TWO CENTS A COPY

A Sale of Handsome GOLD=

Filled watches at the Globe Ware house will come as a sort of sur prise to our patrons, for as a rule we hold ourselves closely within the confines of the legitimate degoods trade. But there are rea-

WATCHES

which will readily excuse our departure from precedent, and should at the same time help to coment still closer than ever the confidence that ought to exist between buyer and seller, because this remarkable ale offers an opportunity for securing a reliable and handsome watch at little more than one-third its actual retail value, viz.:

At \$4.98 or \$5.98

according to the movement you may select.

The Movements

The primary essentials of any watch must be its qualities as timekeeper, and, of course, that necessarily depends on the works. If these are right, then you are bound to have a good watch. All the movements in the watches to be offered for sale are genuine Elgins and Walthams, and these, as you know, are the standards of America, if not of the civilized world. They are full jeweled throughout the escapements; are stem winders and stem setters possess all the very latest improve ments throughout and are fully warranted by the makers. would ask a better guarantee than this? The truth is, it is impossible to find a better.

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, The Cases

The cases are handsomely engraved gold filled (not plated) but overlaid or veneered with a solid 14kt, gold plate, guaranteed to wear for at least five years.

They are made by one of the oldest and wealthiest watch case manufacturers in this country, and each case contains a signed guarantee that it will wear as we have stated, failing which the manufacturer will make any detect good,

DOOOOOOOOOOOO

The Wonderful

Values Offered

in these watches is proved by th following facts: The lowest price at which a genuine Waltham or Elgin movement can be bought wholesale in the regular way of trade is.....\$4 0 A genuine 5-year gold filled

Total wholesale cost..........\$8 00 These facts can be verified by any jeweler, and when we add the usual retail watchmaker's profits to the above figures, it will at once be seen that the bargains offered

case costs at least 4 00

WATCH SALE

Are really without precedent. NOTE THE PRICES ONCE MORE

\$4.98 and \$5.98

for time pleces that would cost just about three times that amount in the regular way of retail buy-

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SALE

Starts this morning and closes on Saturday evening.

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GLOBE

WAREHOUSE.

ON THE EVE OF INAUGURATION

Washington Hotels Are Thronged with Office-Seekers.

STREETS CROWDED WITH STRANGERS

Stream of Visitors Continually Pouring Into the City-"Crowds Witness Electrical Displays -- Temporary Quarters of the President and Vice-President.

Washington, March 2.2-President elect and vice president-elect both slept in the national capital tonight. Their temporary headquarters at the Ebblit and Arlington hotels respectively seethe and boil with the hopeful anticipation of the thousands of aspiring pa- a hearing before Mayor Patterson this triots desiring of serving their country evening on two cases of criminal libel, in connection with the old flag and an preferred by the Soldier' Orphans comappropriation. The scenes in all the hotel lobbles re-

tering the city through the two central buildings.
depots has been disgorging crowds of Dr. Swa Kinley and Hobart badges and other trinkets with noisy per inacity. Elec-trical filumination designs make the streets a biaze of light. All the theaers are crowded, but the greatest reharge for admission was the chief attraction. The public galleries were placked and the corridors were rendered almost impassable by people waiting their turns to take the places of those

All these conditions will be much increased tomorrow. The weather has turned unexpectedly warm, with a suspicion of rain in the air, though noth ing more serious than a few showers is at present apprehended.

FLOWERS FOR MRS. M'KINLEY.

The Prospective First Lady Receives Many Kind Attentions.

Washington, March 2.-Soon after their arrival at the Ebbitt House this were figuratively snowed under by bits few intimate friends only. General ussell A. Alger was among the call overflowing with flowers much to the delight of Mrs. McKinley, who

thoughtfulness of those who had sent the floral tributes. Major McKinley, vho had been somewhat depressed yes terday over the prospects for good weather on inauguration day on acount of the disagreeable condition of affairs in Canton, became very cheerful under the influence of the bright sunshine and balmy atmosphere which greeted his arrival here. This has been the most perfect day Washington has had since winter began. Veritable spring weather prevails and there is every reason to hope that the fourth will be fitted in all respects for a sucessful ceremonial.

