TWO CENTS

BOMBARDMENT IS POSTPONED

The Destruction of Cervera's Fleet Changes the Situation.

Conference of Army and Navy Commanders Ordered-A Land and Sea Attack Will Probably Take Place-No Change in the Plans Concerning the Proposed Voyage of Commodore Watson-Praise for Commodore Schley.

the cabinet meeting today instructions were sent by the president to Admiral Sampson and General Shafter to confer together concerning a joint plan of tack upon the city. Upon the outcome of this conference depends the line of action of the immediate future. For the present the land bombardment by General Shafter's forces has been deferred, as the situation has so completely changed by the annihilation of the Spanish fleet that it is manifestly the part of wisdom for this land bombardment to await the co-operation and support of a bombardment from

Admiral Sampson's fleet. General Santiago on the pain of bombardment was made at 8.30 o'clock Sunday morning. An hour later Admiral Cervera made his suicidal dash from the harbor, resulting in a complete transformation of the naval and military con-ditions. Instead of a menacing Spanish fleet within the harbor the way has been cleared save for the shore bat-teries, for the entrance of the American fleet up to the very wharves of the With this material change wrought, it was obvious to the authorities here that the blow, first intended to be delivered by General Shafter at once, would be doubly effective and decisive if the two forces could be brought together and strike simultaneously from land and sea. It is for this reason that the conference is held between the American general and the American admiral. Up to the close of office hours today no word had come either to the war or navy departments so far as was disclosed as to what determination had been reached at the

pectation of the authorities here that the conference will result in a determination by the admiral to take his fleet through the narrow neck of the harbor. make his way past the shore batteries and fortifications, and take position before the city for a bombardment, There is reason to believe that the instructions sent to Admiral Sampson at least conveyed the desire, if not the command, that he enter the harbor, But it is said that the admiral and the general continue to be the supreme officials in authority and that being on the scene, fully alive to all the conditions, their judgment will be taken as final in the course to be adopted.

NAVIGATION EASY. There is said to be no obstacle, so far as navigation is concerned, to the entrance of the harbor by the American fleet. The Cristobal Colon, which cleared the Merrimac and got out of the harbor Sunday, drew 23 feet 3 earliest possible moment, but he did inches, which is within seven inches of the draft of the battleships lowa, Inis greater than the draft of the battleship Texas. Moreover, the navy dedays that the neck of the channel was open, despite the sinking of the Merrimac, and that there was a clear sea way of seven fathoms through which any ship in our navy could sail. This removes all difficulty, except for submarine mines or from the shore bat-

As to the mines little account is taken of them since the Spanish fleet passed over them. The Spaniards are in the habit of using contact mines, so that mines operated by electric connection at Valparaiso when war was imminent with the shore. The forts and batterics have been badly weakened by the American blue jackets.

Washington, July 5 .- As a result of | constant fire of the fleet for many weeks past, and while still a factor they are greatly disabled. Once up to the city the fleet and army could combine in a terrific double fire. No less than 292 heavy guns would be trained from the American warships on the city and at the same time the big siege guns which it is expected have been brought to the front of Shafter's line would rain down a torrent of steel from that quarter. The siege guns throw shells of 135 pounds. Aside from them there are four mountain Howitzers and a large number of smaller Howitzers. These are in the heavy artillery, while the light artillery em-Shafter's demand for the surrender of braces a great number of guns of 3.2 calibre. Combined, this fire from land and sea would be terrific in its effect.

INFLUENCE OF FOREIGN REPRE-

SENTATIVES. The action of the foreign representatives at Santiago has been an additional reason for deferring the bombardment It was made known late today that one of General Shafter's dispatches stated that these representatives had joined in a request to him to put off the shelling of the city for another brief period antil their respective colonies could be removed. This accounts for the departure of the foreign warships from Santiago barbor as they are bearing away the foreign residents in the period before the bombardment begins. The activity of the consuls at Santiago has led to no diplomatic complication which has reached the state department thus far and the authorities here feel that nothing of that na-

The state department today took oc-Cervera's fleet. It seems that Madrid is not alone in the belief that the flect made a handsome sortie from Santiago and left the American ships far in the rear.

