



TWO CENTS.

SCRANTON, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 16, 1897.

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### ANNEXATION TREATY READY

#### Hawaiian Scheme May Be Introduced at Any Time.

#### TARIFF DEBATE AWAITS IT

#### No Provision Is Made for Queen Lilioukalani.

#### The Treaty in Many Respects Differs from That Prepared by Secretary Foster During the Harrison Administration--No Consideration of the Hawaiian Reciprocity Provision Will Be Held Pending the Submission of the Treaty to the Senate.

Washington, June 15.—The treaty for the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States will be sent to the senate by President McKinley tomorrow unless present plans are changed. Men close to the administration and those who are engaged in pushing through the tariff bill have been informed that the treaty will be transmitted to the senate tomorrow, and it is stated that there will be no consideration of the Hawaiian reciprocity provision in the tariff bill until the treaty is received.

The one point of importance in the treaty differs from the convention negotiated by Secretary Foster in President Harrison's administration is in the omission of any provision for Queen Lilioukalani and the Princess Kaiulani. In the original treaty it was provided that the government of the United States should pay the ex-Queen the sum of \$20,000 cash and the same amount of money as a pension each year during the remainder of her natural life, provided that she should have attained to the age of 60 years at the time of the annexation of the islands.

It is understood that any objection that might have been expected to the annexation of the islands based on the large proportion of coolies in the population has been practically abandoned. The treaty not only prohibits the further emigration of such coolies to the Hawaiian Islands, but also prohibiting the coming of any of the Chinese from the islands to other parts of the United States.

The suggested course of procedure when the Hawaiian annexation treaty is sent to the senate is that it should be made public in order that the proposition to restore the house provision in the tariff bill may be connected with the understanding that the treaty of annexation possibly will be in effect before a year's notice of abrogation could be given. One reason given for making the treaty public would be that it could be discussed in connection with the Hawaiian provision in the bill. It is not believed that there will be any attempt to secure immediate action on the treaty.

### THE ENGLISH VIEW.

#### London Journals' Comment on the Prospective Acquisition of Hawaii by This Government.

London, June 15.—All the afternoon newspapers discuss the Hawaiian question and the proposition to annex those islands to the United States. The "Globe" says: "The question is essentially international and cannot be disposed of by the decree of one power alone. Great Britain and France are in the same positions toward Hawaii as the United States, and in our case, if Hawaii is converted into a strong naval station it will practically command the alternative route between Vancouver, Australia and the far East, and Great Britain has every right to be consulted before the scheme is carried farther. Lord Salisbury's consent should not be given unless a quid pro quo is given for tearing up the present treaty."

The Pall Mall Gazette remarks: "It seems probable that Hawaii will be under the Stars and Stripes shortly, and nobody here will say a word against it. We should be glad to see Hawaii an American, rather than any other colony."

The Westminster Gazette says: "Great Britain will not object to the annexation of Hawaii though it remains to be seen how Japan will take America's action."

#### HIBBERT'S VICTIM WILL BE BLIND.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 15.—During the hearing today of Robert Hibbert, who shot Mrs. F. M. Phillips, his fiancée, two weeks ago, it was developed that, though she may recover from his well-aimed bullets, her life will be robbed of its greatest charm. She will be totally blind.

#### Marine Bandmaster Must Suffer for Disobeying a Lieutenant.

Washington, June 15.—The court-martial which recently tried Professor Knapp, leader of the Marine band, charges growing out of his refusal to play certain marches ordered to be played on Decoration day by Lieutenant Draper, of the Marine corps, has found him guilty of disobedience of orders and has recommended his dismissal from the service.

### SENATE COMPLETES SUGAR SCHEDULE

#### Except the Provision Relating to Hawaii, Which Went Over.

#### SPEECHES ON FIRST PARAGRAPH

#### The Other Features Are Agreed to Without Much Opposition -- Only One Year and Nay Vote Taken During the Day -- Pettigrew Amendment Taken Up and Discussed.

Washington, June 15.—The senate made a great stride forward today by completing the consideration of the sugar schedule of the tariff bill except the provision relating to Hawaii, which went over. This schedule has been the storm center of the entire bill and with its disposal, there is a better prospect for speedy action on the bill as a whole. The first paragraph of the sugar schedule has served to bring out all the speeches and the test votes and when this was passed early today, the other paragraphs of the schedule were agreed to without further opposition. As agreed to the schedule places on sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, one cent per pound and .03 of a cent for every degree above 75; and on sugars above No. 16 Dutch standard, 1.55 cents per pound. The other provisions of the schedule relate to maple sugar, maple syrup, candy, etc.

