### **SPLENDID SPECTACLE**

Twelve Thousand Soldiers in the Corps Review at Camp Alger.

M'KINLEY'S REVIEW TODAY

Fifteen Thousand Will Pass Before Commander in Chief.

AFTER YESTERDAY'S SHOWING THERE WAS A CONSIDERABLE AD-DITION TO THE NUMBER OF SOL-DIERS IN CAMP-BRIGADE SUR-GEON PARKE HAS BEEN APPOINT-ED CHIEF SURGEON OF THE DI-VISION HOSPITAL WITH THE MUCH SPECULATION AS TO THE BRIGADIER WHO WILL BE AS-SIGNED TO THE THIRD.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Camp Alger, May 27.-The corps review this morning was a magnificent spectacle. Twelve thousand soldiers massed in one field and then marching in company front for an hour and five minutes past General Graham and his staff was what the spectators beheld. While many of the companies were but poorly equipped and made up in no small measure of recruits, they made an excellent showing and tomorrow when they will appear before the president in full uniform and equipment and with the practice of today's review, it is safe to predict that the commander-in-chief will be moved to the utterance of warm encomiums.

The Thirteenth was the ninth company in the line, occupying the left of the Third brigade, instead of its entitled place, by reason of the juntority of the commander, Major Stillwell. Colonel Coursen looked and acted every inch a brigadier as he rode at the head of his command, attended by his brigade staff, composed of Assistant Adjutant-General L. C. Mattes, Lieutenant L. V. Rausch, Eighth, Fennsylvania, quartermaster: Lieutenant H. H. Russell. Twelfth, Pennsylvania, ordnance officer: Captain Henry M. Coursen, aide

Tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock the review by the President and Secretary Alger will take place. The scheme to hold the review in the big field a mile and a half to the east of the camp, to which the Thirteenth was building cordurey reads yesterday, has been abandoned and orders issued directing it Hungarians at the Bird Coleman shall take place on the division plot where today's practice review occurred, A reviewing stand was today erected for the president and his party.

The Fourth, Missouri, arrived today, and the Twenty-second, Kansas, and the Seventh, Illinois, are expected tonight. This will increase the soldiery for the review to 15,000.

Brigade Surgeon Parke was today informed by Surgeon General Girard of his nomination for the position of chief surgeon of the division hospital, with the rank of lieutenant colonel.

Colonel Girard announced today that it is his intention to accept only privates on the hospital corps. This means that the chief hospital stewards must submit to a reduction in rank or quit. The movement has started a revolt among the stewards which is liable to call for war department adjudication.

There is much speculation here this evening as to which one of the newly appointed brigadiers will be assigned to the command of the Third. Geral Gobin, it was thought, would come in for the command, but as predicted in yesterday's Tribune, he was totally ignored by the president. General Wylie it is understood, is to be left in Pennsylvania to organize a brigade of the second body of volunteers.

#### T. J. Duffy.

GORMAN TALKS WAR.

Notable Speech on the Revenue Measure Delivered in the Senate. Washington, May 27.-A notable speech on the war revenue measure was delivered in the senate this afternoon by Mr. Gorman (Dem., Md.). In the course of an argument in support of a tax on corporations he denounced

Strong, steady nerves Are needed for success Everywhere. Nerves Depend simply, solely, Upon the blood. Pure, rich, nourishing Blood feeds the nerves And makes them strong. The great nerve tonic is Hood's Sarsaparilla, Because it makes The blood rich and Pure, giving it power To feed the nerves. Hood's Sarsaparilla year, and 21 in Canada against 22 las

Cures nervousness, Dyspepsia, rheumatism. Catarrh, scrofula, And all forms of Impure blood,



as "infamous the decision of the Supreme court declaring the income tax law of 1894 as unconstitutional." The warning sounded by some senators that if a tax were placed upon corporations it would be pronounced unconstitutional by the Supreme court had, he said, no effect upon him. A decision against such an enactment would not destroy our financial structure, but would destroy the court which should hand it down. Mr. Gorman took decided issue with the majority of his fellow-Democrats upon their propositions to coin the silver seigniorage, and to issue legal tender notes, and made a powerful argument in favor of the issuance of bonds to raise

funds with which to prosecute the war. Mr. Teller (Sil. Rep., Colo.) concluded his speech begun yesterday advocating the coinage of the siegniorage, the levying of an income tax, and the issue of legal tender notes, and opposing the issue of bonds. Mr. Nelson (Rep., Minn.) presented a carefully prepared argument against the issue of legal tender notes. In a speech of two hours, Mr. Cockrell (Dem., Mo.) discussed the financial question in contention between the Democratic and Republican parties. He urged that the bill as reported by the majority of the finance committee ought to be enacted into

#### READY TO ENLIST.

Detective "Jack" Moir Has 140 Men in His Command.

