TWE TOUR OTHES

SCRANTON, PA., SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1898.

TWELVE PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

AN AMERICAN CRUISER SUNK

The "Merrimac" Said to Have Been Blown Up by a Torpedo at the Entrance of the Harbor at Santiago de Cuba—Eight of the Crew Made Prisoners by the Spaniards.

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Cape Haytien, Hayti, June 3 (3.15 p. m.) - The American fleet, cruiser sunk there is said to be the Merrimac. according to advices received by cable from Santiago de Cuba, the cable being under Spanish control, opened fire again at 3 o'clock this morning on the fortifications and warships.

The cannonade was well sustained until 4 o'clock a. m. A United States auxiliary cruiser "well armed," attempted to force the passage

The Spanish allowed the cruiser to cross the first line of torpedoes, but before she arrived at the second line they discharged at her a torpedo, which broke a great hole in her side and caused her to sink almost instantly, bow first. The name of the vessel is not known nor is the number of victims reported. One officer, one engineer and six sailors were made prisoners by the Spaniards.

Port-au-Prince, Hayti, June 3 (3.30 p. m.)-It is reported here, direct from Santiago de Cuba, that an American warship which forced the government for its congratulations. Admiral Cervera does not the entrance to Santiago Bay today, was sunk by a torpedo.

PEACE ALREADY IS IN SIGHT

The Administration Thinks Sautiago Will Bring It.

OVERTURES IN BEHALF OF SPAIN BY A EUROPEAN POWER EXPECT-CAPTURED OR DESTROYED-PRES-WISHES CONGRESS TO RE-WITH HIM-TO DEMAND PORTO PICO FOR INDEMNITY-PROSPECT OF ANNEXATION OF HAWAII SOON.

New York, June 3.-A Washington special to the Commercial Advertiser states that all signs point to a speedy termination of the war as soon as the combined American fleets at Santiago shall have captured or destroyed the Spanish warships under the command of Admiral Cervera. The administration is looking forward to the receipt of a proposition from Spain which will open the way to negotiations for peace. With the destruction of Cervera's which may be reported any day, the power of the Spanish government in the Western hemisphere will collapse, and it will be plain to the queen regent and to those rulers in Europe who may be kindly disposed toward her that a continuance of the war can only result in less advantageous terms for Spain when peace shall finally come It may be a month or two before the declaration of an armistice, for even in times of urgency international events move slowly; but the administration expects that immediately after the decisive stroke at Santiago, which may come within a week, there will be overtures from Madrid through one of the European powers.

The president is already considering with his cabinet the possibilities of peace, and it is in the expectation that he may be called on before long to begin negotiations that he has strongly urged the senate to remain in session.

'Congress must not adjourn now.' he said to a senator who called on him today. "I need it here and cannot get along without it. I am trying to bring this war to a speedy and successful conclusion, and to lay the foundations for an honorable and advantageous peace. How am I to negotlate a peace unless the senate is here to ratify a treaty and to offer suggestions as to the kind of a treaty which will meet with senatorial approval? Congress must not adjourn." The president and cabinet have de-

termined upon two provisions which must be incorporated in any treaty of peace negotiated. One of these is the withdrawal of Spain from Cuba. The other is the relinquishment of Porto Rico. It is the president's purpose to hold Porto Rico for indemnity for the expenses of the war, and this is one reason for the occupation which is now in contemplation and which is essential from the point of view of peace, just as much as it is essential as a milli tary measure, in order to seize the enemy's base of supplies.

THE PHILIPPINES.

The permanent possession of the Philippines will depend upon events, Only one thing is certain: The administration will not permit the islands to be restored to Spain. It is recognized that public sentiment will not tolerate any such disposition of them.

The Hawalian Islands will probably be under the United States flag before the end of the month. The resolution of annexation will be passed by the house early next week, and within a fortnight it will be out of the senate unless signs fall. The understanding that a failure by congress to act speedily will force the president to seize the islands for a military base has greatly weakened the position of those who were standing out against annexation. If the islands are to be annexed at all they prefer, as a rule, that it should be done in the orderly manner involved in legislative enact-

It is understood here that the monitor Monadnock, which is announced to leave for the Philippines with the Monterey, will not proceed further than Honolulu, and will be left there than Honolulu, and will be left there ows, etc.—Special May 25, Delilah Brown, to zuard American interests. The Sacramento, Lackswanna, 88.

