TWO CENTS.

TEN PAGES.

SCRANTON, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 12, 1898.

TEN PAGES

TWO CENTS.

GENERAL MILES IS **NOW AT SANTIAGO**

Immediately Holds Conference with Sampson and Shafter.

Has No Intention of Superceding the Latter, Who Will Retain Command of the Forces in the Field-Miles' Purpose Is Merely to Inspect the American Position and Act with Shafter in an Advisory Capacity.

The cruiser Yale also had on board

the Sixth Massachusetts regiment.

NO NEW DEVELOPEMENTS.

Up to midnight no news from either

the army or navy at Santiago had

reached the departments so far as

the public was concerned. Though the

possibility of interrupted cable com-

munication was suggested as an expla-

nation for the lack of advices it was

announced at midnight that nothing

had been filed at Playa del Este for

the officials here. Both Secretaries

Long and Alger were at the White

House during the evening, but re-

gave no outward signs of anxiety or

Sampson or General Shafter would

find time for conference. It is thought

that possibly the arrival of General

Miles caused a suspension of active

operations in order that the entire

situation might be discussed. But this

view of the situation is speculation

and without definite advices no one

can say exactly what the day has

brought forth at Santiago. Officials

tion of the American forces, give op-

expectation of startling news.

Washington, July 11.-General Nelson A. Miles, commanding the United States army, arrived off Santiago bay shortly after noon today. Upon the arrival of the auxiliary cruiser Yale. on which General Miles was a passenyer, communication was opened with Admiral Sampson, and the two commanders were soon in conference.

During the early afternoon General Miles landed at Playa del Este, and communicated with General Shafter, commanding the American forces be fore Santiago, with telephone. What the nature and result of the two consultations were is not disclosed at the war department, but General Miles doubtless was placed in possession of all salient points of the situation from the view point of both the navy and the army.

MILES' PURPOSE.

It is understood to have been General Miles' purpose to proceed immediately to General Shafter's headquarters at Siboney, and, after discussing with Shafter the latter's plan of campaign, to make personal examination of the American position.

It is not to be understood that General Miles is to supercede General Shafter in command of the United States forces before Santiago. General Shafter is operating there under written instructions from the secretary of war, approved by the president, and so long as he is able physically to do so, he will retain his command.

A prominent official of the war department said late tonight that neither the administration nor General Miles had any desire to detract an iota from the credit due to General Shafter for the plans by which he hopes to achieve a victory at Santiago.

FIRING ENDED BY

Ships of Small Avail.

(Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press.)

Off Santiago, via Playa del Este,

over the ridge protecting Santiago

from the sea, the United States cruis-

er Newark opened fire into the city

with her eight-inch guns. The signal

corps officers stationed on top of the

ridge reported the effect of the shore,

The New York, Brooklyn and Indiana

participated in the firing, at intervals

of five minutes. The bombardment

lasted for two hours, when Shafter

reported that the shells were mostly

falling in the bay and doing but little

The last shot, however, struck a

prominent church in the heart of the

city, which was heavily stored with

powder and ammunition, causing a

tremendous explosion. The extent of

When the warships ceased firing and

before General Shafter had begun a

land attack, a flag of truce was seen

coming from the city. The object of

this was not known at noon today,

when the correspondent of the Assi

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the United

ed States protected cruiser Columbia.

arrived. Rear Admiral Sampson vis-

NO NEWS FROM SAMPSON.

Navy Department Received No Com

munications from Santingo.

Long has received no dispatches from

Admiral Sampson up to 9 o'clock to-

pating any important information from

A cable message was received a

the navy department from Commodore

Schley, but Secretary Long said it

contained nothing of public import

A very large package was brough

to the navy department today by En-

sign Badger from the cruiser St. Louis.

contained the report of Admira! Samp

was supposed that the package

ance and would not be given out.

