TEN PA

SCRANTON, PA., SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1898.

TEN PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

WHEELER'S **STATEMENT**

Letters That Have Been Received.

TALES OF STARVATION.

The Old Warrior Thinks That the True State of Affairs Has Been Greatly Exaggerated in the Newspapers-Troops at Montauk Are Supplied with Every Comfort That Money Can Buy-No Complaints Have Been Made by the Brave Boys Who Knew That They Would Encounter Diseases in the Tropics. Praise for the President and Secretary of War.

Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, Sept. 2.-Major General Wheeler gave the following to the Associated Press to-

"Headquarters U. S. Forces, Camp Wikoff, L. I., Sept. 1. 1898 .- The following is a sample of the letters that we are constantly receiving regarding the soldiers in camp:

"In regard to my stepson, we feel uneasy about him on account of the newspaper reports of the privation and suffering inflicted on the private soldier. Although he has never uttered a complaint since he has been in the army, we hear from other sources of the cruel and horrible treatment inflicted on our soldiers under the pretense of humanity for our neighbors and the whole country is in a state of terrible excitement. I should not be surprised if the feeling should lead to a revolution of some kind, for I assure you I hear on all sides the most violent denunciations of the war department and the administration. It is indeed a great pity that the glory of our triumph should be dimmed by such a shameful treatment and starvation of our brave soldiers while the Spanish prisoners have the best com-

forts the country can afford. "It will be seen that this letter says that not a word of complaint has been received from the soldiers and now so far as my investigation goes, no complaint has been made by any of the brave soldiers that have added glory to our arms in the Cuban campaign. A great many anxious fathers, mothers, brothers or sisters arrive here from all parts of the United States to look after their relatives whom they say, the papers tell them are suffering their relatives are in a condition of starvation. Most of these people are little able to expend the money for such a journey, and they are surprised when they come here to find that their there have been delays relatives are surrounded with everything to eat which can be procured by money; and if sick in the hospital they are gratified and surprised to find that they are given every possible care.

HIS VIEW OF FACTS.

"In reply to a direct request that I will give the exact facts as I see them,

"Every officer and soldier who went to Cuba regarded that he was given a great and special privilege in being permitted to engage in that campaign, They knew they were to encounter yellow fever and other diseases, as well as the terrible heat, and they were proud and glad to do so. They knew that it was impossible for them to have the advantage of wagon transportation which usually accompany armies, and yet officers and men were glad to go, to carry their blankets and their rations on their backs and to be subjected without any shelter to the sun and rains by day and the heavy dews by night. They certainly knew that the Spaniards had spent years in erecting defenses, and it was their pleasure to assault and their duty to capture the Spanish works. They were more than

daugers. They went there and did their and seeming to feel that American honor and prestige was to be measured by his conduct. The brave men who won the victories did not complain of the neglect of the government, but on the contrary they seemed grateful to the president and secretary of war for giving them the opportunity to incur these dangers and hardships They realized that in the hurried organization of an expedition by a gov-ernment which had no one with any experience in such matters, it was impossible to have everything arranged to perfection; and they will testify that under the circumstances the conditions were more perfect than any one would have reason to expect, and that the president and secretary of war and others who planned and dispatched this expedition deserve high commen-

SAMPSON'S TELEGRAM.

"One reason why our army was lacking in some respects in equippage was a telegram received from Admiral Sampson stating that if the army reached there immediately they could take the city at once, but if they should be delayed the fortifications of the Spaniards would be so perfected that there might be great difficulty in taking it. On receiving this despatch from Admiral Sampson the war department directed the army to move at once and all connected with the army will recall that the orders were received after dark and the army was in mo tion, had traveled nine miles and was on the ships at daylight. When the expedition sailed for Cuba it went there escorted by a large ficet of warships At that time it was regarded as impossible for a merchant ship to sail on the ocean safely from any American port to Santiago, but as soon as the Spanish fleet was destroyed and it was possible for unarmed ships to sail safely to Santiago, the generous viewers

people of the United States subscribed money without limit and despatched ship after ship loaded with luxuries and delicacies for the Santiago army, and everything that could be accom plished for their comfort was done