Detective "Jack" Moir's company of colunteers met last night in the Nav Aug engine house. About 140 young men are enrolled and it was for the purpose of revising their addresses and talking over final enlistment that the

neeting was held. The services of the company have een offered through its commander to Governor Hustings and Celonel Keck, It will respond to the call of the state or become attached as the governor directs if not meanwhile assured posi-tively that Colonel Keck's regiment is to be accepted. Whenever the company enlists it will contain the maximum quota of one hundred men and three officers for commission. As soon as it seems likely to be called the 149 men will submit to physical examination and the best hundred will be recruited.

Detective Moir claims that nearly all his men have had military experience. in the regular army of the United States or other countries, in the national guard or in other organizations.

#### LEBANON STRIKERS QUIET.

The strike situation at the Lackavanna Iron and Steel company's North Cornwall and Bird Coleman furnaces at Lebanon quieted down yesterday under the arrangements made by Sherif Oberholtzer and fifty deputies.

The latter's presence overawed the Hungarian workmen and there was no disturbances of any moment. Nearly all returned to work at the North Cornwall furnaces, but those at the Bird Coleman still remain out.

It was announced at the Coleman furnaces that dissatisfied ones could draw their pay and leave. A number gathered about and made threats that the furnaces could not be operated uness they were paid higher wages. Six f these, two Americans and four Hunarians, were quickly arrested after beng paid, and locked up without the knowledge of the others.

Sheriff Oberholtzer has ordered that the two hotels at Bismarck, a mile away from the furnaces, be closed in order to prevent drunkenness. An effort will be made to start both furnaces today.

#### DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

Volume of Business Revives at the Continuation of the War.

eckly review of trade will say in to-The nation faces war with reviving

olume of business. The west is doing is part and more, but at the east also the volume of business is now expanding. Without abatement in any imcortant line, the great outgo of wheat and corn continues to stimulate busiall show an increase over last year.

This is largely because of the enornous movement of bread stuffs. At-antic exports of wheat, flour included, have been 3,726,442 bushels for the week gainst 1,526,607 hast year,

In four weeks exports from the Atantic and Pacific coasts have been 13,\* 691,874 bushels, against 5,704,334 last

Starting this month with the greatest onsumption ever known in iron industry, it has made surprising progress in new orders, which reached about 100.-000 tons in bars alone, over 50,000 having been placed at Chicago and 15,000 at Wheeling, mainly resulting from the xtraordinary demand for agricultural

uplements. Heavy contracts for a structural vork, including some from New York, which have depended on action of the city government, amount during the week at least 15,006 tons, which others eported at many western cities. Plate intracts, outside of the heavy demand or the government, are very large and nelude 5,600 tons for ship yards in Glasgow and Belfast. Many structural and bridge contracts at the west are pending, with probability of large orders during the coming week. A better demand appears for textile goods with slight advance in print cloths and substantial gain in sales of staples. Failures for the week have been 24 n the United States against 214 last

He Didn't Sulk.

Ethel-So you refused George? Chara-Yes; but he acted alcely about it. Ethel-How's that? Clara-He didn't leave without kissing me.-Town Topics.

#### WANAMAKER'S SIXTY-SEVENTH

His Gubernatorial Campaign Closed Last Night.

THE SPEAKER DWELLS UPON THE NATURAL ADVANTAGES OF PENN-SYLVANIA AND ITS POSSIBILITIES OF PROSPERITY-EXPLAINS HIS MOTIVES FOR BECOMING A CAN-DIDATE-AN ADDRESS TO SENA-TOR QUAY.