### NO ACTION ON CUBA.

#### Nothing Will Be Done Until Another Minister Has Been Selected for Madrid.

Washington, June 15.—It can be stated unequivocally as the result of today's cabinet meeting that no important action relating to Cuba will be taken by the administration until the new minister to Madrid has been chosen and is at his post ready for the duties of the mission.

This fact is significant in that it means that some weeks must certainly elapse before the president will take any action whatever vital to the relations of this government and the island of Cuba.

### WANTS TO STOP SUNDAY TRAINS.

#### Banked in His Ticket Business, Fitts Will Invoke the Law.

Hackettstown, N. J., June 15.—The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad is making every effort to stop its Sunday trains. Squire Henry D. Fitts has for a long time made it a practice to purchase fifty-trip books to New York and resell them a trip at a time at a profit to individuals. The company learned of this and stopped the sale of the books at Hackettstown. Fitts then went to Port Murray, the first station west of here, and purchased books. Last week the company closed the sale of the books at all stations between Mount Arlington and Washington, but still sold them at other stations between those points.

Fitts claims that the company by this order discriminates against him, and will try to get even. By virtue of his office as justice of the peace he has the power to enforce the law relating to the running of Sunday trains, and he has signified his intention of doing so.

### UNMOVED BY MOTHER'S TEARS.

#### Girl Culprit in Court Merely Shrugged Her Shoulders.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 15.—When 16-year-old Maggie McGuire was arraigned in the recorder's court this afternoon to answer the charge of eluding valueless from her employer, a middle-aged, respectable-looking woman, dressed in deep black, entered the court room. She was the girl's mother and the meeting between them caused the most hardened court lounge to turn away.

When the mother wept over her child's disgrace the latter merely shrugged her shoulders and laughed. Several new charges were preferred against the girl, who admits her guilt, and she was held in increased bail for work at a profit.

A large number of the spectators joined in the chase, and the negro was caught yesterday. The marks of the woman's finger nails were on his face and throat, and a hat, identified as his, was found under her bed.

### ORE MINES CLOSED.

#### Rich Vein Just Struck, but Markets Are Too Poor.

Mattewan, N. Y., June 15.—The great Tilly Foster iron mines, near Brewster, have been closed for an indefinite time, with \$5,000,000 of ore lying on the dumps.

A rich vein of iron had just been struck, but the superintendent said that times were so hard and the market so low that the mine could not be worked at a profit. The shutdown, he said, is only temporary. The miners believe it will be permanent. The Tilly Foster is the only uncovered mine in America. Last November there was a big cave-in of overhanging rock and thirteen workmen were killed.

### MADE SICK BY SWISS CHEESE.

#### San Francisco, June 15.—The steamer City of Para arrived today from Panama, flying the yellow flag, and was immediately ordered to quarantine.

When one day out from Panama one of the passengers, Mrs. Mitchell, died of yellow fever, and a few days later Captain McKeon also died. About twenty passengers came into port, none having symptoms of the disease.

### YELLOW FEVER ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

Sausalito, O., June 15.—Several persons have been made sick by eating switzer cheese. Among them were Dr. J. W. Wellons and little son, six in the family of Elmer Hutchinson, John W. Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. William Clark and John W. Hingley. All were in a serious condition during the night, but they will recover.

### AN ALABAMA COAL MINE ON FIRE.

Birmingham, Ala., June 15.—The Henry Ellen coal mines, fifteen miles east of here, owned and operated by the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company, are on fire. About noon, yesterday, fire was found in the east entry on slope No. 22. The flames had gained considerable headway. The seam of coal is among the finest in the district.

### MR. CALHOUN'S RETURN.

Washington, June 15.—W. J. Calhoun, the special commissioner who went to Cuba in connection with the Ruiz case, returned to the city tonight from his home in Miami. Mr. Calhoun will have further consultation with the president to whom he already has made a verbal report on the condition existing in Cuba.

### METHODS OF KILLING BILLS

#### Interesting Features of the Insurance Scandal.

#### MR. LEONARD'S PLAN OF OPERATIONS

#### Claimed to Be Able to Defeat an Important Measure for \$50,000. Senator McQuown Is Called and Explains How He Came to Introduce the Bill That Caused All the Trouble.