Washington, July 11 .- Secretary

The secretary was not antici

the damage is not yet known.

cited Press left the front.

landing in a pouring rain.

son of the recent naval engagement off Santiago, but it was a batch of letters written by the Spanish priso-FLAG OF TRUCE ners to be forwarded to their friends in Spain. The letters will have to be examined by the department to see that they contain no information re-What the Meaning of It Was Was Not garding the operations of the war Known as This Dispatch Was Filed. which should not be communicated to Spanish circles.

final attack is not far distant.

OUR MEN ENCOURAGED.

July 11 .- At half past nine this morn-Arrival of Reinforcements Imparts ing, after several range finding shots New Enthusiasm to Them.

(Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press,) Headquarters of General Shafter, Sunday, July 10 (8 p. m.), per Assoclated Press Dispatch Boat, via Port Antonio and Kingston, July 11 (noon). -From 4 o'clock this afternoon until dark the American guns again poured a deadly fire into the Spanish lines. Our men are greatly refreshed by their three days' rest and have been fighting with lion-like spirit. The knowledge of the arrival of reinforcements gives them new enthusiasm.

The artillery is in place and doing effective work. The fire from the Spanlards in the trenches is very weak The city of Santiago is almost in darkness tonight, and our men believe that the resistance of the Spaniards is about at an end. They expect a general assault tomorrow. The Americans are now much better

fortified in the trenches. SHAPTER'S PRESENT FORCE.

22,850 Men Under His Command Be-

fore Santingo.

Washington, July 11 .- General Shafter's available force today after counting all reinforcements, and deducting the dead, sick and wounded, is 22,850 fighting men, according to military es-States auxiliary cruiser Yale, with This is based on an estimate General Nelson A. Miles, and the Unitof 16,000 men in General Shafter's original expedition and about 10,000 in various expeditions which have gone since then, making in all 26,000 men. Against ited General Miles immediately on his this, however, must be deducted the arrival and the Yale went to Siboney, casualties in the fighting thus far, General Miles and his personal staff and also the men confined to the hos-pital by sickness. The deduction is roughly estimated at 3,000, leaving 23, 000 men available today as the fighting

force of the American army. Another force of 2,500 men, compris ing General Ernst's brigade, is ready to start, and with this force General Shafter's fighting strength will swelled to about 25,000 men by the

middle of this week.

St. Hyacinthe, Que., July 11.-J. B. Guilleman, who was found guilty of the murder of his uncle at St. Libiere, and sentenced today to be hanged on Sept. 30.

Negro Hanged for Murder.

Beaverdam, Ky., July 11.-Tom Hay-en, colored, was hanged at Hartford today. Hayden's crime was the killing of a young colored stel ness McHeney lest

BLANCO WANTS FOOD.

Is Making Desperate Efforts to Encourage Blockade Running.

Washington, July 11.-Captain General Blanco is making desperate efforts o get in supplies through the American blockade lines. Inspired by the successful attempt of the Purissima Concepcion to land supplies on the island of Cuba, he is now causing to be loaded another steamer at a Mexican port, with the intention of running the blockade and bringing food and ammunition to the beleagured capital. This is a large ship of about 3,500 tons, and she has already taken on a bountiful supply of food, and is expected to load 2,000,000 cartridges. The craft is believed to be the steamship Montevideo, now at Vera Cruz, and protests have been lodged with the Mexican government by the American consul there against the clearance of the ves-

The Montevideo is an auxiliary cruiser of the Spanish navy, it is said, and arries a considerable battery, including two Hontoria guns, and a secondary battery, which could make her a most formidable opponent for most of the smaller United States craft now engaged in blockading the southern coast of Cuba and off Havana, for it is gathered that the monitors have been withdrawn and are now at Kex West, Notice of the vessel's movements will be communicated to the blockading squadron promptly, and it is entirely improbable that she will be able to repeat the feat of the Purissima Con-

SPANISH SPIES MUST MOVE ON

That They Must Got Ont .- They WIII Go.

