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The Scranton Tribune

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munity.

Demagogism.

as wort not many years ago to con-

It again set to work, now to poison

If Weyler is the patriot his words imply, now is his chance to give over to his country's bankrupt treasury the millions he is credited with having swiped in Cuba

Teaching Us Manners.

The German Kaiser is again quoted as having in an informal way made a patronizing and contemptuous allusion to "American meddlesomeness," and the necessity of teaching Americans manners. The remark may have been manufactured, or even if accurately reported it may have meant nothing in particular. But the fact that in several European courts a sentiment of uncasiness at the broadening dimensions of American competition and political influence should be developing simultaneously, as may be perceived even from this distance, is not altogether without significance. It follows closely the progress of our export trade, which, by the bye, was more than \$6,000,000 larger last month | the event that his case should be apthan in November, 1896; and it points at least to the possibility that the secand century of the republic's existence may witness an inevitable abandonment of Washington's dream of a ant classes in the ropulation who splendid isolation.

In spite of their proneness to ficklehear in derogation of the courts and ness and impetuosity in matters of domestic concern it is notably true are thereby betrayed into ruinous misthat in foreign relations the American conceptions of American government. people are inclined to be conservative. but it could have gone even further Had Cuba been an island eighty miles from the border of Germany and in It could fairly have charged upon the spirit of demagogism the whole resuch a relationship to that country as she is toward us, who can doubt that sponsibility for the shooting at Lattimer as well as for many of the perintervention would have been a matmanent ills that afflict the industrial ter of weeks or at latest of months? life of the American people. It was Had the request for annexation been temagogism leavening with chronic made by Hawall to England or France unrest the piencer miners that in the or Germany, who believes that either first place forced the early employers nation would have played fast and loose of labor in the anthracite fields to conwith it for more than five years and dder the experiment of introducing a then, when it had to be answered decisow grade of allen labor. Again it was ively, one way or another, put on the air femagogism which enabled this imof extraordinary gravity and proceeded portation to be effected-that domato deliberate over it as if it were a subgogism which in spread eagle heroics ject involving well-nigh national life or death? Our foreign policy, in spite tend that America was the open asyof the Mugwump cry to the contrary, um for the oppressed of all nations and is the very antithesis of jingolsm; it that the man who should dars to prois tedious and hesitant and cautious to ose a restriction and an intelligent an extreme; a policy that by its very essorting of immigration would be in dilatoriness does much to command for effect a traitor to the glorious princius the opinion among more determined ples of American liberty. Thanks to nations which is revealed in the tone this stupid bombast, the foreign inof the German emperor's little remark. pour kept up until the whole circle of It is this very spirit of conservatism industry was disarranged, but still which, being mistaken for lack of nalemagogism was not abashed. tional vitality, may some day induce an exasperated foreign power whom the old immigrants or their sons our people have fairly vanquished in against the new, and apon to start ferthe peaceful competitions of trade to mentation among the allen classes resort to the indiscretion of trying to fetch us a rap on the jaw. "to teach us manners."

Then look out for trouble.

It would be interesting to know what Sagasta thinks about Secretary Gage's figures on the fillbustering question.

