

GAIL BORDEN EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK HAS NO EQUAL AS AN INFANT FOOD

CARBONDALE.

[The Carbondale correspondence of The Tribune has been placed in the hands of Mr. C. R. Munn, Salem avenue and Church street, to whom news items may be addressed. All complaints as to irregular delivery, etc., should be made to Roberts & Reynolds, news agents.]

M. D. ROWLSON DIES.

Succumbed Yesterday at Four O'clock After Long Illness.

Malcolm D. Rowlson died yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock after an illness of many months. Aortic aneurism was the cause of his death. The dilation of the aorta commenced two years ago but it was not until about four months ago that it had progressed sufficiently to be apparent. Since then the patient's suffering has been terrible. His wind pipe was crowded several inches to one side and breathing became most difficult. His heart grew weaker and weaker under the strain until exhaustion caused the final collapse.

BEST NOT TOO GOOD.

Water Furnished the Hospital Cannot Be Used.

Through the kindness of the Hendrick manufacturing company the hospital has been furnished with distilled water for some time past. This is because the usual supply of the institution is not fit to take into the system. I saw less than a pint of it in a bottle two inches in diameter from which a half inch of sediment had been precipitated.

MORE CASH.

Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Total \$250.25

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Millen, of New York City, arrived in Carbondale on Saturday night and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dyer, of Salem street. Mr. Millen is superintendent of the Metropolitan street car lines. They were accompanied by their son and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. George Miller, who are visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. George Williams, of Carbondale. The Junior Mrs. Millen was Miss Ella Hubbard, of this city, and her many friends will be pained to learn that for the past five months she has been suffering from a malady which deprives her of the power to walk. It is hoped she may soon be able to leave this invalid's chair. Mrs. Millen was formerly solo prano soloist of the Berean Baptist choir.

TAYLOR NEWS.

Reds Add Another to the String.

Knights of Malta Lodge Instituted. The Reds added another victory to their string by defeating the Old Forge association team on the school house park on Saturday afternoon in an interesting and well played game. The game was interesting from the start to the finish. Hayes handled the sphere for the home team and had the association team on the school house park on Saturday afternoon in an interesting and well played game.

On Saturday evening the Invincible Commandery, No. 252, Knights of Malta, was instituted at 8:30 o'clock by grand recorder George H. Pierce, of Philadelphia. The ceremonies took place in Reese's hall. The convocation was opened in due and ancient form by the following officers: Grand Commander, Sir George H. Pierce, Grand General, Sir F. H. Young, Grand Captain General, Sir O. A. Beemer, Grand Prelate, Sir C. O. Swartz, Grand Recorder, Sir E. F. Bone, Grand Treasurer, Sir W. S. Bartlett, Grand Senior Warden, Sir Samuel Costlett, Grand Junior Warden, Sir H. J. Henwood, Grand Standard Bearer, Sir J. H. Brack, Grand Sword Bearer, Sir W. H. Schleing, Grand Warden, Sir Louis Schroeder, Grand Sentinel, Sir Evan R. Jones, Grand 1st Guard, Sir William Schuman, Grand 2nd Guard, Sir Ira Mitchell, 1st charter members were received. The Knights of Malta and Black degrees were conferred in full form by a degree staff from Anthracite Commandery, No. 211, under command of Sir O. S. Ridgway, P. C., and Sir W. S. Bartlett, P. C.

After instituting the command the following officers were installed: Sir Knight Commander, Sir Enoch Williams; Generalissimo, Sir Thomas Francis; Captain General, Sir James Thomas; Prelate, Sir Richard Roberts; Recorder, Sir Tully T. Jones; Assistant Recorder, Sir David Francis; Treasurer, Sir Thomas Haddock; Senior Warden, Sir David Owens; Standard Bearer, Sir William Thomas; Sword Bearer, Sir Howard Stevens; Warden, Sir John Selven; Sentinel, Sir James Palmer; 1st Guard, Sir Thomas J. Hughes; 2nd Guard, Sir Reese Williams. A short business convocation was then held, at which it was determined to meet on Friday evenings at Reese's hall Main street, at 7:30 o'clock. The honors of past commander, as organizer and visiting lodge partner of Sir Griffith's and a past commander's jewel was presented to him by the new command, the presentation address was delivered by Sir George H. Pierce, G. R., who afterwards exemplified the secret work. This is the eighth commandery to be stationed in Lackawanna county within three years and makes the present membership of the order in this county over sixteen hundred. Lowell Commandery, No. 251, will be stationed at Lowell, Mass., on August 15. Three new commanderies will be stationed within the next sixty days two in Massachusetts and one in Minnesota. Anthracite commandery No. 211, will receive a class of about one hundred in their new Malta Temple, 211 Electric City Commandery, No. 136, will receive a large class at Masonic hall in October. The growth of the order in the United States is phenomenal.