Phoenixville, Pa., May 27. - John Wanamaker tonight made his final speech of the campaign at this place. It was the sixty-seventh he had made in a space of one hundred and seven days. He began by referring to the united north and south in the face of a common enemy and continuing, said:

"These are times to lift ourselves above partisanship or factionalism and stand shoulder to shoulder in the bright sunshine of American patriotism, We will rejoice and be thankful together in the success of our army, our superb chieftain, that Green mountain boy, Admiral Dewey, and all officers who bear noble and honorable part in pre-

serving our national honor." Mr. Wanamaker then spoke upon the natural advantages of Pennsylvania and its possibilities of prosperity, and said: "For a quarter of a century or more it has been more ground down by a rule of political bosses, bossing in their own interest the enactments of laws and the appointments of their administrators, injuring general business by placing into the hands of corporation givers, who naturally become beneficiaries of the bosses, burglarized through appropriation bills, padded in more ways than by augmented payrolls, stifled the patriotic life of her best young men by open rewards to unprincipled henchmen like the miners' committee chairman-Saylor-an in-surmountable barrier raised against independent thought or action.

He next called attention to his let-ter of acceptance and said he believed the day of deliverence from political ring rule was at hand. Referring to the legislature of last year, Mr. Wana-

"You take one step into it and you are in for a long walk if you want to go to the end of as black a chapter as was ever written in any state's history."

#### "PART NUMBER 10."

The speaker then dwelt upon what he termed "part number 10 of the Quay political machine that rules Pennsylvania," and said "it is the political manipulation of the great sums of money given by the state for educational, benevolent and charitable pur-

"Pennsylvania," he continued, "appropriates more than \$24,000.000 every two years for the running expenses of the state government, the public schools and charities. Every dollar of the vast expenditure must pass before the appropriation committees of the senate and house. These committees are always Quay political organizations. Membership is dictated by Senator Quay himself, and their known subserviency to his will is responsible for the selection of a majority of both committees each session."

Following details on this line Mr. Wanamaker dwelt at length on the motives that induced him to become a candidate and said:

"If I have not succeeded in gathering delegates that will stand for me in the state convention, I certainly have presented startling and uncontroverted facts that will stand against Quayism in the future. I was mustered into serve until June 2, and if the battle is not then won I promise you that I shall enlist again, not for a time, but until the war is ended."

In conclusion he addressed himself to Senator Quay, finishing with "remember the will of 6,000,000 people should be paramount to that of one man-remember that Boss Tweed and John Y. McKane were thought invulnerable a few months before they went down-remember the parable of the pitcher that went to the well once too often, and that it was the last straw that broke the camels back, and, above all, that the voters of Pennsylvania are not decrepit slaves, but vigorous freemen abundantly able to sink any fleet they train their guns upon."

#### EASTERN SHORE'S FINE CROPS. Farmers Say Hostilities Will Help Their Business.

Baltimore, Md., May 27.-Four hundred excursionists from the Maryland and Delaware Peninsula spent today in Ballimore. They came by the Queen New York, May 27.-R. G. Dun & Co.'s Annes railroad and steamboat. Farmers and editors of the Eastern Shore counties with the party say that the erop prospects on the Shore were never

The yield of the orchards, peaches and other fruit, promises to be greater than that of last reason. The good price for wheat will enable many of the Eastern Shore farmers who have been ess at the west, and railroad earnings embarrassed to get on their feet again, It was the general belief that the war had benefited business.

#### Kentucky Troops Reviewed.

Lexington, Ky., May 27 .- Ten thousand seeple come into Lexingtor today to wit-ness the civic and military pageant fol-owed by a review by Governor Bradley of the companies of troops now here and to hear the address to the troops by Henry Watterson. When the parade and review were ended, three hundred school children sang "America," and Mr. Watterson then delivered his oration to the vast assemblage.

Our little daughter had Eczema from birth. The parts afflicted would become terribly in hamed, and water would become terriby in-flamed, and water would once out like great beads of perspiration, finally this would dry up and the shin would crack and peel off. She suffered terribly. Had to put soft mittens on her hands to keep her from scratching. Two of our leading physicians did not help her. After bathing her with Cutteura Soar, I applied Cutteura (olntment) freely, and gave her Cutteura Resolvers regularly. She improved at one and is now never troubled. The statements I have made are absolutely true and not exaggerated in any way.

and not exaggerated in any way.

ROBERT A. LAPHAM.

1111 West Side Square, Springfield, Ill. Spring Compared with the Compared State of the Compared State of History William of History — Warm baths with Correct come Soar, gentle anothings with Correct a, pures of considerat skin cores, and mild doses of Correct a Resolution of the Compared State of Correct and State of sphout the world. Porren D. & C. Corr. Sole ston. How to Cure Eaby's Skin Ducesse, free.