minent Spanish Testimony. It appears from a translation in the Sun of some recent correspondence from Havana in El Heraldo of Madrid that Spain has at least one journalist worthy of the name, Senot Canalejas, El Heraldo's editor, This distinguished Spaniard lately undertook on his own motion to ascertain the exact condition of affairs in Cuba With this purpose in view he first visited the United States, sending home to Madrid, through his secretary, Senor Saint-Aubin, uncommonly fair and intelligent representations of American sentiment, and then he proceeded to Cuba, venturing as far from the Spanish strongholds in quest of information as he dared. A recent issue of El Heraldo gives some of the fruits of Senor Canalcias' observations. We quote from the translation in the Sun; "All that has been said about the de-All that has been said about the de-population of the country, the destruc-tion of wealth, and the awful sufferings of the Spanish soldiers, is nothing when compared with the dreadful truth. More distressing than anything that has been said are the ruin of commerce, the failsaid are the ruin of commerce, the fail-ure of the next crop, the dearth of pro-visions all over the island, the rayages of epidemics, and the dire misery of the inhabitants in the principal cities and towns. The spectracle is more said when we recollect the optimistic Spanish pre-dictions that have been uttered." About the insurgents he says: "They seem the pardons offered to them and reject au-tonomy. They burn the sugar can fields, threaten the singer estates, and concenthreaten the sngar estates, and concen-threaten the sngar estates, and concen-trate their military forces in the moun-tainous west. In the cast, 10,000 well-armed men maintain by force the civil tion. organization of the so-called Republic of Cuba. Our troops have not damaged them during two years, and that is their main argument for demanding from the Uni-ted States the recognition of their bel-ligerency." What will be the result? This Spanish journalist and former minister does not dare to say. He only points to the fact that General Blanco's mis-sion in the island of Cuba is "full of difficulties." "The situation." he adds, "is so dark that it is hard to foretell the There can be little doubt that these admissions are conservative in view of the subsequently reported victories of the Cubans in the field, which even the Spanish authorities at Havana are compelled to confirm. It may be that the purpose of Senor Canalejas in presenting to Spanish readers for the first time the naked facts in the problem is to stir up a sentiment likely to reinforce the Sagasta ministry with money and troops. On the other hand, he may aim simply to prepare the way for the Liberal administration to confess to the impossibility of holding Cuba and on that plea to open negotiations for the island's abandonment to the insurgents. But whatever the motive, the fact itself is certainly significant. It is an eloquent testimonial to the vitality of the insurgent cause that an ex-minister of Spain and one of the drawing." present premier's closest friends should publicly admit in correspondence to his own paper the undiminished strength of the Cuban Insurrection after nearly three years of the costliest war that Spain has ever waged. Lieutenant Thomas J. Keith, of Company B. Twenty-sixth Indiana Volunteers, although a clergyman earning only \$400 st year, has returned to the government \$495.86 in pension money on the ground that he is not morally entitled to it, having recovered from having this movement in charge will

assemble in Washington tomorrow and the ailments upon which its issue was its three days' session will be observed based. He says in his letter to the with sympathetic interest by all who commissioner of pensions that he have at heart the higher interests of knows of one Presbyterian elder who the American republic. draws \$30 a month for alleged deafness while in charge of a long distance telephone station, and adds:

Every person rejoices to learn that the funds recently reported as missing God fudges nations that wink at perfrom the accounts of A. R. Spofford, lury and reward fraud." There ought the veteran librarian of congress, have to be a number of Keiths in each combeen discovered in an old desk, amidst a confusion of letters and papers. Mr.

The battleship Kentucky, over whose Spofford may not be a model of busiforthcoming christening at Newport ness precision, but he is a public ser-News so much fuss was recently made. vant whose long usefulness to this nawill be the most powerful war craft tion and to civilization outweighs by afloat. In each of its two turrets are far any habits of carelessness which two guns each with a calibre of 13 he may have acquired within a inches, and each capable of firing an life-time given up to the study of explosive prejectile the size of an averwoks; and his entire vindication, while age pumpkin a distance of 13 miles. not surprising, is doubly gratifying in Fifteen 5-inch quick-firing guns, twenthat it promises to restore to Mr. ty 6-pounders, six 1-pounders and four-Sponord the savings which, at the time of the discovery of his apparent demachine guns complete the ship's death-dealing equipment, the most forficit, he insisted upon turning over to midable of any yet devised. Spain, et the government for its reimbursement. al, will take notice.

It is astonishing what a marked difference of opinion there is between the rallway presidents and the interstate

The Philadelphia Times administers ommerce commissioners as to the a scathing but just rebuke to an invitality of the present interstate comconsiderate contemporary in the in terior of the state which had intimated nerce act. The former seem to think that the latter are clothed with more that undue influences might be brought power than is desirable, notwithstandto bear in behalf of Sheriff Martin in ing that the latter claim virtually to be helpless. It is unlikely, however, pealed to the supreme court. It characterizes such insinuations not only that the railway influence will succeed in fooling any considerable number of as cowardly but also as vicious in their poisonous influence upon ignorthe people.

Editor Kohlsnut has issued his ulti-

without the ability to think the matter natum to congress. Unless it adopts out, accept at face value what they currency reform he declares that the next house shall not be Republican, This is a poor way to coax recalcitrants into line. Unquestionably the Times is correct

Some Glimpses at Congress at Work.