Shie Linner

by the president and secretary of war. "After the surrender had been completed and arrangements perfected for He Replies to Various transporting the Spanish army to Spain, the president and secretary of war sent shipping to Santiago and transported our army to one of the most healthful locations in the United States. The point selected by the sec retary of war was so situated that thorough protection was given the people of the United States from the danger of yellow fever contagion. The soldiers upon their arrival at this place received every care and bounty which could be procured by money. The president and secretary of war directed that their health and comfort should be cared for without reference to exepnse, and in addition the people within a circuit of 100 miles vied with each other in shipping to them car-loads and steamboat loads of luxuries of all kinds

NO COMPLAINTS ARE HEARD. "I have just finished my daily in-With rare pection of the hospital. exceptions the sick are cheerful and improving. I have nurses and doctors to care for them, and in all my many tours I have not found a single patient who made the slightest complaint. It is true there has been suffering, and great suffering. The climate of Cuba was very severe upon all of our soldiers but instead of complaining the hearts of those brave men are filled with gratitude to the people for boun-

ended them. "There is no doubt that there has en individual cases of suffering and possible neglect among the soldiers, not only in Cuba but since their arrival at this place. Nearly 20,000 men were brought from a yellow fever district to the United States, It would have been criminal to have landed them and allowed them to go promiscuously among the people. It has been stated by physicians that if it had been done. yellow fever would have spread through many or our states.

sympathy which has been ex-

"To avoid such a catastrophe a point which is more thoroughly isolated from the people than any other locality which could be found was selected. By these wise means the country has been saved from a scourage of this fearful lisease. Every one will realize that to remove the 18,000 men and put them on broad fields without any buildings whatever could not be done without some hardships. Over 5,000 very sick men have been received in the general hospital and as many more sick have been cared for in the camps, and yet only about sixty deaths have occurred n these hospitals,

THE LABOR NECESSARY,

"Tents had to be erected and hospitals constructed and preparations to supply those 18,000 men with wholeome water, food, medicines, physicians, nurses, cooks, hospital furniture wagons, ambulances and the other needs essential to caring for 18,000 men, fully palf of whom are very sick or in a feeble physical condition. In addition say, the papers tell them are suffering to this, most of the bedding and much and many of them have heard that of the clothing was left in Santiago to these deficiencies have had to be supplied. We had but one line of railroad to bring these supplies, and sometimes

INSURGENIS ACTIVE.

Two Islands and \$42,000 in Treasure Captured-The Junta in Hong Kong to Confer with Our Consul.

Manila, Sept. 2.-Several shiploads of insurgent troops have invaded the Southern islands with the view of seizing everything possible prior to the settlement of the peace conditions. General Rios, the Spanish commander. with a flotilla of gunbeats, is acting energetically; but the insurgents have captured the outlying islands of Remblon and Palawan, where they found treasure to the amount of \$42,000. The prisoners captured have arrived here. Delegates from the Hong Kong insurgent Junta are to have an interview with United States Consul Williams tonight, and it is thought that it may possibly result in a settlement of the insurgent question.

G. A. R. CELEBRATION.

General Gobin Will Be Present at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Sept. 2.-Advices were received here by the citizens committee today that General J. P. S. Gobin, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, and staff, would arrive here next Monday for the national encampment that begins on Monday. General Gobin has been in command at Camp Alger and there has been some doubt as to his ability to participate in the encampment peace jubilee here next week, but he has leave of absence for next week.

The city is already elaborately dec orated for the event.

THE ROUGH RIDERS.

At Their Own Request Will Be Mustered Out of Service at Once.

Washinton, Sept. 2.-The Rough Riders will be mustered out at Montauk at their own request. Each man be granted travel pay home, but will not get the sixty days furlough. This arrangement is made at their own request through Colonel Roosevelt.