Bennington may go on to Manila with The president hopes that by the time the next large expedition starts for the Philippines it may be able to take he news of the annexation of Hawaii by the United States, so as to forestall any protests which may be forthcoming from the French and German representatives at Honolulu against our using the Islands as a base of sup-

SPAIN DESIRES PEACE.

The Prevailing Sentiment Excep Among Jingo Newspapers.

Madrid, June 3.-Except among Jingo papers like the Imparcial a sentiment in favor of peace is growing The correspondent of the Associated Press has sounded several politicians and financiers on the subject and finds unanimity as to the desirability of a prompt and honorable peace. The pluck of Admiral Cervera's fleet against orders, and the failure of the Americans in their attempts to land in Cuba dence of the lack of sympathy for America on the part of the natives of the Spanish colonies, as the Spaniards argue here, should convince the United States that the motives of going to war are completely changed.

These are the arguments heard in Madrid and fostered by recent articles in the Paris newspapers,

CONTRACTS OF THE CRAMPS.

They Will Build a Battleship and Cruiser for Russin.

Philadelphia, June 2.-Charles H. Cramp, president of the William Cramp Sons' Ship and Engine Building company, has been considerably annoyed by recent publications to the effect that the Cramp company had secured a contract from the Russian government for the building of ten torpedo boats, in addition to the contract for a battleship and cruiser.

When seen today by a reporter for the Associated Press, Mr. Cramp said: "We have signed contracts with the Russian government for the construction of a battleship and a ermiser, lat there the matter rests. We have not contracted for the construction of any torpedo vessels, nor do we expect to contract with the Russian government for any naval work other than that already announced through the Associated Press upon my return home from St.

RESULT OF THE WAR.

America's Ultimate Triumph and

Spain's Utter Ruin. London, June 4.-The London week lies dwell upon the difficulty of follow ing the war operations through the maze of uncertainties. All agree that prolongation of war spells Amerlea's ultimate triumph and Spain's utter ruib.

The Spectator says: "The special characteristics of this war will be de-

lay and expense. Spain is in a very bad way. The economic crisis passes the power of her statesmen to deal with, and the anxiety of the contingent is so great that any disaster to her arms would at once be taken as a fresh occasion for intervention, which could only take the form of convincing her public that honor is satisfied and that she may well dispense with Cuba at least, if not

Nancy Barger Pensioned. Washington, June 3.-The house held ills granting pensions and correcting military records Among those acter

with Porto Rico and the Philippines,

Pennsylvania Pensions.

Washington June 2.-These Pennsyl tional-Joseph M. Tripp, Athens, Brad-ford, \$10 to \$21; Henry Gaylord, Sheshequin. Bradford, 88 to 812. Original wid-

Cape Haytien, June 3.—Advices from Santiago say that the auxiliary

Merrimac Is a Collier.

says that the vessel sunk is understood to be the Merrimac. Only the extremities of her funnel and two masts are visible above the water.

[The Santiago advices to Cape Haytien, in referring to the sunken vessel as auxiliary cruiser, probably mistake her character. The Merrimac is a collier and always has been a collier.]

Does Not Mention Bombardment.

Madrid, June 4 (3 a. m.)-Captain Aunon, minister of marine, has received a dispatch from Admiral Cervera dated Friday thanking the mention a fresh bombardment.

______ BOMBARDMENT OF

THE SPANISH FORTS

They Were Silenced Before the Cruiser Was Blown Up.

THE AMERICAN VESSEL MADE A DASH TO FORCE THE ENTRANCE OF THE HARBOR AND SUCCEEDED DEFENCES BUT WAS TORPEDOED ABOUT FIVE HUNDRED FEET UP THE CHANNEL,

Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press,) Port-au-Prince, Hayti, June 3 (9.45) p. m.)-This morning at 8 o'clock the American squadron again began a bombardment of the fortifications of Santiago de Cuba, and a lively cannonade ensued for two hours, which

An American vessel, the Merrimac. described in the advices from Santiage ing a dash to force the entrance, succeeded in passing the first line of defences, but was torpedoed about five hundred feet up the channel.

ed the Spanish batte

She went down "perpendicularly" (a

An officer, an engineer and six seamen were taken prisoners. The number of victims is unknown,

Only the funnel and mastheads of

the sunken vessel can be seen. There is great excitement in the city. A part of the population assisted in the fighting on the heights. Everybody is astounded at the audacity of the American vessel.

