SCRANTON, PA., MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 2, 1897.

TWO CENTS

LIVELY DAY AT **TURTLE CREEK**

At Least 6,000 Miners Will Be in That Vicinity Today.

THE CROWD VERY ORDERLY

Burgess Sees No Reason Why They Should Disband.

Of the Advance Guard About One Determination; One Hundred at Creek -- The Prominent Visitors. cure All the Miners He Desires. Declared Hiegal.

Pittsburg, Aug. 1 .- All roads led to Turtle Creek today. Marching miners from all over the district were converging toward Camp Determination, and if all those reported as being on SOCIALIST LABOR the march reach the scene before morning, there will be at least 6,000 diggers present at the big meeting which is scheduled for 11 o'clock at McCrea's school house. The miners expect 8,000 to be on hand.

The borough of Turtle Creek experienced the liveliest day in its history with its large transient population of miners and curious visitors, but the day passed without trouble of any kind. Burgess Teats, of the borough, visited the miners' camp today and said he had no reason to order the crowd to disband, and as long as peace prevails he will not disturb them.

There was a complete shift in the make-up of the campers today. The men from the Wheeling division of the Baltimore and Ohio, who have been on guard ever since the big movement against the De Armitt men was inaugurated, left during last night for their homes. These same men, after reaching home and recuperating somewhat. have formed new divisions and are returning to the seat of war in order to attend the big meeting in the morn-While the old guard was flitting last night, new men were taking their places and took charge of the watch New York and Cleveland men quit

Saturday's guard was noticeable for the absence of foreigners. The gathering on watch today is just the reverse and is composed almost entirely of the foreign element, which is much more excitable than the others and much harder to control. This phase gives to the situation a more serious aspect.

Over one thousand weary strikers were quartered at Camp Determination today and about one hundred at Camp Desperation and about 400 lounged about the hills above and back of Turtle Creek.

THE FIRST TO ARRIVE.

When the first batch of 650 marchers arrived on the scene this morning they were very hungry, and clamored for food. There were provisions enough left for 200 men, and a grand rush was made for the provision wagon, and the result was many went hungry. About this time Organizer Miller arrived on the scene and announced that a Pittsbread and a grocer had given a dozen chesses. To prevent another rush, Miller organized a guard and all were satisfied for the time being. As large donations of food have been promised, there is not likely to be a repetition of today's scramble.

Among the most prominent visitors at the miners' Turtle Creek camp today were General John Little, president and Joseph Bishop, secretary of the Ohio state board of arbitration. They are ready to solicit signatures to the uniformity agreement, and were present to get the status of affairs among the strikers. General Little expressed some surprise at the demonstration. He said he had often seen stances. He said he was pleased with the apparent manifestations of peace,

Sheriff Harvey A. Lowry spent the afternoon in Turtle Creek consulting with his deputies. Deputy James Richards was in the district all night, Ards was in the district all night, at the time of either fire, the city Sheriff Lowry said that he would not Ottawa would have been almost with meetings if they acted orderly. He will not allow them to go on property of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company, nor will he allow them to act disorderly while marching on the

DE ARMITT'S ASSERTIONS.

T. B. De Armitt, manager of the Oak Hill-mine, said today that he had been importuned by men for positions in the mines. He said he had given fifthe mines. He said he had given fif-teen of them places and they would go to work in the morning. He added ances is adpted by the powers, the king that two men had offered to supply him with fifty good miners to go to gravity." work Thursday. How as receiving letters in every mail from miners in various portions of the district asking for places in the New York and Cleveland mines. Concerning the action of some of his men, he said they had come to him saying that they would be glad to work as soon as the excitement is over. He was emphatic in the statement if the old men did not return to

in equity against Sheriff Harvey A. Lowry asking for an injunction restraining that official from executing the provisions of the proclamation. He said the proclamation was in violation of the law and they would go into court to have that point settled.

New York, Aug. 1.—Arrived: La Champagne, Havre. Havre—Arrived: La Champagne, Havre. Wavre—Arrived: La Champagne, Havre. Wavre—Arrived: La Champagne, Havre. Wavre—Arrived: La Champagne, Havre. Havre—Arrived: the provisions of the proclamation. He to have that point settled.

"I believe the proclamation is illegal" said Warner, "and we are going to try and find out if the sheriff has a right to interfere with a peaceable assemblage.

SURPRISE FOR OPERATORS.