Commissioner Peck Sails.

New York, Sept. 2.-Commissioner General Peck, commissioner to the Paris exposition with several members of his staff, will sail tomorrow on the steams. La Touraine, was the principal figure at banquet held tonight in the main salour of La Tournine, lying in the North river The hundred ladies and gentlemen proent were the personal friends of the com-missioner general from Chicago, Washington and elsewhere,

Shafter Will Not Talk.

Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, Sept. 2.-General Shafter declines to enter into a controversy. He sides with Dr. Senn in regard to the yellow fever among the soldiers at Santiago, and as he was slightly indisposed today, devied himself to inter

PESSIMISTIC

FEELING EXISTS

FRANCE BELIEVES DREYFUS SCANDAL WILL CAUSE WAR.

The Government Is Doing Its Best to

put in circulation by a news agency that a revision of the Dreyfus case

It is now pointed out that a revision must be sanctioned by a cabinet council under the presidency of M. Faure. No such council has been held as

yet, but M. Cavaignac, the minister of war, conferred at great length today with M. Serrien, the minister of justice, and M. Brisson, president of the council and minister of the interior. The presumption is that these conof revision, but the results have not een made public.

(Midnight.) The most pessmistic feeling exists. It is the common belief that Great Britain and Russia are on the eye of war and that the consequences of the Dreyfus scandal will involve France in war with Germany

The government is doing its best to stem the rising tide of agitation. Impromptu conferences today were devoted to an endeavor to convince the minister of war of the necessity of a revision of the Dreyfus case, which the whole country, including the army, now demands.

High officers confess that the dis closures that will follow the revision will probably entall war, but they say that would be preferable to having the army remain under a cloud.

REVIEWED BY PRESIDENT.

The New York Naval Reserves Receive a Hearty Welcome.

New York, Sept. 2.-The New York naval reserves from the Yankee who arrived here from Philadelphia this afternoon were met at the Pennsylvania railroad ferry by four officers of the battalion reserves and preceded by the Eighth regiment band, marched up Broadway. They were enthusiastically cheered by large crowds who had assembled to see the parade.

President McKinley was on the balcony of the Fifth Avenue Hotel fanning himself with his handkerchief when the naval reserves passed. He immed to his feet and clapped hands and, when the tars presented prevent yellow fever infection. All of arms, bowed in answer to their salues The sailors were surprised and delighted at being reviewed by the presi-

PRESIDENT WOODRUFF DEAD. Head of the Mormon Church Passes Away.

Salt Lake, Utah, Sept. 2.-A private telegram from George Q. Cannon, who is now in San Francisco, announces the death of the president of the Mormon church, Wilford Woodruff. Mr. Woodruff died this morning. He had been troubled with kidney complaint for some time and went to the Pacific coast for the improvement of his health about a month ago.

He apparently siept well last night and died this morning without a strug-

Mr. Woodruff was born at Farmington, Conn., in 1807 and was one of the original 147 pioneers that reached Salt Lake valley in 1847.

He has been president of the church for the last ten years.

CORBETT DOES NOT WORRY. Cannot Tell When the Fight with McCoy Will Occur.

Chicago, Sept. 2.-Jim Corbett, the pugilist, passed through Chicago today on his way to New York. In an interview he said:

"I am feeling perfectly well and

have not allowed myself to worry. As regards the fight with McCoy I have not made up my mind whether to fight on October 1 or not and cannot tell until I have talked it over with Considine. I am still in the business though and mean to give everybody a chance I want to thank the members of the sporting fraternity for their kindly expressions of sympathy for me in my bereavement.'

Preparing for Trouble.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 2.—Governor Tan-ner revoked the leave of absence of the Third regiment, Illinois volunteers. A regiment of Sons of Veterans will be temorarily mustered into the National ard. The action is in anticipation of our troubles at Pana and Virden. The Third, as volunteers in the United States army are away from the state on leave of absence.

