Scranton Tribune.

TWO CENTS. SCRANTON, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11, 1898. TWO CENTS

CIVIL SERVICE DEBATE BEGUN

Nine Opponents of the Law Are Heard on the Floor.

ANXIETY OF THE FRIENDS

They Desire to Choke Off the Eloquence.

Two Congressman Defend the Law. Mr. Cooney Calls the Whole Civil Service a Cheat and a Narrow Swindle--The Senate Considers the Hawaiian Question While in Executive Session--Mr. Salloway Leads the Anti-Reformers.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The senate was in open session today for only a short time, during which a little minor business was disposed of. It then went into executive session to consider the Hawaiian annexation treaty.

The opponents of the civil service law had much the best of the debate in the house today so far as the number of those engaged in it were concerned. Nine of the eleven speakers were of the opposition. The friends of the law are very anxious to shut off further debate and in this will have the co-operation of Speaker Reed and the rules committee. Mr. Moody, who has charge of the bill, gave notice that he would test the sense of the house tomorrow on a motion to close debate. The opposition immediately sent word to all in their ranks to be on hand and they say they will have no difficulty in defeating the motion. Those who participated in the debate today were:

In opposition to the law—Messrs. Cooney (Dem., Mo.), Down (Rep., W. Va.), Cox (Dem., Tenn.), Lytle (Dem., Ark.), Brumm (Rep., Pa.), Cowherd (Dem., Mo.), Sulloway (Rep., N. H.), Low (Rep., N. Y.).

In defense of the law—Messrs. McCall (Rep., Mass.) and Parker (Rep., N. J.).

Mr. Cooney called the whole civil service reform idea a cheat and a narrow swindle. A civil pension list and office holding class, he urged, were logical and inevitable if it was to continue. Mr. Brumm doubted whether the president of the United States, members of the Supreme court, senate or house, could pass some of the civil service examinations. He defended what was known as the 'political pull," which he said ought to be outlived. Every young man should have such influence and if they did not have, it was the best evidence that they were unworthy of political privileges. He was ready to vote for the repeal of the law.

Mr. McCall (Rep., Mass.) was the first speaker today to defend the merit system. In replying to the criticisms of some of the opponents of the system he raised a laugh at the expense of Mr. Grosvenor, who, according to his (McCall's) calculations, wanted over 115 per cent. of the offices exempted from the operation of the civil service law. Mr. Sulloway proudly proclaimed himself a spoilsman without any mental reservation. The civil service law, he said, had been conceived in iniquity, born in infamy and administered in cowardice and by Democrats. He believed the government belonged to its friends. Mr. Sulloway's remarks were very picturesque and kept the anti-Reformers in a continuous roar of approval.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 10.—In accordance with his previous notice Senator Davis, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations, brought up the subject of the ratification of the Hawaiian annexation treaty in the senate today. His motion was made soon after the disposal of the routine morning business and the entire remainder of the day's session, except the time given to the confirmation of nominations, was devoted to the consideration of the question as to whether the treaty should be considered in open session or behind closed doors in executive session. After a debate of almost two hours upon this point an informal vote was taken, the ayes and noes not being demanded. The decision was overwhelmingly against an open session.

The motion for open sessions was made by Senator Gray, of Delaware, who presented his reasons in a speech of about five minutes' length, urging that the question was one of public concern, involving no entangling complications with other nations and one which it was therefore eminently proper should be considered before the public gaze. Senator Davis replied to Mr. Gray, contending for the observance of precedent in this matter and objecting quite strenuously, though in calm and moderate language, to the proposition that the senate should take the public into its confidence in considering the treaty. He took issue with Mr. Gray on the proposition that there were no general questions involved affecting our diplomatic relations with other countries and predicted that the discussion would take a wide range before its conclusion. Most of the senators who spoke in opposition to open session referred to the probability that the action of the European powers in their evil purpose of partitioning the territory of China would form the basis of much of the debate on the question of Hawaiian annexation. All who referred to this phase of the question manifested a disposition to regard it as a delicate and complicated one, and one which it were better should be ventilated behind closed doors. It was also intimated the Monroe doctrine would come in for a fair share of discussion before the close of the debate, and it was asserted that this was a question which could more freely discussed in executive than in open session.

CLOAK FIRM FAILS.

Executions Issued in Favor of William Singerly.

