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Don't buy till you see the magnificent display of new goods that will be ready for you here next Monday.

First Annual August Sale Of Fine Shoes

then. You will see wonderful values on proper

Men's and Women's Shoes

Two mistakes. You profit by both. Ours in the men's, too many of our \$4 and \$5 lines. Dressy footwear. Particular men buy these. But we are righting quantities for stock day. Clipping prices to do it. So

\$4 and \$5 Men's Shoes at \$2.98

Russia and Willow calf, hand-sewed with fine heels, ultra and modified ball dog shapes, easy French and straight London toes, full of shoe goodness and style.

SCHANK & SPENCER

410 Spruce St.



The Wilkes-Barre Record can be had in Scranton at the news stands of M. Reinhardt, 119 Wyoming avenue; Mac, Lackawanna avenue.

CITY NOTES.

Cards of thanks, resolutions of condolence, obituary poetry and the like will be inserted in The Tribune only when paid for in advance, at the rate of 10 cents per line.

The Lawrence band will give an open air concert at the Hotel Terrace this evening.

Rev. Dr. Levi Bird yesterday began a week's stumping tour in the interest of Dr. Swallow's candidacy.

City Clerk Lavelle has awarded the contract for printing 200 leather-bound copies of the 1898 city manual to the Superior Printing Co.

The Equal Suffrage society of Lackawanna county, met last evening at the home of Mrs. Irene Walter, 605 Washington avenue. "The Federal Executive" was the subject discussed.

The bicycle offered as a door prize by the John Boyle O'Reilly club, Young Men's Institute, at their picnic held at Laurel Hill park August 6 was won by Miss No. 79, held by William Dunn, of 1165 Wyoming avenue.

Attorneys Vosburg & Dawson have appealed the suit of Gibbons & Nolan against Ellen Moran to the Superior court, and have filed a bond of \$2,000 in Prothonotary Copeland's office with Ellen Moran and John L. Moran as sureties.

No payments were made yesterday in the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western company to employees. The car shop employees will be paid today. The Delaware and Hudson employees will be paid today. The Delaware and Hudson employees will be paid today.

White Oak and Jermyn mines at Jermyn, John Smith, of McKeesport, was held in \$200 bail by Alderman Kannon yesterday to answer in court the charge of keeping a disorderly house.

Jerkwood was the complainant against her. Richard Holgate became the defendant's bondsman.

Marriage licenses were granted yesterday by Clerk of the Courts, Daniel C. Limacandro Di Pietro and Rosaria Cipriano, of Dunmore; Charles Avery Davis and Ida M. Wood, of Mifflin; George Edward Merritt and Mary Edith Shultz, of Jermyn; August Miller, of 315 Willow street, and Augusta Hermeman, of 122 Willow street.

An appeal to the Superior court was yesterday taken by Attorney Vosburg & Dawson, and O'Brien & Kelly, representing the plaintiffs in the case of Gibbons and Nolan versus Ellen Moran and John E. Moran. This is a case tried before Judge Simonton, and one of the points at issue was the sufficiency of the description in the lien at the trial the court reserved this question, but subsequently allowed the lien to stand.

TODAY AT LAUREL HILL.

Letter Carriers Will Picnic at This Popular Resort.

Today is the acceptable time for the mail carriers and with their friends at Laurel Hill park they will mingle as members of one grand confraternity. The picnic of the Scranton branch will be held amid the sylvan precincts of this nearby suburban retreat.

That a large number will attend is certain, as the circumstances are most congenial for a good gathering. The carriers will show themselves to be the princes of entertainers, and from present indications a neat sum will be realized on the affair. This afternoon a hand concert will be given at the park by Bauer's superb band. The funds to be derived from the event will assist the Scranton delegation in bringing the 1899 national carriers' convention to this city.

South Side Sewer.

Work will probably be started today on the sewer system on "the flats," South Side. The sewers will be laid by Contractors Donahoe & O'Boyle on portions of Wyoming avenue and Water, Elm, Maple, Birch and Beech streets, Kellerman court and Scott place.

DIED.

THIRLWALL.—In Scranton, Aug. 7, 1898. Reobling, the young son of George F. Thirlwall, 429 Thirteenth street. Funeral private.

NEWCOMB.—In Scranton, Aug. 6, 1898. Mrs. Ann Newcomb, widow of the late James Newcomb, at her home on Catbush street. Funeral announcement later.

