

PEACEFUL DAY AT OLD MADRID

The Dreaded Republican Demonstration a Quiet Affair.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST DISORDER

Guards at the United States Legation Increased—The Deputation from the People Politely Received by Minister of the Interior. **Senor Capdepon.**

Madrid, April 2.—There was little excitement in Madrid this afternoon, owing principally to the fact that there was no bull fight today.

Extra precautions were taken to prevent disorder in the streets. A deputation of guards at the United States legation was increased.

The object of the demonstration was to demand a revision of the sentences imposed on political and other offenders, to protest against the torturing of the anarchists in the prison of the fortress of Montjuich, Barcelona; to demand the free import of wheat, and to demand universal conscription, without the redemption of the rich classes.

The demonstration, contrary to expectation, turned out to be a very quiet and formal affair. In fact it may be termed a "fizzle." There were no banners displayed and only about 2,000 people marched to the presidency and remained in the street while a deputation was conducted to the office of Senor Sagasta, where its members were politely received by some of the officials, in the absence of the premier.

Senor Vaccaro and Senor Dorado, former municipal councilors of Madrid, spoke for some five minutes, referring to the objects of the demonstration, namely, a revision of sentences, the free import of wheat and universal conscription without the redemption of the rich classes.

No mention was made of the alleged torturing of anarchist prisoners in the prisons of the fortress of Montjuich, Barcelona, although it was at first understood that this would be the main representation to be made to the premier.

RECEIVED BY CAPDEPON.

The demands of the people who took part in the demonstration were embodied in a manifesto, which was handed to the minister of the interior, Senor Capdepon, who replied, saying he regretted that the indignation of Senor Sagasta made it necessary for him to receive the deputation in the premier's place. The Spanish cabinet, Senor Capdepon added, were worthy of the liberty they enjoyed, and the government would always keep abreast of public opinion. But the manifesto was too serious to be immediately replied to. It would command serious attention, and would be referred to the cabinet. The senior then thanked the deputation for the orderly behavior of those who took part in the movement.

Senor Dorado answered that the deputation placed confidence in the good will of the government. The deputation then withdrew.

The crowd outside the presidency was loitering and discussing the matters which brought the people there. But the civil governor mingled among the people urging them to disperse. He said: "Go home, my children. Everything will be attended to."

The crowd then good naturedly scattered.

From all the pulpits in Madrid today the priests read a letter from the bishop of the diocese announcing that he considered war to be imminent and ordering prayers for the success of the Spanish arms.

WATCH THE INDIANA.

Two Shots from Her Guns Pierce the Target Through the Same Hole.

Key West, April 2.—The battleship Indiana, which was commanded by the late Commodore Schuchert, returned here last night. Today she addressed three big meetings at the Euclid Opera house, which was packed morning, noon and evening by large audiences of representative citizens.

Colonel Myron T. Herrick presided at the afternoon meeting, and in the course of his speech introducing General Booth, referred to the possibility of war with Spain. He said Cleveland had contributed many soldiers to the last Grand Army, and he had no doubt thousands would respond now if there was a call for assistance. The sentiment was loudly applauded in all parts of the house.

OHIO NAVAL RESERVES.

Commander McKay Expected to Receive Orders to Move Tuesday.

Cleveland, O., April 2.—Lieutenant Commander George R. McKay, of the naval reserves, was in communication with Adjutant General Axline today and received orders to recruit the Cleveland division up to its war strength. The Ohio brigade will be organized at once by recruiting four additional divisions, one at Toledo, another at Sandusky, a third at Ashtabula and a fourth here. Commander McKay was ordered to rush the work of uniforming the men, and tailors will be set to work tomorrow.

Commander McKay told some of his men that he expects to receive orders to move on Tuesday.

CARDINAL GIBBONS FOR PEACE.

Impressive Remarks at the Close of His Sermon Yesterday

Baltimore, April 2.—Cardinal Gibbons, after his sermon in the cathedral this morning, made the following remarks on the threatened war:

"On this day when we commemorate the entrance of the God of peace into Jerusalem, let us implore him that he will so guide the minds and hearts of the president and congress, that he will so direct the counsels of Spain, that he may inspire both nations with a happy solution to the problem which confronts us—a solution honorable to both nations—so that the clouds of war may be dispelled and the blessings of heavenly peace may be preserved to the nation.

"Let us cherish the hope that on next Sunday, when we celebrate the resurrection of Christ from the dead, we may also be cheered by the inauguration of the dawn of good will between Spain and our own beloved country."

GEN. GARIBALDI COMING.

He Volunteers His Services on Our Side in the Event of War.

New York, April 2.—A special London cable despatch in the Sun says: The Spanish reporter in Rome had a talk with General Ricciotti Garibaldi a couple of days ago respecting his intentions in the event of a war between the United States and Spain. He rather fancied that fortune will give him an opportunity for another sally at the Turks before the year is much further advanced, probably in the Balkans. But, on the other hand, the prospect of helping turn the Spaniards out of Cuba is distinctly fascinating.