The American squadron was cruis

ing all the while in the offing. It will be noted that there is an important discrepancy as to the time at which the bombardment is said to have begun this morning between the dispatches from Cape Haytien and Portau-Prince, the former saying 3 o'clock a, m., and the latter 8. It is possible that this arises from a confusion between the figures three and eight.

UPRISING AT SAN DOMINGO. A Repulse of the Revolutionary Par-

ty at Monte Cristo. Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press,

Case Haytein, Hayti, June 3 .- 16.30 gotten through in two or three days. m.)-A correspondent at Puerto Plata cables a confirmation of accounts of the regulse of the revolutionary party at Monte Cristi, eral Augustin Marales and Pornija Beutz were killed. Five of the insurgents were taken prisoners and shot Others escaped in the steamer Fanita President Heureaux left the capital his morning with three men of war. The correspondent, in concluding his dispatch, says the revolutionary move-

ment is regarded at Puerto Plata as of no consequence. The Dominicon consul here at Cape Haytein reasserts positively that General Jimenez escaped on the Fanita He says that had Jiminez been killed President Hereaux would have informed him of the fact.

ARRESTED AS SPIES.

Believed to Have Been in the Employ of Spain.

Atlanta Ga., June 5,-Jose Castellanos and Frank Miller, who are believed to be spies, were brought here today from Tampa in charge of Lieutenant Johnson, of the Fourth artillery. Castella upon favorably was one pensioning along the Atlantic coast. Miller is said along the Atlantic coast. Miller is said widow, 165 years of age, of a soldier of to be an Englishman. No papers were found on them.

The two men are now locked up in the military prison at Fort McPherson

Bids on the Broord.

Harrisburg, June 3.—Senator Walton, president pro tem. of the senate, an-sounced that the opening of the bids for the publication of the Legislative Record been postponed from Monday next

Cape Haytien, June 3 (10.30 p. m.)-A dispatch from Santiago

ANGLO-AMERICAN BANQUET.

One of the Most Unique Social Events in the History of London.

London, June 2 .- A most unique and significant, as well as one of the most enthusiastic banquets over given in London was the Anglo-American banquel given this evening at the Hotel

Six hundred Britons and Americans assembled fraternally, the purpose of the entertainment being the promotion of good fellowship between kindred

American and British flags were

draped over the tables, at which were both men and women with "the flag of the future," the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes blended, on coats of trms. All wore buttons blazoned with the two flags gurmounting the Canadian beaver.

Among the banquetters were the Earl of Carlisle, Viscount Powercourt, Sir Norman Lockyer, Sir Frederick Pollock, Sir Richard Temple, Lord Beresford, the Dean of Heroford, the Rev. Newman Hall, Mr. Hiram Maxim and Mr. George Ward, manager of the Com-

ercial Cable company. Literature and journalism were well

Lord Colleridge presided. Teasts to the queen and the president of the United states were honored, accompanied by the strains of God Save the Queen, and "The Star Spangled Banner, Lord Colleridge presided. Teasts to the health of President McKinley, said

'Where can the old world show such line of rulers of men as have been the free choice of the American people?" "Fraternity and the future alliance," pervaded all the speeches.

HAWAHAN ANNEXATION.

President Mckinley Urges That Congress Take Prompt Action.

Washington, June 3 .- President Mc-Kinley discussed the question of Hawaiia nannexation with several representatives who were in conference with him today. He told them it was of the utmost importance that the two uses of congress take prompt tion upon the resolution. He indicated that he had received assurances of a majority in the senate who will vote for annexation and is therefore confi-

dent that it will become a law.

It seems to be generally understood that the resolution will be brought up fraud and dishonor. Keep your county dent that it will become a law. in the house promptly next week. One proposition is to call lit up Tuesday on the call of committees. A bill considered in this way is subject to all parliamentiary motions. This plan has been presented to Chairman Hitt, of the foreign affairs committee. Members of the committe are of the opinion that the resolution may be

Gibraltar, June 2.-It is announced here that the Spanish Cadiz squapron has sailed, but the date of its sailing was net mentioned nor was the destination of the warships given.

THE STORY OF THE DAY.