Today a cablegram came from United States Minister Tunis at Caracas, saying the Spanish residents there were glorifying in the Spanish naval victory The minister was informed briefly that Cervera's fleet had been destroyed, the admiral made prisoner and that General Shafter had demanded the surrender of the city.

COMMODORE WATSON'S VOYAGE The definite official report reaching here today that the Spanish fleet had entered the Suez canal made no change in the plans of the navy department as sending Commodore squadron to the coast of Spain. Secretary Long said it would start at the

not care to give the day of departure. The annihilation of the Spanish fleet diana. Massachusetts and Oregon, and continues to be an absorbing topic among naval officials, and they are giving most generous praise to Commopartment has known for the last ten | dore Schley for the notable manner in which he directed the fight, when the immediate command fell to his lot. The commodore's friends have long predicted that if he secured an opportunity would render good account of the fighting ability of the American navy. and they are glad this opportunity was afforded. It is one more, and perhaps the greatest achievement in a long line with which Commodore Schlev's name has been associated, others, including the relief of the Greely arctic expedithere is little likelihood of there being tion and the command of the Baltimore

ADMIRAL CERVERA'S DESPERATE DASH

He Came Very Near Making His Escape.

NAVAL MEN BELIEVE THAT HAD AN EASTWARD COURSE BEEN TAKEN HE COULD NOT HAVE BEEN STOPPED BY THE AMERI-CAN SHIPS-ONE HUNDRED MEN DECK OF THE VISCAYA.

(Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press.)

Off Santiage de Cuba, July 4 (afternoon), via Port Antonio, July 5, Associated Press dispatch boat Cynthia II, via Kingston, Tuesday, July 5 .- (Noon.) -- Admiral Cervera held a consultation with his officers before sailing out of the harbor of Santiago de Cuba, and by a small majority the move was agreed upon. The minority said that destruction was sure as many of the firemen had mutinied and the best men in the fleet were worn out by

serving the guns in the shore batteries, Early on the morning of the sortie careful observations were taken of the ea, east and west. Admiral Cervera decided upon taking the westward course with Manzanillo, Cienfuegos, or possible Havana, the port to be reached. He would have gone west but for the sighting of a sarge transport

********* first off Siboney and the assurance that n convoy of war vessels was still with

as a result of a mob attack on the

NO LARGE VESSELS NEAR.

the transports.

As a matter of fact, there is no war vessel larger than a converted yacht except the New York, that could have obstructed Admirai Cervera's escapeastward.

Naval men here are sure that the Spanish vessels could have disabled or sunk the New York and escaped had the eastward course been chosen. It was feared for a time by many that ome of the sailors and officers who swam ashore from the Vizcaya, KILLED BY ONE SHELL ON THE Almirante Oquendo and the Maria Teresa, were killed by the insurgents, who were seen in the chapparel near the This could not be verified at beach. this writing as no accurate estimate of the loss to the Spanish fleet was ob-

> It is claimed that one shell killed 100 men on the Vizcaya, raking the vessel fore and aft.

tainable.

General Ames on Duty. Washington, July 5.—The secretary of war issued an order today for Brigadier General Adelbert L. Ames, recently appointed brigadier general of volunts take passage on the auxiliary cruiser St. Paul, leaving New York tomorrow for General Shafter for assignment to duty under his con mand.

Pennsylvania Postmasters.

Washington, July 5.—The senate today onfirmed these nominations of postmasters: For Pennsylvania, P. Waynesburg; J. C. McKean, Charleroi J. F. Nicholson, Mcnongahela.

AWFUL CONDITION THEY DOUBT CERVERA. Madrid Officials Do Not Believe That

He Is a Prisoner. London, July 6 .- The Madrid corre-

spondent of the Times says: 'Admiral Cervera's family have received a telegram, professedly from him, stating that he is a prisoner, but its authenticity is doubted. The following is the only official dispatch the government has received since yester-

"At dusk last night there reached the Socapa battery seven shipwrecked men from the sunken torpedo boat destroyers. They said the Infanta Maria Teresa was steaming in a damaged condition behind Point Buzer, out of sight of the town, and that the Almirante Oquendo was afire. Subsequently other sailors, I do not know how many, got ashore and confirmed the above. The enemy attacked our forces during the morning, causing us a loss of seven wounded. Colonel Escario's column has arrived."