Fairmont, W. Va., Aug. 1,-"There is a surprise in store for the operators in this region," said Joseph Rea tonight. "Inside of 48 hours there will be several additions to the men already

There is more in Rea's words than

many people think. He has been here snice last Wednesday and has had two or three meetings each day. Not in the usual way, but has quietly gone to some school house or public hall and the miners have gathered there as if by magic. This afternoon at Monongah the meeting was a repetition of the success at Palatine and Catawba last night. Tomorrow at Worthington he will make a speech to the men. Four more organizers will join Mr. Rea and Mr. Davis, his aid, tomorrow. Davis went to Clarksburg this afternoon to organize the Kinnickinnick, Glenwood and Despar men who are all out. Rea says he is highly elated over the prospects and thinks West Virginia wiil come out. Mahon telegraphed from Thousand Are Quartered at Camp Charleston today that the Kanawha and New River men had struck for 50 cents a ton and a checkweighman. Camp Desperation and Four Hun- Rea says he intends to call on Special dred on the Hills Back of Turtle Judge John W. Mason, who granted an injunction, tomorrow, and that he wants to know what the fudge means. DeArmitt Claims That He Can Se- He does not know whether the injunction attempts to keep him from holding meetings in the public roads or Sheriff Lowery's Proclamation Is not. Tonight there are more signs of a general laying down of picks than there has been since the strike began, None of the operators have contracts of more than ten days in length and the men say if they do not come out. the other miners will go back and they will return to the 25-cent rates,

CONVENTION

By a Majority of 30 Votes the Delcgates Decided to Join the Debs Movement, Known as the Social Democracy.

New York, Aug. 1.-The second day of the Socialist Labor convention was slightly attended today, Julius Freed-man, of Philadelphia, was in the chair. It is claimed that the fifty delegates who hall from Newark, Boston, Philadel-phia, New Haven, Hartford and Haverhill, Mass., represent 25,000 Jewish trades unionists who were recently expelled from the Socialist Labor party for protesting against the methods of certain labor leaders, among them Daniel de Leon, and the principal object of the convention is to determine whether they should join the Debs movement or form an independent organization.

This question took up the entire session of the convention today. A number of speeches were made for and against the

A vote was taken, and it was decided by a majority of thirty to join the Debs movement, or the Social Democracy of America, as it is officially known.

The insurgent leads has been transferred

SELMA LARSEN INQUEST.

State Chemist Wheeler Ready to Report the Result of His Analysis.

Matteawan, Aug. 1.-Everything is in readiness for the meeting of the coron er's jury in the inquest on the death of Selma Larsen, once the pretty parlor mail at the Dinsmore estate in Staalsburg, Coroner Bevier was notified last night by State Chemist Wheeler, of Albany, that he would be able to report on Monday. As it is expected that there will be new developments in the case the jurymen have received notice not to report until notified by the coroner, and it is possible that the inquest will be postponed from Monday to the latter part of the week. If poison has been discovered in the girl's tomach subpoenas will be issued for Mr and Mrs. Clarence Diasmore and three other witnesses to appear before the coroner's jury to tell what they know of the girl's death. Charville, the butler, has written a letter to the coroner saying that he would try to be present at the

Coroner Bevier, in speaking about the ase tonight, said: "I know nothing about he results of the chemical analysis, but burg baker had donated 1,000 loaves of am of the opinion that there will be a surprise in store for some one."

Drs. Dawson and Tetamore, who per ormed the autorsy at the General hospit al, still cling to the theory that the girl's death was caused by poisoning. Both docters testified at the inquest that they found evidence of bichloride of mercury in Selma's ston ach when they performed the autopsy shortly after her death.

CONFLAGRATION AT OTTAWA.

Pioneer Fire Proof Construction Company's Plant Is Burned.

Ottawa, Ill., Aug. 1.—The Pioneer Fire Proof Constructions company's plant, the largest of its kind in the world, was partially destroyed by fire this afternoon, entailing a loss of \$100,000. There is only them assembled under such circum- a partial insurance. The fire was of inndiary origin. The large grain elevator J. N. Shuler was burned to the ground this morning. Loss, \$6,000; insurance, \$3,-

It is now thought this building was also set on fire. Had there been any breeze interfers with the strikers in holding out, as both buildings were situated close

KING OF GREECE MAY ABDICATE.

That Is Thought to Be the Purport of a Declaration from Athens.

