TWELVE PAGES --- 84 COLUMNS.

SCRANTON, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 7, 1896.

TWO CENTS A COPY

W Wonderful

AT

AND

THESE ARE MADE UP IN FINE BLACK TAFFETA SILKS, WITH SHIRT YOKE BACKS AND TUCK CLUSTER FRONTS, THE NECK BAND IS FITTED FOR WEAR-ING A LINEN COLLAR OF ANY SHAPE, AND THE SLEEVE IS FASHION'S VERY LATEST, THE PRICES ASKED (3.95 AND \$4.95) ARE MUCH UNDER VALUE. AND AS THE QUALITY AT THESE FIGURES IS LIMITED TO THE NUMBER WE HAVE IN STOCK, EARLY LOOKING MAY BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE.

bevore construction was a service of

Two Tone Taffeta Waists

THE DEMAND HAS BEEN GREATER THAN WE COULD KEEP PACE WITH, BUT WE EXPECT THE BROKEN SIZES AND MISSING SHADES WILL BE MADE GOOD BY TOMORROW. WHEN THE RANGE WILL BE UP TO THE FORMER HIGH STANDARD.

Flannel Waists

FOR STREET WEAR ARE MUCH IN DEMAND. WE HAVE A FULL LINE IN SOLID COLORS AND FANCY PLAIDS. THEY'RE RIGHT AT EVERY POINT. YOU'LL SAY SO WHEN YOU SEE

The Latest Novelty

NEW WAISTS WITH TIGHT-FITTING JERSEY CLOTH BODY AND SILK TAFFETA SLEEVES NOT IN YET BUT WILL BE IN A DAY OR TWO.

who were the second

Just Added

A COMPLETE LINE OF BUT-TERICK'S FAMOUS PAPER PAT-TERNS: AS COMPLETE AS THEY CARRY IN THEIR NEW YORK OFFICE.

GLOBE

WAREHOUSE.

Francisco Company

VICTORY CERTAIN FOR REPUBLICANS

The Managers Claim 235 Electoral Votes Aside from Doubtf ul States.

MUCH UNCERTAINTY IN MICHIGAN

Hard Fight Before the Republican in That State -- Wisconsin in the Republican Column and Wyoming May Be for McKinley Also -- Oregon May Furnish a Surprise.

Washington, Oct. 6.-The Republican National committee has accomplished a wonderful work since it pitched its tent in the Windy City. Old campaigners say that such a superb party organiza-tion was never seen before. The doubt-ful states have all been polled two or three times, and with a fair idea of the situation thus derived the Republicans make bold to claim the election, and back up their claims by offering betting

The Republican managers lay claim

nelude the following states:	
New England	. 1
lowa	. 1
South Dakota	
North Dakota	
Wisconsin	. 1
Illinois	. :
filinols Indiana	. 1
New York	
Delaware	
New Jersey	. 1
Maryland	
Kentucky	. 1
	-
Total	+ 20
Necessary to a choice	

In addition to the above states, which the Republicans insist they will carry beyond question, they claim to have unfighting chance for the doubtful states

named below					
Minnesota					Ŋ.
Nebruska	******				
Oregon		*****	0.000		
Wyoming	******			*****	
Washingto	ti			*****	
Michigan			****	******	Oc.
Kansas				******	(0)
California West Virg	SHIPPERKER	*****	15525		-
West Virg	inia				
***************************************			311	SHIP	

would have lost the state, but that now he feels confident of carrying it. The Republicans are more hopeful of success in Nebraska than in Kansas, California, they are willing to concede. s extremely doubtful.

There will be no rainbow chasing in the southern states this year, notwith-standing the rumored designs on Texthe southern states this year, notwith-standing the rumored designs on Tex-as. Louisiana, Alabama, and North Carolina, attributed to Senator Quay. One of the best informed of the Republican managers today, who went over the situation carefully, admitted that the Republicans had no hopes of carrying any of the southern states, except Kentucky, and that they regraded as absolutely certain.

WISCONSIN CONCEDED TO RE-PUBLICANS. PUBLICANS.