This dispatch goes on to describe the intervention of the foreign consuls at Santiago and the offer of the Americans to delay bombardment on the morning of July 5, provided the Spaniards refrain from attacking them. It concludes with the words "I have

SPANISH PRISONERS.

The War Department in Poubt as to the Best Method of Disposing of Them -- Cervera May Be Paroled.

Washington, July 5 .- The question of what disposition to make of the Spanish prisoners taken by the United States forces is causing the war department some perplexity. The mat-ter was under discussion today, but Secretary Alger said no conclusion had been reached as to the steps to be taken. It is realized that the naval prisoners cannot be kept long aboard

They must be gotten off before any active operations are taken by Sampson's fleet against the shore batteries. It has been suggested that the pris-oners be loaded on the transports available and that the vessels be anchored well out in the water pending their final disposition. As was the practice during the late war the naval prisoners in all probability will be turned over to the care of the army. General Shafter, however, already has his hands full in this direction, for according to the unofficial reports which have reached here he has captured a large number of prisoners. One suggestion which the army officials have under consideration is the establishment somewhere near the headquarters of Shafter's army of a large camp where both the army and naval prisoners may be located.

A suggestion that it might be in good taste to bring Admiral Cervera and his the American fleet from the vessels of staff to Washington, where they could be placed on parole, meets with some half rations so long that many of them casion to dispet some of the Spanish favor in army circles, though it is very were nearly famished, and if they had illusions over the escape of Admiral questionable whether such action will not been taught that capture by the questionable whether such action will be taken.

> The suggestion that the Spanish prisoners be brought to the United from those who are fearful that this would increase the danger of the importation of yellow fever.

FOREIGN SHIPS LEAVE MANILA.

Landing of American Troops Makes Their Presence Unnecessary.

Washington, July 5 .- As yet the state department has received no confirmation of the statement which reached here from London, that upon the arrival of Manila of the American land forces, several ships of Germany and other European powers which had been there for some time, left immediately for other ports. In official circles, how ever, the announcement is regarded as authentic.

The only possible pretext upon which forces from foreign men-of-war could have been landed in Manila would have been the protection of the lives or interests of their own countrymen resident there. State department officials say that with the arrival of the American reinforcements for Admiral Dewey, the danger that foreigners in Manila would suffer was eliminated from the situation and the larger number of warships probably left, merely because their presence was no longer necessary.

AUGUSTIN'S MESSAGE.

Situation at Manila Unchanged -- His Family Escapes.

Madrid, July 5 (3 p. m.) .- The Spanish consul at Singapore wires the following message from General Augustin, captain general of the Philippines: The situation is unchanged. My

family has succeeded in miraculously escaping from Acabora in a boat and having passed through the American essels, all arrived safely at Manila "General Monet's column is besieged and attacked at Macabora."

WILL CONTINUE THE WAR.

Madrid, July 5 (11.30 p. m.)-The cabinet council tonight after a short session decided not to open negotiations for peace, but to continue the war, with all risks, while a single soldier remains in Cuba.

Pennsylvania Pensions. Washington, July 5.—These Pennsylvania pensions have been issued: Re-isue-Prescott R. Gorman, Lodgedale,

WAR HISTORY OF A DAY.

BOMBARDMENT OF SANTIAGO is postponed.

IT IS RUMORED that the Pope has adised the Queen regent to treat for peace. TONS OF PROVISIONS are being shipped from New York to starving Cu-

MADRID OFFICIALS do not believe Cervera is a prisoner. FOREIGN SHIPS leave Manila Bay or

the arrival of American troops. RESOLUTION THANKING Commodore Schley and his men is introduced in

THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY wounded are brought to Key West on Red Cross steamer. SCHOONER HENRY W. STAMBURY loaded with government bridge supplies

sinks in Tampa Bay.

AT SANTIAGO

Inhabitants Panic Stricken and Are Actually Starving.

