MUNYON'S

Cold Cure cures colds in the head, colds on the lungs, old colds, new colds and obstinate colds, and all forms of grip. Stops sneezing, discharges from the nose and eyes, prevents catarrh, diphtheria, pneumonia, and all throat and lung troubles. These pleasant little pellets are absolutely harmless, have saved thousands of lives and prevented much sickness. The Munyon Remedy Company prepare a separate cure for each disease. At all druggists—25 cents a vial. If you need medical advice write Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch Street, Philadelphia. It is absolutely free.

COLD CURE

CARBONDALE.

[The Carbondale correspondence of The Tribune has been placed in the hands of Mr. C. R. Munn, Salem avenue and Church street, to whom news items may be addressed. All complaints as to irregular delivery, etc., should be made to W. J. Roberts, news agent.]

MONTHLY STATISTICS.

Only Twenty-one Deaths During March--Police Court Record.

Twenty-one residents of this city and one from Carbondale township and one from Fell township passed away during the month of March—an extremely low death rate for a district embracing at least twenty thousand inhabitants. According to the board of health statistics the cause of death were divided as follows:

Pneumonia, 3; bronchitis, 2; old age, 2; apoplexy, 2; accidents, 2; paralysis, cerebro-spinal meningitis, heart trouble, typhoid fever, rabies, spasms, alcoholism, cardiac disease, grip, each one. The cause of two were unknown. Twelve interments were made in St. Rose cemetery, four in Maplewood, three in Brookside, and bodies were taken to Mayfield, Brooklyn, Pleasant Mount and Preston for burial. One body brought here from Jermyn and interred in St. Rose cemetery. During the month was but one still birth.

POLICE RECORDS.

For morality as well as health this city will take the palm over the others of its size in the commonwealth. But fourteen arrests were made by the police during March. All were plain drunks. Two were fined $3 a piece; two were committed to the county jail and the other ten were reprimanded and discharged.

GAMBLERS MUST GO.

Authorities Have Notified Them to Quit the Cards.

Local authorities hae determined to rid the city of the two well known gambling houses on Main street. As a result of their orders the one on South Main street has closed its doors and there is indication that the one in the Keystone block will soon be obliged to follow suit.

These places have thrived on the quiet for years, but of late their proprietors have made bold to come into unusual prominence and their vocation has become as well and generally known as that of men conducting legitimate business places. Cobwebs will soon be suspended from the ceiling of these brilliant and elaborately furnished resorts.

The law prescribes a penalty of $500 fine and five years' imprisonment for the criminal who shall be convicted of running a gambling house in which he sleeps and makes his home.

CHANGING LOCATION.

Among the prominent people who moved yesterday are the following: Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Vannan and Dr. and Mrs. F. E. Jenkins, into their new building on Salem avenue. It will, however, be several days before they can become settled in their new home as the finishing touches are still being put on by the workmen. Mr. and Mrs. Grattan A. Singer will occupy apartments in the building. Professor and Mrs. A. Rumsby left South dence in the J. F. Moffitt house on the west side of South Main street.

Attorney J. E. Burr has moved his law office from the Aitken building to a suite of rooms in the second floor of the Miners' and Merchants' bank building. J. O'Hearn has taken the office directly in the rear of the one lately occupied by him in the same building and George Gannon, the Scranton Truth correspondent, takes the room vacated by Mr. O'Hearn.

FIRE.

Fire broke out in the kitchen of Mrs. John Neil's house, on Wayne street, at 9.30 this morning. Neighbors formed a bucket brigade and broke holes in the roof through which they fought the flames. The damage to furniture and house from fire and water will be considerable. The fire was started by an over-heated stove and as no one was in the kitchen at the time had gained considerable headway when discovered. Mrs. Neil, who intends to break up housekeeping, is in Cherry Ridge today.

HER MASTERPIECE.

The Ethel Tucker company presented her masterpiece, "Leah, the Forsaker," at the Grand last evening. There was a large attendance and the manner in which Miss Tucker's efforts were received was highly complimentary. The specialty artists also added to their popularity last evening.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Miss Grace Briggs and Miss Agatha Dwyer, graduates of the Carbondale hospital school for nurses, left yesterday for Philadelphia, where they will take a special course in one of the large hospitals.

Mrs. C. A. Smith and children, of Park street, are visiting friends in Lehighton.