SHIPPERS HAVE REDRESS BY LAW

IF MADE TO PAY THE STAMP TAX ON RECEIPTS.

But the Legal Remedy is Via Common Law and Statute and Not Through the War or Internal Revenue Laws—That is the Opinion of Commissioner Scott—Number of Other Official Rulings Which Will Be Found to Apply to Cases in This Region.

Not much comfort is allowed to shippers in a recent ruling by N. B. Scott, commissioner of internal revenue. A copy of the ruling has been received in this city by Collector Penman. It directs common carriers to pay the stamp tax but affords the shipper vague redress if he is forced to bear the expense.

All common carriers, so designated by common law or statute, must provide the shipper with a stamped bill of lading or receipt. This is imperative and the burden of paying the tax falls upon the carrier. But, should the carrier refuse to take goods or make any shipment unless the shipper pays the tax, no redress is provided, either in the war revenue or internal redress law. They must seek redress by process of common law or statute which provides for the duties of carriers toward shippers.

Regarding the stamping of telegrams and sleeping car tickets, explicit instructions are given to collectors and internal revenue agents. They shall confine themselves in their examination of the telegram and sleeping car companies' files, to merely ascertain whether the law has been complied with. The purpose is to avoid unnecessary probing into private acts of said companies.

HOW TO CANCEL. Directions are given concerning the cancellation of documentary and proprietary internal revenue stamps. In any and all cases stamps must be cancelled, either by writing the initials of the person so doing across the face of the stamp, and also marking month, day and year thereon, or by using an inkling stamp or perforating machine. This applies in all cases whether the stamp is adhesive or printed upon any check, draft, etc.

Concerning the computation of the tax upon capital in returns by banks, the law holds that all surplus and undivided profits must be included in the computation and become taxable. Computation is based upon the capital and surplus for the preceding fiscal year.

If the capital and surplus vary from time to time during the preceding fiscal year, an average can be taken, as was done under act of June 30, 1864. At that time it was found necessary in the case of deposits to add all amounts at the close of business for each business day, and then divide by the number of business days. The average would thus be easily obtained. "This method should be adopted under the new law. The need of averaging is obviously greatest as to undivided profits. It is held to be improper to reduce the amount of undivided profits by unearned interest or by profits to be divided."

Companies doing a life insurance business as a purely co-operative or mutual company, who issue no stock, and have no stock holders, and whose all profits or surplus assets go to its members in the way of dividends, reduction of premiums or additions to policies in case of death must come under the head of "fraternal" or "beneficiary" status in order to escape taxation as life insurance companies.

Many companies as described above charge their premiums at fixed rates, payable at stipulated times, as in the case of ordinary life insurance and not according to the assessment plan usually adopted by co-operative insurance companies. Such companies do not, therefore, become exempt and are clearly taxable as life insurance companies.

TELEGRAPH EXEMPTION. Concerning the exemption of certain telegraph messages of railroad companies, much confusion seems to exist. Exemption alone is given to all communications referring to all joint and mutual business in which there is a joint interest and responsibility to the public. No stamping is, therefore, required. Further, "it should be definitely understood, however, that messages to a connecting line, in relation to the business of one line alone, are not included in the exemption."

All exhibitors of Edison's kinetoscopes require a payment of a special tax of \$10 in each state wherever any exhibition is given. This holds good in every instance, even if as one percent. Scott says he "will donate 25 per cent. of the receipts of the exhibition to the public school." The person exhibiting must pay the tax in every state he enters, no one payment being sufficient for all.

In estimating the amount of special tax required from banners under the first paragraph of section 2, act of June 13, 1898, all borrowed capital must be taken into account. This is imperative in every instance.

Particular instructions are given in reference to the matter of "money orders sent by telegraph or express. All are taxable at the rate of 2 cents per order. Banks are also liable to this tax wherever any monies are transferred by telegraphic order," in addition to the tax on the dispatch or telegram.

Where stamps, printed from private dies, are used for the payment of tax upon proprietary articles, instead of cancellation by initials and date, such stamps shall be so affixed on the box, bottle or package that in opening the same or using the contents thereof, the said stamp shall be effectually destroyed.