#### ITALY'S MANY TAXES.

The People of the Country Oppressed Almost Beyond Endurance.

From the Sun. The population of the United States is about two and one-half times that of Italy. The population of Italy was 31,-000,000 in 1895; the present population of the United States is 77,500,000. The mental purposes are in excess of the equivalent of \$500,000,000 in American noney, or more than \$100,000,000 above the expenses of the United tates government in an ordinary year. These expenses, however, include some items which belong more properly to what may be called the obligations of the state's improvident financial system than to ordinary running expenses, but even with this acknowledgment the amount of such ordinary expenses to be raised from taxation is in excess of \$350,000,000 a year. For its Way department Italy spends

in a year \$45,000,000; for its Navy department, \$20,000,000; public instruction, by the central government, \$10. 000,000; public works, \$10,000,000; expenses of collection" (public officials, agents, tax gatherers and clerks), \$25,-000,000 maintenance of the showy but useless department of Foreign Affairs, \$10,000,000; the king's civil list, \$2,000. 000. There is, then, the annual interest on what is known as the consolidated (or bonded) Italian national debt. The interest amounts each year to nearly \$100,000,000 (the United States expended for interest last year \$37,000,000); \$15,-900,000 for interest on the floating Italian debt; \$16,000,000 for what are known as "fixed annuities," which remain "fixed;" \$4,000,000 for the department of finance; \$10,000,000 for the maintenance of post offices (for the loss from their operation) and the government telegraph system; \$400,000 for the 'promotion of agriculture;' \$2,000,000 for "general expenses;" \$509,000 for the main-tenance of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies, and the balance for sundry and reiscellaneous expenses, an exact subdivision of which, under the Italian system of keeping accounts, is impracticable

The present debt of Italy is equiva-lent to \$2,500,000,000, and as there is a deficit every year, and small provision for a sinking fund, it is constantly on the increase. The taxes in Italy, which is a poor country, include many items which in other countries would be exon buildings, taxes on incomes, taxes on successions, excise taxes, taxes from customs, which yield in a year \$50,000,-600 only, and ectrol duties, imposed o marketable property brought into cities, and which amount in a year t more than \$15,000,000. There is the to bacco monopoly, which is virtually tax on smokers, of \$40,000,000 a year the salt monopoly, a culinary tax, o \$15,000,000, and local taxes for the main tenance of schools. The state gets reenue from telegraph offices and pris ons; from the use of state property leases to individuals, stamps (an item of nearly \$20,000,000), and from lotter

ies, an item of \$15,000,000 more, But all these taxes, monopolies and speculative methods of "raising the winh" fall short of supplying the full needs of the Italian government, which falls behind each year and becomes in-volved in deeper obligation. In addition to the general taxation by the government, there is local or commune taxation amounting to \$125,000,000 a year, while the debt of the Italian communes amounts, collectively, to \$300,060,000. The marvel to any observer is that Italians have been able to meet so much of this vast and oppressive burden as they have, in view of the fact that the per capita national debt of Italy is nov \$75, and the absence of \$75 (or its equivalent in lire) has been noticed among Italians gen

## JAPAN AND ENGLAND.

Wherein the Two Nations Resemble Each Other.

The Japanese are in very much the same position as the people of England. They number 40,000,000-about the population of Great Britain and Ireland; they live in an island country of the same area, and they are becoming dependent upon foreign countries for a large proportion of their food. With the lapse of each year, and especially since the war, this dependence on outside sources is increasing. The Japanese authorities have been much concerned to know why their people are smaller than the European races. They believe they have discovered the reason. They have concluded that it is owing to their dieting almost exclusively on rice and fish, and to the want f meat. The Japanese are consequently now becoming meat eaters, and the movement in this direction is a national ne-almost a patriotic one. The heads of families make a point of giving their children meat once a day if they can afford to do so, and when they are brilling or working hard Japanese men have meat twice a day. The older generation do not take to meat very read-The taste for it has to be acquired but when a Japanese does acquire the taste for European food he cannot do without it.

#### YOUNG IDEAS.

Willie, aged 4, had a new baby brother, round him two or three times, viewing im critically, and asked: "Say, mamma, what did that kid say when the barber sheared all his hair off?"