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—Executions were issued today against Richard J. Lennon, dealer in women's cloaks and wraps at 1220 Chestnut street, on two judgment notes aggregating $148,936, in favor of William M. Singerly and the Chestnut Street National bank. Both notes were dated today, one for $120,000, and the other for $28,936. It has been the general opinion among business men of the city that Mr. Singerley had been interested in the store of Mr. Lennon and it is thought that the judgments were recorded and execution issued in order to get over a complicated condition in the affairs of Mr. Singerly as an outcome of the failure of the Chestnue Street National bank and the Chestnut Street Trust and Saving Fund company.

In relation to the above institutions, to which an extension of time has been granted by Comptroller Dawes in order to obtain assents to enable the bank and trust company to go into voluntary liquidation, it was stated today that the individual deposits in the bank amounted to $1,690,000 and the bank deposits $440,000. Up to date assents representing $1,419,000 have been received and depositors representing $215,000 additional are favorably considering the giving of assent. In the trust company the depositors claims amount to about $1,357,000. Of this amount $598,000 represents assents and $127,000 additional is assured. These figures leave creditors representing $658,000 from which assents are yet to be received before the plan proposed can be put into effect.

M'KINLEY AND BIMETALLISM

Said to Intend to Send Envoys to Europe Again--What an Interview Reveals.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Senator Chandler had a conference with President McKinley today upon the subject of bimetallism. He said after the close of the interview: "The president stands firmly in favor of bimetallism as promised by the St. Louis platform. He considers the negotiations with the European powers only temporarily suspended on account of the peculiar condition of affairs in India, and it is the president's intention to again send his envoys to Europe as soon as the conditions are favorable for continuing negotiations."

Senator Chandler added the opinion that the president is as earnestly in favor of bimetallism—"the use of both metals as standard money"—as himself.

SUPREME COURT.

Proceedings at the Meetings Held at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—The Supreme court today ordered re-arguments in the case of commonwealth vs. Manor Gas Coal company, same vs. Lehigh Valley Coal company; same vs. Lehigh Valley Railroad company; same vs. Pennsylvania and New York Canal and Railroad company; Security Title and Trust company, etc., vs. Schriver et al., and York Trust Real Estate and Deposit company, receiver, etc., vs. Gallatin, the last two cases from York county. The causes will be advanced for re-argument on a date to be fixed later.

The motion to advance the case of Schuck vs. the city of Reading, et al. for argument was denied and the petition dismissed at appellant's costs.

The rule for mandamus was quashed in Graham vs. Crawford. A rule was granted to show cause why the decree should not be modified in Todd, et al. vs. Wheeler and the Sterling Steel company. It is returnable January 22.

Re-arguments werer efused in Huntley vs. Goodyear, from Potter county, and Morris vs. Hale Mutual Life Assurance company, of Worcester, Mass. The petition in the latter was dismissed at appellant's cost. In Miller vs. Billington, the rule to quash the appeal was quashed and the appeal discharged at plaintiff's cost. In the matter of the removal of the board of school directors of Colerain township, Lancaster county, it was ordered that the rule of December 10 last to show cause why the appeal should not be declared a supersedeas, etc., be discharged at petitioner's cost.

In Heartzog vs. Borget et al., a motion to quash, from York county, it appeared that the appeal was erroneously taken to this court and it was ordered that the case be remitted, at appellant's cost, to the Superior court.

DR. HERZ'S DAMAGE CLAIM.

An Electrician Sues the French Government for $5,000,000.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Dr. Cornelius Herz, an eminent electrician, who is an American citizen by naturalization, has presented to the state department a claim against the French government for $5,000,000 for alleged persecution. While in England in 1893, he says he was arrested on a French warrant charging him with fraud and embezzlement growing out of the Panama canal scandal. He was ill, however, but was kept under arrest and in his bed for four years. Finally his deposition was taken by a magistrate, who declared the charges unworthy of notice.

Meanwhile, says Dr. Herz, the French government had brought numerous proceedings against him and confiscated all the property of himself and wife. He declares that the French government always knew the charges were baseless.

Suffocated on a Culm Bank.

Wilkes-Barre, Jan. 10.—The body of an unknown middle aged man was found on a burning culm pile at Plymouth today. He had made a bed for himself by burrowing a hole in the dirt bank and was then slowly suffocated. The man was seen wandering around yesterday, and he told some parties that he was a blacksmith from Mauch Chunk, Pa.