Between the ceremony an intermission was held of which all the members and visiting lodges partook of a sumptuous repast in Weber's rink. The installation of officers was held and other business continued. David Smith, of Hyde Park, was a Taylor visitor yesterday.

Quiet an interesting handicap quilt match was held at Parker's hotel on Union street Saturday afternoon. A large crowd witnessed the contests. Eleven names had entered for the start. Five of those eleven succeeded in pitching a tie on the first run.

Thomas Day, of Olyphant, was a visitor in this place yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. James Howells, of Providence, spent the Sabbath with friends in this place. The eight month old child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Grogan, of Main street, whose death occurred on Saturday, will be buried this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Services will be held at the German Lutheran church by Rev. A. Weber. Burial will be made in the Forest Home cemetery. The fair committee of the Welsh Congregational church will meet tomorrow evening in the church vestry. All members are requested to be present. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Casway, of Port Jervis, were the guests of friends in this place.

Mrs. Lucy Thomas, of Wilkes-Barre, was the guest of friends in this place. Mr. Robert Llewellyn is sojourning at Atlantic City. Mr. Harry C. Hood, of Plymouth, was a visitor of friends in this place yesterday.

Messrs. William and David Bennett, of Enyree, spent the Sabbath with friends in this place. The Episcopal Division, No. 67, of St. Temperance, will meet this evening in Van Horn's hall. Miss Ida Mayers, of Wilmans, is visiting friends in this place for the past few days.

Reese Charles, of Olyphant, was the guest of friends in this place yesterday. Everybody pronounces the new retaining wall above Sixth avenue bridge an excellent piece of masonry. Frank Derby and Henry Sharlock went to Elk Lake yesterday. They will spend a week there fishing. Miss Elizabeth Maxwell spent yesterday with her parents in Jersey. Clarence M. Rose is the proud possessor of a Columbia bicycle which he recently brought from New York. Miss Olga Herring entertained a

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

THE CAROLINE ISLANDS

Spain's Other Archipelago Which May Soon Be Ours.

New York Mail and Express. The Caroline Islands, over which the Stars and Stripes may soon wave, form a large archipelago 300 miles wide at the widest part and 1,500 miles long. They are also known as the Ladronez or Thieves Islands. They were discovered by Magellan in 1521 and were occupied by Spain in 1562. At the present time the term Caroline is applied to the group running east and west and Ladronez to a smaller group running roughly north and south. Some of the islands are of volcanic origin. Some of the islands are of the coral type, the leading rock being basalt, the rest being coral. Scientists are of the opinion that many, if not most, of the coral islands are the summits of a submerged mountain range. Under Spanish rule the natives were practically slaves, and the islands went from bad to worse.

They finally grew so poor that both the church and state withdrew their organizations and left the inhabitants to themselves. Yet the land is marvelously fertile, and under a wise and thoughtful administration could be made rich and happy. At the time of their discovery the native population was large, but what with cruelty, tyranny and their long train of consequences, their numbers are scarcely a tenth of what they used to be.

As early as 1852 American missionaries tried to civilize and Christianize these islands. They established settlements at Ponape and Kosale. Their efforts were very successful. The natives learned a little English, built better houses, wore more suitable clothing, and became more industrious than they had been under the ancient regime.

In 1888, thirty-two or thirty-three of the islands were practically Christianized, and had schools and churches under the direction of American missionaries. The last available report shows that ten years ago there were no less than forty-seven churches in the archipelago, with 4,500 members.

Spain, to whom the pope had awarded the islands in 1852, sent a man-of-war there in 1887, carrying 500 soldiers, and, old to relate, convicts, and took actual possession of the territory. They arrested the leading American clergyman, who had been there for thirty years; they destroyed the mission schools, confiscated the land ceded to the missions, and deported the missionaries.