FOREIGN CONSULS ARE ENDEAV-ORING TO INDUCE THE SPANISH COMMANDERS TO SUBMIT TO THE THE CITY-GENERAL SHAFTER'S MEN IN GOOD CONDITION-ONLY ONE DEATH HAS OCCURRED SINCE THE BATTLE.

Washington, July 5.-This has been comparatively quiet night at both the war and navy departments. Several dispatches were received by Adjutant General Corbin from General Shafter, but their contents were not given to the public. No bulletins had been posted at midnight neither by the war department or by the navy department.

A message received from General are not only panic stricken over the fear of bombardment but they are suffering from lack of the actual necessities of life. In one of his cablegrams General Shafter says:

condition as to food. The people are starving. Rice is practically the only staple article of food they have." Further along in the same dispatch Shafter says that the growing food crops in the vicinity of the city have already been utilized by the residents

of the city and that the only growing

articles of food left is a few man-Speaking of the troops under his ommand, General Shafter says: "The men are in good spirits and

emarkably well," In the course of another dispatch General Shafter, referring to the condition of those injured, says: "All the wounded are doing singu-

arly well, only one death having occurred since the battle." A private cablegram received from General Sumner, formerly colonel of the Sixth cavalry, stationed at Fort Myer, Va., near this city, says:

'All Fort Myer's officers safe and The glad tidings received from both General Shafter and General Sumner oncerning the condition of the troops and particularly the wounded will be received with joy in all parts of the

SAILORS HALF-STARVED.

General Shafter's statement of the situation in Santiago is borne out by the condition of the men captured by Gervera's squadron. They had been on been taught that capture by the Americans meant death, they would have welcomed it because it insured them good food and plenty of it.

It is learned authoritatively that tremendous pressure is being brought to bear upon the Spanish commander of Santiago by the foreign consuls resident in the city, to induce him in the interests of humanity to surrender to the inevitable. The consuls have communicated with their home governments and it is believed here that representations will be made by them to Spain to induce her to permit the city to surrender, thereby preventing further loss of life and property. What the result of these negotiations may be cannot be foretold. The opinion pressed by war officials is that the Spaniards will fight to the last and capitulate only when they are forced to do so. For that reason any delay of offensive action against the city is not regarded in army circles with favor.

WORLD'S RECORDS BROKEN.

Great Time Made at the Bicycle Races at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, July 5.-Twenty-eight new world's records were established onight in the 30-mile match bicycle race at Willow Grave between Eduard Taylore, champion of France, and Tom Linton, the Welsh wheelman, and a disinguishing feature of the night the little Frenchman succeeded in lowering the record for one hour although he was defeated by Linton in the match race. Judging from the time made the race was the best on of the season and tops all the performauces made by the speedy McDuffee, of hoston. The race was postponed from yesterday, and from the time the pistol shot started the men, they followed their fast pacing teams without losing them once.

Taylore got first away and made the rst mile in 1.46 3-5. At the second the records began to go, Taylore still leading. He fell behind the record in the third but again topped it in the fourth. From then on all records were lowered. Linton taking the lead at the fifth mile and holding it until the eighth. Taylore then went ahead for all miles to the twenty-third, when the Welshman again moved to the front until the end of the 30 miles, winning the match race in 56 minutes and 10 seconds.

The performance of the men, had been so remarkable that the officials urged them both to go ahead for the iour records. Linton failed to undertand the urgings and dropped out, but the little Frenchman kept calling on his pacers to speed faster and when one our had been reached he had covered distance of 33 miles and 963 yards. The best previous record for one our was 32 miles, 1686 yards by J. W. Stocks at the Crystal place, London,

Surgeous for Shafter's Army. Washington, July 5 .- Surgeon General Sternberg, of the army, is making arrangements to send a number of surgeons for Shafter's army on the steamer Grand Duchess, which is soon to leave Newport News for Santiago.

Tampa, Fla., July 5.—Several trans-ports have sailed from Port Tampa withn the last week, carrying large quantities of war munitions, horses, light artil-lery and about 3,800 men to reinforce General Shafter at Santlage

CAMARA IN THE SUEZ CANAL. His Torpedo Boats Ordered Sicily.