The Suspected Ghoul Discharged.

Millville, N. J., Jan. 10.—Phillip Connelly, who was arrested on suspicion of being one of the ghouls who stole and mutilated the body of Mrs. Phoebe Tilton, in the Mt. Pleasant cemetery, was given a hearing before Mayor Payne this afternoon. He was discharged, the mayor stating that there was not enough evidence to hold him.

Steamship Arrivals.

New York, Jan. 10.—Cleared: Trave, Bremen via Southampton. Gibraltar—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm II, New York for Naples and Genoa. Antwerp—Arrived, Kensington, New York. Southampton—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, New York for Bremen. Rotterdam—Arrived: Obdam, New York. Sailed: Amsterdam, New York.

George Adams Arrested.

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—George U. Adams, an alleged absconding employe of the American Express company at Sioux City, Ia., was arrested here today and was committed to await requisition papers from Iowa. He is said to have absconded May 29 last and has been living in Wilmington, Del.

HANNA LACKS ONLY ONE VOTE

His Followers Have Secured Representative Griffith.

WORKERS WILL NOT SLEEP AGAIN

Anti-Hannaites Say They Have a Majority of Five--A Feeling Exists That If Hanna Is Not Defeated on the First Ballot He Will Not Be Defeated at All.

Columbus, O., Jan. 10.—Senator Hanna is believed to be short one vote of election. The opposition is not sure of 73 votes for any one man as against only 72 for Hanna, but they feel confident at least of preventing Hanna's election. Last night the Democratic steering committee demanded of Mr. Kurtz that he furnish at least eight affidavits tonight from Republican members that they would stand with the sixty-five Democratic members in voting against Hanna. The Democratic steering committee reported tonight that they were satisfied.

Representative Gayman, chairman of the house Democratic steering committee, went so far as to say Hanna's defeat tomorrow was assured.

There is no doubt that Senator Hanna was beaten for a week previous to last Friday, when Representative Manuel, of Montgomery, changed in his favor. On Saturday the Hanna men secured Representative Griffith, of Union, but they made no accessions yesterday or today and it is the general belief that they are short one vote tonight. It has been agreed by a conference committee that the balloting in the two houses will not begin until 2 p. m. tomorrow and there may be sevegal changes in that time. The real work of the fight on both sides is being done tonight. The workers will not sleep now until after the balloting begins. There is a feeling among many of those opposing Hanna that if he is not defeated on the first ballot, or rather by the separate ballots tomorrow, that he will not be defeated at all. The anti-Hanna workers say they had a majority of five against Hanna when they exposed their strength in organizing the legislature Monday last, and if they come down to a majority of only one against Hanna tomorrow that the coalition may not hold together for another day.

While the opposition insists on Kurtz as the candidate against Hanna, yet they say that Bushnell, Kurtz or any other one will be dropped as soon as it is demonstrated that he cannot secure all of the votes of either the anti-Hanna Republicans or the Democratic members. One of the names most prominently mentioned today was that of Representative John P. Jones, who represents Stark county, the home of President McKinley. Mr. Jones is a Republican and prominent in the mine region. He is for free silver and is advocated as the labor candidate against the capitalists.

While the mass convention of the Republicans this afternoon was the largest and most indignantly enthusiastic assemblage ever known in this state, the doubtful Republican members of the legislature did not see it or feel it. They were closely and liberally entertained by the opposition at the Great Southern hotel during the afternoon and they are there tonight. Representatives Manuel, Griffith, Snider and others are having the undivided and constant attention of the other side. There are at times lively scenes when Hanna workers invade the rooms of the opposition at the Great Southern hotel and also when the hustlers for the opposition come to the Neil house after some of the doubtful members or their friends. There is tonight doubt also about the final vote of some of those on whom both sides have been counting.

DELEGATES HESITATING.