Mrs. W. J. Lowry and daughter are visiting friends in Binghamton, N. Y.

Mrs. Catherine Bolton and daughter Lelia, went to Binghamton yesterday. They will make the Parlor city their home for a year.

Dr. J. G. Harper, of Buffalo, N. Y., is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Lathrope. The doctor is not at present in the best of health, and states that the air of the Lake City does not agree with him.

John Clune has moved his old store building to the rear of his property on Dundaff street and will erect on the site a handsome new residence.

Mrs. L. E. Bate returned home today from a visit to her sister-in-law, Mrs. George Deitrick, of Scranton, where she was called by the illness of her mother, Mrs. Joseph Deitrick, who is visiting at that place.

TAYLOR NEWS.

Pleasantly Surprised -- Accidentally Injured -- Personal and Other News.

Miss Lizzie Jones was tendered a most enjoyable surprise party at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Pichard Jones, of Storrs' street, on Wednesday evening. Many enjoyable diversions served to make the evening a pleasant one for the guests. Delicacies of the season were served during the evening. Those present were: Misses Lizzie Owens, Lizzie Jones, Mattie Powell, Lelia McDonnell, Lillian Evans, Margaret Williams, Bertha Sweet, Edith Rogers and Bertha Nyhart, and Messrs. William Griffiths, John Owens, William H. Nicholas, William Daniels, William Morgans, William Thomas, William Harris, Arthur Marsh, Edward Fox, Thomas Bevan, Daniel Williams, James Reese and T. A. Evans.

The Tribune branch office in Taylor is in the Cobleigh building. Local Representative E. G. Evans in charge.

Mrs. Morgan Harris, of Main street, was the guest of relatives in Bellevue on Wednesday.

The borough fathers will meet in the council chambers this evening where much important business will be transacted.

Arthur, the 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs David Gould, met with a painful accident on Wednesday afternoon near his home in North Taylor. The boy was watching his brother who was in the act of cleaning a revolver, which had been laid away for some time. Not knowing that it was loaded at the time he began to handle it quite carelessly. At this point the weapon went off and the charge entered the boy's leg, injuring him quite seriously.

Mrs. Thomas Howells, of Rendham, was the guest of relatives in Hyde Park yesterday.

Mrs. M. Griswald and son, A. H. Sanders, of Binghamton, N. Y., who have been visiting relatives in North Main streeet, have returned home.

Martin Luther lodge, No. 22, Loyal Knights of America, will meet this evening in Reese's hall.

The Pyne colliery will commence operations on Tuesday, April 5, after a period of idleness for repairs.

Mrs. George Miller, of Elmira, N. Y., has returned home after visiting relatives in this place.

Misses Kate Reardon and Marie Kilcoyne, of South Scranton, were the guests of Miss Ella O'Hara, on Wednesday.

Mrs. Edward J. Evans was the guest of her son, William M. Evans, of Hyde Park, yesterday.

Mrs. John Hodge, of this place, was the guest of relatives in Hyde Park yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Johns attended the funeral of a relative in Hyde Park yesterday.

Mr. William Dailey, of Plymouth, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Mary E. Dailey, of this place.

JERMYN AND MAYFIELD.

Steven Witmore and Edwin Graves are at Crystal lake. Mr. Witmore is just in receipt of a letter from Frank Belcher, who has been in the Alaska gold fields for the past three years, and who was one of the Klondike pioneers. In his letter Belcher strongly advises everyone who has the Klondicitis to get rid of the feeling as quickly as possible and stay at home. He has been one of the fortunate ones and is estimated at the present time to be worth a hundred thousand dollars. His advise, therefore, ought to have some weight.

Rev. William Surdival left yesterday for Slatington, where he will on next Sunday preach at the Congregational church.

Mrs. Baundy has received a letter from her husband from Skaguay. All of the party who left here with Mr. Boundy arrived there on the 9th of March, and were all well and in good spirits.

Mrs. William Hughes, of Carbondale, was visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Yeates, of Second street, yesterday.

Mr. Edward Jones, of Archbald, was on business in town last evening.

We understand that Miss Grace Belcher, a sister of Mr. George Belcher, will leave shortly for the Klondike in company with her sister. The young ladies will go as missionaries to the gold fields.