More Patients Coming. Washington, Sept. 2.-Surgeon General

Sternberg today received a dispatch from Chief Surgeon Woodbury at Ponce, saying that the hospital ship Relief will arrive at Philadelphia next Tuesday morning with 348 patients from Porto Rico aboard. They will be distributed among the hospitals at Philadelphia.

Alger En Route for Wikoff.

Washington, Sept. 2.-Secretary Alger. companied by Mrs. Alger, Commissary eneral Egan and Senator Proctor left Washington this afternoon on the Penn-sylvania for New York, where they will meet the president and proceed to Camp

Yellow Jack in Mississippi.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 2.—The board of health has received a telegram from In-

HE WANTS A DIVORCE.

General Cassius M. Clay Desires Legal Separation from Dora.

Richmond, Ky., Sept. 2.-The petition for divorce filed by General Caseius M Clay to secure a legal separation from his girl wife, Dora Richardson Clay recites "that the plaintiff has treated the defendant in all respects as a dutiful and faithful husband should, Stem the Rising Tide of Agitation. that he has fully met and discharged all the covenants of said marriage High Officers in the French Army contract, but that the defendant did, Confess the Disclosures of an without fault on the part of the plaintiff, abandon her home on July 3, 1897, Opening of the Dreyfus Affair Will and since lived separate and apart from him."

General Clay prays for a divorce and asks that the defendant be restored Paris, Sept. 2, 11 P. M .- The report to her maiden name and given all proper reilef, which is supposed to mean that he intends to provide a liberal alimony. The defendant's answer adhad been decided up on appears to be mits all the charges. General Clay premature, says that the girl shall never want so long as he lives.

HOTTEST SEPTEMBER 2.

Yesterday Broke the Records of the Weather Bureau.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.-There was one eath and over 50 prostrations from the heat today in this city. The death was Ernest Horn, aged 45. Several of the other victims are not expected to live. The thermometer registered 94 ferences had to do with the proposal at its maximum, and while this was several degrees below that of yesterday the humidity today exceeded that of yesterday.

The weather bureau states that today was the hottest Sept, 2 since the bureau was established.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

Smallest Number or Failures in Angust of Any Month in Five Years. Wheat Crop Large.

New York, Sept. 2. R. G. Dun and say tomorrow:

The smallest failures ever recorded and the sanitary condition of the camp. n any month for five years were those of August.

The large volume of business in a month usually one of the most inactive of the year demands attention. Postponement during the months of war of some contracts and purchases which play will be made over his arrival in have now come forward explains part of the increase, and the strong absorption of securities explains part but there has also been a great decline in the averages of prices for all commodities.

There is no room to doubt that the wheat crop, even though it may fall a shade below some estimates, will Foreign buying has been strong, so that Atlantic exports for the week 5,534,758 last year, and Pacific exports 458,841, as against 258,651 last year. But and the price has dropped 5 cents for be consumed at home in enlarging the stock of animals.

The improvement in the iron industry has not only continued but becomes more impressive because an enormous buying of materials has satisfied the needs of great consumption for months to come, the demand for products is so great that both materials and products gradually advance in price. Bessemer pig has risen to \$10.55 at Pittsburg, local coke at Chicago and anthracite foundry at the least are strong, and also bars and plates advance a shade, with most structural day, and plate mills filled with orders for months to come and 25,000 ton rails sold at Chicago for delivery next year. The advance in the tin plates in spite of the production not thought possible not long ago, is evidence that consumption of steel in that branch will be heavy. The wire nail works also report a better demand, and output for Connellsville coke has started up, gaining for the first week.

Failures for the year have been 171 in the United States against 191 last year and 122 in Canada against 230 last year.

DR. SWALLOW'S FROST.

But a Small Audience Listened to His Remarks at Williams Grove.

Williams Grove, Pa., Sept. 2 .- The Twenty-fifth annual gathering of the state grangers came to a close at this place today. the week has been the largest in the history of the organization, the management estimating the total number of people present at 75,000.

