TWO CENTS A COPY

Men's Winter Underwear Slaughter...

Explanations as to the hows and whys for these extraordinary low prices are unnecessary.

We have the goods in unlimited quantities at the figures quoted, and we guarantee every garment to be first quality and free from imperfections.

The Sale Is Now On And Lasts One Week

Norfolk and New Brunswick

Full fashloned winter weight shirts and drawers. Every buyer of fine underwear knows what this celebrated underwear is. Sufficient to say, therefore, that its cost of production is more than we now ask for it.

Price for One Week,

Nos. 811, 481, \$1.25

Root Manufacturing Co.'s

Strictly wool natural shirts and drawers. Superbly finished good.

Sale Price, \$1.25

Lackawanna Mills

Fine all wool natural underwear A quality made to sell for \$1.25.

Sale Price. 89c

Switz Conde Underwear

Shirts and drawers, all sizes. The Sale Price, 69c

Sixty

Per Cent. Wool

Natural Shirts and drawers, as good as any sold for \$75c. Sale Price, 50c

Wool Fleeced Underwear

Shirts and drawers of extra quality and finish. Good value for 75c Sale Price, 50c

GLOBE

WAREHOUSE.

THE WHEELS ARE STILL HUMMING

New Industries Are Constantly Being Revived Everywhere.

GOOD TIMES FOR THE WORKMEN

Thousands of Men Are Finding Employment Daily in the New Enterprises That Have Sprung Into Existence Since the Election of Major McKinley .- The Prophecies of Republican Leaders Realized.

Pittsburg, Nov. 9 .- The Star tin plate works, located on Twelfth street, Pittsburg, which has been running half time, started up in full with two additional mills this morning, giving employment to 100 skilled workmen. The Oliver Iron and Steel company, will start their plant in full on Wednesday morning, employing 600 men.

The Clinton furnace company, located on the South Side, wil start up in full

tomorrow, giving work to 300 men. The Westinghouse Electric company The Westinghouse Electric company which has been running but five days per week, today started on a six day schedule, giving one more days work,

to 2,000 men.

The Carnegie company has closed the Edgar Thomson Steel works for repairs and additions. Work will resume on Thursday with 3,000 men.

The puddling department of the Sligo Iron works is undergoing repairs, with the intention to start in full the latter part of this week.

Woonsocket, R. I., Nov. 9.—The American Axe, works, at Fast Douglass.

ican Axe works at East Douglass, Mass., a part of which has been idle for several weeks, will start up in full

for several weeks, will start up in full November 16.

Newburgh, N. Y., Nov. 9.—The Firth Carpet mills at Cornwall which have been running on three-fourths time, started up this morning on full time. It is stated that all the employes who were laid off during the dull time will be taken back.

Meadville, Pa., Nov. 9.—The Eric railroad car shops in this city started run-

Meadville, Pa., Nov. 9.—The Eric railroad car shops in this city started running on full time today. The road expects a big increase in freight traffic
on account of the revival of business.
Lyons, N. Y., Nov. 9.—The Manhattan Plate company, which during the
past summer has been running on irregular time , commenced today running overtime. President Thomas says
orders were received conditioned upon
the result of the election and since
then letters and telegrams have been
received renewing the orders. Salesreceived renewing the orders. Sales-men report a great picking up in trade and the company branch agencies in New York, Chicago, St. Louis, New Or-leans and San Francisco are rushing in telegraphic orders for more goods. The New Haven Silver Plate company's plant has been shut down since February last. It is now running on full time with enough orders to last until January and if more come they will be compelled to work night and day.

No. 124, 95c

A. H. Towar & Co.'s sliver plating works has received a large batch of orders and a full force is at work.

"HANDS WANTED." of increasing business activity due to a restoration of confidence, are to be found in nearly every line of manufac-ture carried on in the great mill dis-trict of Kensington. The daily open-ing up of the mills and factories in the district many of which have been presdistrict, many of which have been practically shut down for over three months, is giving employment to hosts of idle men, and the legend, "hands wanted" has already become so familiar in the northeastern part of the city as to cease to excite remark. Conse vative manufacturers, who scout the idea of realizing prosperity in a single leap, say that the manifestations of activity are caused by the filling of or-ders which have been held in abeyance; but all agree in the belief that operabut all agree in the belief that opera-tions will gradually increase until all the big plants are running full blast. Sedalla, Mo., Nov. 9.—After working on half time and on half force for sev-eral months past, the Missouri Pacific shops today put a full force of men, 800

in number, to work on full time.