Port Said, July 5.—The Spanish fleet under the command of Admiral Camara, consisting of the Pelayo, Carlos V., Patriota, Rapido, Buenos Ayres, Isla de Panay, San Francisco, Isla de Luzon, San Augustin and San Ignacio de Loyola, has entered the Suez canal The Spanish torpedo boats which were with the fleet have been ordered

to Messina, Sicily.

Madrid July 5.—There is much comment here over the news of the departure of the foreign warships from Manlla at the moment of the arrival of the American reinforcements. Only two German, two French and four British warships now remain at Manila, and people are asking if international politics has undergone a change and if the Americans are to be given a free hand

in the Philippine Islands. The news received here that the British consul at Hong Kong has sent a despatch boat to Manila for the purpose of informing Rear Admiral Dewey of the fact that Admiral Camara's squadron has traversed the Suez Canal, is much commented upon, and the newspapers assert that the Egyptian Shafter indicates that the situation of the people of Santiago is terrible. They ed obstacles in the way of Admiral Camara's departure, in order to delay his arrival at Manila as long as possible, adding that the British have been more scrupulous in maintaining the nentrality of the Sucz Canal than they "The town (Santiago) is in a terrible were when they allowed a steamer to leave Hong Kong loaded with arms for

the Manila insurgents. Washington, July 5.-The state department has been informed that Camara's fleet entered the Suez Canal this

morning. The terpedo boats have sailed, their destination, it is said, being a Spanish

HAS THE POPE INTERFERED?

Rumors in London That Are Discredited at Italian Foreign Office. London, July 6.- The Rome corre-

spondent of the Daily Chronicle says that "the pope, it is rumored, has telegraphed the queen regent begging her not to compromise the future of the monarchy by refusing to treat for peace, which, after the heroism dis-played by the Spanish navy, could not be other than honorable. "At the same time the pope cabled

President McKinley-so it is rumored appealing to American generosity, toward 'an unfortunate but chivalrous enemy. The Italian foreign office, however,

discredits such rumors and denies that

the powers have taken any action. AMERICAN LOSSES.

Fighting at Santingo Has Cost On

Army 1,700 Men. (Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press.) indy to Port Antonio July 4, 11 a. m., via Kingston, July 4, 11 p. m .- The fighting during the last two days has cost the American army is made by the surgeons at division headquarters after careful figuring by

the surgeons at the hospitals. Probably less than 100 all told, of the umber of wounded have died, making total number of deaths in the neighborhood of 150. The remainder of the wounded will probably recover.

STEAMER SINKS.

Government Supplies in

Tampa, Fla., July 5 .- This afternoon the schooner Henry W. Stambury, of the Crowell Savarez line of Tampa. loaded with government bridge supplies, sank in the Tampa bay. The crew saved themselves. The schooner sailed this morning for Key West and when twenty miles down the bay off Cockroach light her cargo suddenly shifted and she went down.

Her cargo was iron bridge material for the government and was valued at raise her. It is said the boat was overloaded.

THE AWAKENING.

Dispatches Regarding Cervera Disaster Now Believed in Madrid. London, July 6 .- The Madrid corre-

pondent of the Times says: "Dispatches received from American urces describing the destruction of Admiral Cervera's squadron, which the morning papers considered wild exaggerations and consequently back, have now been published in special editions. They are generally regarded as substantially true and have produced a most painful impression among all classes, but there is perfect tranquility. I perceive no symptoms of dangerous popular excitement."

SAGASTA'S PAINFUL DUTY. Obliged to Explain by Degrees the

True Situation. Madrid, July 5 .- (8 p. m.) -- Senor Saasta the premier, has announced offinally that Admiral Cervera's squad on has been defeated, that the Almirante Oquendo was burned and the Infanta Maria Teresa sunk and that Admiral Cervera himself is a prisoner of

William K. Carlisle Dead. New York, July 5 .- William K. Carisle died today at the home of his father John G. Carlisle, ex-secretary of the

He came to this city to assume the prac-tice of his brother, Logan, who died reently. He had practiced in Kentucky Kansas and Chicago courts. Rey West, July 5 (10 p. m.)-The Red Cross steamer frequent arrived this after-100n from Santiago de Cuba with three

undred and twenty wounded on board

No communication with the vessel is per-

mitted. Instructions from the state board

treasury. Mr. Carlisle has been a resi

dent of New York only about six months

Bigamist Perdored.

