UNITED STATES ARMY OF INVASION

The Vessels That Have Been Delayed by Various Mishaps Are Now Steaming for Santiago de Cuba-The Marines with Sampson Have Exciting Experiences.

erence to the exact hour at which the gave promise of a satisfactory un-United States army left Florida for Cuba, it may be safely said that before the end of the week General Shafter will have landed with his 15,000 United DARING EXPLOIT States troops on Cuban soil and that the investment of Santiago by land will have begun. There was some confusion in the official mind here today on the time of departure of the transports, though assurance was given that they had all gotten away. The confusion on this point is easily accounted for by persons who know anything of the difficulties of moving simultaneously a numerous fleet composed of vessels of all sizes and classes. No less than three times, beginning Sunday, was a definite hour selected for the start and the war department so notified. Yet in each case some untold obstacle was encountered that required notification to the department that a postponement had been forced. Sailors say such delays are inevitable and that rarely does a fleet get off by first intention. However, the department officials stated this afternoon that they believed the very last of the transports had at last started for Cuba. After all, the delay of a day or two in the start is not calculated to make any material difference in the plans.

TROUBLES OF THE MARINES.

And the only persons who will suffer from it will be Sampson's marines. camped on the tropical bay of Guantanamo, and obliged to maintain the strictest vigilance in repelling the bushwhacking Spanish irregulars who swarm the thickets. This foe gives no trouble during the daylight hours, owing to the presence of the Marblehead within easy range, but at night. when the warship is unable to distinguish their own men from the enemy. the lot of the marines is a very excitexpedition the war department has now concentrated all its energies on the preparation of the force to be sent to Perto Rico, Active movements in that line have been made on a scale so extensive as to lead to the supposition in some quarters that the attack is to be directed upon Havana, but if this is so, there is no open indication of it. The volunteers collected at Chattanooga, 42,000 in number, are reaching a degree of excellence under the magnificent management of General Brooks that would warrant the government in ordering them immediately into active service but, unfortunately, there is still a considerable tack of equipment that will not permit of this. General Merritt has brought the second installment of his force into readiness and sails for Manila tomorfow. It is believed that the advance guardthree transports which followed the Charleston to Honolulu, met the cruiser there and sailed in her company for the Philippines about the 12th of this month. In this case, it is reasonable to expect them to arrive at Manila within a week.

The only bullentln posted at the navy department today from Sampson contained the satisfactory news that an American naval officer, Lieutenant Victor Blue, of South Carolina, at the risk of his life, had succeeded in encircling the bay of Santiago and counting the Spanish veesels therein with the result of establishing the fact that all of Cervera's fleet were bottled up.

UNEXPECTED COMPLICATION.

An unexpected complication has arisen as to the right of Admiral Sampat Santiago and Admiral Dewey at Manila to use the cables which each has secured with a view of bringing them into direct telegraphic communication with the authorities here. It is understood by the officials here that end of the cable leading from Manila to Hong Kong some time ago and bouyed it with a view to sending dis- ing \$477.151 to pay the Flering sea award patches. The same condition is understood to exist at Santiago, where Admiral Sampson has bouyed the shore end of the cable with a view to repairing and using it. But no messages have been sent and the question has arisen as to whether it is allow able under the rules of neutrality for the French' and British companies owning these lines to permit them to be used for strictly military purposes. The companies control the points of exit, and are able to refuse to pass dispatches along, so that the holding of the shore ends by Admirals Dewey and Sampson does not permit them to carry on communication, except through the assent of the companies. These are private concerns, but they are bound to observe the neutrality of their respective governments. There is some anxiety therefore as to the course of the operators of the French company at Hayti, when they receive meesages from Admiral Sampson. Should they refuse to handle them over neutral lines, touching neutral territory, an interesting international question might arise. The same condition exists as to the Manila cable, and the failure to receive dispatches from Manila is attributed to the failure of the British operators at Hong Kong to take the mes-

Washington, June 14.-Without ref- | gotiations were now progressing which American admirals send.

Counts the Ships in the Spanish Floot at Santingo -- He Locates Four Crolsers, Two Tornedo Bont Destroyers and Three Ganboats.