Piqua. Nov. 9.—The corrugating works, rolling mill, Snyder Bentwood works and the Orr Linseed mill started today, giving employment to 500

Des Moines Iowa Nov. 9 - The De Moines Packing company opened its packing house today, after a long pertod during which it was shut down on account of hard times. It employes 150

The Des Moines Knitting works has the Des Moines Kritting works has put on day and night forces doubling its capacity and employing 75 men. The Des Moines Woolen mills has also doubled its force and will employ 150 hands.

The Rock Island road has ordered The Rock Island road has ordered nine hours work daily in all its shops in lowa, the first time in a year.

Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 9.—The Reading Railroad company under the reorganization has buid the first inestallment of bonus on capital stock to the state amounting to almost \$50,000. The entire bonus will reach nearly \$350,000. Johnstown, Pa. Nov. 6—It was an. Johnstown, Pa., Nov. 6.—It was au-thoritatively announced today that the great Cambria steel mills, which have been closed down for some time, will resume work the latter part of the week, giving employment to a large force of men. The company hopes to put the blooming and billet mill in operation about the same time.

WAGES INCREASED. Baltimore, Md., Nov. 9.—The John S. Gibbs Co., one of the largest canning industries in the state has increased industries in the state has increased wages 25 per cent to take effect at once. Seventy-five men will be benefitted from \$2 to \$3 per week. Mr. Gibbs says this is an unprecented era of prosperity ahead and he expects all the packing firms in the city to follow his example.

The Merchant and Miners Transpor-tation has awarded to the Harlan and Hollingsworth company, of Wilming-ton, Del., a contract to build a steam-er to cost \$330,000 for use on the Boston

Ashland, Ky., Nov. 8.—The Ironton Fire Brick works and the Parker and Austin fire brick works, both located at Coal Grove, opposite here, have re-sumed operations. The Ashland Steel company's plant and the Norton Nail works are both actively engaged in preparations for resuming work. A dis-patch from Utonega, Va., says that the Virginia Coal and Iron company has

the Virginia Coal and Iron company has fired fifty new coke ovens. Huntington, W. Va., Nov. 9.—The car shops of the Chesapeake and Ohio rail-wa in this city, employing 700 men be-gan this morning a ten hour day. The shops have been on eight hour time for

a year past.

Lafayette, Ind., Nov. 9.—Loeb and Hirsch, under the firm name of Lion & Deer Manufacturing Co., manufacturers of overalls and employing 159 men, resumed business today after having been shut down since the middle of October.

Decatur, Ilis., Nov. 9.—The following firms have resumed work, after being lile for the past year: Chanders in the color of the past year.

men, manufacturers of check rowers, etc., F. B. Tate & Co., 100 employes manufacturers of corn planters and farming implements; Decatur Furniture Co., 100 men, furniture; Wabash rallway shoos, 300 men. All of these places have been shut down entirely or working half time for the past year. Detroit, Mich., Nov. 9.—The Michigan works of the Peninsular Car company started work this morning and 400 men were set to work on repairs. The Peninsular shop has been running for some time with a reduced force. Cleveland, O., Nov. 9.—J. C. Moorehead, general superintendent of the

head, general superintendent of the Eric railroad, today issued an order which will affect for the better several thousand men. The order calls for longer hours and increased pay and

men.
Saratoga, N. Y., Nov. 9.—As a result
of the election various mills throughout the county, which had been closed
for some time have resumed opera-

tions on full time. Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 9.—John Mot-Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 9.—John Motter is in receipt of a letter from his brother. Philip Motter, who is one of the members of a firm operating a big tin plate and glass plant at Anderson. Ind. In the letter Mr. Motter states that since the election the firm has contracted for come \$300,000 worth of tin plate and also expects to start its glass plant at once.