Dr. P. C. Manley moved on Wednesday into his new house which is in Mayfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Price, of Moosic, and Mrs. Joseph Harris and daughter, Mildred, of Carbondale, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Humphrey, of Main street, Wednesday.

Misses Ida Carter and Hattie Mason, of Second street, were visiting in Scranton yesterday.

Mrs. Daniel Griffiths, of Third street, is visiting her son, George, in Dorranceton.

UNCLE SAM'S FIGHTING RECORD

Reasons for Believing That He Can Take Care of Himself.

Preble Tucker, in the Sun.

It may not be inopportune at this time, when certain timorous ones are expressing doubts as to the result of a war between the United States and Spain, to look up our fighting record, as the sporting fraternity would put it.

From the Declaration of Independence to the present day, a period of 123 years, the United States has waged five wars, not to speak of the numerous Indian and border skirmishes, and in every one our flag has come out on top. Can as much be said of any other nation during the same period?

England has had during that period, roughly speaking, six wars, not including its fights with the natives of South Africa and northern India and the opium war in China. Of these six, two—the American Revolution and the War of 1812—resulted in victory for her opponents. In other words, to again use a sporting term, she lost two out of six events.

France had also six wars, not counting her fights in northern Africa and China; of these she lost two—the war with the allied powers and the Franco-Prussian war.

Prussia out of her five wars waged during the same period lost two.

Austria lost three and gained two.

Russia lost two and gained two.

Spain has lost every war she has undertaken during that period, unless her ten years' war with Cuba should be placed to her credit as a victory. So much for the record. In analyzing it we find that in most of the cases in which a European nation has won it has been in alliance with some other nation, as in the war of the allied powers against Napoleon, the Crimean war, and the Franco-Italian-Austrian war.

In one case only did the United States have an ally, and that was in the Revolution. Even then the war was nearly half over when France came to our assistance with a fleet and a few thousand troops as an offset to the Hessian troops employed by England. In our two wars with England the United States was tremendously outclassed in all that goes to make the fighting efficiency of a nation, except bravery and endurance. In our war with the Barbary states the odds were not so greatly in our favor as they appear at first blush; we were fighting thousands of miles from home, a naval power that had exacted tribute from every maritime power in the world and was secretly backed by the money and moral support of Great Britain.

In the Mexican war the advantages were all with us.

The war of secession was the greatest war of modern times. In that war the old flag completed its unbroken record of victory, but the victors have shared the fruits of victory with the vanquished and the nation is stronger than ever before to defend its flag against all comers. In the face of this record how can any sane person doubt the result of a war with Spain?

THAT TORPEDO FLOTILLA.

What It Is and Why It Is Considered Dangerous by Expert Naval Authorities.

From the Times-Herald.

When Spain's flotilla, now on its way to American waters, reaches its destination that country will have about forty odd fine torpedo boats and three torpedo boat destroyers within twenty-four hours of Key West. If these hornets should slip over to that vicinity on some dark night and attack our fleet where it lies it might very well happen that the latter should be utterly destroyed and Spain left in command of the seas. If we should lose even the Massachusetts and the Iowa it would leave Spain with the preponderance at sea and with full power to ravage our coasts at her will. The navy department has the following list of the Spanish torpedo flotilla now on its way to Porto Rico: Torpedo boat destroyers: Terror, Furor and Pluton, each of 380 tons and a speed of twenty-eight knots. Torpedo boats: Azor, 127 tons, twenty-five knots; Ragor, 120 tons, twenty-two knots; Ariste, 128 tons, twenty-five knots, and Ciudad de Cadiz, 120 tons and twenty-two knots. Besides these, there are thirty or forty torpedo boats already in Cuban waters.

DESCRIPTION OF A DESTROYER.

A torpedo boat destroyer is nothing more or less than a very large torpedo boat. The ordinary torpedo boat cannot travel in the open sea with safety. A destroyer is between 210 and 225 feet in length. It draws only four or five feet of water, which is about the same that a torpedo boat draws. It has a coal carrying capacity sufficient to enable it to cross the ocean, and it has twin screws and triple expansion engines, capable of developing 6,000-horse power, which insures a speed of thirty knots or more an hour. This is considerably faster than the ordinary torpedo boats travel. Torpedo boat destroyers cost between $300,000 and $400,000. They are built to carry five or six six-pound guns and one thirteen-pound quick-fire gun. These guns are sufficient to destroy any torpedo boat or to sink an ordinary unprotected gunboat. They also carry two torpedo tubes. The United States now has twenty-one torpedo craft of this character, either built or under construction. These vessels range from forty-six tons upward of 300 tons, the large ones partaking of the character of torpedo boat destroyers.