The president fortunately recovered from his rheumatic attack this evening sufficiently to assist Mrs. Cleveland at entertaining the president-elect at dinner. This was purely an informal domestic affair and at half-past seven o'clock the persons in whom the in-terest of the entire United States is just now centered, sat down to a bouncharming hospitality for which the Clevelands have been noted was exemplified throughout the evening. The wo men resumed an acquaintance ter-Cleveland completed his first term of office.

MR. CONNELL AND PARTY.

Glee Club Will Serenade President Mckinley at the White House.

special to the Scranton Tribune Washington, D. C., March 2.-Conressman-clect Connell and wife arrived this afternoon and are comfortably quartered at the Hotel Regent for the inauguration. They will occupy a uite of rooms at the Shoreham during

The William Connell Anthracite Glee club also arrived today. They will serenade President McKinley at the White nouse Thursday night. They will occupy a reviewing stand during the paride and sing to the marchers as they pass up Pennsylvania from the capito o the White house. Mr. Connell and rife expect to remain in Washington antil Saturday morning when they will eave for home.

DR. SWALLOW OFFERED PRAYER.

But Declined to Auswer Questions

Before the Legislative Committee. Harrisburg, Pa., March 2.-When Dr C. Swallow was called before the oint legislative committee which is investigating the capitol fire today he offered prayer for the guidance of the committee and then declined to answer

any questions. 'He said: "I must decline to answer questions calling for names of persons from whom I have received information for the following reasons, in addition to

reasons already given by me: 'First-I have already testified to all the facts within my personal knowldge in relation to the burning of the apitol building so far as I can recall hem. Any further testimony would be carsay evidence, and I have heard nothing from any one responsible for the care of the building burned. "Second-A criminal prosecution has

been commenced against me by the su-

buildings charging that matter published concerning the burning of the capi-tol building was libelous and in answer to questions such as the one now procounded would disclose the names of witnesses material to my defense and the character of their testimony.' After much more questioning without

result Dr. Swallow said: "I have the most profound respecfor the gentlemen of the committee and the bodies creating the committee and I appreciate the courtesies shown me, but I positively refuse to answer further questions in view of the libel suits now pending,"

HEARING IN SWALLOW CASE.

Mayor Patterson Decides to Listen to Some of the Testimony.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 2.-Dr. S. C Swallow, editor of the Pennsylvania Methodist, which paper published the sensational charges of malfeasance in office against state officials, was given mission through its secretary, Repre-sentative W. F. Stewart, of Philadelsemble the eve of a presidential nomi- phia, and Captain J. C. Delaney, the sunating convention. Every railroad en- perintendent of public grounds and

Dr. Swallow waived a hearing, but visitors all day and will keep up the process without intermission night and day alike till Thursday noon. Schedule ney Fraham, of Philadelphia, senior time is, of course, abandoned. It is counsel for the plaintiffs, said it was "go as you please" with all trains ham- due those who were charged with such pered only by precautions against run- gross malfeasance to have an opportuning over each other. No one can tell nity in open court to say to the public whether the arriving train is the limited express of yesterday or of the day of judgment. Captain Delaney denied before. The streets are already emphatically the charges of criminal thronged with strangers; hundreds of carelessness at the capitol fire and said fakirs" who make their living, no one there was absolutely no truth in the cnows how and who appear and disap- accusations against him as the agent pear on occasions of this sort with of the board of public grounds and equal mystery, are peddling their Mc- buildings in their purchase of supplies. General J. P. S. Gobin, Representative Stewart and General Thomas J. Stewart, together with the superintendents of the various soldiers' orphans schools ort of all, the capitol, with both houses of congress in night session, and no piles for these schools. They all testified that there was no extravagance whatever, but that on the other hand the purchases were made in the open market, at the lowest possible prices for good goods. Dr. Swallow renewed bail for trial at the quarter sessions the bill as it passed the house. on March 15.