Savanah, Ga., Nov. 9.—There has been a lively activity in business circles since the election. Merchants report a largely increased trade and enterprises

largely increased trade and enterprises which have been practically dormant awalting the result of the financial question are being revived. There is a stronger feeling of security in all business cludes.

stronger feeling of security in all business circles.
Bellefonte, Pa., Nov. 9.—The Bellefonte Glass plant, which has been idle the past five years, is to be blown in. All arrangements are complete for starting one furnace of six pots, and repairs will at once be made to begin operations by November 20.

O'FERRAL'S OPINION.

'irginia's Governor Thinks That the Election Results Have Prevented Disaster in the United States.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Gov. O'Ferrall, of Virginia, in a published interview expresses himself strongly on the result of the election which he considers has saved the country from disaster. "I am a Democrat" he said, "and have always been and shall always be in principle, but I want none of the Mrs. Lease-Altgeld-Tillman-Bryan combination in mine. I am sorry that the good people of the south cut loose from those who had sent the most capital into her midst for the development of her industries and tied herself to the little 'silver burros' of the west. When did any of those western silver states ever send a dollar into the south that would aid in the development of states ever send a dollar into the south that would aid in the development of its industries? On the contrary, has not nearly every dollar come from the north? But they cut loose from the north, spit in the teeth of New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and other states which have spent money in developing her infant industries.

I have stood by the Democratic par-

I have stood by the Democratic par-ty for thirty-four years and worked hard for its success. I had to cut loose from it when I refused to vote for Horace Greley, a Republican, and this Populist."

It is said that Governor O'Ferrall is an aspirant for senatorial honors, being desirous of succeeding John W. Danbe in favor of the re-election of Senator Daniel on a free silver platform, but the House of delegates is as yet undetermined. Consul General Lee is also among

those who are said to aspire to Senator Daniels seat, also as a sound money Democrat.

DEADLOCK AT ATLANTA.

Four Candidates Struggle for Office of United States Sen tor.

Atlanta Ga., Nov. 2.—At 3.30 o'clock this afternoon the Democratic members of the house and senate caucussed to nominate a senator. Adjournment was had at 6.30 until 8 without nomination. The first ballot resulted: At-kinson and Clay 46 each; Howell 36; Lewis and Evans 13 each; Robertson 8; total 157; necsesary to choice 89, The fifth ballot resulted: Atkinson 50; Clay 57; Howell 40; Lewis 22. The

The caucus continued balloting to-night without material change. It seems to be the field against Governor Atkinson.
The balloting may run on until after

nidnight and it is quite possible that he deadlock may not be broken at all tonight. Balloting in open session begins tomorrow, but before adjourning the caucus will instruct certain members to vote for the lowest man on the list so that the Populists may be vented from making a nomination,

FUND FOR THE CUBANS.

The Evening Telegraph Begins Work of Mercy.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—The Evening Telegraph today started a fund for the relief of Cuban sufferers and headed the list with a \$100 contribution. In announcing the movement, the Tele-

money will be regularly transmited through proper and effective agencies to Cuba where it will do its work under the form of medicines for the sick, surgical aid for the wounded. clothing for the naked and food for the starving. The funds subscribed, it is further stated, will not be sent to General Weyler for distribution.

The Famous Telephone Case. Washington, Nov. 9.—Argument in the famous case of the United States against the American Bell telephone, a sait to cancel the patent issued to Emil Berliner for a transmiter and upon the result of which depends the continuance of the telephone monopoly in the United States, was begun in the United States Subremeourt this afternoon by R. S. Taylor, on behalf of the government.

Big Warehouse Burned. Reading, Pa., Nov. 8.—The large implement warehouse of H. K. Miller, of Columbia, located at Shoemakersville, this county, was burned out yesterday together with a lot of machinery, tools, etc. Loss, \$7,000; insurance, \$5,000. The place was conducted by M. F. Mogel It is supposed that the building was set on fire.

A Gas Man Killed.

Chicago. Nov. 9.—Warren D. Mason, president of the Chicago Acetylene Gas and Carbido company, was killed this morning at his residence by a folding bed. Mr. Mason arose to see what time it was and in getting back into the bed, jarred it so that the top fell upon him, breaking his backbone.

LORD SALISBURY'S BANOUET SPEECH

He Declares That the Venezuelan Controversy is at an End.