Paris, July 31.-It is rumored that the possible abdication of the King of Greece has inspired the following dispatch from Athens:

"It is stated on good authority that in will make a declaration of exceptional

SHIPWRECKED SAILORS.

New York, Aug. L-Among the passer gers who arrived today per the Clyde liner New York from San Domingo ports was Captain Hall and six shipwrecked sailors of the American schooner Belle Hooper, which was lost July 8 on Silver Cap bank, sixty miles northeast of Mament if the old men did not return to work soon he had man others who would take their places.

Secretary Warner says the miners' officials have decided to bring an action in equity against Sheriff Harvey A. Lowry asiding for each form of the state of the ship's boat, were picked up by the Norwegian steamer Bratten and landed at Macoris, when they were sent home by the United States consult at that port.

Steamship Arrivals.

LETTERS FROM **GENERAL GOMEZ**

He Says the Spanish Regard Their Cause as Lost.

CHAPTER OF THE INSIDE HISTORY

The Famous Leader Warns All Cubans to Give No Heed to Reports That Home Rale Will Be Accepted. Spain Is Trying to Win by Trickery What She Cannot Win by Force.

New York, Aug. 1.-A Havana despatch to the Sun says: The Cuban secret agents in all the principal towns of the island held by

the Spanish have received letters from General Gomez encouraging them to continue their work in behalf of the Army of Liberation. Similar encouragement has been sent by the general to the Cubans abroad.

This is the time," says Gomez in one of these addresses, "when the faith of Cubans in their coming triumph should be stronger than ever. I have positive information that the Spaniards themselves, or, at least, the honest elements among them, realize that their war is hopeless and that the best thing to do is to give Cuba up. I have confidence in the patriotism of the Cubans, but I wish to warn them against the wily diplomacy of the Spanish government.

"I wish them to know, in the island and abroad, that any reports that we will accept home rule are absolut y false, and I believe that Canova's scheme of reforms and the autonomist declarations of Sagasta are only the last desperate efforts of the Spanish rulers to win by base trickery, now that they know they cannot win by

The general has also declared in official letters to the Cuban delegate in proposals must be rejected without a noment's attention.

It is generally believed in Havana that since the failure of the Spaniards to induce General Gomez to accept home rule secret agents have been sent to New York to ascertain the sentiments of the Cuban Junta and try to induce the Cubans there to accept au-

INSURGENTS USE DYNAMITE.

Havana, Aug. 1 .- (Via Key West, la,).-The insurgents recently destroved, through the use of dynamite. a railroad culvert between Cano and Vega Alta, in the province of Santa Clara. On July 28 they fired on a rallroad train running between Aguaciato and Bainoa. To this attack, the armed escort on the train replied with several volleys. On July 29, the Cubans also fired on a train en route to Batabane,

The insurgent leader, Regino Alfonzo, has been transferred from the Cabanas Fortress to Artemisa, where he will be given a civil trial for offenses alleged to have been committed previous to the outbreck of the insurrection.

According to advices received here during the last ten days the insurgents have had nine officers and 170 men killed, while thirty-one of the Cubans have been captured. According to the reports firearms to the number of 135 have been captured and other weapons to the number of 163 have also fallen into the hands of the Spaniards. One hundred and sixty-three insurgents, according to the accounts, have surrendered their arms in their possession, and 348 unarmed men have given themselves up to the authorities. Of the regular troops, according to the advices received here, five have been killed and two officers and sixty-one soldiers wounded.

Captain General Weyler left for the field again last night going in the direction of Matanzas.

HUNDREDS OF LIVES LOST.

Widesprend Devastation Caused Floods in Europe.

Berlin, Aug. 1.-The devastation caused by the floods in Silesta is widespread. Nothing like it has occurred in that district for a century. The loss already reaches many millions of marks. At Leobtan a town half, recently built, and two other large structures have collapsed. The rivers are still rising. Ot ischi the people are leaving their houses. It is feared that the great Elizabeth bridge be swept away. A large bridge at Lauf-fen has been torn down by the floods. The emperor, who displays the greatest interest in the situation, is being kept closely advised from all parts of the devastated district.

It is now estimated that a hundred perens have perished in the floods in Silesia and Hohemia. Twelve mill operatives, of both sexes, while crossing a bridge at Thlemendorf, near Chemnitz, were swe off the bridge by a sudden rise of the riv-er. All were drowned. London, July 31. A dispatch from St.