With the result depending upon one vote either way, there are several who want to be on the winning side and may at any time change according to their belief as to which side has the necessary 73 votes or for some other cause. Owing to the apparent closeness of the vote there are still rumors of bribery for another vote either way. The Hanna men claim to have stenographic notes of an offer of $5,000 by two prominent members of the opposition. The opposition in turn claim that S. H. Hollenbeck, a member of the Republican state executive committee, went to Cincinnati last Saturday with $10,000. It is charged that Representative Otis was offered and accepted $10,000. Representative Otis is a Republican who was elected on a fusion ticket in Hamilton county. He has voted with the Democrats in the organization. But it is claimed that he made friendly overtures to Hanna workers to entrap them into an offer for the purpose of exposing the scheme and that he will do so on the floor of the house tomorrow.

It is said that Representative Otis will pile $10,000 on his desk tomorrow and make a sensational speech when his name is called on the senatorial ballot. The Hanna men make a general denial of the Otis charge and say that they anticipate other dramatic performances tomorrow before the balloting begins. Outside the opposing senatorial quarters the city is filled tonight with excursionists yelling themselves hoarse for Hanna. The crowds and the excitement surpass any of the usual convention scenes.

HISSES ON GOV. BUSHNELL.

The mass-Republican convention at the Auditorium this afternoon was the largest assemblage ever known in the history of the city. The capacity of the Auditorium is 5,000. All the standing room was taken and many thousands were unable to gain admittance. The meeting lasted from 3 to 6 p. m. There were repeated scenes of hissing when the names of Governor Bushnell, Mr. Kurtz and others were mentioned. The terms "traitors," "Judas" and the like were frequently used as responses from the audience. Several of the speakers referred to Senator Foraker in connection with the revolting party. The audience was in close and deep sympathy with the intense and bitter utterance of most of the speakers. The Columbus Glee club which refused to participate in the inauguration ceremonies, contributed largely to the enthusiasm of the occasion by singing. As Chairman Nash and Congressman Weaver came up on the platform the Tippecanoe club of Cleveland and the Business Men's league of that city entered the hall and there was a wild scene. As soon as order could be restored Judge Nash addressed the audience. He paid high tribute to Senator Hanna, referred to his opposition as a conspiracy to bring shame on the Republican party and appealed to his hearers to protect the honor of the party by defeating the aim of its enemies.

Congressman Walter L. Weaver, of Springfield, the home of Governor Bushnell, was then introduced as chairman of the meeting. He made a vigorous speech against those whom he accused of schemes for the disruption of the party.

COL. NEVIN'S ELOQUENCE.

While the committee on resolutions was out, Colonel Robert M. Nevin, of Dayton, spoke. Colonel Nevin has always been the close personal and political friend of Senator Foraker. Mr. Kurtz and others who are at this time opposing the election of Senator Hanna. His speech against the action of those whom he charged with demoralizing and debauching the party caused the greatest demonstration of the afternoon. Almost the entire audience rose to their feet and while standing on chairs, threw their hats, handkerchiefs and other articles about them. At the conclusion of Colonel Nevin's address the resolutions were read by John R. Malloy, who had been defeated by the bolters for clerk of the house. They were unanimously adopted. They cover practically the same ground as Judge Nash's address, make the same charges and appeal to the people and to Governor Bushnell as well to stop the "threatened assault on constitutional government."

A petition with 10,000 signatures were presented from Senator Hanna's home, urging his election. Hanna did not attend the meeting. After it was over he was serenaded at his hotel.

The inauguration of Governor Bushnell drew a tremendous crowd to the capitol. The ceremonies were brief, and so was the governor's inaugural address, which made no references to the senatorial contest. The governor then viewed the inaugural parade from a stand. While it was proceeding, the army of clubs and delegates to the mass convention were marching in the opposite direction on the same streets. Just as one of the Gatling gun wagons of the parade reached the reviewing stand it came off, and Herbert Reynolds was fatally injured, and Harry Shutts, seriously hurt. Both were from Newark, O.

HANNA OPPONENTS ARRIVE.