Copyright, 1888, by the Associated Press.) On board the Associated Press dispatch boat Wanda, off Santiago de Cuba. June 13, 2 p. m.—(Vla Kingston Jamaica, June 14, 7 a, m.)-The delay in the arrival of the transports is as cribed here to a fear that after all Admiral Cervera's squadron might not be in Santiago harbor. Once for all Admiral Sampson decided to settle this question officially, and on Saturday last he sent Lieutenant Victor Blue, of the gunboat Suwance, to investigate. Lieutenant Blue landed on Saturday and proceeded with guides to the hills overlooking the harbor and the city. He distinctly saw and definitely located four Spanish armored cruisers and two torpedo boat destroyers. He saw also three small cruisers or gunboats

The result of his expedition he reported this morning (Monday) to Admiral Sampson on the deck of the flagship New York. Lieutenant Blue traveled about 72 miles, following the eastward line of the city. He brought out to the flagship a copy of a Santiago namer issued last Saturday, in which complaint is made that the navy and army are failing to distribute to the citizens their portion of the provisions remaining in the city.

Lieutenant Blue's report has definitely exposed the fiction that any of Cervera's cruisers were in the Bahamas, or in a position to attack the transports, which are now confidently expected at an early date. Admiral Sampson complimented him upon his daring and successful mission.

Lieutenant Blue reported also that continues around Santiago between the Cubans and the Spaniards. The latter have been repairing the fortifications of the city, as it is expected that Admiral Sampson will renew the bombardment in anticipation of a possible arrival and landing of troops this week.

General Calixto Garcia has been expected to arrive near Santiago to report to Admiral Sampson today, but this morning it turned on that the information upon which this expectation was based was incorrect. As yet the whereabouts of General Garcia is not definitely known.

DAY IN CONGRESS.

Resolution Appropriating \$473,151 to Pay the Boring Sen Award Is Adopted.

Washington, June 14 .- At today's sesion of the senate the resolution of Mr. Lodge (Mass.) directing that an inquiry be made into the disposition made of the Methodist book concern claim, which was paid recently by congress. was adopted without division. In the course of the debate upon &t, Mr. Morgan (Ala.) charged that the resolution was insincere and had been drawn for political effect. This statement, Mr. Lodge denied vigorously, saving his only purpose in offering the resolution was that all the facts concerning the matter should be laid before the people to the end that more care should be exercised in the future. He hoped that as a result of the proposed investigation general law would be passed to elimate the professional lobbyist from the

egislative equation. The measure to incorporate the In ternational American bank was under discussion for three hours, the debate eliciting some interesting facts concerning the foreign trade of this coun-Admiral Dewey has secured the shore try, Final action was not taken on the

> A house joint resolution appropriat was adopted. The appropriation is carried in the sundry civil appropriation hill, but that measure is still in conference and the award has to be paid in the 16th inst.

> Eight hours, comprising afternoon and evening sessions of the house to day, were devoted to debate of the Newlands resolutions for the annexation of Hawaii. Twenty speeches were delivered, most of them being brief. A vote will be taken at 5 o'clock tomor row afternoon and in order to give time for speeches which members desire to take, the house ageed to meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The resolutions, according to estimates today, will receive, with the exception of not more than twelve, all Republican votes. and will enlist the support of from 15 to 29 Democrats and members of other

Fleet Snits from Havana.

Tampa, Fla. June H.-After weeks of waiting and preparation the first army of invasion to start from the eastern shores of the United States departed under the command of General Shafter this morn ing at 2 o'clock. The ficet of transports consisted of thirty-six transports, four sages. It was stated tonight that no- | tenders and for hiera convoys.

LEITER'S PROSPECTS.

It Is Now Thought That His Creditors

Chicago, June 14 .- P. D. Armour today bought all of Joseph Leiter's cash wheat in the northwest, amounting to four or five million bushels. Semi-authoritative information is also obtained that Armour will take up all of Leiter's

It is generally admitted that the sale to Armour clears the atmosphere to a considerable extent and if trustees are secessary to liquidate the rest of Leiter's cash wheat in this city, new York. affoat, and in European store-houses it will not require much time to dispose of the remaining 3,000,000 bushels or more. There apparently will be little difficulty in winding up the deal, inasmuch as it is authoritatively stated that bids have been received for all the cash wheat that Leiter has.