Peterburg says that the "Novosti "esti-mates that at least one hundred and fifty persons have perished in the recent floods at Kerich, in the Crimea.

Kertch is a strongly fortified town on a tongue of land forming a penisula of the same name, noted for its mud volcarces, on the Strait of Yenikale, onrecting the Sea of Azof with the Black Its site is that ow the ancient Panticapaeum, the residence and burial place of the celebrated Mithridates. The modern town is of recent origin. In 1827 it was declared a free port. The govern-ment has established a navy yard there.

WOULD NOT TALK.

Jubilee Ambassador Reid Refuses to Be Interviewed.

New York, Aug. 1.—The president, immediately on learning of the arrival of Jubilee Ambassador Whitelaw Reid, telegraphed an invitation to him and wife to make a visit to Mr. and Mrs. McKin-ley at their country retreat on Lake Champlain, beginning next Saturday. Later Mr. Reid will visit the Hon. John Sherman, the secretary of state. One or two pretended interviews with Mr. Reid were published immediately on his arrival, but they all have been re-pudiated. Mr. Reid absolutely refused to be interviewed.

Strikers Refuse Cut Wages. Phillipsburg, N. J., Aug. 1.—The American Sheet Iron company strikers held a meeting last night, at which the committee reported the result of its conference with Superintendent Danby. The company offered the men work at cut wages, but they refused to accept this proposition and decided not to depart from their stand.

BURDELL MURDER RECALLED.

Confession Said to Have Been Made by Mrs. Cunningham.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—The Journal last evening published an interview with William F. Woods, of Chicago, purporting to give the secret of the famous Burdell murder. Dr. Harvey Burdell, a New York dentist, was assassinated in his office, Bond street, forty years ago. Mr. Woods, in his interview today, says that Dr. Burdell's housekeeper, Mrs. Emma Augusta Cunningham, confessed herself the murderess, strangling the doctor with a cord, while John J. Eckel, her paramour, stab while John J. Eckel, her paramour, stab-bed him with a dentist's excavator. The confession, according to Mr. Woods, was made to Mrs. James Fowler, Wood's grandmother, and wife of the murdered doctor's partner in dentistry. Mrs. Cun-ningham made a confidant of Mrs. Fow-ler, because the letter had befriended her. Mr. Woods says that the secret would Mr. Woods says that the secret would not have been divulged but for recent un-pleasant experiences of the Woods and Fowler families in making claims to the rowler fan. Hes in making claims to the estate of Dr. James Fowler, who died a year ago at Bordeaux, France, where he established himself as a dentist a year before the Burdell murder. The claims of the Woodses and Fowlers brought out threatening letters to Mr. Woods, who was one of the most active claimants. The letters referred to made mysterious references to the Burdell murder,

SCALE FOR PUDDLING.

iron Manufacturers and Committee of the Amalgamated Association

Come to an Agreement. Youngstown, O., Aug. 1.—It was day-light this morning before the iron manufacturers and the puddlers of the Amalgamated association conference committee agreed on a scale for puddling. There were twenty-five puddlers on the Amalgamated committee of one hundred and the puddlers had the say about accepting or rejecting the proposition directly

affecting them.

The puddlers made several attempts to effect a compromise and obtain \$4.25 a ton for puddling, but the manufacturers posi-tively refused to recede from their de-mand for a reduction from \$4.50 to \$4. When the puddlers held their last secret meeting to consider the matter, the vote stood 13 to 12 in favor of taking the whole the United States that any home rule reduction and this portion of the diffi-

culty was at an end.

The new scale adopted is as follows: \$4 ton on a one cent card rate: \$4.25 on a ne and one-tenth card rate: \$4.75 on one and three-tenths rate; \$5 on a one and for-tenths rate, and \$5.25 on a one and five-tenths rate, a one cent card rate meaning when iron is selling for one cent a pound, etc. An adjournment was taken at 7 o'clock this morning until 10 o'clock Monday morning, when it is expected the finishers' scale will be adjusted and the whole trouble brought to an end.

SANDBAGGED IN LONDON.

The Disappearace of Thomas Telford Partly Explained by Letter.