Special to The Scranton Tribune. Washington, Dec. 12.—The Fifty-fifth congress of the United States is again in full blast, the wheels that move the ponderous machinery which grinds out the grists of federal legislation from time to time having been set in motion on Monday last by the joint rapping of gavels in the hands of Thomas Brackett Reed, of Maine, and Garrett A. Hobart, of New Jersey. The roll call revealed considerably more than a quorum of the membership of both branches of the fed-eral legislature present, and ready to do Special to The Scranton Tribune.

ral legislature present, and ready to do usthess. Both chambers of the great multiple of the showed marked evidence of the skill and handiwork of the official aberdasher, in the bright new carpet-nast that greeted the eyes and the feet of the scillar and handiwork are be beis that ground me even and the rect the congressional wayfarer as he re-tined to his post of duty after an ab-nee dailing from the close of the extra-dinary session in July last. The smell f new paint which pervaded the capi-olean atmosphere to a pronounced ex-ent, seemed to have an enlivening rath-

or than depressing effect on the return-ing pilgrims if the self-satisfied expres-sion which spread itself over their smil-lug faces as they cordially greated each other with hearty handshakes and pleas-ant words of welcome, was any indication by which to hear From the Criterion. by which to judge.

themselves. The discerning observer who has been brought into close range Taking the present congress all in all. with the bulk of the rougher types of Democrats, Republicans, Populists, Silver men. Gold-bugs and Straddlers, they are a pretty jolly lot of intelligent men. There seems to be less sectional hitterseent immigration into the anthracite region cannot have failed to note the pacific and honorable disposition ness and less factional friction in the present congress than in any other since the close of the war of the rebeilion. of the masses of these allens when their ignorance has not been worked There is a disposition on the part of the Lion Reed to lie down with the little

by his successor in the presidential chair To be think he should have turned the function of the should be the tax, and originally contemplated by the law. Until that is done, legally, and not by extension of covering in orders-without examination-there will always be outposition to the system which will

or position to the system, which will carried into the elections, as it was the recent election in Maryland, by bleh a civil service amendment was rowed under by fifty thousand melor-y. I believe the divorcement of officia. spoils from polities will result in ulti-nately creating and fostering a large independent element that will gravitate toward the party who offers the greatest ope of reward.

There is some talk abroad today indi-There is some talk abroad today indi-cating that there will be an effort made is defeat the confirmation of commission-er of immigration. Hon, Terrence V. Powderly, but the friends of Mr. Pow-derly are prepared for the fight, and confidently predict that it will not be suc-cessful. Mr. Powderly has made too sood a commissioner to be turned down solely on account of personal differences in his official capacity with either or-ganizations or individuals, and his ganizations or individuals, and his friends don't propose to stand by and see and his t done without a struggle.

Your representative from Lackawanna county. Hon. William Connell, is prompt-ly in his scat when the ponderous ham-mer of official authority, in the hands of the only Tom Reed, descends with its mighty force on the sounding-board of the speaker's desk, precipitating in an instant a quietude so dense that you could cut it with a knife, while in a deep chesty tone, arising out of the gloom, a stagey, sepulchral voice can be heard deliberately uttering these words: "The House will be in awdah." "The chuptain will offah prayah." Congress-man Connell is here for business and not for fun. A man that works for him has

for fun. A man that works for him has no picule. His restless activity and sys-tematic business methods are thorough-ly incorporated into his legislative duties. If incorporated into his tegislative duties, He does differently from since-tenths of the congressmen here in this particular. He does not make an office out of his bed room at the Shoreham hotel, nor does he use his little desk on the floor of the house, or his committee room like many members do, to transact business but on the contrary, rents an office in the best location in the city, convenient to all the public departments, and there receives callers and does his work. As I have the means of knowing, I can certify that not a deserving letter from a single constituent has remained unan swered, not a pension case has been re-ceived that is not immediately recorded

and the action on such case in all its stages communicated to the pension claimant as soon as received from the pension department. Various matters of legislation for the hencili of his district are under contemplation with a view to their contemplation in the house. their early introduction in the house

-Struttan HAS WON A HIGH PLACE.

From the Diocesan Record.

The Diocesan Record neglected to make any mention of The Tribune's Greater Greater Scranton issue on November 27. It is not too late, however, for us to say a about our neighbor's enterprise. The Scranton Tribune has always been merit-orious and has won a high place in the newspaper roll. The Greater Scran-ton issue was a credit to The Tribune and showed how well they do their work in that office,

A PRACTICAL TEST.

There is only one satisfactory way to test the fighting qualities of a man-of-war, and that is to shoot at her before she leaves the stocks. Try her with the biggest guns. If she stands, launch her,

if she goes to pieces charge the loss to the contractor.



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G. B.