Argument Against Great Britain Taking Isolated Action Against the Porte Are Repeated .- He Denies That the Powers Are Acting on Selfish Principles on the Turkish

Mr. Bayard, in treating of the com-munity of interests of the nations of the world, all being affected by the doings of others, referred to the presidential election in the United States, saying; "I am very sure that it was in no narrow party sense, not merely national sense, that the heart of the people which it is my highest honor to represent, was echoed in a verdict that could not be misunderstood, standing as it does for national honor, and the continuity of national honor, and the continuity of national collections making thuity of national obligations, making the world safer in the trust of each part, speaking as emphatically as the human mind and human heart ever spoke in favor of that honesty which is an essential condition of civilization everywhere." McKinley has passed in many months.
The newspaper men who were on
duty at the Chicago national headquarters and who were banquetted in
New York by Chairman Hanna, will
pass through Canton at 10.26 tomorrow
morning. Major McKinley will drive
down to the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne
and Chicago depot where he will meet
and greet the correspondents enroute. everywhere." (Loud cheers.) When Lord Salisbury arose to reply to the toast "our ministers," he re-

ceived an ovation. After thanking the lord mayor and the others present for the warmth of the welcome extended to him, he

REGARDING VENEZUELA.

I thank the ambassador of the United States for his presence here and for joining a great historic meeting. By the few words he has uttered has has raised his own plane of observation so high above the mere level of party that, though contrary to practice to remark upon the internal politics of other states, I may be permitted, without impertinence, to congratulate him upon the splendid pronouncement the great people he represents have made in behalf of the principles which lie at the base of all human society, (Cheers). It is rather pathos to have to turn therefrom to the rather unimportant controversy his country and ours have had in recent months. I only do so for the purpose of expressing the belief that it is at an end. (Cheers). You are aware that in the discussion had with the United States on behalf of their friends in Venezuela our question gas not been whether there should be arbitration, but whether arbitration should have unrestricted application, and we have always claimed that those who apart from historic right had the right which attaches to established settlements should be excluded from arbitration. Our difficulty for months has been to define the settled districts and the solution has, I think, come from the government of the United States that we should treat our colonial empire as we treat individuals; that the same lapse of time which protects the latter in civic life from having their title questioned should similarly protect an English colony, but beyond that, when a lapse could not be claimed, there should be an examination of title and all the equity demanded in regard thereto should be granted.

I do not believe I am using unduly sanguine words when I declare my belief

demanded in regard thereto should be granted.

I do not believe I am using unduly sanguine words when I declare my belier that this has brought the controversy to an end. (Loud cheers). It is a matter of no small satisfaction to the government that at a time when anxious social questions, which are far more important than political questions, are troubling the United States, and therefore troubling the world, we should remove any semblance of political difference that might hinder common action in defence of the common heritage of society.

We have had an anxious year at the foreign office, but we have floated into a period of comparative calm, and I do not intend to trouble you with matters that have passed away.

have passed away. THE TURKISH QUESTION.

Lord Salisbury then proceeded to the tion. He pictured the risk of an Euro pean war, and then said that the six great powers must act in concert. Anyone of these powers was able to veto the others. He denied that the powers were acting on selfish principles. They had firm ground for difference of opin-ion. The motives influencing the Brit-ish government must influence all conthe Right Hon, John Moriey and others to abandon its policy of the past and renounce certain lands, in which case the foreign powers would accept Great Britain's policy. He did not believe in anything of the sort. At all events he did not see any cause to abandon the policy hitherto pursued or to relinquish

Turkey. He referred to the latest promises of reform made by the Sul-tan, and said that the future alone Turkey. could determine how far even such

T a standard riff to see the tempe the A Night in Scranton Theaters.

of the Venezuelan dispute is wholly satisfactory to Great Britain and the United States. The Daily Graphic holds that the solution of the vexatious question reflects the highest credit upon all concerned. It fully justifies the intervention of the United States. The Chronicle will say that it finds

M'KINLEY'S CONDITION.

The President-Elect Has Recovered

from the Fatigues of Campaign.

the meat out of a huge pile of news-papers that would reflect credit upon some of the most trained exchange edi-

tors of the profession. There were no callers of prominence at the McKinley residence up to 2 o'clock this afternoon.

and taken altogether this has been the

most quiet and uneventful day Major McKinley has passed in many months.