There is a fair prospect that Leiter's reditors will lose nothing and that the wheat will bring in sufficient with recovering markets to pay all claims.

The traditional irony of fate was commented upon amore, traders today when it was learned that Mr. Armour now comes to the rescue. How much Mr. Armour paid Leiter for the immense holding of cash wheat in the northwest has not been made public.

FIGHTING AT MANILA.

Insurgents Wish to Capture the City Before Americans Land.

Berlin, June 14 .- Advices received from Shanghai by the Frankfort Zeitung says news has been received there from Manila to the effect that there is fighting every night around the town. The insurgents, it seems, are trying to capture Manila and establish an independent government before the Americans land.

The German consul at Manila, it is further reported, has three hundred Germans and Swiss on board a refugee steamer in the harbor.

MERRIMAC HEROES.

Substantial Reward Will Be Given the Mon Under Lieut. Hobson, Upon Their Release.

Washington, June 14.-Substantial recognition has been given by the navy department to the members of the gallant crew who took the Merrimac into the entrance of Santiago harbor and sunk her across the channel under the very muzzles of the Spanish guns.

This evening official recognition was taken of their valor when Secretary Long signed the orders to Admiral Sampson directing the promotion of all the members of the crew. Lieutenant Hobson's reward will come later through congress. The men still linger in a Spanish prison, but when they return again to their ships their promotions will be awaiting them.

The orders sent to Admiral Sampson night direct the promotion of the men as follows:

Daniel Montague, master-at-arms, to George Charette, gunner's mute, to be a

Rudolph Clausen, Osborne Deigman and Murphy, coxswains, to be boatswains master, an increase of \$20 a George F. Phillips, machinist, to be

chief machinist, from \$40 a month to \$70 a Francis Kelly, water tender, to be chief machinist, from \$37 a month to \$70 a

In addition to the promotions, steps have already been taken towards the presentation of medals to Constructor Hobson and the members of his gallant crew. What new honors await Constructor Hobson, who planned and executed the brilliant coup, have not as vet been disclosed.

GERMANY'S PURPOSE.

May Yet Take the Risk of War with

the United States. London, June 15 .- The Berlin corres-

pondent of the Daily News says:

"It seems almost impossible that Germany can have the idea of risking a war with the United States by interference at Manila. Nevertheless, it is equally impossible to ignore the significance of the fact that ideas of repeating the successful Kiao-Chou experiment are evidently floating through the brains of naval personages whose influence is so great that the matter deserves attention."

Nominations Confirmed.

Washington, June 14.-The senate in excutive session confirmed the following To be major general, J. fer, of Ohio. To be briga-Warren Kieffer, of Ohio. To be briga-dier generals, Charles F. Ros, of New York, Thomas L. Rosser, of Virginia; John P. S. Gobin, of Pennsylvania.

Starvation in Cuba.

London, June 15.-The Daily Chronicle's orrespondent at Kingston, Jamaica, says tearns that there is intense misery at dayana and Santiago and that the le are starving, but they are cowed by the presence of the Spanish army,

THE STORY OF THE DAY.

DUKE DE RIO, minister of foreign alfairs, states that Spain has taken no step in the direction of peace.

TERMAN ADVICES state that the in surgents are endeavoring to capture Manila before the Americans land for the purpose of establishing an inde-SPANISH PRESS thinks that Germany

FLEET OF THIRTY-FIVE transports and fourteen convoys sailed from

Tampa.

SECRETARY LONG signs orders for the motion of the men under Lieuten ant Hobson. LONDON DISPATCH states that people

are starving in Havana and Santiago AUCUS OF DEMOCRATS of the house votes against annexation of Hawall.

THIRTY-FIVE HUNDRED soldiers go of the Manila transports at San Francisco.

MELINE MINISTRY IS NOW NO MORE

Voted Out in the French Chamber of Deputies.

THE PREMIER, M. MELINE, REPUDI-ATES THE STATEMENT THAT HE IS ENGAGED IN AN ANTI-DEMO-CRATIC POLICY-HE OBJECTS TO THE ACCESSION OF SOCIALISM. HOWEVER.