Montreal, July 11.-Senor du Bosc, turned to their residences early and late secretary of the legation at Washngton, and Lieutenant Carranza, military attache, will leave Montreal tomorrow sight by the Dominion steam-The arrival of General Miles and er Ottoman at the urgent and repeated the conferences between him and the request of the Dominion government. commanding officers of the army and The request was conveyed through Mr. N. C. St. Pierre, Q. C., who was the counsel for Messrs du Bose and navy is taken by some to indicate that if fighting occurred today it was Carranza in the litigation following upnot of a serious character, for with on the arrest of Detective Kellert, on a heavy engagement in progress it charge of stealing a letter from Lieutenant Carranza's rooms. was hardly possible that Admiral

Sir Wilfred Laurier telegraphed from Ottawa on June 30, urging that the departure should take place on Saturday, July 2. The same day he wrote Mr St. Pierre to the same effect, officially insisting upon the departure of his client. After stating that he had been furnished by Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador at Washington, with a photographic copy of the stolen letter, he continued:

LAURIER'S LETTER. contend that a delay of a day or so "The letter of Senor Carranza unequivocally states that he has been left can only result in bettering the posin Canada to receive and send telegrams and to look after the spy sysportunity for the reinforcements to go tem he was then establishing. The acto the front and allow the newly artion of Senor Carranza is a violation of rived artillery to be placed in advanthe laws of the land and I have therefore to request Senor Carranza to leave tageous location. It is believed that this country. I have to make the same if the conflict is not resumed today a request of Senor du Bosc, who, from vidence in our hands, is an accomplice in the establishment of the spy system, which was organized by Senor

Senor du Bosc became indignant over the accusation contained in the letter and wrote his attorney that he was not cognizant of any spy system. He said he would leave the country at once but protested against his expulsion and in timated that the cominion government will hear from him again when the present troubles are over.

OUR WAR GUESTS.

Will Be Well Treated, but Not Made Hero-Martyrs.

Washington, July 11,-Captain Cooper, superintendent of the naval academy at Annapolis, spent some time with Secretary Long this afternoon, going over the question of caring for the Spanish naval prisoners, including Admiral Cervera, who are to be quartered at the academy. A complete understanding was reached by which the Spanish officers will receive every consideration consistent with their ran-While relieving the prisoners from all undue humiliation there will be no disposition to bestow such effusive courtesy upon them as to place them in the light of hero-martyrs.

The Harvard sailed today from San tiago, bringing the remaining Spanish prisoners. They will be disposed the same as those brought on the St. Louis, the men going to Portsmouth and the officers to Annapolis.

TOTAL LOSS, NEARLY 1600.

Revised Official Casualty List for First Buttle of Santiago.

Washington, July 11.-Adjutant General Corbin today received from General Shafter a revised and corrected report of the casualties before Santiago on July 1, 2 and 3. It slightly increases the number of killed and wounded as given in his first report

Killed, 23 officers, 208 ment wounded. 80 officers, 1,203 men; missing, 81; total, 1595. General Shafter is of opinion that the number of missing will be reduced somewhat.

ILLINOIS MINERS STRIKE.

They Want Arbitration, but the Operators Are Untavorable.

Pana, Ill., July 11.-Several hundred nion miners continued to surround the mines here and to intercept nonunion miners. None have as yet resumed work. Union miners received a thousand dollars aid from the state organizations today.

The miners petitioned the state arbitration board today to arbitrate the difficulty. The operators thus far decline to submit to arbitration.

Shatter to Get More Mules. Washington, July II .- Arrangements are ing made by the quartermaster geneval for the transportation of 800 mules from Charleston, S. C., on the ships scheduled to carry the troops of the First bridage of Major General Wilson's divis-

ELEVEN MEN KILLED BY EXPLODING GAS

Occurred in a Tunnel Under the Bottom of Lake Erie.

NOT ONE OF THE LABORERS EM-PLOYED IN THAT PART OF THE TUNNEL WHERE THE EXPLOSION OCCURRED SURVIVE TO EXPLAIN HOW IT HAPPENED.