Kingston, N. Y., Aug. 1.—The mystery in the case of Thomas Telford, of this city, who suddenly disappeared in London, on July 8, while on his way to secure a legacy, which, he said, had been left him by the death of an aunt in Scotland, is partly cleared up by the receipt of a let-

er, written to Dewitt Brothers, insur-ince agents of this city. The letter states that a man answering Telford's description had been found sandbagged in a London rallway station, hav-ing a sum of money and a receipt for insurance dues paid to the above firm. On recovering in a London hospital, the man called for "Totty," which is Telford's oet name for his little boy. There seems o be no doubt of Telford's identity, but there are many mysteries surrounding the case yet to be explained. The letter is signed by Lawrence Lyons. The London authoriteis have been requested to hold Telford, and he will be brought home.

BRIDE FOUND STARVING.

New York Girl Deserted by Husband and family.

North Tonawanda, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Mrs. Isabel Chatham was found starving in a desolate hovel in this city today by a neighbor. She had not eaten anything for four days. She would probably have died had she not been found, as she is

proud in the midst of poverty.

A short time ago she was a school girl, her maiden name being Farrel. She fell in love with William Chatham, a man about town, but her mother forbade any further intimacy with him. The girl would not listen, but finally eloped with Chatham, giving up home, family and friends for Chatham's sase. Finally she and her husband quarreled and he deserted her. Her mother refused to re-ceive her, so she starved rather than ask for help.

STRIKE OF PANTS MAKERS.

An Effort That Is Expected to End

the Sweat Shop System. New York, Aug. 1.—The general strike of the Pants Makers' union, a branch of the Socialist Trade alliance, went into effect today in the 250 shops in the Great-er New York district. The strikers are enthusiastic and believe this effort on their part will end the sweating system and will restore the old rate of wages. Under the present system they are able to make only a dollar and a half for a week's work. Under the old schedule, which they want restored, the operators made from \$10 to \$12 a week. There are nearly 3,000 operators out, and in conse quence of the strike 5,000 finishers are idle.

PENROSE PAID THE COSTS.

He Withdraws His Stander Snit Against a Huntington Druggist.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1.-The criminal proedings for slander, instituted against Oruggist C. C. Reed, of this city, by Inited States Senator Penrose, on June 1896, has been withdrawn, the costs being paid by Senator Penrose. This ac-tion of withdrawal was taken by Messrs. Furst and Dorris, of Huntingdon, attor-neys in the case for Senator Penrose. The suit was instituted during the pre-liminary canvass for United States senator, when one of the most vigorous political contests ever waged in H ingdon county was carried on here. fight being to instruct members of the legislature.

Bellwood Exhibits Pluck.

New York, Aug. 1.-William A. Bellwood, who is confined in the Tombs prison on the charge of having swindled Marcus & Co., jewelers, out of \$25,000 worth of jewelry and spent the money at the races, refused to admit today that he was Guit-aume Balensi, who fied from Paris two years ago, when he was one of a coterio that fastened themselves on Max Le-baudy, the young millionaire, whose death revealed a story of blackmail and extortion that was the talk of the two contin

Fatatty Burned by Powder.

Jeannette, Pa., Aug. I.—While J. E. Klingensmith and wife were handling powder it was ignited, causing an explosion by which Klingensmith and his wife were so badly burned that they cannot recover. William Peterson, a visitor, was badly burned.

HASTINGS WILL BE A CANDIDATE

He Expects to Succeed Mr. Quay in the United States Senate.

HOW THE NEWS BECAME PUBLIC

Close Business Friend of the Governor Let the Information Slip Ac-Close Business Friend of the Govcidentally -- Mr. Quay Feels No Alarm -- He Will Take a Trip to

proposed to come out as a candidate for United States senator to succeed Senator Quay, and the statement by the latter of his intention to leave the United States shortly for an eight months' trip among the islands of the Pacific, created considerable commotion today at Atlantic City among the politicians who have kept near the senior senator since his arrival there. The news of Governor Hastings' candidacy was told Senator Quay by a political friends from western Pennsylvania, who gave as his authority some Bellefonte friends of the governor, one of whom a close business friend, is said to have let the information slip accidentally. Senator Quay declined to discuss the reported candidary, and

what was told me today." Continuing, he said he did not feel any alarm about it, and then he began to speak of his trip abroad. He said he would leave Atlantic City tomorrow and come to this city, where he will remain a day or two. He then will go to Swickley, Pa., and spend about two weeks with his son, Dick, "From there," he said, "I will go to St. Lucie, Fla., and if nothing unforseen happens, I will go to San Francisco about the latter part of September and sail for Hawaii."

said: "I know nothing about it except

From this place the senator announcea his intention of going through the Samoan islands and the Solomon group, after which the journey will be continued to Australia. From this point the return home will be made, and the senator will arrive back about April or May of next year.