THE CRETAN MUDDLE.

Moslems Will Not Consent to an Alliance with Greece---Problems for the Powers---Riots at Canea.

London, March 2.-In the house of commons today Mr. G. N. Curzeon unafternoon Major and Mrs. McKinley der foreign secretary, read telegrams of white pasteboard, but they received | Canea, saying that the Mussulmans in the island of Crete had declared that Mrs. McKinley was very much fa- Crete with Greece and placed high tigued and retired to her room for a hopes in the action of the great pow-rest. The suite of the presidenters to prevent it. Sir William Harand his party was fearly court raised a debate upon the statement made by Lord Salisbury in the expressed her appreciation of the the policy which the government intended to pursue in regard to Crete, involving the autonomy of that island and the withdrawal of Turkish and Greek naval and military forces and key to withdraw their forces when required to do so. He began by asking whether the powers had assented to the proposals, and pursuing the subject, inquired how far it was believed

was the cause of the present evil. Mr. Curzeon said that the powers would not allow Crete to be taken out of their hands as the arrival of the Greek forces upon the island had excited the Christians and infuriated the

Moslems. RIOT AT CANEA

A riot occurred at Canea, Crete, to day, in which Suleiman Bey, colonel of the Mussulman gendarmes, was fatally tiful repast in the small private dining wounded. The outbreak was caused by room of the executive mansion. The the gendarmes not receiving their pay. Notice of the revolt was sent to the various consulates and the foreign marines were dispatched to the scene. Several volleys were fired under the mined eight years ago when President | windows of the barracks where the gendarmes were quartered. This not having the desired result, the marines fired upon the gendarmes wounding several of them. The rioters then began to yield. The disturbance caused a panic in

Canea.

MRS. O'REILLY'S NERVE.

Woman with a Pistol Prevents the

ing in front of her premises on Broadway with a drawn revolver and threat-ening to fill full of lead any man who

When she returned she protested and filled the hole up. The men began to remove the dirt again, and the woman for this radical restriction of immigradrove them away and placed a wagon tion is the necessity of protecting our on the spot, which Sergeant Cahill compelled her to remove. Mayor Weiber was consulted and authorized the erection of the pole, but when Mrs. O'Reilly drew a pistol all proceedings were stopped, and she was left triumphant.

RUBBER FACTORY CLOSED.

Action of the Trust Causes Want in

Four Hundred Families. New Brunswick, N. J., March 2 .- The Meyer Rubber company, of Militown, has received orders, from the headquarters of the rubber trust to turn over all orders it has on hand or those that may be received in the future to the rubber factory at this place. The Mill-

town factory is to be closed. This will result in great hardship to the residents of Milltown, as they are nearly all dependent on the rubber factory for employment. About four hundred families wil be affected by this perintendent of public grounds and I shut down.

GOES ON SMOOTHLY

Mr. Quay Obtains Permission to Be Relieved of Obligations of Secrecy.

RECORD REPORTS ARE INACCURATE

Bill Passed Looking to the Prevention of the Spread of Contagious Diseases -- President's Reasons for the Veto of the Immigration Bill. An Old Controversy Between Senate and House Is Renewed.

Washington, March 2.-Legislative isiness went on in the senate today smoothly, expeditiously and with very little discussion. The first bill that was passed was for the prevention, introduction and spread of contagious and infectious diseases in the United States-the preamble to it reciting "the alarming nature and spread of the bubonic plague now prevalent in Indi: and adjacent countries.' The fortification bill appropriating

\$9,717,141 was passed. The house amendments to the senate international monetary conference bill were concurred in without a division. but after several short speeches from silver senator.