Those persons who are or may be engaged in "shaving notes, minor's due bills, county orders or court cost bills, or engages in any of these exceedingly profitable and much followed pursuits," are not liable to the collection of a tax under the clause referring to "commercial broker." Any sales agent styling himself "merchandise" or "commercial" broker is liable unless he is possessed of the goods for which they take orders, or negotiate sales for, bearing upon this point the Supreme court ruling in the case of Warren, et al., vs. Rhoad (91 U. S. 704) is cited, viz: "It is only when making sales and purchases in his business, his trade, his profession, his means of getting his living, or of making his fortune, that he becomes a broker within the meaning of the statute."

THEATRICAL TAX. All "theatrical companies" outside of

those who play or exhibit in connection with a circus, do not become liable under the clause referring to taxing of circuses which includes theatrical companies or performers. They are required to pay a tax of \$10 under paragraph 8, bearing upon the theatrical companies who play dramas in towns of 25,000 inhabitants or less, or plays in any building in any such town where the proprietor of such building does not hold the special stamp tax of \$100 for that building.

Interest coupons made in the form of promissory notes are taxable as promissory notes. Where a note embraces both principal and interest, and such note is required to contain an "acknowledgment of an instrument." All contracts of bargain and sale of real estate are taxed as a conveyance.

In every instance where a lease is given to a tenant providing for rent payments, which are represented by notes, both lease and notes should be stamped. All assignments must bear the same tax as that of the original instrument.

No liability for special tax as "manufacturers of cigars accrues to any dealer in leaf tobacco who improperly qualifies as a "manufacturer of cigars for the purpose of dealing in cigar cutting." However, all such persons will be required to close their business as "cigar manufacturers" and may qualify as "manufacturers of tobacco."

Peddlers of tobacco are not required to pay special tax under the act of June 13, 1898, as "dealers in tobacco," but must and are required to register and give bond heretofore.

WHEELMEN OBJECT.

They Don't Want to Pay Tolls on the Abington Turnpike.

The Providence and Abington Turnpike company has served notice that on and after Aug. 15 it will charge toll on bicycles. The fee is to be 5 cents. No little dissatisfaction has been aroused among wheelmen who claim the condition of the road does not warrant the toll.

The road, although the direct route to Clarke's Summit and other towns north, is used by a large number of wheelmen on account of its rough, uneven and dusty surface. Complaint, therefore, does not come from city riders. The objectors are country bicyclists who are obliged to use the road.

An attempt to reconstitute with the turnpike company is to be made through the Scranton Bicycle club officials of the club were visited yesterday by up-country wheelmen who aired their grievances. The result was a promise that the matter would be brought up for consideration at a meeting of the club on Thursday night.

It was explained to the complainants that a remedy was improbable as the company owned the property and had the right to charge for passage over it. The suggestion was made, however, that a compromise against the condition of the road instead of bicycles might induce the company to agree to make needed repairs.

MORE SUPPLIES NEEDED.

Public is Slow to Aid Soldiers in the Hospitals.

There has been but slight response to the appeal of the Soldiers' Relief association for supplies to be sent to the Thirtieth regiment. The drugs needed, according to the letter received from Surgeon Keller last week, have been purchased out of the general relief fund and shipped to the medical officers at the camp.

Only a few packages of towels, pajamas and night-gowns, etc., for the sick have been received at the office of Secretary Atherton in the Board of Trade building. If the response is not more generous by Thursday afternoon, when the association will meet, it will probably be decided to purchase the needed articles and to use the general fund for that purpose. In this event, boxes would be shipped to the regiment on Saturday, probably.

On Sunday an appeal of the association was announced in the churches of the North End with the request that the goods be sent to Mulley's store. When a sufficient quantity has accumulated there, they will be sent to the office of the secretary of the association and packed and shipped without delay. A list of the names of contributors will be published during the latter part of this week.

Secretary Atherton yesterday acknowledged a check had been deducted by Seaman's & Mayer, grocers, from bills which the association contracted on store orders issued.

May Open a Gospel Tent.

George G. Sanborn, superintendent of the Rescue Mission, will return from his vacation today and will resume charge at the mission in a day or so. Mr. Higgins, who has been in charge during Mr. Sanborn's absence, may join with Robert Wilson and open a Gospel tent if it should prove acceptable to the churches.

THIRD LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the standing committee of the Republican party of the Third Legislative district of Lackawanna county will be held at the arbitration room, court house, Scranton, on Tuesday, August 10, 1898, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of fixing time and place for holding the district convention, and disposing of such other business as may properly be brought before it.