Harrisburg, June 15.—The investigation of the legislative insurance scandal was resumed this afternoon. T. J. Thomas, manager of agencies of the Metropolitan, corroborated the testimony of John French, the agent who called on Senator Short.

Mr. Woodruff, secretary of the Metropolitan, testified that Frank Leonard had called upon him in March with copies of three bills which would affect the Metropolitan. These bills, Leonard said, were strikes and they could be killed for \$50,000.

Mr. Leonard, a superintendent of the Metropolitan, testified that Leonard proposed to kill the bills by use of money; that he had been solicited to call upon the Prudential and John Hancock insurance companies. Vice President Pike had suggested to the witness that Leonard should be kicked out of the office. At a later visit Leonard had proposed that \$30,000 would kill the bill and give the name of a senator.

### LUTHERAN SYNOD.

#### Business of the Sessions Held at Mansfield--The Deacons Board Appointed.

Mansfield, O., June 15.—Some preliminary business was transacted in the Lutheran synod this morning before the order of business for the day was taken up. Rev. M. S. Crossman presided over the session, which was held at Mansfield, O. The general synod casts no reflection upon the work done by it. The resolution was adopted.

M. W. Hamma, the chairman of the committee of fraternal co-operation with other Lutheran bodies submitted his report.

The basis of co-operation adopted at the last convention of the synod had likewise been adopted by the general conference of the synod of the south, and there were now joined in this compact, the three general bodies having the largest English membership in the denomination in this country.

The committee recommended the adoption of a resolution which was regarded with favor the proposition made by the general council and united synod of the south looking to the compilation of a common hymn book and approving the recommendation of the synod of the south.

The following deacons board was appointed: Revs. Dr. G. V. Wenner, of New York; F. P. Manhart, Baltimore; J. J. Young, New York; L. E. Albert, Philadelphia; H. Studebaker, W. H. Dunbar and L. M. Zimmerman, Baltimore; Frank Glendon, Washington, D. C.; W. R. Jones, York; J. G. Chadwick, New York; F. A. Hartranft, Philadelphia; F. T. Huber, New York; W. F. Arminger, F. P. Steiff and George Warfield, of Baltimore; Cornelius Eckert, New York.

The new board of home missions was appointed as follows: Rev. Charles S. Albert, Philadelphia; M. W. Hamma, Altoona, Pa.; J. C. Koller, Hanover, Pa.; W. E. Parson, Washington; G. W. Enders, York, Pa.; Mrs. L. Z. Dole, Baltimore; L. G. Stier, and J. C. Parker, Washington; W. H. Davis, Baltimore.

The report of the board of publication was submitted by Secretary H. A. Holman, of Philadelphia. The present net assets are \$25,071. There are now being published monthly 134,000 copies of the various Sunday school periodicals. The board decided to establish a printing house and a committee has in charge the purchase of suitable property.

A motion was carried that a committee of five be appointed by the president which shall consider the report on the constitution and propose certain if the annual meetings can be so arranged that the majority of the business can be transacted in the general synod, the committee to report two years hence. The committee appointed to nominate members of the board of publication reported back the old board. Rev. Dr. J. G. Koller, of Hanover, Pa., for Rev. Dr. E. H. Huber, of Gettysburg, Pa.; Layman E. E. T. Hob, Shrewsbury; F. H. Wefer, New York; for J. R. Downing and B. S. Kunkel, of Philadelphia.

### QUAY MEN DEFEATED.

#### Chambersburg, Pa., June 15.—The Republican county committee met here today and the Quay men were defeated nearly two to one. Alexander Stewart was elected county chairman by a vote of 29 to 15 for Captain John A. Seiders, postmaster of the state senate, who carried the last county convention. The new chairman is a brother of the judge of the county courts.

### MORAVIAN COLLEGE ALUMNI ELECTION.

Bethlehem, Pa., June 15.—Today was held the 53rd annual reunion of the Moravian college for Women and attracted a number of women from all parts of the country. Mrs. Helen Wols Doolittle, of Philadelphia, was elected president. Dr. Rodolph J. Salem, N. C., tonight delivered the annual address.

### HE WEDS AT 93.

Wife Is Less Than Half His Age and More Than Twice His Weight. Kankakee, Ill., June 15.—Joseph Dupuis, a French Canadian, 95 years old and 3 feet 9 inches tall, was married here yesterday to Miss Josephine Hunn, a spinster, 38 years old. This is Dupuis' third marriage, his second wife has been dead but eight weeks. Her successor was maid of all work in the Dupuis household. She is a buxom woman eighteen inches taller than her husband and more than twice his weight.