Paris, June 14.-The chamber of deouties today by 295 to 272 passed a ote of confidence in the government. The Meline misistry, later, was defeated by 296 to 245 votes, amid intense excitement and uproar.

The house was crowded, as were the public galleries and all present eagrly discussed the situation.

The premier, M. Meline, opened the proceedings by vehemently repudiatng the statement that he was engaged in an anti-Democratic policy, but he declared that the accession of socialism to power would speil ruin Ex-Minister Bourgeois followed,

taunting M. Meline with being unwilling to cut himself from the Rightists, and several extreme Leftists continued their severe strictures of the prem "undemocratic policy."

M. Ribot then delivered a warm eulogy of the premier and proposed a rote of confidence in the government, but its terms elicited loud protests from the Rightists. M. Meline, however, accepted the

terms of the motion, whereupon M. Cassagnac charged him with throwing over the Rightists. The premier retorted that he had never asked for was adopted by 284 to 272 votes. RIBOT'S MOTION.

The first part of M. Ribot's motion the chamber approving the declarations of the government." was then adopted by a vote of 295 to 272 and the second part "is determined to put in force the policy of Democratic reforms, based on the union of Republicans." was also adopted by 525 to 5 votes.

Thus far matters went comparatively smoothly, then M. Henri Ricard moved to add the words "and supported by majority exclusively Republican." M. Meline refused to accept this addition, M. Ricard Insisted upon a vote and the addition was carried by 296 to 246 votes, whereupon there was a terrible uproar.

The members of the extreme left arose enmasse and shouted for the retirement of M. Meline. M. Bertenux yelled: "Get out! You

ire defeated" Others, pointing to the ministerial bench, indulged in a chorus of "boohs." The Socialists vociferated "resign,

When a full occurred another vote was taken on the entire motion, which Meline accepted, swallowing the obnoxious addition, and the motion was adopted by 284 to 272 votes.

The chamber of deputies then rned until Monday.

opinion was freely expressed that M. Meline would resign after the council tomorrow, though nothing is certain, wing to the contradictory character of the votes. M. Meline returned to his residence

immediately after the adjournment of the chamber, declining to receive any CLEMMER ON TRIAL

Arraigned for Participation in the Murder of Mrs. Charles O. Kaiser .- Skull in Evidence.

Norristown, Pa., June 14.-The taking of testimony was begun today in the case of James A. Clemmer, charged with being an accomplice in the murder of Mrs. Charles O. Kaiser, on October 28, 1896, Judge Weand fixed purpose to hold no compromise

vas alone on the bench. District Attorney Strassburger precented the case of the commonwealth. He said in effect that the state proosed to prove that Clemmer and Charles O. Kaiser, husband of the murdered woman and now under sen- and the doctrines which have governed tence of death for participation in the

equally guilty. Dr. H. H. Gregg was the first witness called. He described the condi-tion of the body of Mrs. Kaiser after had been brought to Norristown. He said there was a gun shot wound in front of the left car. Dr. Gregg underwent a long and severs cross-examination, but his testimony was not shaken. Coroner Umstead corroborated

Gregg's testimon; The skull of Mrs. Kaiser was placed in evidence after which a map was presented showing the different roads in the neighborhood of where the mur-

der was committed. immediately after recess Lizzie De-Kalb, Clemmer's alleged accomplice in the murder, was placed upon the stand and for nearly three hours gave testimony, which if true, makes Clemmer the murderer of Mrs. Kaiser, The DeKalb woman has been in jail since short time prior to Clemmer's arrest, and her evidence today was practially the same as the statements made

She told in detail her relations with Clen.mer for four years. In telling of the actual commission of the murder the witness said that on the night of scrober 28, 1896. Clearmer took her out driving. They passed Mr. and Mrs. people. Easser on the road and after going some distance. Clemmer got out of the carriege and told with as to drive on. She did so, and later heard two shots. Clemmer came hunt ed'y towards the carriage and got in. Witness noticed blood on his cur; and cuffs and sub-sequently he to'l her he had killed avoiding the scandals which have dis Mrs. Kaiser, at the same time unfoldng the plot arranged between him and Kuiter, whereby the latter was to inorm the authorities that he and his wife had been ettacked by highway-

men, who shot Mes. Ka cet, The cross-examination of Miss De-Kalb was aimed at her character, which the witness admitted by her replies was not of the best. Court adjourned until tomorrow when Miss DeKalb's cross-examination will be continued.