The following comprise the said committee: Boston—George Freeman. Clifton—James O'Boyle. Covington—William Cobley. Dalton—J. A. Woodbridge. Glenburn—E. J. Northrup. Gouldsboro—J. B. Gardner. Greenwood—Frank Kenyon. Lackawanna—Second district—David D. Griffiths.

West district—John McCrindle. East district—William J. Williams. Northeast district—William H. Fern. Southwest district—Griffith T. Davis. La Plume—R. H. Hoigate. Lehigh—Jacob Knecht. Madison—Eugene Geock. Newton—Oscar Van Buskirk. North Abington—Stephen Aylesworth. Old Forge—First district—W. H. Rees. Second district—James A. Sargent. Fourth district—William Bennett. Ransom—First district—Tobias Stein. Second district—G. R. Wandell. Scott township—George Miller. Scranton—Sixth ward, Third district—W. B. Davis.

South Abington—T. S. Parker. Spring Brook—T. J. Matthews. Taylor—First ward—John H. Evans. Second ward—J. E. Watkins. Third—David J. Jones. Fourth ward—James Price. Fifth ward—John B. Rees. Waverly—John W. Miller. West Abington. By order of T. S. Parker, Chairman.

Attest: John R. Johns, Secretary. Clark's Green, Pa., Aug. 6, 1898.

"YOU'RE A DAISY," SAID MR. CASEY

PRES. FRANCOIS RECEIVED THAT BOUQUET LAST NIGHT.

Board of Control Meeting Broke Up in Disorder—President Francois Ruled with an Iron Rod—The Contract for Heating No. 31 School the Bone of Contention—Nine Members Outvoted Eleven in One of the Hottest Debates of the Season—Principals Get an Increase of \$10 a Month.

Last night's meeting of the board of control raised the salaries of principals of grammar schools \$10 per month, broke up in disorder before all the business of the session was transacted, and President Francois' left ear will be apt to burn for a couple of days from the things said about him. Eleven members felt like retiring into the alley behind the city hall and pummeling one another for allowing nine of their colleagues to outvote them.

Dennis Roche, of the seventh, told Mr. Francois it was the worst case of flim flam he ever saw, heard or read about. And John M. Casey said: "Yes, Alex, you're a daisy. I must give you credit for it."

It happened this way: The building committee among other things reported in favor of referring the question of heating No. 31 school back to the board. Eleven members, Messrs. O'Malley, Davis, Phillips, Casey, Roche, Walsh, Jones, Evans, Langan, Gibbons, Leonard and Jennings were pulling together on every question that came up, and Messrs. Shires, May, Schafer, Neuls, Schrieffer, Barker, Schwass and Francois were the other way.

The Hunt & Connell company was one of four firms that bid on the heating contract and proposed to do the job for \$4,221, and to connect the school with the sewer some hundred feet away. The agreement with reference to the bid was made to the bid after it was sent in by the committee considered the bids.

CAPT. MAY APPROVED IT.

Captain May was opposed to contract because the bid was irregular, having been changed after it was sent in, and furthermore he was testatorially opposed to it because it was expending \$4,000 on an \$8,000 building that would soon have to be torn down and replaced with a modern twenty or thirty thousand dollar structure. It would take a stenographer with four hands and a clock to record the going on and to record the discussion that followed.

A motion to lay the question on the table indefinitely was voted down. Mr. Jennings made a motion to readvertise for bids and Mr. Gibbons made a motion to lay Mr. Jennings' motion on the table. It was lost by a tie vote, 10 to 10.

At this stage Mr. Schrieffer made a motion to adjourn. It was put and Mr. Francois declared it carried, and at the same time picked up his hat and walked out. The speaker from one to the other talking fast and loud, and John Gibbons arose and announced that all in favor of disposing of the heating question remain and transact business. He said there were eleven of them. The roll was called, and the roll calls ran hither and thither, and a quorum but failed in the confusion.

Mr. Langan mounted to the chair and Mrs. Fellows called the roll, but only a few answered to their names, and an attempt to go on again was abandoned. The roll of names was criticized, the motion to adjourn was criticized as equivalent to the most arbitrary piece of business ever witnessed. Many a verbal fling was aimed at him as he strode to the corridor.

The teachers' committee made the following report:

HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS. 1. That the yearly average of the pupils in Grammar A grade be added to the average of the final examination, and those passing the mark of seventy be admitted to the high school. This rule to be in effect this year only.