Dupuis is the father of six stalwart sons and a daughter, all married and having families of their own. He is a farmer and one of the wealthiest in Kankakee county, being worth \$60,000.

### SWEDISH WOMAN'S SUICIDE.

Wilkes-Barre, June 15.—Mrs. Nelson Ericsson, a Swedish woman, aged 51, committed suicide at her home by taking poison. No cause is assigned for the act. A husband and six children survive.

### HOYT'S APPOINTMENT CONFIRMED.

Washington, June 15.—The senate today confirmed the nomination of Henry M. Hoyt, of Pennsylvania, to be assistant attorney general.

### ANOTHER EXPEDITION.

#### A Vessel, Supposed to Be the Dauntless, Seen at Hillsborough. Jacksonville, Fla., June 15.—A special from Tampa says:

A vessel supposed to be the Dauntless came into Hillsborough bay last night and took on a cargo of arms and ammunition from a schooner lying at anchor off the mouth of the Alafia river and then sailed away.

A report was sent out yesterday that the Dauntless had sailed from Key West with an expedition. It was circulated by those interested, to throw suspicion upon the general public. The Dauntless came in last night and got her cargo. The two boats were tied up until about 11 o'clock and in the moon light could be plainly seen from the river.

A despatch from West Palm Beach says: The cruiser Vesuvius anchored off Palm Beach pier again last night. She was en route north, having been to Key West.

### BRAKEMAN'S ESCAPE.

#### Jumps from the Top of a Car in a Wreck and Is Unharmed.

Lancaster, June 15.—A mixed passenger and freight train on the Lancaster and Quarryville railroad ran into a draft of five freight cars at Millingers, seven miles south of this city, this afternoon, and smashed them all. The cars had been standing upon an inclined siding and by some means got upon the main track and were not discovered until the train approached at high speed.

None of the passengers were hurt, though all received severe shaking up and Brakeman W. C. Aumont, who was on top of a box car that turned completely over, saved his life by jumping down an embankment.

### "TERRIBLE PETE'S" DOOM.

#### Vaslike Becomes Excited at the Reading of His Death Warrant.

Wilkes-Barre, June 15.—Sheriff Martin went to the county jail today to read the death warrant to Peter Vaslike, alias "Terrible Pete" Wassell, who is under sentence to hang July 22 for the murder of Joseph Krupersavage.

The prisoner was very sullen during the reading of the warrant, and after the sheriff had concluded he flew into a passion protesting his innocence and saying he was the victim of a police conspiracy.

### COAL MINERS STRIKE.

#### Diggers in the Pittsburgh Region Demand a 60 Cent Rate.

Pittsburgh, June 15.—The miners employed by the Ella Coal company and the Webster Coal company, at Webster, on the Pittsburgh, McKeesport and Yorkville railroad, are on a strike. The diggers had been receiving 60 cents a ton until two weeks ago, when the rate was cut to 51 cents. They accepted and worked at that rate until the convention of miners, when they made a demand for 60 cents.

They were all paid in full and discharged, but were told they could have work any time at the 61-cent rate.

### TRIED TO KILL HIS WIFE.

#### Then Sigendall Put a Bullet Through His Wife's Head.

Bethlehem, Pa., June 15.—Domestic troubles prompted Amos F. Sigendall, aged 35, a carpenter by trade, to draw a revolver on his wife tonight, and fire four shots at her. She fell in a faint from fright and Sigendall, thinking he had killed her, he sent a bullet into his own heart.

None of the four shots hit the woman. The couple have four children.

### THE SOUTH AFRICAN OUTBREAK.

#### Reports of the Native Attack on Mashoning Exaggerated.

Vryburg, Bechuanaland, June 15.—The report from Mashoning, to the effect that the police camp there had been attacked by 500 natives, and that six policemen had been killed, turns out to have been incorrect. Only one trooper was wounded and six horses were killed.

Volunteers, however, have started for the scene of the disturbance.

### SMITTEN WITH BRIGHT-EYES.

#### An Indian Belle Proved Too Much for a Rich Foreigner.

Blissmarck, N. D., June 15.—Thomas Cronin, a wealthy foreigner, who came here to look after cattle and land, has made a queer choice of a bride. He met with a number of Sioux, and finally became smitten with "Bright Eyes," the belle of the Standing Rock Agency.