THE AMERICAN VESSEL sunk at San is thought to have been the

OSE CASTELLANOS AND FRANK MILLER are arrested at Tampa as Spanish spies. MONITOR MONTEREY leaves Vallejo

If IS ANNOUNCED at Gibraltar that the Cadiz fleet has sailed but the date of salling is not mentioned.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY urges congr to take prempt action upon the Hawalian annexation resolution. HAYTIEN DISPATCH states than an merican steamer has been sunk by torpedo at the cutrance of Santiago

OFFICIAL REPORT is received by the navy department from Commodore Schley telling of attack on the batteries at Santlago on May 31.

IAMAICA DIFPATCH states that sixteen Spanish warships from Cadiz are due at Santiago today to reinforce

AN ANGLO-SAXON BANQUET is held in London at which much enthusiasm is manifested by advocates of a fu-

States at Oxford That He Never Wanted to Be Governor.

HE SLEPT A DREAMLESS SLEEP OF PEACE ON THE NIGHT FOLLOW ING THE CONVENTION - PLEADS WITH THE CITIZENS OF OXFORD TO STRIKE A BLOW AT THE MA-CHINE IN THE NEXT LEGISLA-

Oxford, Pa., June 3.-John Wana

maker today addressed an open all neeting at this place. His speech was listened to attentively and was on the same line as those made by him in the past three months: He said, in part: It was as a Republican I cast my first ote in 1862. I never voted any other ticket since. I was a Republican when I accepted the call of four hundred Renunlicans at the Bourse conference of February 2. 1 was not a volunteer in their service because I never wanted to be gov ernor, but as a drafted man I loyally took up the flag. I went to the convention yesterday as a straightout Republican and I came home from the convention a better and more hopeful Republican be-cause of the 165 representatives of the people who stood up in convention and were counted against the machine. There are two developments of Republicanism in existence today; the small but strong body of Republicanism of the Lincoln, Grant, Blaine and Harrison stripe; and the other the latter day saints of Repub-licanism that has grown up in Pennsylvania under the Cameron-Quay-Andrews dynasties; it is a body composed mainly of office holding politicians and their secret and open beneficiaries. It is not of the people and for the people or with the copie, but dean against the people s an eath-bound banded and belied ma-hine pledged to the machine wholly for he machine and sturdily against every den and every man not with the machine In the presence of these 7,000 witness s n this mid-day meeting of the cultured intelligent and important people of Chra-ter county, I record myself anew as not being for, or with the Republican ma-chine limited to Quay-Andrews and of-lice holders and office seekers only.

Continuing, he said: suppose that there will be some people ady to say Wanamaker is talking like disappointed candidate; kindly save our free criticism and samecessary sympathy, most willing but unthinking gos siper. I wish you could all have slep the dreamless, luxurious sleep I tumbles into last night with that convention be-hind me. One wants to khit up the tangled sleeves of care with refreshing sleep to be strong for the next duty.

Referring to his letter of withdrawal,
Mr. Wanamaker said he finished it while the speech nominating him was going on.

Continuing, he said: When they did not nominate Charles W. Stone and why his votes are said to have been bought away from the plucky hero of Warren is no mystery; let me also say that even at the convention hour Charles W. Stone could have been nomi-nated if he had bought back his ten miss-

Mr. Wanamaker said:

Let me shorten today's speech by rief summary of the situation. The forced nemination of William A Quay wants and for all that Quayism

CREDIT OF THE NOMINATION. The credit or the obliquy of the nomitation is clearly defined in the specially elected candidate who is absolutely ndent on the power of the machine for his preferment. The history of this state is barren of a single instance in which a candidate, named and elected by Quay was strong enough to assert official man-hood in opposition to the corrupt deman of this exacting master. This boss make no mistake in the selection of the agents to execute his will, and after months of dodging and deceit, of plotting and scheming, he comes into the open and avows himself for William A. Stone in onfirmation of the cahal of mercenaries who met at Avalon on that fateful Sun-

Whatever may be the individual merit of William A. Stone, it is wholly lost by reason of the corrupt advocacy of his nomination by such infamous managers.