SOUTH AFRICAN

WAR INTELLIGENCE.

The British and Portuguese Win Great Victories Over the Unarmed and Untrained Blacks.

Cape Town, Aug. I.—Serious fighting took place on Friday in the Langeborg district. The British loss was trifling. The enemy's position in the Gamasie valley was captured and the rebels fell back in confusion towards Twaiskloof. The government troops have captured all the enemy's positions north of Twaisk-loof. Among the British losses were Sergeants Hall and Moyer, who were killed. Chief Lukajantjes, who left the rebels, was killed with many of his followers. A general surrender of the rebels is ex-

Lisbon, Aug. 1.—Official dispatches from Lourenzo Marquez, South Africa, confirm the reports of recent fighting between the government troops and rebellious natives

n Gazaland. The battle took place on the 21st of July near Chimbutu, the capital of Gazaland. The governor of Portuguese, East Africa, Colonel Albuquerque, with a small Portuguese force routed seven thousand rebels.

The Portuguese losses were two killed and ten wounded. The natives lost 390.

FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER.

Georgia Carpenter Convicted of Kill-

ing Two Women. Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 1.—Edwin Flanagan, who has been on trial all last week at Decatur for the murder of Mrs. Nancy Allen and Miss Ruth Slack, on the eventing of December 31, was found guilty by the jury and immediately sentenced by Judge Candler to be hanged on Aug. 25. Flanagan is a carpenter and was for-merly in the employ of the Standard Oil company. He had a mania for making love to and seeking to marry very young girls. His method was to advertise for a nurse for a mythical niece, and when young girls made application he would select one and propose marriage, Through such an advertisement he made the acquaintance of and went to board with the family of George W. Allen, living in De Kalb county, near Atlanta. There he fell in love with Leila

Allen, the 11-year-old daughter of the house. He asked her father to be al-lowed to marry her, but the request was not taken seriously. When he had been put off several times he became morbid. On the night of December 31, after eating supper, he got a pistol, and returning to the table shot at George Allen, wounding him slightly In the confusion that followed he fired wildly, killing the mother of George Allen instantly and wounding Miss Slack,

visitor, so that she died soon after-POTTERS WANT AN INCREASE.

Trenton. N. J., Aug. 1.—The working potters, of this city, held a mass meeting last night, at their club house, and decided to ask the manufacturers for the restoration within sixty days of the 12½ per cent, cut in their wages made in 1894. The men claim that the increased tariff rate on pottery made in the Dingley bill justify them in their request. A committee of the men will seek a conference this work with the manufacturers on the subweek with the manufacturers on the sub

FIGHTING UP THE NILE.

Cairo, Aug. 1.-The Egyptian intelligence department has received word of heavy tribal fighting up the Nile between the Dervishes and the Jaalins. The Dervishes, under one of the generals of the Khalifa, defeated the Jaalins in a pitched battle and occupied Metemneh on July The losses on both sides was very large. The Jaalins are said to have lost two thousand killed.

Septence of Benham Postponed. Batikia, N. Y., Aug. L.-Howard Ben-ham was brought into court yesterday morning and sentence was deferred until Aug. 23 at 10 a, m. on motion of Mr. Scarlet, one of his counsel, for arrest of judg-ment in order to allow counsel time to present affidavits and make an argument for a new trial. Benham was remanded to jail until sentence is imposed. Ben-ham's record was taken after the form of the statutes. He answered all ques-tions in a clear, firm voice. An immense crowd was present at the proceedings.

SAID SHE SAW THE VIRGIN.

Miraculous Core Announced from Catholic Convent in Kentucky. Lebanon, Ky., Aug. 1.—A cure that de-yout Catholics here believe was miracu-lous took place at Loretto convent, near here, on last Thursday night. The patient was Sister Alfred, a novice at Loretto academy. Sister Alfred was taken sick with appendicitis seven weeks ago. Peri-tonitis fellowed, and during her illness she suffered much. On Wednesday a telegram was sent to her parents in Kansas last sacraments, and all were waiting for

On Thursday night, however, between the hours of 11 and 12. Sister Alfred sud-Hawaii and Samoa.