He boldly approached the girl's sullen father after a few days and de-

### EFFECTS OF RECIPROCITY

#### Republicans Expect to Mollify the Canadian Lumbermen.

#### GERMANY ENTERS PROTEST

#### Foresees Injury to the Interests of the Empire.

#### Threats Made by Canadian Lumbermen, Bank Presidents and Directors of Railway Companies at Ottawa Are Not Causing Much Alarm. It Is Not Thought That Canada Will Dare Place Retaliatory Export Duty on Logs.

Washington, June 15.—The threat made last week by Canadian lumbermen, bank presidents and directors of railway and transportation companies, at a meeting at Ottawa, to secure retaliatory measures from the Dominion government on account of the duty on lumber imposed by our tariff bill, is not alarming the Republicans who are responsible for the measure. The belief that Canada will not dare place a retaliatory export duty on logs is based on the efficacy of the reciprocity clause of the bill, which will be offered by Senator Burrows.

By the terms of this clause Canada could not enjoy the privileges of reciprocity if it could be shown that that country was imposing discriminating duties against us. The only escape for Canada from the penalty in the case of logs is possibly in the fact that the export duty would not necessarily be discriminative; that is, Canadian logs are exported so largely hither and so little elsewhere that a duty could be imposed without reference to other countries, and it would not be discriminative within the meaning of the law, against the United States.

### STRIKES THREATENED.

#### Strikers in the Pittsburgh Region Demand a 60 Cent Rate.

Pittsburgh, June 15.—The miners employed by the Ella Coal company and the Webster Coal company, at Webster, on the Pittsburgh, McKeesport and Yorkville railroad, are on a strike. The diggers had been receiving 60 cents a ton until two weeks ago, when the rate was cut to 51 cents. They accepted and worked at that rate until the convention of miners, when they made a demand for 60 cents.

They were all paid in full and discharged, but were told they could have work any time at the 61-cent rate.

### LOANED HIS BIKE TO A STRANGER.

#### A Confiding Student Luckily Recovered the Wheel.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 15.—A young theological student, E. C. Cooper, having from Philadelphia, met a gentleman whose smooth manners and refinement impressed him and he did not refuse to loan his bicycle to the man. The bicycle was left in the care of the man, who had been riding it for some time. Cooper refused to prosecute and the false friend went free.

### MINISTERS INDORSE THE L. A. W.

#### Comment Its Stand Against Sunday Cycling.

Camden, N. J., June 15.—The Camden Methodist ministers' association yesterday discussed bicycling and other things which its members regard as menacing the observance of the Sabbath.

Resolutions were adopted concurring in the action of the League of American Wheelmen deprecating desecration of Sunday by bicycle riders.

### TEE COAL TRUST INVESTIGATION.

#### Judge Chester Will Not Give a Decision Until Late in July.

Albany, June 15.—It is announced here that Judge Chester will not decide to vacate or to refuse to vacate the orders against the various railroad presidents in the coal trust investigation until the last week in July.

The amended bills will all be filed this week. Judge Chester holds court in Catskill for two weeks and will not take up the case until after that time.

### JUMPED FROM A FREIGHT.

Altoona, June 15.—James G. Path, aged 39 years, of Manor Hill, Huntington county, jumped from a freight train at Petersburg this evening and fell under the wheels. Both legs were crushed. He was brought to the Altoona hospital, where his legs were amputated.

### MCKINLEY DECLINES AN INVITATION.

San Francisco, June 15.—President McKinley has declined an invitation of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce to visit California this summer owing to a press of official duties.

### HEAVY RAINS ADD TO THE DAMAGE IN INDIA--POSTOFFICE SWALLOWED UP.

Calcutta, June 15.—Telegrams, with earthquake news, the echoes of the subterranean disturbances of Saturday last, are pouring in from every station north of Madras. The postoffice at Chittagong has been swallowed up.

The heavy rains of the past two days are increasing the damage done. Some of the streets here are closed to traffic and it is believed that the firing of the jubilee salute must be abandoned, as the firing even of the time gun is dangerous, shaking the damaged buildings.

Thousands of poor Europeans and Eurasians are homeless and are living in the open air.

### STRIKES THREATENED.

#### Strike in the Tin Plate Industry Seems Certain and the Conference on the Wage Scale Arranged for Tomorrow Is Not Likely to Accomplish Anything Tending to a Settlement, as Both Sides Are Firm and Assert That No Concessions Will Be Made.

