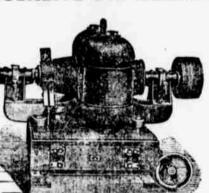
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