Philadelphita, Aug. 1.—The ancouncement that Governor Hastings

the hours of 11 and 12 Sister Affred suddenly was freed from pain. She had had only liquid food for several weeks and had no appetite, but her appetite was craving, and she said that she was as well as ever in her life and wished to get up and go about. It is said by the Sister up and go about. It is said by the Sisters of Loretto that at 11 o'clock on the night of the cure two Sisters attended Sister Alfred. They went into an adjoining room for a lunch, and while out they heard Sister Alfred talking. On returning they found her very much excited and frightened. She said the Blessed Virgin had appeared to her. The two Sisters thought she was talking at random, and after quieting her left the room again, They were out only a few moments when they heard Sister Alfred talking again. In a short time they returned, when the sick Sister, in a high state of excitement, told them she had been talking to the Blessed Virgin again. She also said the Elessed Virkin told her she was cured, and that she should offer up the communion in the morning for the conrersion of England,

From this moment, it is said, she was cured. The high fever had left the pa-tient. The Sisters of the convent believe firmly that it was a divine interpositi Water of Lourdes had been applied.

FIVE ACRES SETTLE.

An Extension Squeeze at the Ravine Mine--Eleven Dwelling Houses Damaged -- Caused by Robbing Pil-

Special to The Tribune,

Pittston, Aug. 1 .- Five acres of thickly settled territory in Pittston was affected yesterday by the settling of a part of the Ravine mine, owned by the Newton Coal company. Eleven dwelling houses are damaged. The settling began at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and at a late hour last night the ground was still dropping.

The cause is attributed to "robbing pillars" in the abandoned working of the

DEATH OF WILLIAM CROSS.

Expires from the Effects of Ether at Jefferson Hospital. Philadelphia, Aug. 1.—William Cross, who lived at Newfoundland, Wayne coun-

ty, Pa., died from the effects of ether at the Jefferson hospital yesterday, Cross was about to have a surgical operation performed when he expired.

The physicians at once telegraphed to the dead man's family and today a daughter came to this city and after making an investigation went to the cor-oner's office and made an affidavit, in the hospital from all blame. admitted to the hospital on last Thurs-

day. IMPALED ON A WAGON POLE.

The Shocking Accident Which Cost Mrs. Wolf's Life.

Erie, Aug. 1.-The week of horrors in this county wound up with the killing of Mrs. David Wolf today in a runaway ac-cident. Mrs. Wolf and her son were driving into the city in a wagon and were run into by a runaway milk wagon team. The pole struck Mrs. Wolf in the side, impaling her upon it. Her agonies were terrible, until relieved by death. The deceased was a woman of almost 70, and was quite well off in worldly possessions. Coroner Steinmetz will make an official

investigation. DR. SWALLOW'S SERMON.

Philadelphia, Aug. 1.-Rev. S. C. Swal-low, of Harrisburg, the Prohibition candidate for state treasurer, preached to-night in New York Street Methodist church on "Man's Co-partnership With

Among other things he said. "God's plan of government is a theocracy, but man has sought out many inventions. Too indelent to attend to his part of the ousiness, he as through the ages turned it over to kings, queens, despots, and in these latter days to bosses, spelled with a big B. Of course, these latter are willing to attend to governmental affairs for the people, for a percentage. Latterly the percentage has assumed such undue proportions to the business transacted as to impoverish the people, and enrich the bosses, corporations and trusts. It would be well for the people to take the reins and under the direction of the Divine Sovereign drive on to highest success."

MAGGIE MITCHES CAPTURED.

Wilkes-Barre, Aug. 1.-Maggie Mitches, he woman alleged to have been engaged in the conspiracy to liberate murderer Peter Wassii from the county jail, was captured by the police late last night. She will have to stand trial with the other defendants. It is claimed she took a prominent part in the plot. The jail warden discovered the conspiracy in the nick of time or otherwise the desperate prisoner would have regained his liberty.

Will Demand Higher Wages. Pittsburg, Kas., Aug. 1.—The miners at Wear shaft, No. 5, have voted to suspend work until Wednesday next and called a mass convention of all the miners in the district for Tuesday next to formulate

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

their demands for higher wages.

Weather Indications Today: Fair; Slightly Warmer.

1 Telegraph-Striking Miners Gather at Turtle Creck. Hastings will be a Candidate for Sen-General Gomez's Letter of Warning. Protests Against the New Tariff.