Pittsburgh, June 15.—A strike in the tin plate industry seems certain and the conference on the wage scale arranged for tomorrow is not likely to accomplish anything tending to a settlement, as both sides are firm and assert that no concessions will be made. There are thirty-nine tin plate plants in the United States operated by thirty-eight companies, the American Tin Plate company operating two plants, one at Elwood and the other at Montpelier, Ind. These thirty-nine plants represent one hundred and eighty-eight mills, out nine of them are small affairs and do not figure to any great extent in the industry.

The total number of skilled workmen employed in the industry is 2,327, of which 273 are non-union men. The number of workers outside of tonnage men employed at tin plate plants is 6,255, and a strike for the new wage scale will throw about 8,000 people out of employment.

Altoona, June 15.—Thirty-five negroes, Hungarians and Italian miners imported from other places went to work in Mitchell's coal mines at Galitzin yesterday, but only ten were at work today. They are being guarded by two coal and iron policemen. The strikers are in an ugly mood and a collision between them and the imported men may occur at any time. The strike which was occasioned by a cut of five cents a ton in the price of mining is seriously interfering with all business in Galitzin.

### GERMANY'S GRIEF.

The proposed reciprocity clause of the tariff bill has given the German government another cause of grievance against us, according to advice received at the state department. A long quotation from an editorial article in the government official newspaper in Chemnitz has been sent here, a part of which is as follows:

"Just now when the Pan-American efforts of the United States are being made, it is of the highest importance for Germany to hold fast to the most favored nation treaties with the South and Middle American states. The reciprocity clause in the Dingley bill is based on the desire to bring about the closest possible commercial relations between the United States and South America, with a view to granting and getting certain tariff reductions under which the United States will be able to build up a big trade with all the South and Middle American states. That such a clause, if it ever becomes a law and effects the desired result, will wound this empire and others very materially, is manifest the moment one turns to the record of our losses and the gain to the United States under the reciprocity provision of Mr. McKinley's bill. Many of the South and Middle American states and islands, namely, Porto Rico, Brazil, Colombia, British West Indies, Cuba, etc., deemed it their duty, if not commercial and financial necessity, to grant especially reduced rates to the United States in order to get them to let their products, sugar, coffee and hides in free."

### FAVORS OF THE PAST.

"At that time Germany, because of the most favored nation clauses in her treaties with most of these countries, had an unfair advantage in the United States. During those years there was no commercial treaty with Brazil. The result was that machines, tools, instruments of all kinds, iron, rubber, cotton, leather and leather goods from Germany had to pay a much higher rate of duty going into Brazil than did the same class of goods from the United States. Thus the most favored nation clause in our commercial treaties act as a protective wall against them. It is true that a motion was made here to give notice to such nations as had treaties containing the most favored nation clauses that the same would not be renewed. Up to date nothing has been done to show that the nation is in earnest with this motion."

In reporting this matter to the state department Consul Monaghan says: "How much reciprocity is to us, how much the very thought of it maddens the manufacturers and merchants here, how much it has helped in times past, how much it must help in times to come if organized and carried out in a just and equitable way, is apparent to every observer here."

### CHARLES BARRY'S SUCCESSOR.

Dublin, June 15.—Hon. Hugh Holmes of the queen's bench, Ireland, has been appointed to succeed the late Charles Robert Barry, as lord justice of appeal of Ireland.

### JOHN W. H. HOOKING.

New York, June 15.—John W. Hocking, who was at one time head of the Hocking Valley company, is reported to have been discharged from the service of the company.

### THE HERD.

New York, June 15.—The herd of wild geese which wintered in the state of New York, was reported to have been dispersed by a severe storm.

### WEATHER INDICATIONS TODAY.

Occasional Thunder Storms. 1 General—Annexation of Hawaii. Effects of Reciprocity. Progress of the Tariff Debate. Leonard's Method of Killing Proposed Legislation. 2 Sports—Eastern, National and Atlantic League Ball Games. 3 State—Many Bills Killed by the Legislature. Amateur Base Ball. Cycling Fairs of Foreign Lands. 4 Editorial. Washington Gossip. 5 Story—"A Visitor from Kentucky." 6 Local—City Officials Conclude Their Inspection of Fire Department Quarters. Busy Day in the Courts. 7 Local—Warrants Out for Oleo Handlery. 8 Local—High School Alumni Warm Over the Controllers' Action. 9 Local—West Side and City Suburban. 10 Local—County News. 11 Local—Neighboring County Happenings. 12 Local—Whitney's Weekly News Budget, Financial and Commercial.