HARBOR DEFENSE.

The smaller boats are intended mainly for use in harbor defenses, as their dimensions will permit of their rapid ingress and egress from narrow and contracted channels, and also their navigation through rivers in order to reach inland points. Besides these, the United States has several improvised torpedo boats.

The Spanish flotilla is excessively dangerous. Discussing the matter a naval officer said: "This fleet of hornets are sea green in color and almost invisible at a distance of two miles even in daytime. At night time they cannot be certainly distinguished at half that distance. They travel at a speed of twenty or thirty knots, and thus the extreme interval of time between their discovery by a battleship and the discharge of their torpedoes can hardly be more than five minutes. Given two minutes for the machine guns' crews to get to quarters, only three remain. Given enough hornets with reasonable skill in handling them and one seems certain to plant its sting in a mortal spot. The probable defense against these would be an outer circle of torpedo boats to act as scouts and give warning of their approach and intercept them. But the Key West fleet is at present very insufficiently supplied with these, and in any case they are not a safe preventive against attack.

WOULD CHANGE TACTICS.

"Of course, in war times, no fleet would lie at anchor in an exposed condition, but would either remain in a sheltered harbor or steam silently along without lights, and if these destroyers succeeded in reaching Cuba some such plan will probably be adopted by Commodore Sampson. But at present he is handicapped by the fact that war has not been declared, and while unceasingly vigilant, will naturally hesitate longer to open fire on suspicious craft than he would in war times. Yet it would be just like the Spanish to attack first and declare war afterwards. Most wars begin in this way. For instance, the British destroyed a Turkish fleet at Sinope some years ago without war either before or after. A chivalric foe gives warning, but Spain would give none until the day after the battle."

Children should always increase in weight. Not to grow, not to increase in flesh, belongs to old age.

Present and future health demands that this increase in weight should be steady and never failing.

To delicate children, Scott's Emulsion brings richer blood and firmer flesh. Better color comes to the cheeks and stronger muscles to the limbs. The gain in weight is substantial; it comes to stay.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

FUN IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Judges Tell Humorous Stories in the Consultation Room.

From the Chicago Record.

There is a good deal more fun concealed under the imposing solemnity of the supreme court than the public would imagine, and several of the justices, particularly Justice Brewer and Justice Shiras, are great wits. The jokes they make and the stories they tell in the consultation rooms would make an interesting volume if its secrets could be penetrated. But the world only knows what transpires in the court room, and much of that is concealed by the rules of etiquette and decorum. Although the chief justice and his associates unite to protect the dignity of that great bulwark of the constitution which they represent, there is often a good deal of suppressed fun in their efforts to defend it against ignorant or irreverent attorneys.

They all agree that the most amusing incident that ever brightened the solemnity of the supreme court chamber occurred several years ago, when Justice Miller undertook to arrest the flow of eloquence of an attorney who was arguing his first case, an appeal from the circuit court of a western state. The young lawyer was declaiming at the rate of 150 words a minute on some of the simplest principles of law, which every attorney should fully understand before he gets his diploma, and, becoming weary after awhile, Justice Miller interrupted the speaker in a sarcastic tone, inquiring:

"I hope the learned counsel will give the court the credit of knowing the rudiments of law."

"I beg the pardon of your honor," replied the attorney in the blandest manner, "but I made that mistake in the lower court."

A similar incident occurred more recently, when a young attorney from the South became entangled in complications of his own creating and was floundering along in a hopeless attempt to extricate himself. Justice Brewer, who is very kind-hearted and always helps a fellow mortal out of a difficulty when he is able to do so, undertook to play the part of a good Samaritan and brought upon himself a shaft that his associates on the bench will never allow him to forget. Thinking that he might relieve the embarrassment of the counsel and give him a chance to make a fresh start, Judge Brewer interrupted him and said:

"I don't quite follow the learned counsel in his argument. Perhaps if he will go back and repeat a little of what he has already said I may understand him better. I haven't been able to follow the thread of his argument."