ARRESTED FOR FORGERY.

Perry Lee Downs Charged with Imi tating Railroad Bonds.

Chicago, June 14.-Perry Lee Downs

bugh Lee and Jefferson Davis. He was taken to Baltimore by W. B. Lyon, special messenger of Maryland's governor, who came to Chicago to person ally effect Downs' arrest. The alleged forgery occurred three years ago.

Downs formerly practiced law and oc He was a member of several promin ent clubs and of ex-Governor Jackson's staff. In October, 1895, he was indicted upon the charge of forger; mortgages and other securities upor he has been a fugitive from justice the gaz; bling table.

EXPECTING AID FROM GERMANY

The Spanish Press Believes That the Bembardment of Manila Will

Madrid, June 14.-The Spanish press has increased its optimism, based on the belief that Germany intends to prevent a bombardment of Manila by making a naval demonstration. The newspapers urge sacrifices with the view of securing Germany's assistance, and political leaders express themselves in favor of offering Germany the following concessions in return for her taking the initiative in checking

depots in Spanish Oceanica. Secondly, Spanish concurrence in the development of Germany's commercial and political relations with Morocco. The minister for foreign affairs. Duke Almondavar de Rio, told the newspaper

men today that the Spanish government had not taken any step in the direction of peace negotiations. The minister also said he had not received any confirmation of the reported third attack on Santiago de

CORREA IS HOPEFUL.

city and his batteries of artillery are guns.

d'affaires at Washington, and Lieutenant Carranza, the former Spanish naval attache at Washington, have been the "Canadian authorities having in-Carranza addressed to the minister of marine, giving an account of the condition of the American ports and fortifications."

SOUND MONEY DEMOCRATS.

Pennsylvania was made public today, time until daybreak the firing was in-The representatives declared their cessant and at times very heavy. with Populism nor surrender their Democratic principles to the Republican party policies which have led the country into moral and political chaos, but firmly adhere to the platform of the Indianapelis convention of 1896 the Democratic party in the past when rime of killing Mrs. Kaiser, were Jefferson and Madison and Monroe and Jackson and Tilden and Cleveland led the party to its best victories. In clos-

To that end we declare our belief:

dard of value for foreign and domesti Third-That all paper currency of the national government should be retired when redeemed in coin and not again

Fourth-That the national bank system hould be revised to enable it to provide an adequate currency for inter-state commerce; and the tax upon the note issues of state banks should be repealed to enable them to provide necessary local currency for local trade within the law

Fifth-That all taxation, state or na tional, should be for revenue only and that foreign trade should no longer be hampered by the vexatious exactions of in her confession shortly after the ar-rest.

She told in detail her relations with perity depends.

> ernment should not meddle with financial and commercial affairs of the Seventh-That the administration of the

> state in every department should be promptly recognized upon a basis of probity, capacity and efficiency. Enormous permanent balances in favored banks should be abelished, and a grislature elected that will elevate the graced the law-making branch of the

phia: William Drayton, Pennllyn: Brooks, Pittsburg: Pearson C

alias Phil Davis, licutenant colonel of the Blue and Gray legion, has been ardested by Doputy Sheriff Lee charged with forging railroad bonds to the value of \$280,000. The sheriff acted on requisition papers from Governor Tanner and the governor o Maryland.

Downs is a relative of General Fitz-

Baltimore, June 14.-Perry Led upied a good position in Baltimore. and accused of having signed his mother's name to a number of notes. which he raised money. His flight followed immediately and since then The prevailing impression in Baltinore was that he had joined the insurgent army in Cuba. It is said gambling caused his downfall. The officials say he squandered a fortune at

Be Prevented.