Cleveland, O., July 11.-The lives of eleven men were snuffed out in the twinkling of an eye this evening as a result of an explosion of gas in the big water works tunnel that is being constructed under the Lottom of Lake Erie. Following are the names of those who were killed:

JOHN PARKS, foreman, 32 years old; JAMES PARKS, brother of John, 30 years old; single. JOHN FRADEY, an Italian, 22 years old;

TONY BRUNETTI, Italian, 22 years old; JOHN --, Italian, 18 years old;

EMERSON SMITH, bricklayer, 44 years old; married. JOHN M'CAULEY, 21 years old; married, WILLIAM TUCKER, colored, 26 years GUS WATTZ, 28 years old; wife and sev-

eral children. FRANK CLEMENT, married, with sev-FRANK HANEY, married, 22 years.

The tunnel is an immense affair, being projected to extend outward from the shore for a distance of four and a half miles and it has been under construction for more than a year. The work has been attended with great dif-Bose and Lieutenant Carranza ficulty. About six weeks ago there was an explosion of gas in the shore end of the big hole, which killed eight men and injured a number of others.

DETAILS NOT KNOWN

The explosion occurred at a few minutes before seven this evening but nobody will ever be able to tell how it happened for every witness is dead and the bodies of all are lying where they fell, six thousand feet out under the lake. The only man in the tunnel who escaped death is Con O'Donnell, a locktender, who was stationed 3,700 feet from the shore. He heard an explosion or series of explosions. He says there were ten of the shocks and the concussion was something terrible. It threw him off his feet and for some time he was in such a dazed condition that he could scarcely remember what had happened. He finally groped his way out and told what had occurred.

Two men, Patrick Varner and Martin McCauley, were the first to venture in the tunnel after the accident occurred. They made their way to a lock 5 200 fect from the shore but were there overcome by the ges and fell to the floor. When they failed to return, a young man ramed James Clements, son of one of the men who was killed, went to their rescue. He found them unconscious and succeeded in helping them to the shore end of the tuenel The would-be rescuers say all lights were out beyond the 5,000 feet lock and that they could not go any further.

DREW SPANIARDS' FIRE.

The Steam Launch of the Vulcan Retreats Before It at Guantanamo.

Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press. Guantanamo Bay, July 11 .- A steam launch from the United States repair ship Vulcan, which with the Marbleheag's launch has been doing patro! duty in the narrows leading from the lower to the upper bay, ventured too near the Spanish fort just before daylight, and ran into a hornet's nest, as the result of the men's anxiety to locate the small Spanish gunboat Sandoval, which is known to be in the vicinity of the fort.

The Americans went quite a distance beyond the patrol limits, and the Spanish pickets located along the bluff suddealy opened fire upon the launch with Mauser rifles, which were at once followed by volleys from soldiers in the fort. The launch replied with her 1pounder, but the firing of the Spanlards was entirely too heavy for the little boat to contend against, and she beat a hurried retreat. Although the taunch was under fire for ten minutes, she was not hit once.

SERVES THEM RIGHT.

ubans Decapitate Spaniards Caught Firing Upon Our Wounded.

Savannah. Ga., July 11.-Privates Kelly, Knepule, Goodman, Carroll and Brennan, wounded soldiers of the Seventy-first New York, left today for New York on the steamer Kansas City. Private Hacksteer, troop C, First United States cavalry, was with them. He was shot in the neck at Siboney, July 1.

He says that when the Spanish coninued firing on our wounded men and the Red Cross flags, our men did not hesitate to turn over the Spanish oners to the Cubans, who cut off their heads. The practice still continues, Hacksteer declares, in spite of General Shafter's denials.

Pay for Our Boys in Blue. Salem, N. J., July 11.-Paymaster Ar-old this morning completed paying the Eighteenth Pennsylvania regiment loned at the Delaware City battery, and the Pourteenth Pennsylvania regiment tationed at Fort Delaware and Fort Mott, near this city. He distributed over \$47,000 among the soldiers.