Colonel T. C. Campbell, Jerry P. Bliss and others opposing Hanna arrived with Representative John C. Otis from Cincinnati tonight. Several thousands words of sensational matter was soon afterwards given out to members of the press about offers of bribery to Representative Otis. It says that Harry B. Boyce, of New York, and formerly of Los Angeles, called on Colonel Campbell last Friday at the latter's office in Cincinnati and offered Campbell $10,000 to get Representative Otis to vote for Hanna. Campbell and Otis had frequent meetings with Boyce, who claimed to be representing J. Pierpont Morgan and others who have interest in Ohio that might me affected by state legislation. Colonel A. C. Campbell and Representative Otis determined to give Boyce all the latitude he wanted and set a trap to catch him. Hollenbeck, who was said to be the middle man, was also taken into their counsel, according to the statements. Campbell and Otis say the money was produced and they are holding it in trust and that a statement accordingly will be made in the house tomorrow. The charge is denounced at Senator Hanna's headquarters as not only false in every particular, but characteristic of the tricks and treachery that Kurtz, A. O. Meyers and their associates have carried on ever since the senatorial question came up. The opposition insist that Hollenbeck has fled to escape arrest. Nothing can be learned here of the whereabouts tonight of Boyce.

Pennsylvania Pensions.

Washington, Jan. 10.—These Pennsylvania pensions have been issued: Original—Lewis P. Walter, Village Green, Delaware, $10; William H. Ditty, Williamsport, $6; Arthur Commerford, Norristown, $8; John M. Singly (dead), Pittsburg, $12. Supplemental—Daniel B. Dykins, Muncy, Lycoming, $6. Original widows, etc.—Elizabeth Peck, Carrick, Allegheny $8; Mary E. Singley, Pittsburg, $8.

Chinamen on the Return Trip.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 10.—Seven of the twenty-four Chinamen arrested here in November last, on the charge of being in the United States unlawfully, were today started on their way back to China by United States Marshal Evans, in charge of four guards. The other seventeen Chinamen arrested have established their right to remain in this country.

New Jersey Legislature.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 10.—The annual session of the New Jersey legislature will open tomorrow at 3 o'clock. As has been the case for four years, the Republicans will be in control of both houses, although the Democratic representation will be considerably increased over last year.

Editor Northrup at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Jan. 10.—Benjamin Northrop, late managing editor of the New York Mail and Express, today assumed charge of the editorial and news department of the Baltimore Herald as editor. Colonel E. B. Cunningham retains his former position as chief of the editorial staff.

Paddy Will Fight Bobby.

Wilkes-Barre, Jan. 10.—"Paddy" Sheehan, of South Bethlehem, has accepted the challenge of "Bobby" Dobbs, the colored light-weight champion of the world, to fight four rounds for a purse of $200.

Sixty Weavers Strike.

Burlington, Vt., Jan. 10.—Sixty weavers and twenty-five carders at the Queen City cotton mills struck today because of a reduction in their wages amounting to from 3½ to 9 per cent.

Two Switchmen Killed.

Buffalo, Jan. 10.—Robert B. Young and James Smith, switchmen, were killed by a collision between two locomotives in the Lehigh Valley yard tonight.

In Appeal for Cubans.

Wilkes-Barre, Jan. 10.—Mayor Nichols, of this city, today made an earnest appeal to the citizens for help for the Cuban sufferers.

TO CREATE ANOTHER JUDICIAL DISTRICT

A Bill Introduced in the House by Congressman Connell.

IT CALLS FOR A MIDDLE DISTRICT

A Measure to Provide for More Expeditious Transaction of United States Court Business--New Offices That Would Be Created Should the Bill Become a Law.

Special to the Scranton Tribune.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10.—Congressman Connell today introduced a bill in the house to create another judicial district in the state of Pennsylvania to be known as the third or middle district. It is simalar to the bills introduced in previous congresses by Representatives Ammerman and McCormick.

The counties included in the proposed new district are: Lackawanna, Wyoming, Bradford, Tioga, Potter, Cameron, Clinton, Lycoming, Center, Union, Snyder Mifflin, Juniata, Northumberland, Montour, Columbia, Sullivan, Luzerne, Dauphin, Perry, Huntingdon, Fulton, Franklin, Adams, York, Cumberland, Lebanon and Clearfield. The bill provides for the holding of courts at Scranton, Williamsport and Harrisburg.

If the measure becomes a law it would give the state two additional United States judges; a district attorney and two assistants, and a marshal.

PITTSTON DEMOCRATS CONVENE.

Dr. Reap Does Not Allow His Name to Be Presented.

Special to the Scranton Tribune.

Pittston, Jan. 10.—The Democratic city convention today nominated the following ticket: Mayor, Thomas English; city treasurer, John H. Mullin; city controller, D. B. Shelly; city assessors, Jacob Palser, J. McGarry and John McNamara; school directors: A. T. Walsh, Thomas Murphy, M. W. O'Boyle, A. B. Brown and M. Bolin. Each of the candidates received nine of the twelve votes of the convention, three of the delegates refusing to vote.