Temperance was the theme of the orators today, the day having been set apart for prohibition. Rev. S. C. Swallow was the principal speaker at the afternoon gathering. He deviated from his topic at one point to touch on Quayism but in the main confined his remarks to the cause of prohibition. But a small audience heard him there being present on the ground less than 5,000 people and in the auditorium hardly one tenth of that number

The Strike at Hazleton

Hazleton, Sept. 2.—This afternoon some of the engineers at the Coloraine colliery went out on strike, claiming that since the pump runners joined the strike and quit work they have been obliged to took after the pumps and also their own work. No further conferences have been held by the striking miners with the comany officials and the men are still as de termined to hold out as they were yesterday.

Kentucky Feud Settled.

Harrisburg, Ky., Sept. 2.--William Mor-gan, a brother-in-law of Colonel Jack Chinn, the well known blue grass turfman, was shot twice in the breast and stabled in the abdomen once by James Moberty this morning. Morgan dies shortly after. There had been an old grudge between the two men, which culminated in a personal encounter.

Rev. Thos. Heywood Dies.

New York, Sept. 2.-Rev. Thomas Hey wood, formerly well known in temper health has received a telegram from inspector Grant stating that yellow fever
has appeared at Taylor station. No
statement of the number of cases was

and the specific form of the number of cases was

and the specific form of the number of cases was

English audience.

and the specific form of the number of cases was

English audience.

and the specific form of the number of cases was

English audience. ance work in Great Britain, died at his home in Elizabeth, N. J., today, aged '6

FURLOUGHS FROM CAMP WIKOFF

MICHIGAN VOLUNTEERS ARE HOMEWARD BOUND.

Governor Pingree's Son is in Charge of the Train Which Is Made Up of Pullman Coaches-General Shafter Is Becoming Familiar With Affairs at the Camp-The Rough Riders to Be Mustered Out.

Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I. Sept. 2.—The Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Michigan Volunteers left camp homeward bound on a sixty today days' furlough. They will travel by the West Shore line. The trains carrying the Michigan volunteers had been arranged for by Governor Pingree. They are made up of Pullman coaches for both the sick and the well men. The governor's son, H. S. Pin-gree, is in charge, and with him are the sixteen volunteer nurses that came from Detroit on Wednesday to care for the invalids. In the Thirtythird are 80 sick men and in the Thirty-fourth 40. A few men not fit to travel are left in the general hospital. Colonel Roosevelt is pushing the mustering out of the First cavalry (Rough Riders) who will leave for their homes in different parts of the coun-

try within the next few days. It is expected that when the president and Secretary Alger come here ing home many more of the volunteer troops.

General Shafter is familiarizing himself with the condition of affairs in Camp Wikoff. He has had consultations with Generals Wheeler, Young and Ames. The last named has been carefully looking into the affairs of the camp at General Wheeler's sugcompany's weekly review of trade will gestion and advised General Shafter as to the condition of the hospitals,

the methods of caring for the sick The special train having on board the presidential party will arrive during the forenoon. There will be no formal parade or review of the troops. When the president arrives a salute will be tired in his honor, in accordance with the president's desire not much dis-

TRANSPORTS ARRIVE.

Four transports arrived here during the night. The Orizaba, Berkshire, City of Washington and the Nuces. Nuces brought 385 men of the Twenty-ninth regiment infantry and a detachment of the First Illinois, There were twenty-six sick men on board. prove the largest ever harvested. The Berkshire brought 348 convalescents from various commands, chiefly of the regular army. Three died on have been 3,326,878 bushels as against the voyage from Santiago. One hundred and seventy-five of the convalescents are still on the sick list. The receipts at the west are increasing dead were buried at sea. The Orizaba brought paymasters and clerks, twenspot, though the September option ty-four altogether, and \$1,000,000 cash is seven-eighths lower for the week. in the treasure chest. The City of Corn has fallen a fraction, later re- Washington brought Colonel Humphports indicating a less satisfactory rey, quartermaster U. S. A., and clerk, yield, and probably not more should two servants and three horses. None were sick.