In conclusion, he said: I came here today expressly to ask you o give your vetes to W. M. Dowdell and for the three true men, your neighbors and trusted friends, Jeffreys, Phillips and right in the next legislature by sending these men back again. To wall for some other time to strike a blow at the ma-chine is hazardous in the extreme, to strike now at the first election at the pri-maries is the duty of the hour; strike while the iron is not, and make it hotter

he Wanamaker meeting in the afternoot n mass meeting was held in the Assemble building this evening which was ed-dressed by Hon. William A. Stone, Hon-John P. Eikin and Hon, Alexander M. Dowell. The local fight was not touch upon at any length by the speakers, who confined themselves to the state contest.

(Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press.) Off Santiago de Cuba, June 3.-By the Associated Press dispatch boat Wanda. via Kingaton, Jamaica, June 5.-Rear Ad miral Sampson with the United States cruser New York, his flagship, accompanied by the battleship Oregon, the cruiser New York, his flagship, accompa-Porter, joined Commodore Schley's squadron off Santiago Wednesday morning and their combined commands have the Spanish fleet securely locked in the hurbor.

THE MONTEREY SAILS.

Leaves Mare Island En Route for the Philippines.

Vallejo, Cal., June 3.-The monitor Monterey left the Mare Island navy yard this afternoon for San Francisco As the vessel steamed away from the dock she was greeted with cheers from hundreds of sailors and people on shore who witnessed the departure. All the steam whistles in this vicinity saluted the vessel as she passed down the bay

The collier Brutus, which is to ac ompany the Monterey, will leave for San Francisco tomorrow and the two vessels will probably sail from San

WANAMAKER MAKES COMMODORE SCHLEY'S RECONNAISSANCE

Information of an Official Character Given Out at the Department-The Great Natural Strength of Spanish Batteries at Santiago Bay Make an Assault Extremely Hazardous-Another Attempt to Secure a Test for the

connaissance at Santiago on Tuesday was all the information the navy de- years. partment had to distribute to the press today. This bulletin went to confirm the press dispatches which told of the firing on the fortifications at Santiago, but which have been so steadfastly disredited ever since the first report. It appears on the bulletin given out that Commodore Schley concentrated a pretty good fire upon the Spanish defences and it seems probable that had he found conditions more propitious than they were, he would have resolved the reconnaissance into an assault in

The great natural strength of the Spanish position and the formidable character of their batteries as indicated by Commodore Schley have confirmed the naval officials in the belief that they have been wise not to direct any such reckiess assault upon the place in the Press has been informed from an apabsence of proper forces as has been advocated in some quarters. The prob- tonio, this island, that a Spanish fleet lem would be simplified were it known from Cadiz is nearing West Indian that there were no mines in the chan-

As it is the problem presented has enlisted the active interest of the army engineers as well as of the naval offi- The Spanish fleet is said to consist of cers here. It is the duty of the army engineers in this country to lay just such mines as are supposed to be in place in Santiago harbor and they are fatigable, Captain George A. Primrose, curious to see how their brothers in the navy propose to go about the work of doctors on heard, in order to watch the destroying them. A good deal has been impending battle and aid the wounded. written in the text books about countermining and many theories have been | Cadiz squadron has sailed comes from brought forward to show how this can English sources and seems trusts be done. But on the authority of one of our engineer officers, these theories have never been satisfactorily tested tro, the Spanish consul, declares that and there is no case on record of the does not think the Cadiz squadron improved electrical mines. It remains believes Admiral Cervera can defend to be seen how Sampson is going to solve this problem, whether by use of the Vesuvius with her dynamite projectiles, by the aid of divers, or by recourse to the old method of dragging for the mines with small boats, as in cable cutting operations.

HOLLAND BOAT OWNERS WANT TEST.

The owners of the Holland submarine boat, who had proposed to go into Santiago harbor and destroy the Spanish warships with such a vessel, have come forward with a request for a practical test by the naval officers of their craft. The navy department was obliged to decline to entertain the first proposition, as it smacked of privateering and was in violation of international law, the principal objection was that the boat could not be in regular commission and in commission of a naval officer. Besides, they contended that she had never been thoroughly tested. Now the boat's owners propose that a naval officer or officers be designated to go down in the Holland

and then that she be commissioned, Notwithstanding the rather positive statement coming from Jamaica to the effect that the second Spanish fleet from Cadiz has crossed the Atlantic and is about to join Cervera at Santiago, the officers of the navy department refuse to be frightened at what they declare to be a bugaboo. It appears that the basis of their confidence is a telegraphic report of as late date as yesterday, declaring that the Cadiz fleet is still at Cadiz. Moreover, they know that there are not so many as sixteen warships in that fleet.