2. That the roll be made as follows: Clara Niemeyer, from No. 35 to No. 25; Lois Saneton, from No. 25 to No. 35; Kate A. Smith, from No. 31 to No. 28; Elizabeth Duval, from No. 28 to No. 31; Thelma Walsh, of No. 9, be transferred from Primary A grade to Intermediate B, same school, and that Rose Shields, of No. 5, take a free term interest in No. 13 to Primary A, and that Agnes Murray be transferred from No. 18 to the position vacated by Miss Fellows in No. 13, and that Miss Daniels be transferred from the annex of No. 18 to the main building.

3. That the salary of all Grammar A principals and principals of all 12-room buildings be \$80 per month. That the salary of all Grammar B and C principals be made \$80 per month. That Martin Joyce be made transient officer for the ensuing year at a salary of \$50 per month.

Mr. Barker led the opposition to the increase in salaries and took the ground that it would involve the outlay of an additional \$1,600 for which no provision has been made in the appropriation. He was reinforced by the members of the minority given above, except that Mr. Francois was on the strong side and Mr. Leonard was opposed to the advance. But Mr. Francois was the only one opposed to hiring Martin Joyce for the full term. He thought a transient officer was not needed more than four months, as the law does not require a compulsory attendance of more than sixteen weeks of any one term.

The teachers who will receive a raise of \$10 and their present salaries, except in the case of Miss Lees, who gets an advance of \$15, are as follows:

SALARIES RAISED. No. 2, John P. Quinnan, \$70; No. 8, J. M. Beaumont, \$70; No. 9, W. R. Graves, \$70; No. 10, M. J. Ketric, \$80; No. 12, M. D. McCawley, \$70; No. 13, David Owens, \$80; No. 15, J. E. O'Malley, \$70; No. 16, E. A. Crutcher, \$80; No. 18, J. T. Jones, \$75; No. 19, Joseph D. Lees, \$75; No. 25, Henry Kemmerling, \$80; No. 27, J. B. Hawker, \$80; No. 28, H. L. Burdick, \$80; No. 31, D. W. Phillips, \$70; No. 32, H. L. Morgan, \$75; No. 33, D. A. Stone, \$80; No. 35, L. E. Mackey, \$80; No. 36, E. R. Stephenson, \$80.

The building committee recommended that Patrick Whelan be appointed janitor in place of John Conery, of No. 2, the change to take place Sept. 1, at a salary of \$45 per month.

The Joshua Poppelwell be appointed at No. 34 in place of Thomas Appleman. That the janitors of No. 8, 10 and 15 be paid for twelve months' services. That the janitor of the room building, No. 25, have his salary increased to \$70. That the remaining janitors be reapportioned for the next year at the same salary.

Adna Hulslander and Henry Greenstead, graduates of last term, were

SURFACE IS CAVING.

Allegation Made to Restrain Spencer Coal Company from Robbing Its Pillars.

Dennis McDade, J. H. Davitt, the Young Men's Temperance society, Sarah Duggan, John O'Malley, Michael Kane, William McDonough, Ellen Moran, Bernard McCann, Michael Gilroy, James P'ryal, Mary Langan, Mary Levy, Patrick Kane, Fabrizio D. Andrews, Francesco Pontanello, Angelo Mela and Pasquale Mela, of Dunmore, brought an equity suit yesterday in Prothonotary Copeland's office against A. D. and F. M. Spencer, coal operators, for an injunction to stop taking away the pillars of coal from under the properties of the plaintiffs.

It is alleged that the pillars are taken out and there are none of the surface supports usually left in the mines. As a consequence the ground is fissured, and property is greatly damaged. E. J. Duggan and L. H. Burns are attorneys for the plaintiffs. Mr. Duggan said that he was walking along the affected district a few nights ago and he nearly lost his cane when one of the crevices into which he chanced to put it.

Judge Gunster granted a preliminary injunction restraining the defendants from robbing any more pillars and fixed next Saturday at 9 a. m. as the time for the hearing.

MRS. FERDINANDO'S HOUSE.

City Wants to Tear a Part of It Down.

A counter equity suit was brought in Prothonotary Copeland's office yesterday by the city of Scranton against Mrs. Johanna Ferdinando with reference to the construction of a house on Nealis' court in the Fourteenth ward.

Mrs. Ferdinando is going to erect a structure of the house last March, and the street commissioner made an attempt to tear down that part of it he alleged encroached on the public street.