THE DEATH LIST.

There were ten deaths in the general hospital today and eight deaths in the detention hospital. The deaths included four Michigan soldiers, three Illinois men, one New York, one Massachusetts, six from the regular army and one, Edwin Eugene Casey, of the Rough Riders.

At the general hospital there are 1,276 sick; at the division hospital 250. One hundred men were furloughed to-

CRUISERS ABANDONED.

St. Paul and St. Louis Turned Over

to International Navigation Co. Philadelphia, Sept. 2.-The auxiliary cruisers St. Paul and St. Louis today arrived at Cramps' ship yard and were returned to the International Navigation company by the government. There were no ceremonies attendant upon the transfer beyond the hauling down of the American flag and the raising of the ensign of the International Navigation company.

The officials of the company were notified that the Harvard and Yale, ow in New York, formerly named the New York and Paris, would also be turned over today to the company.

WILL DITCH THE TRAIN.

The attendance during Threats Made by Union Miners Against New Men.

Pana, Il., Sept. 2.-State President Hunter, of the United Mine Workers association of Illinois, returned today from the south where he had gone for the purpose of preventing any more negro miners coming north to work during the present strike. He was unsuccessful, for another train load of colored miners is expected at Pana. The union miners say they will ditch the train.

Franklin Weld Drowned.

Boston, Sept. 2.-A private dispatch from St. Johns, N. B., says that a man irowned near there early in the week while boating, and who was supposed to be Frank T. Allen, of New York city, was not Allen but Franklin Weld, a formerly well known resident of New York and president of a number of western railroads.

Hon. Thomas Bayard Ill.

Dedham, Mass., Sept. 2.-Hon. Thomas F. Bayard had a relapse late last night and a consultation of physicians held, after which Mr. Bayard's physicians remained with him until morning. A second consultation was held today and it was reported that Mr. Bayard was auch better but he was very ill.

winnie Davis Very Ill.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., Sept. 2.-Miss

Winnie Davis, the daughter of Jefferson

Davis, who is ill of gastritis here, experienced a change for the worse today Her condition is now considered critical.

Sick at Santiago. Washington, Sept. 2.—The following is General Lawton's report of health con-

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today:

Fair; Southwesterly Winds. General-General Wheeler's Reply to Criticisms of the War Departme Camp Wickoff Soldiers on Furtough, Cabinet Crisis Imminent at Madrid.

- Excitement in France. General-Cuban Relief Work.
- Financial and Commercial Local-Religious News of the Week,
- Sunday School Lesson for Tomorrow Editorial.
- Comment of the Press Local-Social and Personal.
- Local-Equity Suit Over the Handle Estate Proper Man in the Proper Place Local-Colonel Boles' Visit to Mon-
- tauk Point Camp. Burial of Two Soldiers. Local-West Scranton and Suburban
- News Round About Scranten. General-T. P. Ryder Dies of Typhoid

BICYCLE RACES.

Nearly 4,000 People Attend the Events of the National Circuit at Wilkes-Barre

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Sept. 2 .- Nearly ,000 people attended the National Cir- likely to follow immediately on the cuit bicycle races here today. The weather was delightful, but a trifle warm for some of the riders. Many of tomorrow orders will be issued send- the professionals were in bad condition, owing to an accident which befell them at Mahanoy City yesterday. Bald was unable to ride. The only mishap of the afternoon was an accident that befell James Atherton, amateur, of this city, He collided with two other riders in the one mile race and broke his collar

bone, Summaries: One mile, Luzerne county championship -Chie Coleman, Pittsten, first; W. I. Croughn, Wilkes-Barre, second; Ray Hu bler, Pittston, third. Time, 2.18 4-5. One-half mile, national championship, three preliminary heats-First heat-Earl Kiser, first; L. D. Cabanne, second. That 1.03 4-5. Second heat-William Martin, first; Tom Cooper, second. Time, 1.04. Third heat-O. L. Stevens, first; Arthu Gardiner, second, Time, L.6512. As this was the slowest heat, Gardiner did not qualify for itrals, Final heat-O. L. Stev-eus, first; Earl Kiser, recond, William Martin, third; Tom Cooper, fourth, Time,

One mile open, amateur-First heat-Chie, Coleman, Pittston, first; Charles Harry, Berwick, second; C. W. Kriex, Sinking Springs, third. Time, 2.2119, Sev. ond heat-J. P. Rogers, Philadelphia, first;; J. J. Dukelow, Rochester, second; P. J. Vancott, New York, third, Time,

Final heat-C. W. Krick, first; Chic.