Dr. Reap, who was a candidate for the mayoralty nomination, would not allow his name to go before the convention, after the chairman, Captain John Flannery, had refused to recignize two of the delegates and accepted the credentials of those of the English-Mullin-Shelley men. The doctor wanted to protest against this action, but was denied the privilege of the floor.

THE SEMINOLES QUIET.

An Uprising Is Not Feared by Commissioner Jones.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The Indian office has not received any information regarding the burning at the stake of the two Seminole Indians, charged with the murder of Mrs. Simmons. A telegram asking for the facts has been sent to Agent Wisdom. Commissioner Jones, of the bureau, expresses the belief that there will be no general uprising because of the tragedy. Serious trouble, he says, will be averted.

Governor Brown, of the Seminole nation, who is in the city on business with the Indian office, was a caller on the commissioner today. With him was the father of McGeisey, one of the men put to death. They both denounce the affair as an outrage, and declared that an innocent person has suffered death. Governor Brown asserts that the 9-year-old son of Mrs. Simmons had declared to a deputy marshal that McGeisey was not the man who committed the murder.

MURDER OF A FAMILY.

Francis Newton, Wife and Daughter, Killed While Sleeping.

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 10.—Francis D. Newton, aged 45 years, a well-to-do farmer of Brookfield, his wife, Sarah, and their adopted daughter, Ethel, aged 10 years, were murdered in their beds some time between Friday night and this morning, when their bodies were found. An attempt had been made to conceal the murder by setting fire to the house. Kerosene had been spilled on the floor of the woodshed, and a lamp so placed as to set fire to the wood. One stick was burned through, but for some unaccountable reason a blaze was averted.

Strength has been added to the theory that robbery was the motive of murder by the discovery of Mr. Newton's empty purse. A hired man, known only by the name of Paul, who was last seen on Friday night, is missing.

The Despeaux Suit.

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—Many prominent officers of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, including President Frank Thomson, were in the United States circuit court today at the opening of the trial of the suit of Charles M. Despeaux, of France, surviving member of the firm of Fenaille & Despeaux, against the Pennsylvania Railroad company. The suit has been pending for a long time and was brought to recover damages for alleged discrimination in freight charges in favor of the Standard Oil company.

Cotton Mills Close.

Manchester, N. H., Jan. 10.—On February 1, 1,140 looms in the printing department of Manchester cotton mills will be stopped for an indefinite time. The cause assigned is the falling off in the demand for print goods. There will also be a reduction of about 10 per cent. in wages affecting about 30 per cent. of the employes on Jan. 24.

Sentence of John M. Harris.

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 10.—John M. Harris, of Waltham, was sentenced to the state prison for life in East Cambridge today. Harris pleaded guilty to a charge of murder in the second degree. He killed Mrs. Emma Betters, of Concord, almost a year ago because she testified against him in a larceny case.

In Jail on Charge of Swindling.

New York, Jan. 10.—W. F. Goerles, a member of the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum exchange of this city, is in jail tonight, charged with having attempted to swindle the firm of William Hawley & Co., members of the Stock exchange, out of $18,000 by means of a bogus check.

Decapitated by Cars.

Lock Haven, Pa., Jan. 10.—Mrs. Mollie McGill, aged 45 years, was run over by cars here today. Her head was severed and was found ten feet from the body, which was dragged three hundred feet.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

Weather Indications Today:
Light Rain; Colder; Variable Winds.

1 General — Hanna's Prospects Grow Brighter.
Bill for Another Pennsylvania Judicial District.
Soudanese Soldiers Rebel in Uganda.
Civil Service Debate in Congress.
McKinley and Bimetallism.
2 Local—Shop-Lifters Are Indicted.
Milk Combine Is Not Yet Assured.
3 Local—Superior Court in Session.
January Term of Common Pleas Begins.
4 Editorial.
Comment of the Press.
5 Local—Proposed New Rules Governing Republican Primary Elections.
Meeting of the Board of Control.
6 Local—West Side and Suburban.
7 Lackawanna County News.
8 Neighboring County Happenings.
The Markets.