Trenton, N. J., July 5.-The board of pardons today in special session pardoned William Kugler, who is serving a six months' term in the Warren county jail for bigamy. Kugler is dying of typhold fever. He is not yet 21 years old.

SPAIN MAY FACE A WAR AT HOME

the Military Disorder Among Throughout the Kingdom.

Crowds in the Cities Are Becoming Riotous and It Is Evident That the Population Is Arming-Precautions Are Being Taken in Large Towns to Guard the Arms in Barracks-An Uprising Feared-Anger at Newspapers That Withheld Reports of Cervera's Downfall.

ordent of the Daily Telegraph telegraphing Tuesday night says:

"Disorder is spreading among the military; the crowds in the city are ecoming riotous and everywhere signs are apparent that the population is arming for civil war. Marshal Martinez Campos, and the captain general of Madrid have beld long consultations as to ways and means of preserving order.

The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Chronicle reports that unusual been received.

London, July 6.-The Madrid corres- [precautions are being taken with a view to a possible rising in Spain. The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: "The public is still in favor of prolonged resistance, but excitement is increasing among all classes and strong precautions are being taken in all the large towns, where the garrisons are confined to barracks." The correspondent describes the irritation against the newspapers, which withheld the special reports as to the disaster to Cervera's squadron until

the government's confirmation had

lency bill. The partial conference report

on the general deficiency bill covering all items but this was adopted. The de-

bate was 'ed by Messrs. Cannon, of Il-linois; Powers, of Vermont, for, and Ma-

guire, of California, against the amend-ment. The debate upon the Hawaiian resolution continued in the senate. Three

speeches were made. Mr. Hoar (Mass.), in advocating annexation, made a notable

appeal against any policy of general ter-ritorial expansion as a sequence to the war. Mr. Lindsay (Ky.) opposed the res-olutions, directing his amendment prin-cipally against their constitutionality.

Mr. White (Cal.) resumed his speech in

FOR STARVING CUBANS.

Tons of Food Being Prepared by the

Commissary Department.

ing the starving Cubans is proceeding

chick the authorities are

ment of the army.

systematically, despite the attention

give to the war. These plans are being

carried out by the commissary depart-

Today large consignments of food

are being loaded on the steamer Port

Victor at New York, viz., 75,000 pounds

cornmeal, 562,000 pounds flour, 750,000

pounds bacon, 90,000 pounds coffee, 150,-

000 pounds sugar, 60,000 pounds soap,

per. These will be made up into ra-

tions and distributed over a wide ter-

ritory to the Cubans. This is but one

relief has been going on for the past

two months, hundreds of thousands of

government rations being distributed.

ated and cold storage beef, for Cuban

first consignment of this kind will leave

Tampa on next Saturday and will be

sufficient to last until the next con-

dgnment of refrigerated beef goes for-

REFUGEES DEPART.

British and Other Warships Leave

Santingo with Subjects on Board.

Conveight, 1938, by the Associated Press.)

-The British warships Alert and Pal-

ias, the former with 14 refugees and

the latter with 28, and the Austrian

man-of-war Kaiserin Marie Theresta,

with 38 refugees, arrived at Port Royal

They left the entrance of the harbor

2.15 p. m.-The foreign war vessels

were requested by Admiral Sampson

not to enter the harbor, but to send

steam launches up to the city. They

did so and brought away such persons

designated, among them Miss Rams-

den, daughter of the British consul,

and Mrs. Brooks, wife of one of the

firm of Brooks Brothers. Most of the

fugitives are well to do Cuban-English

by the Pallas were landed here about

an hour ago. The Cubans assembled

at the wharf and cheered wildly, and

the women in the party burst into

Spaniards Still Doubtful.

Ascociated Press telling of the destruc-

ion of Admiral Cervera's fleet, including

the official accounts of the battle, have

been telegraphed to Madrid, and the dis-

patch just received from Madrid at the

office here of the Associated Press for

transmission to the United States, giv-ing the Spanish version of the sortle,

shows that the Spanish cersor has sup-pressed the Associated Press dispatches,

or that they are regarded by the Span-

Cable Operators Escape.