Coleman, second; J. P. Rogers, third.

Time, 2.18.

One mile invitation-Riders, Cabann and Kimble, Gardiner and Kiser, Caaper and Stevens. The three to win their heats were Kimble, Gardiner and Stevens Final heat won by Gardiner; Stevens, second; Kimble, third. Time, 2.00 4-5. Five-mile handicap, amateur-Won by

C. W. Krick, Sinking Springs, Pa. (scratch); F. P. Gstalder, Williamsoort, (75 yards), second; W. F. McMichael, Ber-wick (50 yards), third; Charles Kuebler Wilkes-Barre (30 yards), fourth, Time

Two-mile handicap, professional-Won by Arthur Gardiner (scratch); Robert Waltham, Atlanta (40 yards), second; W. E. Becker, Minneapolis (40 yards), third; Edward Walsh, Sheepshend Bay (100 yards), fourth; Earl Kiser, Dayton, O. (s0 yards), fifth. Time, 4.14 2-5, a world's

record. -half mile open, amateur-First heat -C. W. Krick, first; H. C. Jewell, Blooms-burg, second; F. P. Gstalder, Williams-port, third. Time, 1.66. Second heat-Charles Harry, Berwick, first; J. P. Rog-ers, Philadelphia, second, J. J. Dukelow, Rochester, third. Final heat—Won by Charles Harry, Berwick; Rogers, second Krick, third. 'Time, 1.05 4-5. One-half mile, state championship

Won by J. P. Regers, Philadelphia; Chas. Harry, Berwick, second; C. W. Krick, Sinking Springs, third. Time, 1,65 2-5,

L. A. W. BULLETIN. Suspensions That Will Expire-New Names on the List.

Baltimore Sept 2-The bulletin is sued today by Albert Mott, chairman of the racing board of the L. A. W. contains the following: The suspensions of George Harry and

George M. Sarley, Berwick, will expire

Sept. 4, 1898. Robert Tate, Philadelphia; J. Stevens and Knights of Pythias, Philadelphia; James L. Lowry, and Knights of the Maccabees, Sharpsburg, Pa., are placed upon the list of those to whom all sanctions will be refused for failing to file programme and report of race

The Business Men's association, Alentown, Pa., is suspended from the sanction privilege for promoting unsanctioned racing after warning. James B. De Mun, Wilkes-Barre, Pa s suspended to Sept. 15, 1898, for fail-

ure to ride. GRAND CIRCUIT RACES.

Readville, Mass., Sept. 2.—At the grand circuit meet at the Readville track today iwo races were run off in fine style, with a couple of heats in the third race to end the racing, the event going over until to morrow. The 2.25 pace required five heats. The Swift took the first heat and Exploit took the second. Then Lady of the Manor and finished first in the nex three heats. Best time (second heat),

The Abbott took the 2.68 trial is straight heats, Centucky Union second Best time (first heat), 2.6814. In the 2.12 trot Jasper Ayers took the two heats trotted and the race then went over till tomorrow.

Joe Patchen, driven by his owner,
C. W. Marks, made a mile in 2.02 flat,

beating his record for amateur time of 2.08%, also made by Mr. Marks.

Express Companies Will Pay. Chicago, Sept. 2.-At a special confer nce today of the representatives of the dministration of the American and Unit States Express companies, it was de cided that the companies would from this date bear the expense of the war instead of requiring the public to stamp consign-

ments.

breaking his right arm.