Sport-Record of Two Days on the Diamei d. Amateur Base Batt. 3 Local-Sermon by Rev. F. M. Daven-port at Elm Park.

Dunmore Child Drowned in Roaring Editorial. Way the Former Is Rejoicing. Local-Drank Embalming Fluid and

John T. Watkins Back From England

Local-West Side and City Suburban Lackawanna County News. Neighboring County Happenings.

WORRY OVER THE TARIFF

of the Protests That Were Received Against the Bill.

FOREIGN DISSATISFACTION

Decrease in the Demand for American Goods Expected.

Minister Brun, of Denmark, Calls Attention to the Views of His Govment--Baron Fava Protests Against the Duty on Italian Oranges -- Belgium, Turkey and Switzerland Each Register a Protest Against the Duties Imposed, While Sir Julian Pauncefote Enters a Plea for Salt Mackerel.

Washington, Aug. 1.-In the late number of the Congressional Record, containing the tariff speeches on the tariff conference reports, is a speech by M. N. Johnson, of North Dakota, in which he makes a compilation of the protests received by the state department for the representatives of foreign governments against certain duties imposed in the Dingley tariff bill while that measure was pending, Some of these protests have been made public, others have been referred to the committees of congress having the tariff bill in charge and little or no attention has been paid to them. Nearly all these communications revert to the commerce between the several countries and the United States. They insist that the new tariff will retard that commerce and some of them intimate that it will result in decreasing the demand for American goods. Some of the ministers disclaim any intention to interfere in the internal affairs of the United States, but make the representations for the benefit of the commerce between the countries. Some suggestions are made that the injury to be done the treasury of the United States on account of the imposition of the proposed duties will be considerable

Minister Brun, of Denmark, calls attention to the fact that the tariff on American goods going into Denmark is very favorable, and that his government views with a great deal of apprehension the pending tariff bill and the rates especially. He says that the admission of Danish products on favorable tariff would only be a fair return for the rates granted American products.

There were three communications from Baron Fava, the Italian ambassador. He protests against the duty on Italian oranges and lemons, against sixty per cent, duty on candied fruits. and refers to a ministerial decree relating to meats in the United States. This decree required a consular vise for certificates of origin, issued by American authorities and accompanying shipments of meats. Baron Fava informs the state department that the question has been submitted for examination to the zootechnic and epizootic board. The ambassador adds: 'His majesty's government, however, desires to perform a friendly act toward that of the United States frankly forwarning it that it could in no wise be induced to modify the provisions contained in the aforesaid decree in accordance with the desire expressed by the department of agriculture, if the United States should persist in retaining in the new customs tariff the exhorbitant duties to which I have had the honor to call your excellency's attention in my preced-

ing written and verbal communication. The same warning has been communicated, with the same amicable intent, by my government to the representa-

tive of the United States at Rome." BELGIUM'S COMMUNICATIONS

Count Lichtervelde, minister of Relgium, sent three communications concerning the tariff. One referred to the retreactive clause adopted by the house and pointed out that it would work great hardship upon those who were shipping articles which could not be safely transported in the winter, such as plants and bulbs. The other communications refer to the rates on cement and sprats and sardines.

The Turkish government protests against the duty of one dollar per pound on crude opium and says that the tariff cannot be for the purpose of protecting a home industry or secure increased revenue. He thinks the revenue of the government would suffer, but says that in case it did not the cost of the drug used for medicinal purposes would be greatly increased to

J. B. Fioda, minister of Switzerland, says that the new tariff will be disastrous to three principal industries of Switzerland. Swiss embroidered goods,

silks, watches and clocks. Sir Julian Pauncefote sent two very brief communications, one in December 1896, informing Mr. Olney that the fishery board of Scotland protested against the high rate on cured herrings and that at the request of the Marquis of Salisbury he represents to the United States government that the high ratewhich the Dingley bill imposes on salt mackerel and other cured fish would cause grave injury to the fishermen on the west coast of Ireland. This

note is dated June 18, 1897. The Herald's Weather Forecast.

New York, Aug. 2-Herald's forecast; In the Middle States and New England today, fair, warmer weather will probably prevail, with light, fresh variable winds, mostly southerly and increasing sultriness and high temperature in this ection, followed by local rain and thunerstorms in the lake region, and possibly by tonight over the central districts of