"I noticed you couldn't," retorted the unabashed attorney. "It is a very complicated point of law, but if you will give me your close attention I will try to make it so clear that you can understand it."

DEATH OF ARANGUREN.

Colonel Parker Sheds New Light on This Cuban Tragedy.

From the Washington Post.

The story of conditions as they exist today in Cuba was told last night at All Souls' church by Colonel Myron M. Parker, who recently returned from a trip to the suffering island, in company with Senator Proctor. Much that Colonel Parker related in his lecture has already been given in his own interviews and in the recent statements of Senator Proctor before the senate. One feature of the lecture, however, was his story, told incidentally, of the execution of Colonel Ruiz and the killing of General Aranguren, the insurgent leader. It differed somewhat from that of previous reports, and was interesting, Mr. Parker having learned it from the most reliable sources. Ruiz and Aranguren, prior to the outbreak of the war, were fast friends in Havana, where the former was inspector of the water works. Aranguren joined the insurgents and took to the field, while Colonel Ruiz remained in Havana, and with the advent of General Blanco became an autonomist.

General Aranguren was then with his brigade in Havana province and Colonel Ruiz suggested to General Blanco that he could induce him to surrender. About that time the order of General Gomez was issued and General Aranguren, upon learning that Colonel Ruiz was about to come to him from General Blanco, in an effort to induce him to surrender, notified his friend that he would be glad to meet him for the sake of old times, but there must be no mention of his official mission. Notwithstanding this Ruiz, as soon as he reached the camp, began addressing the troops, offering autonomy. General Aranguren cautioned him, saluted, and rode away, while the next officer in command had Ruiz placed under arrest, and after court-martial, Ruiz was executed. General Blanco, hearing the misfortune had overtaken Ruiz, sent 2,000 troops to find him, and after learning the location of General Aranguren's headquarters from a negro traitor, who had been in the camp, they surrounded the house, and as General Aranguren appeared, saying he would surrender, they riddled him with bullets.

Such treatment of Cubans, Colonel Parker said he learned, was not infrequent. In fact, prior to six months ago, it was the rule. Responsible persons, had, however, informed him that such was not the treatment accorded to Spaniards by the insurgents.

HIS YARN CAME BACK.

He Told It to a Graphophone, That to a Telephone, and That to Him.

From the Galesburg Evening Mail.

W. E. Terry, of Galesburg, has been having considerable fun lately with his brother-in-law, Dr. Hull, of Kewanee, and perpetrated a joke on him the other day that was as unique as original. Mr. Terry has a graphophone, and a few days ago sent the machine to Kewanee, where some of his relatives talked into it. Dr. Hall happened to find some extra cylinders, and so he talked a fake story of one of Mr. Terry's big deer shots in the northern woods last fall.

Of course the owner of the machine was greatly astonished when he was trying the cylinders after the graphophone had been returned to him in hearing such a tale about himself. Recognizing the voice, he determined to have some sport with it. Yesterday he called up Dr. Hall by telephone in his office in Kewanee and said that a man wanted to speak with him.

After some further preliminary remarks between the two ends of the line, Mr. Terry placed the mouth of the graphophone near the drum of the telephone and turned the switch. Holding the receiver to his ear, he could hear the astonished exclamations of the doctor, at the other end of the line, who was listening to his own voice thirty miles away. He agreed that the joke was on him and offered to give up if the fairy tale could only be suppressed.

CONVENTION CALLS.

Second Legislative District.

Scranton, Pa., March 22, 1898.

Notice is hereby given to the Republican voters of the Second legislative district that a convention will be held in the Arbitration room in the Court House on Tuesday, April 5, 1898, at 2 o'clock p. m. sharp, for the purpose of electing two delegates to represent this district in the Republican state convention at Harrisburg June 2.

Vigilant committees will hold primary elections in their several precincts on Saturday, April 2, from 4 to 7 o'clock p. m.

Fred W. Fleitz, Chairman.
Walter E. Davis, Secretary.

Third Legislative District.