Mr. Quay, of Pennsylvania, asked and obtained permission to be personally relieved from the obligation of secrecy as to the executive business of yesterday and then he complained that the names of certain postmasters in Pennsylvania were published in the Record and in newspapers as confirmed when they were, in reality, not confirmed but were laid on the table,

Mr. Chilton said he had inquired into the matter and that the names had been properly given out by the executive clerk, according to the rule. The of the various soldiers' orphans schools denied the truth of the statement that tion of the senate did not affect the question of confirmation. Senators Hill and Chandler made statements to the same effect.

The remainder of the day's session was occupied by the general deficiency bill, which appropriates \$10,334,939 nearly two millions more than was in

OLD CONTROVERSY RENEWED. The old controversy before the senate and house over the matter of control of the ceremonies in connection with the inauguration of the president came to the surface when the house reas-sembled at 10 o'clock this morning, in lic. To this he replied: continuation of Monday's legislative session. Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, of-fered a resolution which was referred to the committee on rules, directing that committee to investigate by what authority the inaugural stand was being erected wholly in front of the senreceived from the British consulate ate wing of the capitol, a departure may be clearly understood by every Canea, saying that the Mussulmans from the invariable usage since the quire and report whether or not the triet of Columbia appropriation bills can to know is this: were received from the senate, the

When the house convened for Tuesday's session, Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsyl- from the Americans. vania, in accordance with the promise threatening to impose force in the strictures passed upon Justice Shiras prosperity because the Cubans intend event of the refusal of Greece or Tur- by Messrs. McMillan, of Tennessee, and to involve the American government kins. Dearmond, of Missouri, in connection in trouble with Spain, they do us the with the decision of the Supreme court greatest injustice of the United States upon the income tax case. He asserted that the record that the autonomy of the island would charge that Justice Shiras had changed lards insult the American flag and ar rid the island of Turkish rule, which his mind, and that it showed that Justice Shiras had changed lards insult the American flag and ar rid the island of Turkish rule, which his mind, and that it showed that Justice Shiras had changed lards insult the American flag and ar rid the island of Turkish rule, which his mind, and that it showed that Justice Shiras had changed lards insult the American flag and ar rid the island of Turkish rule. tice Brown had done so.

Mr. Aldrich, of Illinois, endeavored to bring up the bill prohibiting the States is roused against an administrated accounts of prize fights, but the and still calls Spain 'a friendly power. at 4 p. m. until 7 p. m.

at 8 o'clock house bill imposing heavier penalties for mutilating coins was taken from the calendar and passed. It increases the penalty from two to five ears imprisonment and makes unlaw ful the attempt to pass the importaion of and the possession of mutilated coins both foreign and domestic with intent to defraud—as well as the mere act of mutilation. The deficiency tall was discussed and passed and at 12.25 a. m. the senate adjourned.

THE PRESIDENT VETO. The president today sent to the house his veto of the immigration bill. In relation to that part of the bill re

quiring immigrats to be able to read and write in at least one language, the president in his veto said: A radical departure from our national policy relating to immigration is here presented. Heretofore we have wel-

Poughkeepsie, March 2.—Churchgoers an Kingston Sunday were startled by he sight of Mes. Cecilia (CPR) and the startled by he sight of Mes. Cecilia (CPR) and the sight of Mes. Cecilia (CPR) and the startled by h the sight of Mrs. Cecilia O'Reilly standing for to our national welfare and safety ing in front of her premises on Broad. A century's stupendous growth largely due to the assimilation and thrift of milway with a drawn revolver and threat-ening to fill full of lead any man who dared to remove the earth to plant a crous and free-handed policy. Its acare completing a fire alarm system had attempted to blace a pole in front of Mrs. O'Reilly's house. The hole was dug while Mrs. O'Rielly was away.

When she returned she protested and

sive administration.

The best reason that could be given

ing our national peace and quiet from imported turbulence and disorder.