Cerro Gordo Williams Dving. Mount Sterling, Ky., July 11.-The con-ition of General John S. (Cerro Gordo) Williams, ex-United States senator reteran of two wars, who has been sinkng at his home near this city, is such

that the end is only a question of a few

Houors for Jesse Baker. Harrisburg, July 11.—Governor Hastings has tendered to ex-Senator Jesse M. Baker, of Media, a private in the Sixth

regiment. Pennsylvania volunteers, the appointment of first lieutenant of Company K. Fourth Pennsylvania volunteers Woman Gets a Postoffice. Washington, July 11 .- Mrs. M. A. Bot her was today appointed postmaster at

CONDITIONS IN SANTIAGO. Deserters Say They Are Not as Bad as Has Been Supposed.

At General Shafter's Headquarters. July 10, via Port Antonio, July 11. (10.20 a. m.)-Deserters from the Spanish ranks today included a non-com missioned officer. He said that the sitnation in Santiago was bad but by no means hopeless from the Spanish point of view. He said the troops had food enough for their present needs, were in good health and would make a good ight when they were called upon. He said the men were given \$4 each or Saturday and as it was the first money they had received in many months they were feeling very cheerful.

The water supply for the Spanish troops is getting quite bad, and the amount of it is somewhat limited, although up to this time there has been no serious distress on this account Desertions from the ranks of the Spanish volunteers continue and it is now said that fully 5,000 men who agreed to fight for Spain are out of the city A party of 500 cavalry left the city Sunday morning, marching in the direction of Holquin. The Spanish Infantry have removed all light articles from the trenches to facilitate their movements in case the abandonment of the city is determined upon.

WAR PRISONERS ENTER BARRACKS

Pitinble Spectacle Presented by Cervera's Crew as They Land from the St. Louis -- Men in Rage and Hardly Able to Stand.

Portsmouth, N. H., July 11.-The this port in the auxilary cruiser Louis numbered 692. The men. formed part of the crew of Admiral Cervera's squadron are tonight sleeping peacefully and in apparent comfort in the new barracks crected for them on Seavey's island. Around them is a guard of 125 marines, the pick of the corps of the marine barracks on the Atlantic coast.

It was a pathetic sight from seginning to end, and such as would bring tears to many eyes. The poer, wretched creatures struggled up the hillside, c'ad for the most part in rags, some of the men being covered only with the fragment of a table cloth, or blanket, while others had on portions of what was once a uniform. When the men landed some of them were weak that they could not stand and laid on the ground and stretchers were brought and by the aid of their comrades were carried to the main road, where they were placed on the grass. Thirty members of the Colon's severely wounded, had to be carried on stretchers.

AN AFFECTING SCENE

One of the most touching incidents of the day was the farewell Captain E. Diaz Morou, of the Cristobal Colon. took of his crew just before he went back from the island prison to the and affectionately embraced each seaman as if he was his only son. He said a few words of farewell to the crew as a whole. As he finished the half clad men surroun led him, grasping his arms and legs, all trying for one last embrace.

An hour before the captain had been joking and talking lightly with the officers and men, but he went back to the St. Louis a changed man. The crew went to their quarters at o'clock and Captain Morou returned to the St. Louis.

A SQUARE MEAL. The first meal served to the Spanish prisoners showed the measure of hosunfortunate enemies. As a supply for this first supper of the men on American soil there were 1,000 loaves of bread, 600 pounds of roast beef and fifty gallons of coffee, besides sufficient quantities of onlons and potatoes. After supper each man given a mattress and a pair of blan-

Admiral Cervera experienced a quiet day on board the St. Louis.

MISS BARTON NEEDS MULES.

Inadequate at Present. New York, July 11.-Stephen F. Bar-

Conveyances at Santingo Are Very

ton, chairman of the Central Cuban relief committee, received a cablegrom today from Miss Barton announcing that she had caused to be landed in Cuba yesterday twelve tons of miscellaneous relief supplies from the State of Texas. In her cablegram Miss Barton said

that all conveyances necessary she now needs mules more than anything else and needs them urgently. The First New York ambulance

equipment auxilary has already authorized Mr. Barton to purchase forty nules, ten sets of double harness and two months' feed. Arrangements by Mr. Barton have been made for the purchase of the mules in a southern live stock market and an order, it is said, has been issued by the secretary of war to give them immediate transport from Port Tampa.