A month ago the Democrats were confidently claiming Wisconsin, and the Republicans thought it was doubtful. But after a close survey of the situation they withdrew all of their campaign efforts from that territory, and since that time have sent no orators into the state, and distributed no literature there. The local leaders in the Badger state assured the National committee that there was no doubt committee that there was no doubt whatever concerning Wisconsin, and urged the committee to send their lit-erature and orators elsewhere that they might do some good. National Committeeman Henry C. Payne is pre-pared to wager on Wisconsin giving the Republican ticket 40,000. Privately the Democrats concede that they have no hope of carrying Wisconsin, and very little hope of carrying Iowa. The Republican committee announced today that it was ready to give odds

on Iowa, giving McKinley 25,000. The situation in Minnesota, Republicans say, has brightened up wonder-fully in the last three weeks, although the Republicans do not feel sufficiently assured to place it in the column of McKinley states. The Democrats have made some stiff claims on Minnesota, based upon the alleged defection of the Swedish voters, who are usually Re-publicans, but who, it is asserted, are this year enamored of free silver. Secretary of State Berg, a popular representative of the Swedish Republican vote in Minnesota, was here a day or so ago and claimed that the state would give 50,000 Republican majority, but the national Republican managers refuse to account any wice proceedings. fuse to accept any such rosy claims as accurate, and will keep up their fight until the eve of the election, on the theory that Minnesota is a doubtful

WYOMING MAY BE FOR M'KINLEY Wyoming is one of the alleged doubtful states, in which the Republicans have been doing efficient work lately, and which they are now led to believe they will carry. Senator Warren was here Saturday, and dined with the members of the Republican National Executive committee. He went over the field in detail, and told the managers that he believed the state would be carried for McKinley. A month ago the outlook was not very favorable. When Congressman Hartman was here a few days ago, he expressed the opin-ion that Wyoming was the only doubt-ful state west of the Missouri river. He conceded that the Republicans would carry Wisconsin and Iowa, and that it was useless for the Democrats that it was useless for the Democrats to make any fight in these states. He intimated that he thought the chances for Republican success in Wyoming were good, for the reason that the state had no large mining interests like Idaho, Montana, Colorado, and other neighboring localities

neighboring localities. HOPING TO CARRY OREGON. In spite of the optimistic view which ongressman Hartman took of the oth er Western states, the Republicans have not given up the idea of carrying Oregon, and have received some en-couraging news from the local leaders there in the past week. No discourag-ing letters have come to the committee from Republicans there. Another "straw" from which the Republicans take courage is the fact that one of the leading sporting characters of Port-land, who has won a reputation through that region for "calling the turn" on that region for "calling the turn" on elections, and whose "tip" on results passes current in sporting circles, is wagering all his money on Oregon giv-ing its electoral vote to McKinley. This man Smith, whose respit in Portiand is widely known, has wagered already \$30,000 on McKinley, and is taking all

signs on the state of Ohio. When the subject was mentioned at the hand-qurters today, William H. Hahn wi-thorized the statement that he was ready to wager any amount of money that Ohio would give McKinley 60,000

STATE COLLEGE COUNCIL.

Governor Hastings Presides at University Meeting.

Harrisburg, Oct. 6.—Governor Hast-ings presided at a meeting of the state college and university council this af-ternoon. A report on entrance requirements for colleges was presented and a minimum standard was adopted. The council considered the preliminary draft of the blennial report to be sub-mitted to the legislature. It will be a comprehensive report. Legislation is recommended requiring approval by the council before any changes can be made in the names, location or governing body of existing institutions. The purpose of this legislation is to prevent abuses such as were practiced by cer-tain notorious medical colleges in Phil-adelphia, which sold degrees. Legislation is also recommended with a view to elevating the common school system. The report reviews post graduate and original work done at our higher institutions and states the number of students who have gone to college from the state normal schools. There has been an encouraging growth in the colleges during the last quarter of a cen-tury. A committee on legislation was appointed, consisting of Chancellor Holland, of the Western University; Provost Harrison, of the University of Pennsylvania; Attorney General Mc-Cormick and the superintendent of public instructions.