Accident to General Young.

Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, Sept. 2.—
General Young while walking down the road near the railroad depot this afternoon tripped on a piece of wire and fell, listend at night.

SITUATION AT MADRID

Several Deputies Believe That a Cabinet Crisis Is Imminent.

NEW MINISTRY DISCUSSED

The Lower Classes are Deeply and Perhaps Dangerously Impressed by the Ghastly Appearance of the Returned Spanish Soldiers from Santiago de Cuba-Catalonia Protests Against Continuance of Special War Tax.

Madrid, Sept. 2.- Several members of the Chamber of Deputies expressed a strong belief that a cabinet crisis is meeting of the Cortes.

The probable composition of the new Conservative ministry is being dis-

London, Sept. 2.-The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "The lower classes are deeply and perhaps dangerously impressed by the ghastly appearance of the repatriated soldiers from Santiago de Cuba.

"All Catalonia protests against the continuance of the special war taxes and insists on their immediate repeal, threatening to close all the factories if the demand is not complied with." SPAIN WANTS HER SOLDIERS.

Washington, Sept. 2.-Having arranged for the release and return to Spain of the Spanish sailors captured after the destruction of Cervera's fleet, the Spanish government is now seeking to secure the release of the Spanish soldiers who are still held captive in this country. There are a few of these confined at Fort McPherson and our government is very willing to be rid of them.

Since the United States has consented to release the sailors upon the sole condition that the Spanish government shall transport them home, M. Thiebaut, acting in the interest of the Spanish government, has just made application to the state department for similar treatment in the case of the Spanish soldiers. The request is now

be granted. THEY MADE A SELECTION.

Name of Next Presiding Elder of This District Not Announced.

Special to the Scranton Tribune Binghamton, N. Y. Sept. 2 .- For the purpose of recommending a successor to the late Rev. Dr. J. G. Eckman, of Scranton presiding elder of the Wyom-district of the Wyoming Methodist Episcopal conference, five presiding elders of the conference, met in this city today. They selected one of five candidates but all efforts to ascertain his

identity were unavailing. The presiding elders in session were: Rev. Dr. L. C. Floyd, of the Binghamton district. Rev. C. H. Hayes, of the Chenango district; Rev. Thorpe, of the Honesdale district; Rev. Austin Griffin, of the Oneonta district, and Rev. George Forsyth, of

the Owego district. The five candidates were: Rev. Dr. A. J. Van Cleft, of Dunmore: Rev. Dr. Manley S. Hard, of Wyoming; Rev. Stephen Jay, of Ashley; Rev. Wilson Treible, of Wyoming, and Rev. E. B. Olmstead, of Binghamton.

Efforts to ascertain the result elicited

only the information that an agreement had been reached, that the recommendation would be made to Bishon Mallileau, of Boston, and that the identity of the successful candidate could be made known only by the bishop. Your correspondent is assured that the result has not been told to even the candidates. The fact that Bishop Mallileau is acting in the absence of Bishop Fowler and that the latter is expected to

Otherwise the report would have been held pending the return of Bishop Fow-

soon return from Europe indicates that

confirmation of the presiding elders'

choice is to be made known at once.

YE EDITORS TRAVEL. Delegates to Press Convention Are

Given the Freedom of Omaha. Omaha, Sept. 2.-Eleven Pullman cars carrying the eastern and southern delegates to the convention of the National Press association, which meets at Denver next week, were switched on the Missouri Pacific's tracks near the exposition grounds this afternoon. They carried 400 people, consisting exclusively of editors and their wives, who will spend the remainder of the week in seeing the Trans-Mississippi show. The visitors were received at the press building and provided with

remain in their special cars during their stay and will leave for Denver at 9.30 Sunday morning. *********

WEATHER FORECAST.

passes and other courtesies. They will

New York, Sept. 3 .- (Herald's forecast)—In the middle states and New England, today, warm but less sultry weather and fresh southwesterly and westerly winds will prevail with local thunder