In pursuance of the provision of rule 4, section 1, of rules governing the Republican party in said district, the undersigned, members of the standing committee, will meet in the arbitration room, court house, Scranton, on Saturday, April 9 1898, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of arranging time and place for holding a convention. The said convention to elect two delegates to represent said district in the Republican state convention at Harrisburg on June 2, 1898:

Benton—A. F. Hobbs.
Clifton—A. L. Siglin.
Covington—D. W. Dale.
Dalton—M. B. Sherman.
Glenburn—J. C. Northup.
Gouldsboro—J. B. Gardner.
Greenfield—W. T. Robinson.
Lackawanna—South district, William Nicholas; West district, William Weir; Northeast district, W. H. Fern; East district, Frank Nash; outhwest district, Isaac Davis.
La Plume—R. H. Holgate.
Lehigh—Jacob Knecht.
Madison—Eugene Noack.
Newton—D. W. LaRue.
North Abington—S. M. Aylesworth.
Old Forge—First district, William Digwood; Second district, Henry Troufer; Fourth district, William Bennett.
Ransom—First district, Tobias Stine; Second district, George R. Wandell.
Scott—G. F. Miller.
Scranton—Sixth ward, Third district, William P. Davis.
Spring Brook—David H. Moses.
South Abington—William Sheip..
Taylor—First ward, John L. Powell; Second ward, John R. Johns; Third ward, James Morris, jr.; Fourth ward, William A. Rogers; Fifth ward, John J. Price.
Waverly—B. F. Tinkham.
West Abington—John R. Briggs.

By order of
Thurston S. Parker, Chairman.
Attest: G. J. Powell, Secretary.

Fourth Legislative District.

Notice is hereby given to the Republican voters of the Fourth legislative district of Lackawanna county, that a convention will be held at Father Mathew Opera house, in Olyphant, at 4 o'clock p. m. on Thursday, the 14th day of April, 1898, for the purpose of electing three delegates to represent said district in the Republican state convention, to be held at Harrisburg, June 2, 1898, and also to nominate one person to represent said district in the house of representatives, at Harrisburg for the next two years.

Vigilance committees will hold primaries in their several precincts on Tuesday, the 12th day of April, between the hours of 6 and 7 p. m. for the election of delegates to compose said convention. The following table shows the number of delegates to which each precinct is entitled:

Archbald Borough—	
First ward, First district	1
First ward, Second district	1
Second ward	1
Third ward	1
Blakely Borough—	
First ward	2
Second ward	2
Third ward	1
Carbondale Township—	
Northeast district	1
Northwest district	1
Carbondale City—	
First ward, First district	2
First ward, Second district	1
Second ward, First district	1
Second ward, Second district	1
Second ward, Third district	1
Third ward, First district	1
Third ward, Second district	1
Third ward, Third district	1
Third ward, Fourth district	1
Fourth ward, First district	1
Fourth ward, Second district	1
Fourth ward, Third district	0
Fifth ward, First district	2
Fifth ward, Second district	1
Sixth ward, First district	2
Sixth ward, Second district	1
Dickson City Borough—	
First ward	1
Second ward	1
Third ward	1
Dunmore Borough—	
First ward, First district	1
First ward, Second district	1
Second ward, First district	1
Second ward, Second district	1
Third ward, First district	1
Third ward, Second district	1
Third ward, Third district	1
Fourth ward, First district	1
Fifth ward, First district	1
Sixth ward, First district	1
Sixth ward, Second district	1
Elmhurst Borough	1
Fell Township—	
First district	1
Second district	1
Third district	1
Fourth district	1
Jermyn Borough—	
First ward	2
Second ward	1
Third ward	1
Jefferson township	1
Mayfield borough	2
Olyphant Borough—	
First ward, First district	1
Second ward	2
Third ward, First district	1
Third ward, Second district	1
Fourth ward, First district	1
Roaring Brook township	1
Throop borough	1
Winton Borough—	
First ward	1
Second ward	1
Third ward	1

E. A. Jones, Chairman.
Samuel S. Jones, Secretary.

LADIES

Clean your Kid Gloves with MILLER'S GLOVEINE. For sale only by Mears & Hagen, headquarters for dressed and undressed kid gloves in all the most desirable shades.

Health is Wealth.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL, ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS.

Is sold under positive **Written Guarantee**, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, $1 a box; six for $5; with **written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package**, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.

Red Label Special Extra Strength. For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness; $1 a box; six for $5, with **written guarantee** to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail.

Wm. G. Clark, 326 Penn Ave., Scranton, Pa.

The Newark Shoe Store

Nice, balmy Spring days will soon be here and they'll make you think of Spring Footwear. A little early to talk of Russet Shoes, but as the goods are here, we will give you a hint of a style or two you ought to know about.