Nealis' court is one of the public courts, alleys or streets in the Fourteenth ward and is a thoroughfare extending from Fairview avenue to Ninth street and from Ninth street to the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western tracks. Between Fairview avenue and Ninth street it is used extensively by foot travelers in going to and coming from Hyde Park. It has been used as such for over 50 years and has never been fenced, closed or obstructed in any way until Mrs. Ferdinando began to build on it.

The progress of the work on the building represented an outlay of \$1,000. Judge Gunster granted a temporary injunction to restrain the city from tearing down or interfering with any of the work so far progressed, and the case is in statu quo awaiting a final hearing.

CHANCE TO INVEST.

Patentee of an Umbrella Frame Wants to Manufacture.

If any Scrantonian has money which he wants to invest in the manufacture of a recently patented unbreakable umbrella frame, he may secure information to his advantage by applying to the secretary of the board of trade. A letter from the inventor has been received by Secretary Atherton. The former wants financial aid in the manufacture of the frame. He has been asked to furnish more particulars.

POLICE RETURNED THE BOY.

His Mother Tried to Send Him Gratis to Chicago.

Henry Shue, an 8-year-old boy, was returned to his mother, Mrs. Herman Sarr, late last night after he had been put aboard a Delaware, Lackawanna and Western train without a ticket but with a pathetic letter addressed to his father in Chicago. A touching story surrounds the case.

The boy was on board a train bound westward early in the afternoon. His mother had contacted his departure. He had 15 cents in pennies, a lunch and a bundle of clothing. In the absence of a ticket, it is presumed his mother believed that his passage to Chicago would be secured through an open letter written in German addressed to his father and which she intended to deliver to a family trouble in which Miss Lena Ehrhardt, of the South Side, figured. The boy was put off at Clark's Summit and sent to Scranton on the next train.

Last Friday Mrs. Sarr, who has been twice married, and the boy returned from Chicago where the husband is employed in a gas house. The family lived in Scranton a short time ago but left here on account of a domestic trouble in which the Ehrhardt woman figured. The later had Mrs. Sarr arrested on her return for making threats. She was released on bail.

The letter found on the boy yesterday indicates that Mrs. Sarr was obliged to leave Chicago with him, and, smothering under her treatment and the notoriety of her arrest, decided to send him back. The police learned from the letter that Mrs. Sarr was at 814 Willow street. The boy was sent to that address last night.

DIED FROM GANGRENE.

Railroad Man Succumbs to It at the Hospital.

William Hill, of Bellevue, died at 1:30 yesterday afternoon at the Moses Taylor hospital from gangrene of the right leg. He was employed with the wrecking gang of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad company and was injured ten days ago on the foot by a heavy block falling on it at the base of the toes.

Gangrene set in and he was removed to the Lackawanna hospital last Thursday. His leg then below the knee was a sight to behold. The doctor performed a blood-letting operation and intended, if no improvement appeared, to amputate at the joint; but the next day the Moses Taylor ambulance came after him, as it was a case for that institution. The doctors there did what could be done for him, but he was so far gone when he was first attended to that his system was poisoned.

Hill was 52 years old, married, and was born in Finland.

Substitute for Lemons. Horsford's Acid Phosphate is cooling, quenches thirst, and acts as a tonic. Beware of imitations. Sold only in bottles.

AN OLD NAME.

MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALE

That means more than ever to us and to you.

Bread Raisers

Footed with tin cover, worth 20c. During sale.....19c

Wash Boiler

No. 9 size; worth 50c. During sale.....29c

Fire Shovel

Long handle, Japanese, worth 10c. During sale.....4c

Steel Fry Pans

Stamped from one piece, has cold handle, was 19c. and 24c. During sale.....10c

Crumb Tray and Brush

Painted and Striped, was 19c. During sale.....10c

Wagner Tea Kettle

No. 8 size, nickel-plated, sold at \$1.64. During sale \$1.24

Dinner Pail

Best tin, has patent top holders, cup wood handle, worth 24c. During sale.....15c

Enameled Tea Pots

Granite steel ware, holds nearly two quarts, was 25c. During sale.....15c

Whisk Broom

Best whisk, 11 inch, was 10c. During sale.....5c

Notes on the Ben Hur Bicycle with every 4c. purchase.

THE GREAT 4c. STORE

310 Lacka. Ave.

JOHN H. LADWIG.

Scranton Cash Store

New Potatoes

\$1.00 Per Bushel.

A. F. KIZER, Prop.

Steam and Hot Water HEATING

Gas, Electric And Combination FIXTURES