MINISTER ANGELL UNSUCCESSFUL

The Turkish Government Will Not Pay for Property Destroyed During the Riots.

Washington, Jan. 10.—United States Minister Angell at Constantinople has reported to the state department that he has not as yet succeeded in securing an assent from the Turkish government to his demand for the payment on an indemnity for the American mission property destroyed during the Armenian outbreak and has sought instructions from the department that will enable him to make even stronger representations to the Turkish government than have been made by himself or Mr. Terrell, his predecessor.

The porte, in responding to Mr. Angell, has taken the position that a government is not properly to be held responsible for individual property lost or damaged during times of riot, when the government had made every effort to guard it. The situation is not promising for a speedy settlement of the claims

D. AND H. ARCH OBSTRUCTED.

Engine and Freight Car Ran Off the Track and Traffic Was Delayed.

Last night about 10.30 o'clock a heavy engine and one freight car belonging to a north bound freight train on the Delaware and Hudson road got off the track just beneath the arch of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western stone bridge. The mishap effectually blocked traffic north and south up to the hour of going to press.

The engine had cut loose from the train and was switching in some freight at the freight house at the old Bridge street station and it was due to a misplaced switch in the net work of tracks that pass through the arch that the engine and car left the track.

Up to 2 o'clock by hard work, the wrecking crew had only succeeded in getting the car back on the rails. The passenger train which leaves the Delaware and Hudson station at 11.33 for Wilkes-Barre and points south and the north bound passenger train which leaves for Carbondale at 11.15 are stalled. The passengers for Scranton of the north bound passenger which is stalled near the Scranton Electric Light, and Heat company's plant got out and walked up. The probabilites are that the other passengers of both trains will not get away before morning.

BELLIGERENT BEGGAR.

Refused Alms, He Attacks a Man with a Knife.

Wilmington, Del., Jan. 10.—Harry W. Fisher created much excitement at Fifth and Washington streets tonight by dashing through the streets waving a big knife and threatening to kill any one who interfered with him. Fisher first asked John Bierman for alms, and, being refused, knocked him down. He then drew a long knife and was about to stab Bierman, when the latter eluded him.

The men fought terrifically, until Bierman knocked his assailant down with a well-directed blow of his cane. Fisher then ran down to Second and Monroe streets, followed by nearly two hundred men and boys. Here he halted, waving his knife and yelling. Fisher held the crowd that was muttering threats against him at bay until Policeman White arrested him.

BEARS A CHARMED LIFE.

Washed Away at Sea by a Wave and Tossed on Deck by Another.

Queenstown, Jan. 10.—The Norwegian bark Hovding, Captain Reynolds, which arrived here yesterday from Pensacola, Fla., was terribly battered by a hurricane on Dec. 20. She was submerged for a time, and the wheelman was drowned. Afterward a huge sea washed off the captain.

One of his legs caught in the spanker sheet and he was dragged in the boiling surf, but a few minutes later another wave washed him on deck. The cabin was gutted and the charts and compasses were destroyed. Several of the crew were injured.

WOMAN CREMATED.

Terrible Death of Mrs. Kishpaugh, of Eaton.

Tunkhannock, Pa., Jan. 10.—The house of Royal J. Kishpaugh, in Eaton township, was burned this forenoon, and Mrs. Kishpaugh, who was upstairs when the fire broke out, was cremated.

The trunk, without head, arms or legs, was recovered after the fire.

CUBAN RELIEF FUND.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The Evening Star's fund for the relief of the Cuban sufferers has reached $841. Among today's subscribers was M. S. Quay, $100. Cuban contributions received at the state department today aggregated $1,185, of which $1,150 came from Cleveland, O., where it has been collected by H. A. Garfield.

Jumped from a Flying Train.

Dunkirk, N. Y., Jan. 10.—Gideon Granger, who was on his way to this place to answer the charge of forgery, in charge of an officer, jumped through the window of a car closet as the train was approaching Derby, and has not been recaptured. The trainmen expressed the opinion that Granger must have been killed as the train was running very fast. Officers have gone in search of him. Granger was arrested in New York last Friday.

To Protect Our Flag.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Senator Hoar introduced in the senate today a bill to prevent the desecration of the national flag. By the terms of the bill no person, corporation or company may use the national flag or the coat of arms of the United States as an advertising device.

REBELLION IN UGANDA

Dangers of a General Rise Among the Soudanese.