JEWELRY STORE ROBBED.

Five Thousand Dollars' Worth of Diamonds Taken.

without exciting suspicion.

not more than twenty-one years old.

LIBERTY BELL IN HOCK.

Checkered Career.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—The Columbian Liberty bell is in the hands of the shoriff. The Henry McShane Manu-

facturing company, of Baltimore, which cast it, claims that it has never

been paid for the work, and the local

agent, with a deputy sheriff, brought the bell from Evanston to Chicago. It will be shipped to Baltimore, where the firm intends to place it on exhibi-

tion.
The bell was attached once before,

lanta exposition, but a note for \$125, the

amount of the attachment, was given to secure the debt. The McShane com-pany claims the bell cost them \$1,200.

FRAUDS IN VIRGINIA.

It Is Claimed That Whole Counties

Were Stolen by Democrats.

New York, Nov. 9.—A committee consisting of Edward Waddell and James G. Brady, from the Virginia Re-

publican state committee, called on Mr. Hanna this afternoon and made a re-port to him concerning the alleged elec-

tion frauds in Virginia. It is claimed that whole counties were stolen there

It is probable that the autional corn

mittee will carefully inquire into the grievances of the Virginia Republicans

Valuable Library Burned.

Solly Defeats Willie.

London, Nov. 9.—The fight between Sol Smith, of Los Angeles, Cal., and Willis-Smith, the featherweight champion of England, for a purse of 550, took place tonight at the National Sporting club. The American was awarded the fight in the eighth round.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

Industrial Activity Is Increasing.

Senator Sherman Predicts an Extra Tariff Session of Congress. Weyler to Direct Operations Against Maceo in Person.

(Local)-Common Pleas Court Opens. Grand Jury Findings.

(Local)—Board of Control Reconsiders Former Action in Reference to Super-vision of the High School. Prof. Coles Addresses Ministers.

(Story)—"The Six Dumb Belles of Cas-tle Schreckenstrohm."
Wall Street Review and Marketa

Editorial. Real Root of Public Discontent.

estion. Silver Would Have Made Japan a

Fair: Rising Temperature.

Weather Indications Today:

and take action on the matter

by the Democrats.

Columbia Instrument Has a

Chicago, Nov. 9 .- J. Hermann & Com-

The Chronicle will say that it finds Lord Salisbury's statement rather puzzling. It doubts whether settled colonists exist in any great numbers but supposes it is all right.

The Daily Telegraph says the terms of the settlement leave the dignity and interest of Great Britain and the United States unimpaired.

WARM FRIENDSHIP FOR AMERICANS

Question.

London, Nov. 8.—There was a sumptuous display tonight at the banquet marking the installation into office of Mr. George Faudel Phillips, the new lord mayor of London. The banqueting hall of the Guild hall was crowded, many of those present being of world wide celebrity. Interest centered in the speech made by Lord Salisbury, it being the custom in recent years for the prime minister at the Lord Mayors banquet to make a statement regarding the foreign and domestic policies of the government.

Ambassador Thomas F. Bayard replied to the toast "the foreign representatives."

Mr. Bayard, in treating of the community of interests of the nations of the long the favorite occupation of perusing a pile of newspapers

REGARDING VENEZUELA.

Turkish question. He repeated arguments against Great Britain taking isolated action against the Porte, and emphasized the fact that the military occupation of Turkey would be necessary if such action were taken. Great Britain, he declared, could not occupy the country unless she established conscription. scientious rulers. Her majesty's gov-ernment, he added, had been urged by the Right Hon. John Morley and others an acre of ground now occupied by the British. (Cheers.) Continuing. Lord Salisbury declared