EARTHQUAKE IN HAVTI.

Were Not Due, However, to the Coughs of the Vesuvius.

New York, July 11 .- Advices received here this afternoon say that an earthquake was felt in Cape Haytien, Hayti, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The disturbance lasted five seconds and was so severe as to have driven the inhabitants from their homes in ter-

No news of the extent of damage or loss of life, if any, has been received.

Renunciation of Benefits

Chicago, July 11.-Mrs. George M. Puil-man, in accordance with her intention expressed some time since, filed in the probate court her formal renunciation of benefits under her late husband's will. This is preliminary to making claim to ager rights.

French Cruiser Sails. Port de France, Island of Martinique July 11.-The French cruiser Rigoult de Genouilly has sailed for Santiago de Cuba and thence to Jumgus, in order to em-

SAGASTA RESIGNS; **QUEEN ACCEPTS**

Strong Military Cabinet, It Is Expected, Will Be Appointed.

This Does Not Necessarily Mean That a More War-Like Policy Is in Contemplation, but Is Rather a Concession to the Army and a Step Toward Holding the Revolutionary Sentiment in Check-Ministers in Council. Our Alleged Terms of Peace.

London. July 12 .- The Madrid car- | tiago, was pursued by the enemy and respondent of the Times, telegraphing Monday, says: "Senor Sagasta went to the palace today and tendered his resignation and that of the cabinet. It is said that he advised the queen regent to appoint a new cabinet, largely consisting of the military element, Spanish prisoners who were brought which would not necessarily mean the adoption of a war-like policy, but probably the reverse.

"It is generally expected that the resignation will be accepted, but the result may possibly be merely a partial reconstruction of the cabinet. The ministers are now in council, and Senot Sagasta has doubtless communicated to them an account of his audience with

OUR TERMS OF PEACE. Madrid, July 11 (10 p. m.)-It is as serted that the United States makes the following demands as conditions of peace: First-The possession of Cuba and

Porto Rico, with a port in the Can-Second-An indemnity of £48,000,000 about \$240,000,000)

Third-The retention of the Philipoines as a guarantee of the payment of he indemnity.

These terms are regarded as impos

PUTTING IT MILDLY. Madrid, July 11.-It is understood Louis. He walked down the line that Premier Sagasta has submitted to the queen regent a question of confidence in the cabinet.

It is said that Captain General Blanco has cabled to Madrid declaring that the volunteer army in Cuba wishes the war to continue, as the troops hope to secure victories.

London, July 12.-The Madrid correspondent of the Times, telegraphing this (Tuesday) morning, says: "The cabinet resigned in consequence of ir reconcilable differences of opinion on the question of initiating peace nego-

ENGLISH OPINION.

London, July 12.-The Times, commenting editorially this morning upon the "gloomy outlook for Spain," says 'Unless the new cabinet is quickly formed the delay may easily issue in confusion, or even disorder, which would indefinitely complicate whole problem." The Times thinks the government at Washington unwise to insist upon the unconditional surrend er of Santiago. It says: "Besides risk ing an unnecessary loss of life, without appreciably furthering the conquest of Cuba, the United States may soon find themselves in a position of serious moral responsibility for the

starving population. NEWS FROM BLANCO.

Madrid, July 11 (10.30 p. m.)-General Blanco has cabled the government as follows: "The proposal for an uncon ditional surrender of Santiago de Cube being rejected, hostilities were resumed at 4 o'clock this afternoon (Sunday). I ordered Santiago to defend itself. The enemy commenced by a cannonade, setting fire to the wreck of the Alfonso XIII, which henceforth

it will be impossible to save. "The Americans also appear threaten Baturanao bay. The cruises Penna (?), which I had sent with 10 (0) rison at Honolulu. rations to force the blockade at San-

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today: Fair: Warmer.

General-General Miles at the Front Premier Sagasta Resigns. Exploding Gas Kills Eleven Men General-Developments of a Day a

Financial and Commercial. Trouble in the Eastern League. Base Ball News and Comments.