Harry, aged 5, was reading aloud to his

mother about a ship and came across a passage saying: "And she steamed down the river." "Why is a ship called 'she. Harry?" asked his mother. "Well, I guess it's because she has to have a man to

oss her," was the reply,
"Oh, papa," exclaimed little 4-year-old
led, "look what a bright star!" "Yes," replied the father, and it is three times as large as our earth." "Oh, no, it isn't," said Ned. "Why do you doubt it?" asked his father. "Because if it was it would keep the rain off," was the logical reply. Little 3-year-old Bessle was watching her mother drive a nail one day, when the latter accidentally bruised her thum? and exclaimed "Oh, my gracious!" "Why did 'ou say gat?" asked Bessie. "I don't know. What should I say?" queried her nother. "Well," said Besele, after a mo-nent's reflection, "'ou might say re

The little 4 year-old daughter of a minister was visiting, and at dinner found the carving was about to begin without the customary grace. Calling out loudly, "Wait a minute," she folded her hands, and, bowing her head, repeated "Now I lay me," etc., all the way through. This done, she raised her head and, waiving her head and, waiving

ner hand to the carver, said, "Now you can let her go."

There is a little 5-year-old girl in Chicago who evidently appreciates her mo-ther partly because she is her mother, and partly because of self-appreciation. "Mamms," site said the other morning, "guess what Mabel's mother said about you at the party last night." "I don't know, I'm sure. What was it, dearie." asked her mother. "Why." was the reply. "She said you was the sweetest little girl's mother in Chicago."

Mr. Elwell-It's strange, but true, nevertheles, that the biggest fools always navry the prettiest girls. Mrs. Etwell-Oh, now, go on, you flatter. er!-Dublin World.

#### HOSTETTER'S SEA - SICKNESS RUGS FROM THE ORIENT

eries and Hangings.

MALARIA are overcome

over shown in this city. We have this superb collection on eur third floor, where we have ample space, good light and the best facilities for showing the same.

BASE BALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Percentage Record. Seveland ...... Louisville ..... St. Louis ...... 9 Washington ...... 8 At Pittsburg-Washington ...... 200000100-3 Pittsburg ........400010301-819 7 Batteries-Weyhing and McGuire; Tan-nehill and Schriver, Umpires-Swartwood and Wood. At Cincinnati-New York ...... 1000111100-4 9 8 Cincinnati ...... 62030440\*-1311 3 Batteries—Dohoney and Warner, Dam-

At Chicago-Philadelphia ....... 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0-2 8 3 hicago ......20300003\*-810 2 Batteries-Piatt and McFarland; Grif-Chicago ... fith and Donohue. Umpires-Snyder and

mon and Vaughn. Umpires-Emslie and

Donald and O'Day. At Cleveland-Zimmer. Umpires-Lynch and Connolly.

EASTERN	LEAGUE.
At Montreal— Toronto	200000000-24
-	
At Providence-	R.H.E
Providence0	0 0 3 0 1 5 0 0 - 9 11
Syracuse	0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0-4 11
Batteries-Egan and and Burrell.	Crisham; Malarke
At Rochester-	R.H.E

Rochester .......00040601 \*- 5 9 Buffalo Batteries-Yerkes and Boyd; Brown and Diggins.

At Springfield-Springfield-Wilkes-Barre game postponed, rain.

#### ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

At Newark—Newark. 1; Norfolk. 0.
At Allentown—Allentown. 3; Hartford. 2.
At Reading—(First game), Reading. 5;
Richmond. 8. (Second game), Richmond.
7; Reading. 2 At Lancaster-Lancaster, 5; Paterson, 1,

#### AMATEUR BALL NOTES.

The Rosettes, of the South Side, would like to know if the Lilacs intend to give us a return game on the Cowfield grounds for we played them at least eight games on their ground. Let us know what you intend to do. J. Hahn, manager; Joe Rader, captain.

The Rosettes, of the South Side, challenge the following teams for May 20 at 10 a. m., on Cowfield grounds: The Wainut Street Stars, the No. 1 school, the Mayflowers, the Alerts, the Eighth Street Stars. We will give return game. Answer in The Tribune as soon as possi 'J. Hahn, manager; J. Rader, captain. The Dunmore Unique team and the Grassy Island team will play on the Sport Hill grounds, Dunmore, May 29, game will start at 3.39 o'clock sharp. The Dunmore team will line up as follows: Thomas Payton, c.: Thomas Thornton, p.; Edward O'Horo, ss.; James Tighe, lb.; Michael O'Neil, 2b.; Andrew Gavin, 3b.; John McDonnell, If.; Peter O'Horo, cf.; Owen Dean, rf.