THE DELSARTE is a Ladies' Shoe on a full round toe-footform in shape and elegant in appearance.

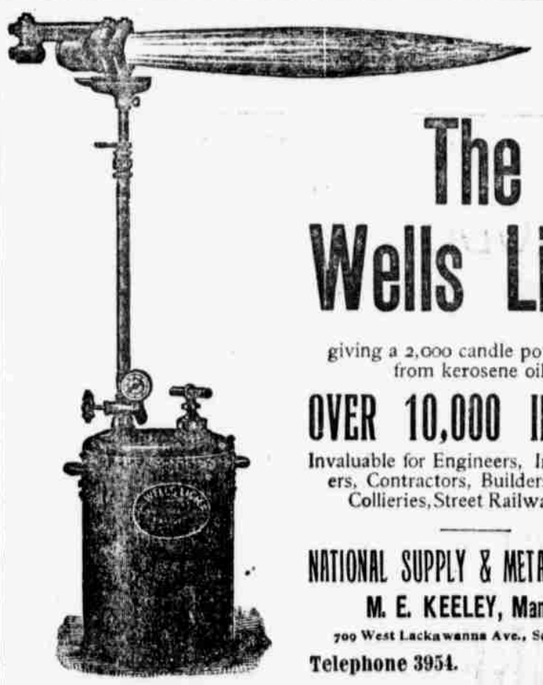
THE ENGLISH is similar in shape, with wider toe and full hard box. No stuffing necessary to keep them in shape. Both styles are made of the finest Vici Kidskin, with welted soles, and "The Newark's" guarantee with every pair. Price $3.50.

IN MEN'S SHOES, two new toes this season, both very English in shape. One, "The Lenox," medium round toe. The other, "The Wall Street," with full wide round toe, both perfect fitting and as stylish as can be. $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 pair.

It is needless to say that the quality is high class, that the making is excellent, that the wear will be satisfactory. These things we fully guarantee.

The Newark Shoe Store

Corner Lackawanna and Wyoming Avenues.



The Wells Light

giving a 2,000 candle power light from kerosene oil.

OVER 10,000 IN USE.

Invaluable for Engineers, Iron Founders, Contractors, Builders, Mines, Collieries, Street Railways, etc

NATIONAL SUPPLY & METAL CO. Agts
M. E. KEELEY, Manager.
709 West Lackawanna Ave., Scranton, Pa
Telephone 3954.

E. ROBINSON'S SONS' LAGER BEER BREWERY

Manufacturers of OLD STOCK PILSNER.

435 to 455 N. Main St., Scranton, Pa. Telephone Call, 2333.

LACKAWANNA LUMBER CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

GANG SAWED PENNA. WHITE HEMLOCK AND HARDWOOD LUMBER

Bill Timber cut to order on short notice. Hardwood Mine Rails sawed to uniform lengths constantly on hand. Peeled Hemlock Prop Timber promptly Furnished.

MILLS—At Cross Fork, Potter Co., on the Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad. At Mina, Potter County, Pa., on Coudersport, and Port Allegany Railroad. Capacity—400,000 feet per day.

GENERAL OFFICE—Board of Trade Building, Scranton, Pa.
Telephone No. 4014.

Apollo Nervi-Tablets

A positive cure for men (young or old) suffering from nervous diseases, threatened insanity, lack of memory, loss of manly powers, wasted organs and other weaknesses caused by early excesses and abuse of the vital forces. A sure restorer of lost vitality and quickly fits a man for business, pleasure or sacred marriage. *APOLLO NERVI-TABLETS* cure where all other so-called nerve and brain remedies fail. They have restored thousands of men to the pink flush of manhood and *they will cure you*. A written guarantee to do so or money refunded in every case. Don't delay. Buy none but *APOLLO NERVI-TABLETS*. Price within reach of all.

50 CENTS a package, or full treatment (six packages) for $2.5. Sent by mail, plainly wrapped upon receipt of price. Address,

APOLLO MEDICINE CO., 360 DEARBORN STREET, CHICAGO, ILL., or our agents.

Matthews Bros., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Scranton, Pa.

MAKE A MAN MANLY

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Best anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, O.

For Sale by JOHN H. PHELPS, Pharmacist, cor. Wyoming avenue and Spruce street.