In 1890 the natives, unable to stifle any longer their indignation, rose up and slew many of the soldiers and convicts. In September of that year the Spaniards sent a gunboat and 500 soldiers from Manila, which put an end to all missionary work and to a large number of Christian natives at the same time.

The native churches kept up a quasi-organization, but they are liable to be suppressed at any moment by the Spanish authorities and their preachers, deacons, teachers, and leading members arrested, fined, imprisoned, or shot. In the past eight years Spain has done nothing to improve the islands or the condition of the people. It has extorted what little money it could from the poor inhabitants, and through its soldiers has introduced much immorality and vice.

The natives are Polynesian—nearer to the Malay than to the Hawaiian type. They are brown and dark brown in color, well built, muscular and vigorous. Some of the young men are quite handsome, and many of the young women graceful, attractive and even pretty. They are very docile, kindly, and affectionate, and under proper auspices make model citizens in every respect.

The seat of government is at Agaña, situated on a narrow arm of the sea or river called Apra. Here there is a governor's house, a military hospital, an arsenal barracks, prison, court-house, and other public edifices. There is also a college for boys and a girls' school.

In the seven largest towns the Spanish state and church together maintain four boys' schools, five girls' schools and nine mixed schools, under the direction of twenty male and six female teachers. The entire number of students is nominally 300, and actually about eighty, few of the teachers having been paid their salaries and no exertion being made to secure attendance by the little ones.

How the islands are used for political purposes by Spain can be seen in the Spanish blue book. For the East Carolines there is a lieutenant colonel, with a full staff, and for the West Carolines there is another lieutenant colonel with a full staff, then for the Ladronez there is a third lieutenant colonel and staff.

There is a provincial administrator at each place, a judge, a commissioner and ten or fifteen smaller officials. The Spanish record gives some curious details in regard to these islands. During the first century of Spanish rule the natives, according to the chroniclers, became possessed by a devil of insubordination and riot. They persisted in carrying weapons, although they were severely flogged and afterward shot for their offenses. Native women refused to marry, and native mothers threw their children into the sea in order, says the Castilian historian, to diminish the poll tax, and also to secure happiness in the hereafter. These disorders displeased heaven because they had lasted a long time and baffled the government. Providence sent a great pestilence, which killed off nearly all of the riotous spirits in the islands. During 100 years the Spanish government was never able to collect any direct taxes, and not even today, when all the ingenious modes of indirect taxation have the receipts been equal to one-half the expenditures. The other half is defrayed from the taxes levied in the Philippines.

REGIMENT RAISED BY KISSES.

Story of Jean, Duchess of Gordon, and the Gordon Highlanders. Hon. Mrs. Armytage, in the Pall Mall Magazine, writes: The somewhat romantic interest in this beautiful and romantic woman (Jean, Duchess of Gordon) has been lately revived, when the brave deeds of the Gordon Highlanders have been so conspicuously brought before the notice of the public; for it was entirely owing to the duchess of Gordon's loyal activity that this regiment was originally raised in Aberdeen. The writer (as one of her great-grandchildren) may perhaps be pardoned for the feeling of pride in being permitted to recall many of the personal incidents and traditions surrounding these first recruits for this most popular regiment, which now bears upon its colors the historic names of almost every battlefield where British troops have fought and conquered. Married to Alexander, duke of Gordon, in 1767, Duchess Jean fairly took London by storm, and at once became one of the great leaders in society. Her reputation for wit and energy was almost proverbial, and had been well established during the first twenty years of her married life; so it was not surprising that the first rumors of a possible French invasion quickly reached the duchess, and were apparently discussed in royal circles, for it is said that when the prince regent spoke of the imperative necessity of increasing very largely the number of his majesty's forces, the duchess joined in the discussion, and made a wager with the prince regent that she would raise a regiment before his royal highness, though she did not disclose the special manner in which she proposed to gain the victory.

JONAS LONG'S SONS.

THE GREAT STORE.

SCRANTON, PA.

JONAS LONG'S SONS.

Another Triumphant Monday and Tuesday With Honest Bargains To Attract the Crowd.

money back---freely---if you are not satisfied with what you buy. Everything marked in plain figures---and at lower figures than any other house in the State.

Bargains in Linens.