The Taylor Rosebuds cannot play the West Side Alumnis this afternoon, as our players are unable to be present. We will ve you a game in near future. T. A. Evans, manager.

The Crescents and the South Scrantons will battle for supremacy on the new South Side grounds Sunday afternoon. John F. Liebig, manager, All members of the Sliders will please e on our grounds at 2 o'clock today for the game. E. A. Tropp, captain. We, the Dashers, of Priceburg, challenge the Crescents, of Olyphaut, to game on Decoration Day on the Price burg grounds. If satisfactory answer is soon as possible. F. Zimmerman, man-

Hanged for Marder.

San Quentin, Cal., May 27.-Joseph F. Sbanks, a West Indian mulatto, was hanged here today for the murder of Mrs. the first time he saw him he walked | Harriet Stiles and her father, John Borden, in San Diego county,

#### The Newark Shoe Store Will Be Closed All Day Monday. "Decoration Day."

We have just received the largest invoice of

ORIENTAL RUGS

This collection comprises Antique and Modern Rugs in carpet

izes, hall strips and small rugs, among which are the following makes:

Daghestan, Shirvan, Teheran, Bokhara, Kindistan,

Royal Sinai, etc., etc.

decked themselves with rugs and tapestries in honor of some returning

hero. This sale is under the personal direction of Mr H. M. Dagistan-

lian. We wish it to be distinctly understood that these goods will be

sold at our well-known low prices, and our personal guarantee is given

as to the value offered. See our line of Oriental Art Goods, Embroid-

WILLIAMS & McANULTY

127 Wyoming Avenue.

In fact our store makes one think of XV century times, when cities

This is the season when the ladies want the best and most stylish footwear that can be made. and that is the kind we have in our new Spring stock. Ladies' Boots and Oxfords were never so pretty or so moderate in price as they are this season. Some of them are made with fancy vesting tops, and are very dainty in appearance. The High Boots, \$3.00 a pair. The Oxfords, \$2.00, either black or russet.

Ladies' Bicycle Boots, a good variety from \$2 to \$4 a pair.

## The Newark Shoe Store,

Corner Lackawanna and Wyoming Aves.



#### EIGHMIE

The best fitting shirt made. If you ar hard to fit try one.

CONRAD SELLS 'EM

305 Lacka. Ave.

WOLF & WENZEL,

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PRACTICAL TINNERS and PLUMBERS

Hole Agents for Richardson Boynton's Furnaces and Ranges.

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Money loaned on all kinds of personal property at reasonable rates. Special bargains in unredeemed piedges.

Auction sales satisfactorily conducted in any part of city or county.

WATCH REPAIRING AT LOWEST PRICES

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#### CROWN CATARRH POWDER SOLUBLE.

Prepared according to the prescription of a prominent specialist. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Catarrh, Asthma. Hay Fever. Cold in the Head. Sore Throat and Quinsy. Harmless, pleasant, effectual. Read this testimonial

"Crown Catarrh Powder relieved and
cured my case of Catarrh, which was a
very aggravated one of long standing."
John T. Coughlin (Department of State),
814 B St., N. E., Washington, D. C.
Price 50 cents. Sold in all first class
drug stores. Liberal sample, with powder
blower complete, mailed on receipt of 15
cents.

Crown Catarrh Powder Co.,

# Big Shoe Bargains Today.



Men's Shoes in russet and black, at 98c, \$1.29, \$1.49, \$1.98, \$2.48 and \$2.98.

Ladies' Shoes at 49c, 79c, 98c, \$1.29, \$1.49, \$1.88, \$2.48 and \$2.98. Misees' Shoes at 79c, 98c and \$1.25.

Boys' Shoes at 79c, 98c and \$1.25. Youths' Shoes at 69c and 98c. Baby Shoes at 14c, 25c, 49c and 75c. Oxfords and Slippers at 75c, 98c and \$1 25

Trunks and Valises at Cut Prices.

Remember the Special Shoe Sale.

Myer Davidow, The Cheapest Shoe and Trunk House