I cannot believe that we would be protected against these evils by limiting to those who can read and write in an language twenty-five words of our con-stitution. In my opinion it is infinitely more safe to admit a hundred thousand immigrants who, though unable to read and write, seek among us only a home and opportunity to work, than to admit one of those unruly agitators and ene-mies of governmental control who can only read and write, but delights in arousing, by imflammatory speech, the illiter ate and peacefully-inclined to disconten and tumuit. Violence and disorder d not originate with illiterate laborers. If any particular element of illiterate im-migration is to be feared for other causes than illiteracy, these causes should be dealt with directly instead of making II iteracy the pretext for exclusion, to the detriment of other illiterate immigrants against whom the real cause of complaint annot be alleged.

The prohibition against the employment of allens upon any public works of the United States is in line with other legis- 8 Up and Down the Valley.

laton of a like character. It is quite a different thing, however, to declare it a crime for an alien to come regularly and habitually into the United States for the purpose of obtaining work from private parties, if such alien returns from time to time to a foreign country and to constitute any employment or such alien a criminal offense.

When we consider these provisions of

When we consider these provisions of the bill in connection with our long northern frontier and the boundaries of several of our states and territories often but an imaginary line separating them from British dominions and recall the friendly intercourse between the people who are neighbors on either side, the provisions of this bill affecting them must be regarded as illiberate, narrow and un-American. A careful examination of this bill has convinced me that for the reasons given and others not specifically stated its provisions are unnecessarily harsh and oppressive and that its defects in contruction would cause vexation and its operation would result in harm to our

CUBA WANTS JUSTICE.

General Gomez Does Not Want Aid from United States --- Simply Asks That We Shall Not Assist Spain.

New York, March 2.-A correspondent of the Sun met General Gomez two miles west of Baeza, between this town and San Fernando ,in the province of Santa Clara, February 25, the day after the second anniversary of the revolution, which had been celebrated with great enthusiasm by the Cuban army throughout the island. Comez had issued on the 24th to his troops the following proclamation, included in his order of the day:

"Soldlers of the Revolution and Fellow-Citizens:-Two years have elapsed since the patriotism of the Cuban people raised he flag of our republic to liberate our ountry from the Spanish sway. Cuba may rest satisfied that every one has done his duty. We are now near the realization of our hopes. Let us hope that a year more will not pass without seeing Cuba free forever; but let us swear by the dear remains of the heroes who have perished at our side in this glorious struggle for the highest ideal that a country can have that neither time nor the hardest toll-we may suffer will make us despair or waver in our resolute attitude, Viva Cuba libre!"

The correspondent says: When I entered Gomez's tent I found nim standing near a table covered with papers. I showed him my letters, and transmitted to him the instructions i had received. He offered me a stool in front of hlm, and he sat down or another. He looked as strong and vigorous as ever. I told him that I wished

WHAT COMEZ SAYS.

"I suppose that the American public is well aware now of the fact that we want only the absolute independence of the Island from Spain. But there i one thing that I wish to add that it building was erected, and also to in- it appears that their administration house had any control over the inaug- love more dearly the honor of the naural ceremonies. The naval and Dis- tion. What I should like every Ameri-

"We do not seek to involve the United house voted to non-concur in the States in a war with Spain. We do house of lords on February 25, declaring amendments by that body, and asked not try in the least to compromise that country in our struggle, or to win our Independence with any material help If there are Americans who think that the war in made some days ago, replied to the Cuba is a menace to their peace and

"It is not our fault if the savage warfare of the Spaniards rouses th of the case gave no ground for the whole civilized world, and if the Spanis not our fault if, in view of such out transmission of papers containing illus- tration which tolerates those things house by a vote of 72 to 33, took a recess All that is the fault of Spain, a bar barous nation of barbarous warriors When the senate resumed its session | The Cubans themselves have revolted precisely because they could not suffe any more of those crimes of which American citizens are the victims now in Spanish towns.