New York, July 5 .- The central cable of-

ce of the Western Union Telegraph com-

London, July 5 .- The dispatches of the

The passengers

at Santiago de Cuba at 4 o'clock yes-

terday (Monday).

or Cuban-Austrians.

tears.

Kingston, Jamaica, July 5 (.15 p. m.)

troops and the reconcentrados.

ward.

The supplies will now include refriger-

of several consignments as the work of

Washngton, July 5.-The plan of feed-

opposition.

CHASE AFTER THE CRISTOBAL COLON

Clever Manoeuvre of Commodore Schley

Cuts Off Escape.

BUT FOR THE PROMPT ACTION OF THE BROOKLYN THE ENTIRE SPANISH FLEET MIGHT HAVE SAILED OUT OF REACH OF THE AMERICAN SQUADRON-SCHLEY'S FLAGSHIP ENGAGES FOUR CRUIS-

Off Santiago de Cuba, Monday, July Before Santiago, Sunday, July 3 (4 4 (6 p. m.), by way of Kingston, p. m.).—Per Associated Press dispatch | Jamaica, July 5 (2 p. m.)—After a chase of sixty miles to the westward the Brooklyn, closely followed by the Oregon, overhauled the Cristobal Colon after she had run ashore and had seventeen hundred men. This estimate hauled down her flag. Captain Cook, of the Brooklyn, went on board of her and the commander of the Spanish armored cruiser came forward to surrender and was taken on board the New York, which had came up an hour after the Brooklyn and Oregon had 60,000 pounds sait and 3,000 pounds pepcompleted the capture of the Cristobal Colon. The latter was not seriously damaged, though she was struck several times by shots from the Brooklyn

and Oregon During the chase a clever manoeuvre of Commodore Schley in heading southwest to Cape Caney, while the Cristobal Colon had taken a more southerly direction with a much greater distance to cover, rendered the Spanlards' escape impossible.

PROOKLYN MADE THE ATTACK. There seems to be no doubt that the Cristobal Colon and, perhaps, the other three Spanish armored cruisers would have escaped had it not been for the prompt action of Commodore Schley. The Brooklyn, his flagship, alone was about \$30,000. Efforts will be made to in a position to attack the Spanish yessels as they left the harbor and the commodore steamed directly towards them and engaged all four cruisers, inillcting great damage upon them.

The Oregon was the first to join the Brooklyn and afterward the Iowa, Indiana, Texas, Vixen and Gloucester closed around the Spaniards, all pouring in a deadly fire. But from the beginning to the end of the fight, the Brooklyn, Oregon and Gloucester took the most important part in the destruction of the enemy.

One man, George Henry Ellis, was cilled on board the Brooklyn. head was blown off by a shell. One other man, J. Burns, was injured on as the British and Austrian consuls board of her.

The Brooklyn was struck half a Jozen times, but no injury was done to any of the other American ships.

CONGRESS PROCEEDINGS.

Washington, July 5.-The house devoted four hours today to a debate from the Pacific railroads issue brought out by the senate arrendment to the general defic-

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

- today: -or - eres Variable Winds.

Cuba Again Deferred. Details of Admirst Cervera's Desperate Attempt at Escape Spain on the Verge of Civil War.

General-Spanish Version of the Destruction of Cervera's Squadron. Financial and Commercial. Local-Persons Who Will Remember July 4, 1888.

Opening Sessions of July Argument Court. Editorial

Comment of the Press. Local-Reorganization of the National Guard. Annual Statistics of Public Schools

News Round About Scranton Whitney's Weekly News Budget. General-Garretson's Brigade Leaves Camp Alger for Santiago.

Difficulty of Forwarding Letters from

Local-West Scranton and Suburban.

pany in this city issued a notice today to the effect that its cable operators at of Santingo de Cuba had gone on board a British gunbout. ************ WEATHER FORECAST.

south winds

Washington, July 5.-Forecast for Wednesday; For Eastern Pennsylvania, fair; warmer; south- casterly winds, becoming variable.
 For Western Pennsylvania, fair weather; warmer; light cast to