The minister for war, General Correa, declared the situation at Manila is better than was supposed. He said In the lobbles of the chamber the trated 20,000 men for the defence of the asserted to comprise 199 long-range

"invited" to leave Canada, owing to tercepted a letter which Lieutenant

They Will Not Surrender to Populism

Nor Compromise in Any Detail.

ing they said: First-That a strict adherence to the constitution of the United States as the upreme law of the land, particularly in ts defence of the obligation of contracts

s the first essential of political morals, and in conformity therewith. Second—That gold also is the safe stan-

Sixth-That beyond the constitutional limits to its authority, the national gov-

iin; A. B. Farquhar, York; David W. Bellers, Philadelphia: Thomas DeWitt Cuyler, Philadelphia: Join Samuel, Pailadelphia: Henry Morris, M. D. Philadelphia Brooks, Pittsburg: Peanson Church, Meadville: Charles B. Kenny, Pittsburg: Rowland Evans, Haverford: Murray Rush, Saint Davids: John Campbell, Berwyn: Tryon Lewis, Radnor: Benja-min C. Potts, Media.

SPANISH TROOPS HARRASS INVADERS

The Marines Landed at Guantanamo Have Been Obliged to Fight Almost Incessantly Since Landing-But for the Guns on the Ships They Would Have Been Annihilated by the Overwhelming Hosts of Spanish Soldiers-Cuban Troops Worse Than Useless in the Battle.

Copyright 1898, by the Associated Press.) I without trouble. The shells of the Camp of the United States marines, uter harbor of Guantanamo, Monday June 13 (noon), by the Associated Presdispatch boat Wanda, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 14, 7 a. m -- After two nights of hard fighting the American flag still floats on Cuban soil over the encampment of the marine battalion and our boys say they will keep it there until the belated troops arrive if it

Thus far, the marines have had the best of the fighting; but the situation is grave and they are exhausted with repelling almost incessant attacks. They have little chance to rest or sleep and the time of the arrival of the refleving troops is uncertain. Were it not for the protecting guns of the fleet the callant little band would be anninowering numbers from Santiago de Cuba. As it is they probably can hold forward until reinforced by troops,

What first, with the white tents on a ground, looked like a holiday camp, is now grim reality. The tents have been Firstly, naval stations and coaling struck and rolld into breastworks, supplemented by trenches around the crest of the hill. The spot is lamentably exposed, on bare ground, while surrounding it on all sides is heavy brush The least movement in the camp is the signal for instant target practice upon the part of the Spanish sharp shooters, whose rifles carry much farther than ours, though their owners rarely hit anything they aim at.

SPANISH SOLDIERS NUMEROUS. It is impossible to accustely estimate the Spanish attacking force but it is numerous enough. About two thirds of with a deadly ring, and the spatting of lowed the retreating Spaniards up the the Mausers make things quite lively, for the Spaniards are daring enough to It was officially announced that Senor | crawl up and take a popshot at the du Bosc, the former Spanish charge marines, from the bushes about thirty yards from the camp. At night the besiegers fight like Indians and our old Apache fighters will feel in their element. Every yard of Chapparal is an ambuscade, and picket duty is flipping

coins with death. After the first attack on Saturday night. Colonei Huntington felt certain that snother attempt would be made on Sunday night and he caused entrenchments to be thrown up on all sides of the camp, and in the trenches the main part of the battalion last night waited for the attack that the colonel was cer-Philadelphia, June 14.-The address tain would come. It arrived within the Sound Money Democrats of short time after dark and from that

> KILLED AND WOUNDED. On the American side two were killed and four injured. The dead are:

> SERGEANT MAJOR HENRY GOODE. of the marines, shot through the right PRIVATE TAUMAN, wounded and fell off the cliff and was instantly killed.

> PRIVATE WALLACE, fell off the cliff and sustained a fractured leg. PRIVATE MARTIN, shot through the PRIVATE ROXBURY, shot through the

The injured are:

The above are all privates belonging to Company D. PRIVATE BURKE, shot through the The first attack of the Spaniards was made at 8 o'clock and the last

shot was fired by them at about 3 'clock in the morning. During the night the Spaniards attacked the camp of marines on shore and the Marblehead, believing the Americans had been driven out, threw several shells into the place. attack, however, was repulsed by the

small detachment of marines in camp THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today:

Generally Pair: Cooler.

Telegraph-Spanish Bushwhackers Torment Lieuter ant Huntington's Mar-Army of Invasion is Off at Last. French Chamber of Deputies Censures the Ministry.