- 25 doz extra good quality linen Huck Towels, to go at, each... 10c
Superior quality linen Huck Towels, extra large size and all linen, to go at... 12 1/2c
Good quality turkey red Table Damask, to go at, yd... 12 1/2c
Very fine quality turkey red Table Damask, to go at... 19c
Pretty patterns in cream white Table Damask, also full bleached, yd... 25c

These Table Linens will be found extraordinary value and worthy of your attention. All linen fringed Doylies, to go at, each... 4 1/2c
Bureau Scarfs, 18x7 1/2 in. to go at... 45c

Notions.

- 2 spools of Clark's O. N. T. Crochet Cotton---200 yd spools, to go on Monday for... 5c
2 dozen card of Hump Hooks and Eyes, Monday... 3c
12 papers of adamantine Pins, Monday for... 9c

A Glove Chance.

200 pairs of women's fine washable Chamois Gloves, sizes 5 1/4, 6, 6 1/2 and 7, always sold for 98c, to go on Monday at... 63c

A Boon for Babies

Bradley's Violet Talcum Powder, regular price 25c. Monday only... 15c

Fibre Lunch Boxes

Large in size, made strong with heavy leather strap handle, worth 15c, to go at... 9c

Umbrella Bargains.

About 60 of them in the lot---Gloria Silk of fine quality, solid steel frames, close roll, natural wood handles, silver mounted. Never sold under 1.48. To go at... 1.23

Cottons and Sheetings.

- Full yd wide and good quality unbleached Muslin, yd... 3c
A still better quality of unbleached, 36-inch, for... 4c
36-inch fine Cambric, per yard... 6 1/2c
36-inch Lonsdale Cambric, per yard... 9c

Wash Goods and White Goods.

- All our fine Printed Lawns, in a great variety of handsome patterns, worth 10c and 12 1/2c yard, to go at, yard... 5c
Handsome new patterns in dark Calicoes, worth 7c yard, for... 5c
Fine quality of white India Linen, worth 8c yard, for... 5c
Exquisite patterns in Seaside Suitings, worth 15c yard, for... 9c
All of our finest Dress Gingham that have sold all season from 12 1/2c to 10c yard, to go Monday at... 10c
Superior quality of 40-inch white India Linen, worth 15c yard, for... 10c
Extra super quality of Nainsooks, in exquisite designs of white checks and stripes, worth 15c yard, for... 10c
All of our fine imported Organdies in delicate and original patterns that have sold from 15c to 38c yard, now... 10c

The following Specials On Sale Tuesday Only.

Not on Monday---so do not expect them. But it will pay you many times over to come for them Tuesday.

- Two spools of first quality Sewing Silk, any color for... 3c
Large spool of extra strong Basting Cotton for... 1c
Best Kid Cambric Dress Lining in all colors, per yard... 2 1/2c
Linen Table Napkins (manufacturer's samples) each... 9c
Fleeced Wrapper Cloth, fine quality, worth 8c yard, for... 8c
Women's and men's fine quality, fast black, seamless hose that is worth 12 1/2c pair, to go for... 8c
Women's fine quality white ribbed vests, with taped neck and arms, positively worth 10c, for 7c---4 for... 25c
Very fine quality of Crest Embossed Initial Stationery; 24 sheets of paper and 24 envelopes in each box; positively worth 65c, yours Tuesday for... 8c
Superior quality of double distilled Witch Hazel, in 1/2 pint bottles, worth 15c, to go for... 5c
500 paper Novels, by Laura Jean Libbey, Charlotte M. Braeme and Charles Service, to go for... 14c
10 quart Bread Raisers, heavy tin, were 39c, Tuesday... 8c
Heavy zinc Wash Boards, were 19c, Tuesday... 1.59
Your choice of Lawn Mowers, were 2.00, Tuesday... 1.59
800 pieces of Enamel ware, including dippers, cups, ladles, spoons, strainers, etc., was 10c, Tuesday only... 5c
Van Camp's Catsup, large size, was 25c---Tuesday... 9c
Full Cream Cheese, very fine---Tuesday, per pound... 35c
The finest grade of English Breakfast Tea, put up in one pound baskets that ordinarily sell for 75c---Tuesday... 35c

Bargains in Flannels.

- New Domet Shaker Flannel, yard... 5c
New Outing Flannel, 7 1/2c
Special. We have just opened a line of new and beautiful French Flannels, in light and dark colors, consisting of stripes, polka dots and fancy patterns. We offer them for this week only at the remarkably low price of 45c yard which is considerably less than they can be bought for later in the season.