On Wednesday General Garibaldi had a conference with those officers who served under him and who are at present sojourning in Rome. Every one wanted to engage in the Cuban campaign. As soon as war is inevitable General Garibaldi and his officers will take the first steamer for Genoa and New York. General Garibaldi said: "If I decide to go to Cuba I shall, of course, first proceed to the United States, in order to organize a corps of Italians, with the approval of the war department. We should land in Cuba not far from Havana, but our plans would depend upon the American authorities. I believe that within a few weeks the Spanish troops will be driven out of Cuba without much difficulty. The independence of Cuba, or preferably its annexation to the United States, will be achieved. No friend of liberty should object to the latter solution."

LI HUNG CHANG'S SCALP IN DANGER

He is Accused of Having Accepted Russian Bribes.

FULL INVESTIGATION DEMANDED

The Chinese Complain That They Have no Parts in Which to Receive Their New Warships—Russians Permit British Gunboats to Enter and Leave Port Arthur at Will.

Shanghai, April 3.—It is announced that a person of the highest rank has memorialized the emperor in the most vigorous language, accusing the whole Young-Li-Hung Chang's system of being, of being in the pay of Russia. He asserts that Russia expended 10,000,000 taels in bribery during the recent negotiations regarding the cession of Port Arthur and Ta-Lien-Wan, etc., and claims that Li-Hung Chang's share was 1,500,000 taels. The emperor in the personages referred to demands a full investigation and asks that Li Hung Chang be beheaded if the accusations are proven, the memorializer offering to execute himself if his charges are not sustained.

The Chinese complain bitterly of the fact that they do not possess a war port for the five warships which are being built for them abroad and which are due to arrive in Chinese waters this summer. Unless Wang-Hai-Wel, occupied by the Japanese, is evacuated, which is doubtful, the Chinese have no place in which to receive their new warships.

The Russians have permitted two British gunboats to enter and leave Port Arthur freely.

The British first-class cruiser Graf-on, flagship of Rear Admiral C. P. Fitzgerald, second in command on the China station, and the first class cruiser Powerful, the armored cruiser Narcessus, the second class cruiser Bantow and other vessels of the squadron left Che Foo on Saturday. Their destination is unknown but is reported to be Chemulpo, the port of Seoul, capital of Korea. The movements of the warships excite the greatest interest among foreigners here. It is supposed they will make a demonstration, possibly in support of some British demands for concessions.

Peikin, April 3.—Great Britain has demanded a lease of Wei-Hai-Wel, on the Shan Tung peninsula, after the Japanese evacuation, as a compensation for the disturbance of the balance of power in the gulf of Pe-Chi-Li.

In diplomatic circles small doubt is entertained that China will concede the demand, which is believed to be favorably regarded by Japan.

London, April 3.—In addition to Wei-Hai-Wel, says the Peikin correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, Sir Claude Macdonald, the British minister has demanded possession of the island of Chusan, off the east coast, or the territory of the Yangtze delta in which England had already the rights of pre-emption.

THE CLIMAX THIS WEEK.

[Concluded from Page 1.]

defer a few days if Mr. McKinley is desired, besides every day adds to our war preparations.

Mr. Lord (Rep., Cal.) said he was in favor of waiting a few days.

Mr. Babcock (Rep., Wis.), chairman of the congressional campaign committee, expressed doubt as to whether the house could be held beyond tomorrow.

The prospect of European mediation has aroused the keenest interest in Washington. The lack of definite action in British, German and other diplomatic quarters.

It is probable the mediation would take definite form if the foreign representatives were convinced that war was inevitable and was about to be declared, while they look upon the situation as grave, the general sentiment among them is that the matter has not yet progressed beyond the range of diplomacy and a pacific settlement.

For that reason there was a strong inclination today to wait until the president's message is sent to congress, the feeling being that the real issue could not be determined until the message had been submitted.

SPANAIN LOSES FAITH IN THE POWERS.

At the outset Spain was most earnest for mediation and to this end addressed a note to the powers about ten days ago. Now, however, as the prospects for mediation appear to be growing, the Spanish authorities seem to be inclined toward this course. This may be due to the fact that Spain has looked upon mediation as an indirect power of intervention of the European powers in favor of one of their own number. The Spanish note developed, however, that the powers were not ready for any such radical course. France made the first declaration through Premier Hanotaux in the French chamber that France would treat both parties alike as friends. This was an unexpected reverse for Spain, as she felt that the French ownership of Morocco, Guadalupe and other islands could incline her to sympathize with Spain in defending her sovereignty over Cuba.