Local-Trial List for Second Week June Criminal List. Pinancial and Commercial. Local-Business Meeting of the Uni-

Court Proceedings. Editorial. Comment of the Press.

Local-Annual Meeting of the Y. W. South Side Sewer Advocates Will Man damus the City Controller.

Local-West Scranton and Suburban

News Round About Scranton. Telegraph-Troops at Camp Aiger on the Anxious Seat. Base Ball and Horse Racing Whitney's Weekly News Budget.

Marblehead struck among the marines,

CUBANS NOT A SUCCESS. The fight was the first of the war in which the Cubans co-operated with the American forces and their company operation was not a glittering success. At one time during the afternoon when the marines were firing on a small detachment of Spaniards that made their appearance a short distance from the camp, the Cubans began fir-ing without orders and sent a volley

right among the Americans. were several very narrow escapes, but no one was injured. Lieutenant Neville, of Company D. was sent on scout duty and as the day previous, he attacked a small stone fort. A hot fight followed and the Spaniards were driven off with loss. It was during this fight that Wallace and Tau-

man fell over the cliff. Fifteen dead Spaniards, including one licutenant, were found in the fort. During the attack several shots struck the ships in the harbor, one penetrating the pilot house of the Asso-

ciated Press dispatch boat Dandy. No one was injured on board of her. The night attack was picturesque and a striking spectacle, the crack of the Mausers, tongues of fire from every bush encircling the camp, the twitter of the long steel bullets overhead, while the machine guns down on the water were ripping open the pickets and the crash of the field guns could be heard as they were driving in canister where the fire of the Spaniards was the thick-Then there was the screech of the Marblehead's shells as she took a hand in the fight and the sharp, quick flashng of the Colts' rapid-firing onepounder guns from the effectively placed ship launches

A night wild and lurid as a tropical The Dolphin this morning located the Spanish water station on the ocean side of the harbor entrance, which supplied the water for the attacking force. The well was situated in a block-house wind-mill having a small garrison. It was shelled at two thousand yards. Excellent practice was made, the station was wrecked and Cannister folsteep ravine. Each shell disclosed the spot where it alighted by raising a cloud of dust. They were all well placed. The arrival of the fleet to complete the bombardment of the town and its defence is expected this after-

SECOND EXPEDITION.

Thirty-five Hundred Soldiers Leave San Francisco for Manita. San Francisco, June 14 .- Thirty-five undred soldiers left Camp Merritt today, and marched to the docks and boarded the transports which are to form the second expedition against the Philippines. The fleet was made

up as follows: Steamer China, First Colorado infantry; two Utah batteries light artillery and half of the Eighteenth United

States infantry. Steamer Colon, Twenty-third United States infantry and half of the Eighteenth United States infantry. Steamer Zealandia, Tenth Pennsyl-

cania volunteer infantry.

Steamer Senator, First Nebraska. colunteer Infantry. Brigadier General Green is in command of the expedition. His adjutant-general is Captain Bates of the Seventy-first New York volunteers. As they marched through the camp

cheer upon cheer. EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

the 2,000 soldiers who were to be left

behind gave the departing soldiers

Felt at Various Points in Southern States. Memphis, Tenn., June 14.-A distinct earthquake shock, lasting about two minutes, was felt here at 9.35 o'clock

this morning.

carthquake shock was felt here at about 9.30 o'clock this morning. It was perceptible in the taller buildings of the city. Paducah, Ky., June 14.-A distinct earthquake was felt here and through-

Evansville, Ind., June 14.-A distinct

In some parts of the city the shock moved dishes and furniture.

out this part of the state at 9.30 a. m.

Pennsylvania Pensions. Wash gton. June 14.-The following Peningivania pensions have been issued: Original-William Pond, Wilmot, Bral-ford, S. Increase-Joshua Palmer, Lacoyville, \$17 to \$21.

....... WEATHER FORECAST.

New York, June 15.—(iterald's forecast)—In the middle state, and New England the weather will be clear and cooler, with less actual humidity and fresh westerly and northwesterly winds.

Washington, June 14.-Forecast. for Wednesday: sylvania generally fair weather; cooler; northwesterly winds. Fo western Pennsylvania, generally western Pennsylvania. Butherly fair; cooler; iresh northerly