"No, we do not want American help and we did not count upon it when we revolted against the tyranny of the Spaniards. But we do not like to see the American nation siding with our enemies, the American warships baunt ing our expeditionary steamers, the American police arresting our friends abroad and serving-Oh, shame for the country of Washington!-as agents of the Spanish monarchy,

We like fair neutrality. We like to struggle alone against Spain, not against Spain helped by the powerful resources at the command of a president of the United States." The old veteran's eyes sparkled with

assion. "I know," he added, "that the American nation does not approve such conduct, and is in full sympathy with our cause. I thank the American people is I thank the American press, and I am hopeful that President McKinley will be more just than President Cleve

In speaking of the war in the province Santa Clara General Gomez confirmed the report of his victory over the Spanish' generals, Casco, Segura and Ruiz, a few days ago. Since that time the Spanish columns have been demor alized in the province of Santa Clara,

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

Weather Indications Today: Rain: Clearing by Night

Eve of the Inauguration National Legislators Rush Business. Cuba Desires Justice.

Day's Doings in State Legislature (Local)-Message of Burgess Langan of Archbald.

Marshal Shea's Successor Named.

Comment of the Press, (Local)-Carnival of the Scranton Li

derkranz.

(Story)-"Celeste." Whitney's Weekly News Budget, 7 West Side News and Gossip.

THE CONDITION OF WYOMING CAVE-IN

Settling of the Earth Has Ceased and Quiet Reigns.

NINETY-THREE MULES ARE RESCUED

Mine Inspectors Visit Mount Lookout Breaker and Authorize the Company to Begin Work of Clearing Away Debris -- Interview with Mr. Simpson.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., March 2.-The settling of the earth over the Mount Lookout mine at Wyoming stopped this afternoon and the people who abandoned their homes are returning tonight. The 96 mules were all rescued this morning but three, and unless drowned or smothered they will starve to death as there is no way in which they can be reached. A gang of miners went into the mine this afternoon and made an investigation. They found the quick-sand to be forty feet thick in the shaft and where the cave-in occurred it is said to be fully eighty feet or more in thickness and filling the gangways up for more than half a mile in length, From present indications it cannot be removed as it is almost certain that more will follow.

ous mining districts in this region met at Wyoming today. Late in the after-noon they went into the Mount Lookout mine and proceeded within 100 feet of the pot hole. On returning they re-ported that the gangways are filled with sand and water. They claim that the mine is now safer than it was before the cave-in took place. Mine Inspector Roderick authorized the company this evening to begin work at once in clearing up the debris. The officials of the company will notify their miners tomorrow that the work of mining coal will be resumed on Monday next.

Messrs, Simpson & Watkins when seen yesterday afternoon in their office in the Republican building made the statement that the colliery would re sume operations next Monday. Mine Inspector McDonald, they say, spent four hours and a half in examining the mine yesterday morning and at the conclusion of his inspection reported that the danger was all over and that they might resume work at any time. The loss consequent upon the settling will be much less than was at first anticipated. Only that portion of the workings immediately beneath the pot hole will be permanently damaged. The

earth and sand has choked up the tunnell there for a distance of about forty feet, but fortunately the blockade will not cause any serious inconvenience to the workings on either side. Monday it is confidently expected the mine can be made perfectly dry and everything will be probably in as good shape inside as The flow of water and sand through the opening into the mine ceased during the early morning quite as sudden-

ly and phenomenally as it began. The flow of quick-sand and gravel was followed by a settling of the hard clay which fringed the surface at the head of the pot-hole. This packed of its own weight in solidly choked the opening preventing any further flow of water and winning for itself the heartiest gratitude of Messrs. Simpson & Wat-

MR. OLNEY DECLINES.

Will Not Reveal Full Correspondence in the Ruiz Case.

Washington, March 2.-Secretary Olcy today responded to the senate resdutions for the correspondence in the Ruiz case by sanding an abstract of the matter, declining to send the full correspondence on the ground that it would seem not to be in the public interest.