It was stated by one of the ambassadors today that any move for mediation would first assume form by an exchange of notes among the European powers, which could be done very speedily by telegraph in case a war crisis seemed at hand. In such event the general understanding among diplomatic circles here is that Great Britain, France, Germany and Austria would be consulted, as their commercial interests would be seriously crippled by a war between the United States and Spain. While Russia and Italy might be consulted owing to their influence in European affairs, yet their immediate interest in the Spanish-American conflict would be far less than that of the other countries mentioned.

DANISH ISLANDS.

It is probable that negotiations will be opened by this government with Denmark for the cable messages to come over the French line from the Danish Island to St. Thomas to the United States. With the Leward Islands, of which St. Thomas is a cen-

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ACTIVITY AT LEAGUE ISLAND.

Work is Being Pushed Night and Day on Old Monitors.

Philadelphia, April 2.—There was the usual activity at the League Island navy yard today. Work is being pushed night and day on the eight old monitors.

The Catskill and Nahant have been taken out of the dry dock, and the Jason and Montauk were put in. The Lehigh is ready to go in and the Mahopac, Manhattan and Canonicus have been towed from the back channel to the docks, where they will be fitted with new boilers. Fifteen-inch shells and solid shot were put on board the Catskill and Nahant today.

Officers of the New York and Massachusetts naval reserves, who have been ordered to the navy yard to take charge of the monitors, arrived here today and reported to Commodore G. C. Tracy. The double turret monitor Miantonomoh and the coast defense ram Katahdin, which have been ready to sail for some days, have, as yet, received no orders to sail, but it is expected that the Miantonomoh will receive her orders tomorrow.

The steam yacht Josephine, which the government purchased from P. A. B. Widener, of Philadelphia, arrived at the navy yard today from Wilmington, Del., and will be immediately transferred into a scumboat. The Josephine is of 545 tons, 191 feet long, 28 feet beam and draws fifteen feet of water. She was built in 1896.

APPEAL OF AUTONOMISTS.

They Present the Olive Branch to the Insurgents.

Washington, April 2.—The Spanish minister has received a dispatch from Havana stating that the Autonomist cabinet there has addressed an appeal to the insurgents asking to arrange an armistice for the purpose of arriving at terms for peace. The full text of the message could not be secured tonight as its translation was not made at the legation.

The insurgents are appealed to on the ground that they are all Cubans and should unite for peace and liberty which all want. The appeal also states that Spain is willing to enlarge the present scope of autonomy and will suggest such a plan to the cortes which is soon to meet.

RUSSIAN REPORTS.

London, April 2.—The correspondent of the Times at Constantinople says: "At the audience at the palace yesterday (Saturday) M. Zinovief, the Russian ambassador, casually told the sultan that 20,000 Russian recruits for the far east would shortly leave the Dardanelles in vessels of the Russian volunteer fleet."

No More Argument.

In the Light of Existing Fact, Why Argue?

The great Munyon system—the school of medicine which is superseding all others—has passed the stage where argu-

ment is necessary. To the whole country has come the satisfying demonstration of its worth and value, and in every hamlet, town, and city is to be found those who have tested the Munyon Remedies, and are ready to go on record as witnesses for the truth.

Mr. E. B. Baker, Laize, Pa., says: "After having an attack of grippe I was considerably run down, but very little sleep. Medicines that I took gave me no relief. I came to Philadelphia and consulted Munyon's Specialists. Their remedies gave me immediate relief, and after a short treatment I am now returning home cured. My general health is also greatly improved, and I feel better in every way."

Munyon has a separate remedy for each disease, and all druggists sell them. Most of 25 cents a trial. If in doubt, Professor Munyon invites you to write to him, at Philadelphia, Philadelphia, for free medical advice.

BERNABE'S ACTIVITY.

The Spanish minister, Senor Polo y Bernabe, and his staff had a busy Sunday, although it did not bring any developments changing the situation. The minister did not see state department officials during the day. His last official exchange with the authorities here was on last Friday after Spain's attitude toward the negotiations was communicated to Washington, and was, of course, less made known to the state department through the Danish minister here.

The minister's activity in keeping his government fully apprised as to the general aspect of affairs in this country. The elaborate manner in which this cable intelligence has gone to the authorities at Madrid is probably without a parallel. It is understood that the minister is about to assume his most serious aspect, a single cable dispatch sent by the minister to the foreign office at Madrid cost \$1,000. Another dispatch cost \$700; another \$400. In this way the Madrid authorities are kept in close touch with the condition of affairs here, not only as related to official negotiations, but more particularly to the tendencies and all those circumstances which would permit the Madrid government to gauge the situation at Washington.

Secretary Sherman gave a dinner last night at which the Spanish minister was one of the guests, Senator Lodge, of the senate committee on foreign relations, and Colonel Fred Grant, of New York, being among the others present. The presence of the secretary of state was devoid of significance, except as showing the pacific outward appearance of affairs. Being purely a social gathering, the Spanish situation was not alluded to, although it is understood that some talk was had to avoid the absorbing topic of current interest.

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