House Furnishings.

- Your choice of Salt and Pepper Shakers for... 1c
Clothes Pins, per dozen... 1c
Japanned Spice boxes, worth 10c, for... 3c
Good heavy wood step ladders, all sizes, per foot... 10c
A good 3-thread Broom for... 5c
Asbestos Stove Mats, that were 4c, now... 1c

Still offering you the best bargains that spot cash can buy. And none has been greater than those appended here. We back our reputation of many years' standing on every article---promising you more for the money than you'll get elsewhere. Your

Furniture Bargains.

This cut illustrates a chair that will ornament many a home after Monday. It comes in richly polished oak or with handsome mahogany finish. Your choice of either leather or wood seat. Positively worth 3.75. Mon-Tuesday or Tuesday... 2.98



ished oak or with handsome mahogany finish. Your choice of either leather or wood seat. Positively worth 3.75. Mon-Tuesday or Tuesday... 2.98

Iron Beds.

Here's a chance at a good one---white enameled, with brass knobs, heavy filled and the equal of any 3.98 bed in the city. Here for... 2.98



heavy filled and the equal of any 3.98 bed in the city. Here for... 2.98

Shoe Bargains.

Men's 1.50 Mining Shoes; Misses Dongola kid button and lace Shoes; Children's tan goat and Russia calf lace shoes. worth up to 1.50... 98c

Women's Vici Kid button and lace shoes, all styles of toe, extension soles; also men's Casco calf lace and congress shoes, all styles, worth 1.75 pair, to go at... 1.27

Women's finest tan Vici Kid button and lace shoes, widths A to E, were 3.50 and 4.00; also men's 3.50 and 3.00 tan shoes, hand-welt, not many pairs left. Take your choice for... 2.29

Women's extra fine black Vici Kid button and lace shoes, made on the new opera, London, square, common sense and English toes, both kid and patent leather tips; sold at 3.00 and 2.50, to go 1.98 at... 1.98

Cloth Books.

1,000 of them, handsomely bound in linen cloth---over 300 titles to choose from. Positively worth 50c volume. Your choice for... 19c

JONAS LONG'S SONS

reputation for wit and energy was almost proverbial, and had been well established during the first twenty years of her married life; so it was not surprising that the first rumors of a possible French invasion quickly reached the duchess, and were apparently discussed in royal circles, for it is said that when the prince regent spoke of the imperative necessity of increasing very largely the number of his majesty's forces, the duchess joined in the discussion, and made a wager with the prince regent that she would raise a regiment before his royal highness, though she did not disclose the special manner in which she proposed to gain the victory. At this time the duchess must have been over 40 years of age, and apparently still as irresistibly charming as in the earlier days of her life; while most certainly her energy was unabated, as in this very year the gossiping diaries of Miss Berry relate that this lady spent sixteen hours out of the twenty-four in a constant round of amusement; relating that upon one day just then, "she had begun by attending Handel's music at Westminster Abbey, then to Hastings' trial, a dinner and a play, Lady Lucan's assembly Ranelagh, and Mrs. Hobart's 'farse,' and herself gave a ball in the evening before that morning in which she must have got a good way, before setting out for Scotland." Probably that ball was the occasion on which the bet was made, as by her own letters the prince regent and his brothers, the dukes of York and Sussex, were frequent guests at her house. But we must picture the duchess and her son, Lord Huntley, a fine-looking young man of 24 years old, starting off on their long journey to Scotland in the spring of the year 1794; and we know that an official sanction was sent to the duke of Gordon to raise a regiment for the king's service, and was dated February 10, 1794. Lord Huntley, by her side, no doubt spoke eloquently of the glory of a soldier's life, and his mother urged each stalwart Highlander to accept the king's shilling with her sweet smiles and winning ways; and when at last all other persuasions failed, tradition, well founded on fact, tells that just a kiss from the beautiful duchess completed the conquest; so no doubt all her charms had outlived her youthful days, for the authorities at the war office in London were very quickly informed that the regiment was complete and a thousand strong.

From Hand to Mouth. "From hand to mouth," he said. As he kissed her finger tips, and from them was quickly led. To repeat it on her lips. "And now they're one, you see. They were married, he and she. 'Twas but a year ago. And now they're one, you see. Though which one I don't know! They live 'from hand to mouth.' --Chicago News