A MISSIONARY IS KILLED

Mr. Pilkington and Major McDonald Killed.

Three Hundred Soudan Soldiers Revolt and Resolve to Massacre All Europeans -- Missionaries Doing Picket Duty--Government Posts Looted by the Natives and Great Damage Is the Result.

London, Jan. 10.—A dispatch from Mombaza, capitol of the Coast province, in the British East Africa protectorate, says news of renewed fighting in Uganda has been received there from Fort Lubwas, in the Usoga country, under date of Dec. 13.

Lieutenant MacDonald, brother of Major MacDonald, the commander of the British forces, and Mr. Pilkington, the missionary, have been killed.

Troops are hurrying to the front from Machakos station. It is reported that the garrisons in Buudu, numbering 300 Soudanese under two officers, may join the revolt. No further details are given. Mr. Pilkington was one of the leading Englishmen in Uganda. He joined Major MacDonald, after the mutiny of the Soudanese to act as interpreter.

The rebellion among the Soudanese soldiers in Uganda broke out in the early part of October last, and the danger has been general rise of the Soudanese throughout the country and a massacre of the Europeans. Uganda is about as large as France. The government stations, between 20 and 30 in number, are manned by Soudanese, perhaps eighteen hundred in all. In the early part of October three hundred Soudanese soldiers from the Kampala garrison at Mengo, capitol of Uganda, on the north shore of the Victoria Nyanza, were sent to the Eldema station, better known as the ravine. There they mutinied and looted the government agent's store. They then resolved to march back to Mengo, raising the standard of general revolt, to kill the Europeans and establish a Soudanese kingdom in Uganda. They looted the station at Nandi, obtaining three thousand rounds of ball cartridges. Fortified by this and provided with plenty of ammunition, they pushed toward Mengo, looting the stations as they advanced. At Jubas station the garrison revolted and joined the mutineers, seized Major Thurston, commander of the fort, and occupied the post.

At this stage Mr. Pilkington, the missionary, a member of the Anglican church missionary society's mission, Volunteer, at the suggestion of Mr. Wilson, the acting commissioner of Uganda, and with the permission of Archdeacon Walker, to accompany the Baganda (natives) who were being hurried to the Nile to prevent the Soudanese from crossing. He went as an interpreter and with a view of giving the moral support of the missionaries to the Baganda in resisting the Soudanese. His companion was Dr. A. R. Cock, of the mission, who went for medical duty.

The two men were able to open up communication with Major MacDonald, and, after a thrilling experience, reached his camp on the banks of the Nile, opposite Jubas station, then in the hands of the rebels. The camp was pitched near the spot where Bishop Hannington was seized

Writing under date of October 24 from that point to the central offices of the missionary society in London, Dr. Cook said:

"I suppose there will be some desperate fighting. There are no noncombatants in Central Africa and Pilkington and I take our turn at night duty. If it comes to a fight we will stick together. No one knows what will happen, but it will be just and right. Of course, mission work in the country is almost stopped."

BRITISH CHINESE POLICY.

It Is Discussed by Hon. Arthur J. Balfour.

London, Jan. 10.—Right Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury and government leader in the house of commons, addressed his constituents at Manchester this evening. It was expected that he would make an important announcement of the government policy in China, but he confined himself to generalities.

Mr. Balfour said the concert of Europe had not added to its reputation by its recent treatment of Crete. He declared that it would have been better to have had a third rate governor of the island than none at all and that it was strange the concert could not find one either in Europe or America. He eulogized the bravery the bravery displayed by the British troops in the India campaign, a campaign "more difficult than the Afghan war of 1879." Turning to China, Mr. Balfour said Britist interests there were commercial and not territorial. Except as a base for a possible warlike operations, the territory would be a disadvantage because it would involve responsibility and expense in money and men. He dilated upon the fact that "the extent of our trade in China gives us a special claim to prevent her pursuing a policy that would discourage trade," and added: "But the deepest traditions of our policy preclude us from using any trading privilege as a weapon to exclude our rivals, if we ask freedom of trade, it is not for England alone, but for the whole world."

The Herald's Weather Forecast.

New York, Jan. 11.—In the middle states and New England, today, partly cloudy to cloudy weather will prevail with slightly lower, followed by slowly rising temperature, and light to fresh variable winds.