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ipon by human fire brands for some dterior purpose. Had the inevitable been accepted manfully by the comnunities in which these aliens settled, and influences been set to work upon the newcomers to lead them gradually into unison with their surroundings. t can scarcely be doubted that instead i Lattimers and Homesteads we should even at this early day be well along toward the assimilation of this now irritant body of foreigners into at least tranquil if not intellectually exalted citizenshits. But demugogism asunced the upper hand; race was turned against race, laborer against employer, the ignorant citizen against the majesty of the law and finally bullets had to be used to quell the flaming pirit of insurrection.

tanding has been reached by which of appropriation bills shall be disposed of a fast as they are ready for consid-It might be thought tht the misfast as they are ready for consid-tion. When these are out of the way thevious work of demagogism, which ration. the bankruptcy bill will be given the first opportunity for a hearing. This bill was framed by Mr. Henderson, or Iowa, and is on the lines of the old Tarrey is so conspicuously in evidence, would ause the public some day to turn a deaf ear to the demagogues. But on the other hand we have Barnum's word bill, providing for both voluntary and in-voluntary bankruptcy. for it that the American people love o be humbugged.

The committee on foreign affairs held its first meeting Friday, and outlined its work by the appointment of sub-committees to deal with Cuban and Ha-wallan affairs. What the general line of policy to be pursued in regard to these matters will be was not indicated by the chairman. Mr. Hilt, of Illinois, the time of the committee being given to the ques-It is asserted that a considerable elenent among the bankers of New York city oppose that feature of Secretary lage's currency reform plan which ontemplates additional federal superthe committee being given to the quescision and indorsement of bank note ion of scaling in the Bering sea urrency. It will be a long time before

the government will be permitted by public opinion to suspend this func-

The National University Movement.

tion. The leaders in this movement rea-son from the standpoint that by their side insisting upon the consideration of Among the arguments advanced in whalf of the establishment, in Washthe pro-Cuban resolution, the president and the speaker will oppose it, and there-by make an issue before the country. They believe, with good reason, that the ington, of a genuine, national university, as desired by Washington and the early presidents, one alone is ample to clinch the project in public favor. It calls attention to the fact that on an average of \$3,000.000 is expended annually by congress in maintaining foderal deparaments of scientific inquiry that could readily be grouped within the university's limits. Within reach is university alds are the congressiond library, "the largest," says Mrs. Calcie S. Brice, "in the world, housed in The Hawalian situation appears to be considerably mixed, as there is much uncertainty as to there being two-thirds of the senate in favor of ratifying the Hawalian treaty. Yet it is believed that a majority of the senate and the house are in favor of annexation. Speaker Reed is opposed to annexation, but not-withstanding this fact, the prospects are that even if the treaty fails of ratifica-tion by the senate annexation will ultithe finest building for that purpose in the world; special libraries, the Smithsonian, with 250,000 volumes; a law library of 50,000 volumes, covering the jurisprudence of the civilized world: the naval observatory, which may not rival the Lick or Yerkes in star-gazing appliances, but sufficient to teach the whole science of astronomy; the Na-

tion by the senate, annexation will ulti-mately be accomplished—though the joint action of the two houses and the presitional Museum, with its twenty-two action of the two noises and the presi-dent. Various propositions in the form of bills are before the house committee on foreign affairs submitting plans of annexation. Mr. Sulzer, of New York, would make Hawali a territory of the United States, assume its delat or four million dollars and provide for five com-missioners to formulate a plan of econe departments, each under a curator, and a library of 29,000 volumes; horticultural and agricultural departments; and the Corcoran Art Gallery, with its splendid endowment of a million dolmillion dollars and provide for ity com-missioners to formulate a plan of govern-ment for the island. Mr. Spalding rf Michigan, would make it a state, with one representative in congress for the lars, and its classes of painting and The fact that 4,000 young Americans on an average go to Europe each year

to pursue in the German or English Indications point to a radical onslaught on the civil service when that point is reached in the progress of legistration Stalwart Republicans in congress and out of congress can never get over their charrin and mortification regarding President McKinley's action in endorsing universities post graduate courses of study for which there are insufficient facilities in their own country adds an incentive to the present movement to supply the deficiency and at the President accuracy's action in endorsing and emphasizing the celeorated hog-order of Cleveland, by which every available place under the government, which at the time was filled by Democrats, was at the close of his administration completely covered in under a civil service blanket, and that blanket nailed and riveted down same time to round out the American system of free public instruction which now pauses short of the evolution of a fully-educated citizenship. The mational convention of patriotic women

country is strongly in sympathy with the Cuban insurgents, and that a large number of the Republicans in the house have similar sympathy. If therefore they can draw enough support from the Republicans side to defeat the speaker nd the Republican managers, they car profit by an attitude of friendliness to the Cuban insurgents, as against the negative course of the administration, which they believe to be extremely un-popular at the present time,