Elmwood, Ark., Nov. 9.—The winter residence and valuable library of Miss Octavia French, located here, was totally destroyed by fire last night. Miss French is well known in the literary world as "Octave Thanet," the novel and magazine writer. The family narrowly escaped. The loss is estimated at \$12,99. that the concert of Europe seemed to be in a more favorable condition to ex-tirpate the terrible disease in the east than ever before. He eulogized the speeceh made on Tuesday last by M. Hanotaux, the French foreign minis-ter in the Chamber of Denuties He did ter in the Chamber of Deputies. He did not, he said, expect that France would try to baffle the action of the European concert, while, he added, the triple alliance had always been in sympathy with the British doctrines regarding the Eastern question. Lord Salisbury the Eastern question. Lord Salisbury repudiated the idea that there was necessarily permanent antagonism between Great Britain and Russia. (Cheers.) Such an idea was a superstition of antiquated diplomacy. He had, he said, good ground for believing that Russia had the same views. He did not desire to imply that there was any power with which Great Britain would specially act. He only protested against the idea that any power was especially Great Britain's opponent. especially Great Britain's opponent. He would not say there would not be difficulty in concurring in any scheme to exercise force if the other powers agreed, but he did not know whether the use of force was meditated against Turkey He referred to the letter humble promises as these would be realized. He hoved the powers would be able to convince Turkey that she was drifting in the current towards an abyss, and that they would succeed in diverting her before she arrived at

JAPAN WOULD BE A DANGEROUS RIVAL

Witness to the National Go-a-Head Spirit of the Country.

WANTED FREE COINAGE OF SILVER

If Bryan and Free Trade Came in She Would Undersell Us in Cotton Fabrics -- Coal Loaded on Ships for \$2 Per Ton.

San Francisco, Nov. 9.—D. P. Thomp-son, of Portland, has just arrived on the steamship City of Rio de Janeiro from Japan. Thompson is an ex-United States minister to Turkey, having served there during 1892, and has spent several weeks in observation and

spent several weeks in observation and recreation in the mikado's domains.

"The Japanese are preparing to become independent in military and commercial matters," said he. "The spirit which controls them in every class is that of a desire for independence. They propose first to have a navy. To this end they have let contracts for cruisers in the United States and in England. But the government intends to have many of its battleships built at home. A dry dock is in course of construction at Nagaski, and it will, in time, be followed by Iron and steel works, where cruisers and men or war may be built. Because of the low labor pation of perusing a pile of newspapers that daily come to him in the mail. Although Major McKinley has never had any newspaper experience he has a faculty of disposing of and getting

works, where cruisers and men or war may be built. Because of the low labor cost they may be constructed more cheaply in Japan than here.

"Had Bryan been elected president and a free trade policy adopted we should have met strong competition from the Japanese factories. Already there are 6,000 factories in the city of Osaka, and many of these manufacture cotton cloths. They are buying American cotton, and without a tariff they could return this in cloth at lower prices than we could make it. At Nagaski coal was loaded on the Oriental steamships at \$2 per ton."

PRINCE KHILKOFF'S VISIT.

England's Attention Drawn to Our Increased Trade with Russia. London, Nov. 9.—A dispatch from St Petersburg to the Times with reference to the recent visit to the United States of Prince Khilkoff, Russian Minister of Communication, dwells upon the great increase of American trade with

"American locomotives are being im-ported," says the dispatch. "Americans are building a locomotive works on the Volga and are laying naptha pipe the Volga and are laying naptha pipelines in the south, while armor plates for the Russian admirality are being made in the United States.

"It is the belief that the object of Prince Khilkoff's tour was to give the Czar a report on American railways, which will be useful and instructive in the present active development of Russian railways."

Chicago, Nov. 9.—J. Hermann & Company's jewelry store on the tenth floor of the Masonic Temple, was entered by two armed robbers late this afternoon, who secured about \$5,000 worth of diamonds, a gold watch and chain and \$100 in money and escaped. Mr. Hermann, proprietor, and C. A. McGurty, a clerk, were the only occupants of the room when the robbers entered. They were preparing to close up the day's business when they were confronted with drawn reolvers. The outlaws ordered them into one corner of the room and then bound and gagged both. While one robber watched over them with his pistol in readiness his companion rifled the safe of its contents and slipped a quantity of gems into his pocket. Mr. Hermann's watch was taken from him. The robbers escaped as they had entered and passed out into the street without exciting suspicion. BOXING MATCHES. Three Events of Interest to the Sluggers.

Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Two good bouts were pulled off before the Syra-Eddy Garry, of New York, got the de-cision over Jack McDonald, of New-ark, N. J., after fifteen rounds of ter-rific fighting, in which McDonald show-It was several minutes before the proprietor and the clerk could release themselves and the robbers had made good their escape. The matter was re-ported to police headquarters and a dozen officers were detailed on the case. ed wonderful pluck and endurance. George English, of Troy, and Sam McCrea, of Bangor, Maine, fought six McCrea, of Bangor, Maine, fought six rounds. English got the decision. Harvey Parker, of Rochester, threw Adam Miller, of Syracuse, in a catch-as-catch-can wrestling bout in nine minutes and thirty-five seconds. This was for the championship of Central New York. New York, Nov. 9.—Popular prices and an attractive programme served to No clue to the identity of the robbers has been found. They are said to be

and an attractive programme served to crowd the Union Athletic club to the doors tonight. The principal event was a twenty-round encounter between a twenty-round encounter between "Scaldy Bill" Quinn, who halls from the Pennsylvania coal regions, and Dick O'Brien, of Boston. At the end of the thirteenth round, O'Brien was declared

LOWER FIRE RATES.

Insurance Competition Is Liable to Be Very Lively in Future. New York, Nov. 9.—The Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin to-

morrow will say:
The fire loss of the United States and Canada for the month of October as compiled from our daily records, shows a total loss of \$8,993,000. This is a remarkable improvement over October showing in 1895, when the total loss was \$12,411,500. The total for the first ten months of

The total for the first ten months of 1896 exhibits a gratifying reduction in comparison with the figures for the same period of 1895.

"The lessening of the fire waste is already stimulating fire underwriters to increased energy in seeking new business, and it is not unlikely that before long this will result in rate contests. during which the public in some sec tions will be able to buy reliable insur-

ance at bargain counter prices. ATTEMPT AT TRAIN WRECK.

The Heads of Russian Nobility in

Danger. Vienna, Nov. 9.—The Neue Freie Presse publishes a despatch from St. Petersburg saying it is stated there that a railway train which was con-veying the Dowager Czarina, Grand Duke Michael, Grand Duke Nicholas and Grand Duchess Olga was stopped between Sombatowo and Mikalewejo, the engineer finding that the wheels of the locomotive had been willfully

loosened.

The occupants were compelled to walk to Mikalewejo. Several employes of the railway have since been arrest-ed on suspicion of being implicated in the attempt to wreck the train.

THE FIRE THIS MORNING.

Small Bakery Shop in Rear of Franklin Avenue Partially Destroyed. A small one story frame building in the rear of Franklin avenue and next to the Lackawanna Hospital took fire about 2.30 o'clock this morning, and was partially destroyed before the flames were subdued by the fire com-

panies.

The place was used as a bakery shop and was owned by the father of Chief of Police Robling. The loss will probably reach two or three hundred dol-

Steamship Arrivals. New York, Nov. 9.—Arrived: Mohawk, from London; Circassia, from Glasgow and Moville: Friesland, from Antwerp, Arrived out: Saale, at Bremerhaven, Sailed for New York: Kaiser Wilhelm II, from Gibraltar; New York, from South-

Snow at Jamestown. Jamestown, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Eight or ten inches of snow has fallen in the northern part of Chautauqua county today and the storm is still raging.

Special Sale For This Week.

Ladies' and Children's . .

Muslin Underwear

10 doz. Gowns with Cambric Ruffle, 69c, each.
7 doz. Gowns, Tucked Yoke, Embroid-ered Collars and Cuffs, 75c. each. 5 doz. Gowns, Embroidered Yoke, Collars and Cuffs, \$1.00.
19 doz. Gowns, Embroidered Yoke, Collars and Cuffs, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Misses' and Children's Gowns, all sizes.
Long and Short Skirts, Plain and Handsomely Trimmed, from 75c. to \$8.00 each.
The finest line ever shown in Scranton. 50 doz. Drawers in Muslin and Cambric, plain and trimmed, with Lace and Embroidery, 3c. up.
Misses' and Children's Drawers, all sizes.
Also full line of the "Loie Fuller Drawers in Cambric and Muslin.
Corset Covers from 10c. to \$2.75 each.
Ladies' Outing Flannel Gowns, 75c. and

Ladies' Percale and Flannelette Wrapprices.

We call special attention to our

Home-made Muslin Gowns

510 AND 512

LACKAWANNA AVENUE

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