Captain Sigsbee, of the auxiliary cruiser St. Paul, reported at the navy department today and had a conference with Acting Secretary Allen. Messrs. Thrall and Jones, the two newspaper correspondents imprisoned at Havana and recently exchanged for Spanish officers, were also at the navy department during the day.

Acting Secretary Allen late this afternoon appointed a court of inquiry to examine into the collision on May 28 between the United States cruiser Columbia and the British steamer Foscalla, off Fire island, which resulted in the loss of the latter vessel.

RUSSIAN POST ATTACKED.

One Thousand Natives Storm a Gar-

rison at Andijen. St. Petersburg, June 3 .- A sensation as been created in official circles here by the news of an unexpected attack by one thousand natives on a Russian post, garrisoned by three hundred in-Francisco for Manila Saturday or Sun- fantry, at the town of Andijen, pro-

Washington, June 3.-A brief bulle- | said that twenty of the soldiers were tin telling of Commodore Schley's re- killed and that eighteen were wounded. No such reverse to the Russian arms has occurred in Central Asia in many

> The government of Furghana consists of the former Khanate of Khokan, a fertile region, bounded on the southeast by the Pameer tableland; and is itself a plateau, traversed by the Jaxartes and abounding in varied out nearly undeveloped mineral wealth. The present name of the government s an ancient one, restored after the Russian conquest of 1876.

CADIZ SQUADRON.

It Is Due at Santingo de Cuba Todas According to Reports Res ceived from Jamaica.

Kingston, Jamaica, June 2-(9.30 B. m .- Delayed in transmission) .- The correspondent here of the Associated parently authentic source at Port Anwaters, and should it arrive on the prearranged schedule, it will be off Sans tiago de Cuba tomorrow in order to reinforce the fleet of Admiral Cerverabattleships and three torpedo boats. The British second-class cruiser Inde-

has sailed for Santlago with several 4.20 p. m .- The information that the

On the other hand, Senor de Case has sailed for the West Indies, as he himself alone.

SCHLEY HEARD FROM.

An Official Report of the Reconnaissance Made May 31.

Washington, June 3 .- The navy department has bulletined the following eport from Commodore Schley: "Secretary Navy, Washington: Made econnaissance this afternoon (May 31) with the Massachusetts, Iowa and New Orleans, to develop fortifications with their character. The fire was returned without delay by the heavy batteries to the east, large calibre long range. The range was 7.000 yards, naissance developed satisfactorily the presence of the Spanish squadron lying

Quite satisfied the Spanish fleet is

behind the island near the upper fort,

as they fired over the hill at random.

Howard-Baker Feud Broaks Out. Barboursville, Ky., June 3,-The How-ard-Baker fend broke out ngain last ught when Tom Baker shot and instant. killed Beverly White, a member of the

Howard faction. They met on the high-

way several miles north of Machester.

Ponsion Bills Passed.

Washington, June 3.—The house de-ycted its short session today to the con-sideration of private bills and forty-rine private pension and relief bitls were

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today: , Fair; East to Southeast Winds.

1 Telegraph-American Cruiser Sunk at Santiago de Cuba Rombardment of Spanish Ports, Peace Already Is in Sight.

Commodore Schley's Reconnaissance. Bryan Is Against Harrity. 5 Local—Scranton Map Prior to 1849, School Children Fled in Terror,

4 Editorial. State Press Upon Convention's Work, 5 Locals-One Woman's Views

Social and Personal. 6 Local-Poor Board May He Held Lia. Clever Method of Plundering a Store.

Local-Another Legal Snari Appears. Big Convention of Next Week

8 West Serunton and Suburban. News Round About Scranton. 10 Mineral Production of the United

States. Life of Epunish Man-o-Wars Man-II The Defent of Spain in 1856 Sunday School Lesson for Tomorrow, 2 Telegraph-Fresh Gossip from Camp

Alger by The Tribune's Special Cor-

WEATHER FORECAST. Washington, June 3.-Perceast

for Saturday: For eastern Pera-sylvania, fair weather, east to to southeast winds. For western to southeast winds. For wants a Pennsylvania, fair, various winds becoming southerly.