Building Trades Council Protests the Street Cleating Resolution.

Comment of the Press. Advertisement.

Local-Regular Session of the Board of Control. Five Divorces Granted.

Local-Judge Woodward Will Try the Smith Case Big Increase in Postoffice Receipts. Local-West Scranton and Suburban.

9 News Round About Scranton. 10 General-General Gobin's Command

On a Practice March. United States Senator Kenney On Trial for Aiding a Defaulter Chickamauga Troops for Porto Rico. ********************

abandoned its cargo. This attempt to revictual the town, therefore, has fatled.

"The enemy opened the attack on San Juan and El Morro at 4.15 p. m. by a brisk fusilade and by guns. Our troops maintained their positions, and the enemy abandoned their advanced trenches and those on the hill of San Juan. The squadron simultaneously bombarded the town. The firing cease I at 7 o'clock. Our troops behaved admirably and our losses were slight."

THE QUEEN'S TERMS

London, July 12.-The Berlin correspondent of the Standard says: "The queen regent is willing to open peace negotiations with the United States without any mediation of the powers, provided the conditions are not too severe. Her maximum concession at present is a declaration of the independence of Cuba."

GOVERNMENT OF HAWAII.

Task of Commission Is of Far Reaching Importance.

Washington, July 11.-The commission which has been appointed to recommend a form of government for the Hawaiian islands will have a task of far-reaching importance. It will devolve upon it not only to frame a system of government for Hawaii, but also to so shape its work that it may become the basis for governments to be established in places which may be in our hands at the end of the war

with Spain. The work involves a thorough investigation of conditions in Hawaii and an examination of all treaties and obons which the United States will have to assume. Senator Cullom will be chairman of the commission, and upon him will fall a large share of the purely executive work. It is the intention of the commission to employ lawyers of note to give advice in the many delicate legal cuestions which will arise, and there will be a staff

of secretaries and steaegraphers, The president wishes the commission to complete its work before October, but it is doubtful whether this can be done.

TROOPS AND NURSES.

Activities of a Day at Tampa .- More

Gons for Shatter. Tampa, Fla., July 11.-Thirty-nine Red Cross nurses passed through here tonight going direct to Port Tampa. About five hundred men comprising one company of the First Ohio and two companies of the Third and Fifth Ohio, arrived and joined their respective regiments today.

J. G. Elderkin, who was recently honorably discharged from the Seventh infantry, was killed this afternoon by a train Another expedition will start for San-

tiago tomorrow. The steamer Lampassas, with some of the heavy artillery from General Rogers' command, will lead the fleet. She will also carry a number of Red Cross nurses and supplies. Six. 7-inch howitzers and eight large field pieces were loaded her today.

GARRISON FOR HAWAII.

The First New York Gets the Coveted Assignment.

New York, July 11.-Secretary Alger today issued orders attaching the Hawaiian islands to the military department of California. The First New York volunteers, Col-

onel Barber commanding, will be assigned for the time being as the gar-Public Receptions Postponed.

Washington July 11.—Owing to the in-cessant demands on his time incident to the war, the public receptions given by the president and Mrs. McKinley on Mon-days. Wednesdays and Fridays, have

been indefinitely postpened Not a Pence Move. Washington, July 11.-It can be stated on authority that the conference of .hs French ambassador, Cambon, with the

president this afternoon had no relation whatever to the Spanish-American war or to peace negotiations.

Bryan to the Front. Washington, July 11.-William Jennings Bryan's regiment of Nebraska infantry today were ordered to join General Fitz-

hugh Lee's corps at Jacksonville.

WEATHER FORECAST. Washington, July 11.—Forecast for Tuesday: For eastern Penn-sylvania, fair weather; warmer; light casterly winds becoming

New York, July 12.-(Herald's forecast)- in the middle states and New England, today, clear to fair weather will prevail, with light temperature changes and light and • fresh northeasterly winds on • coasts in the marning followed by a warmer condition in the interior