The abstract relates the fact of Rulz's iaturalization in Philadelphia in 1889; his residence since in Cuba: his arrest death; the conflicting report General Lee and the Spanish authorities in Cuba as Ruiz's treatment in prison and the manner of his death and the proposed Investigation by the Spanish home govcoment into the facts. Continuing Mr. Olney then says: "Until the results of the full investi-

gation thus agreed upon by the two overnments shall have been reached what further steps should be taken in the matter by the United States, cannot, of course, be determined. The inquiry should be set on foot and completen with all possible dispatch, and t would seem to be wise that the consul general of the United States should provided with the best legal assistce available, not only in this country, but in Havana. Meanwhile, and pending the proposed Investigationwhich is not unlikely to excite local feeling and which should not be embarraysed or defeated by any forestalling or perverting of testimony-the publication of the correspondence on he subject between this department and the consul general at Havana would not seem to be in the public in-

The Marquis of Apezteguia Will Take the Reins.

CUBA'S NEW GOVERNOR.

Washington, D. C., March 2 .- In accordance with the reforms which the cleared again Hickey and Stenzler were Spanish government proposes to inaugurate in Cuba the Marquis of Apezte- Cornishman apparently forget all about guia will be appointed civil governor of the island. The marquis is a native of ents right and left without any Cuba, and is well known among all tion and showed greater speed than he Americans doing business in Cuba as has yet displayed. "Mysterious" Dilly an able and conscientious statesman. military forces of the island who will be subordinate to the governor. The new governor is now in Madrid, and his appointment wil be officially announced in a few days.

Their Wages Reduced.

Hazleton, Pa., March 2.—The Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal company today in-augurated a system of retrenchment at all its collieries in this vicinity. Foremer were reduced from \$100 monthly to \$75; in side laborers from \$1.65 per day to \$1.50 and other laborers in proportion down to breaker employes from \$1.10 to 90 and 70 cents a day.

SHIRT WAISTS

Our new stock is now

Latest Novelties. Up-to-Date Designs. Perfect Fit and Finish, Popular Prices.

Also elegant new line of Silk and Linen Batiste in stripes, plain and lace effects. Most beautiful line The mine inspectors from the vari- of Embroidered Chiffons ever shown in Scranton.

> Our Spring Assortment of

Is Complete.

510 AND 512 LACKAWANNA AVENUE

Always Busy



Specials for March-Ladies' Vici Kid Welts \$2.00. Men's Cali Welts, \$2.00. Spring Footwear for every member of the family. Wholesale and retail.

Lewis, Reilly & Davies 114 and 116 Wyoming Avenue.

PUGILISTS AT WORK.

Fitzsimmons Complains of Stiffness of the Joints --- Corbett Entertains His Wife and Sister.

Carson, Nevada, March 2.-Nobody sould withstand the temptation to venture out today and with the exception of Dan Stuart all invalids from the vislting coions were about the town. Corbett gave up the entire day to his vife and sizter, who arrived today, who decorated his quarters and received the visitors. In the evening he lim-

bered up a little at hand ball but did not attempt any heavy work. Fitzsimmons today complained of a preness about his joints which is probably a result of the cold which he has been nursing ever since he arrived. The hot springs at the state penitentiary have done him a world of good and he expects before the week is over all lameness will have disappeared. He began work in the afternoon with a fourteen round battle with the punching bag. The wrestling mat was rolled out after: Fitzsimmons had finished with the punching bag and Roeber stripped for action. A crippled finger prevented the wrestler from appearing at his best and Bob rolled him about as he pleased. When the floor was polished off in short order and the his stiff elbow. He put both his oppon-Smith dropped from the eastern train There will be a commander of the tonight and wandered up to Dan Stuart's headquarters. He is twelve pounds over weight, but in good condition. Smith was not pleased with the training headquarters secured for him in Carson, and will probably head for Dayton, a small village fourteen

> Herald's Weather Forecast. New York, March 2.-In the Middle states today, cloudy to partly cloudy, warmer weather will provail, preceded by

> miles to the southward in the morning.

On Thursday, slightly colder weather will probably prevail, followed by rain or