FLORIDA ELECTIONS.

People Are Dissatisfied with the Aus . tralian Ballot Law and a Very Light Vote Is Cast.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 6,-The election in Florida today passed off quietly, but the meagre returns so far received indicate that a very light vote was cast. The election was held under the Australian ballot law and reports show that Democrats. Republicans and show that Democrats. Republicans and Populists atike are dissatisfied with it. Only very meagre returns are being received, as the count is exceedingly slow, owing to the length of the bal-lot. Official returns will not be in until tomorrow or next day, but estimates tonight place the Democratic majority at not over 200m and it may fall con-The Republican managers have little doubt of carrying Wyoming, Oregon, and Washington. They admit the uncertainty of the state of Michigan, but National Committeeman Durbin, who has been especially commissioned to look after that state, says that the Republicans had a hard fight there, and had the election been held a month ago would have lost the state, but that candidate for governor. It was the first time the Republicans had a ticket in the field since 1848. The lightness of the vote is attributed to the new election law and to the recent storm which

swept the state. The Republicans will probably have four and perhaps six members of the legislature out of a total of one hundred. This legislature elects a succes-

GEORGE FRED DECLINES.

Will Not Accept the Nomination for Governor of Massachusetts.

Boston. Mass., Oct. 6.-Hon. George Fred Williams today notified the secretary of state, Olin, that he would not accept the nomination for governor made by the Fanuell hall convention. This convention was composed of the leaders of the regular Democratic party, who declared that they were unable to gain entrance to Music Hall, where the Democratic state convention was advertised to be held. The question as to the legality of the Fanueil hall and Music hall conventions will be heard by the ballot com missioners tomorrow. In his letter Mr. Williams declared the Fancuii hall gathering was not a Democratic con-vention and had no authority to certify his nomination for governor. Mr. Williams' name will not be withdrawn, however, as he did not fill out the speci-fied form of withdrawal. Had he filled out the blank, the fact would have involved an admission that the Fancuil hall meeting was really the "Demoeratic convention."

VICTIMS OF THE WRECK.

Three of the Men Killed Were Fire-

men En Route for Johustown. Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 6.—The names of the two men killed in the wreck on the Pennsylvania railroad near Donahue station were Peter Cavanaugh and Reuben Harkins, of Homestead. Noah Greenwood, also of Homestead, died at the Greensburg hospital while amputa-tion of his mangled arms was in progress. Michael Holliday, a brakeman was fatally injured.

The three dead men were en route to Johnstown to attend the firemen's

convention. People's Party Nominations. Harrisburg, Oct. 6.—The nominations papers of the People's party for electors and congressmen-at-large were filed at the state department today with 2,50 signatures. Numerous others papers are being filed, this being the last day for filing nomination papers in the office of the secretary of the commonwealth.

Edward Bates Arrested. Bethlehem, Pa., Oct. 6.—Edward Bates, of Maryland, has been arrested and helr here for shooting Brakeman John O'Neill, of Philadelphia, last night on a North Pennsylvania railroad milk train at Rock Hill, Md. O'Neill was shot while the train crew were driving away a gang of tramp who tried to board the train.

Objections to Mayee.

Harrisburg, Oct. 6.—Objections were filed in the Dauphin county court today to the certificate of nomination filed by C. L. Magee as the Democratic candidate in the Forty-third senatorial district. The objections are by James E. O'Donnell, he regular Democratic candidate. Steamship Arrivals.

New York, Oct. 6.—Arrived: Mohawk, from London; Amsterdam, from Rotter-dab and Boulogne. Sighted: Munchen, from New York for Bremen, passed Liz-ard; Aurania, from New York for Liver-pool, passed Brow Head.

Sewall's Acceptance. Bath, Me., Oct. 6.-Hon. Arthur Sewall's letter of acceptance as silver Democratic candidate for vice president was made public today. It is a lengthy communi-cation in which all the current silver ar-

guments appear, Crusade for Sound Money. Providence, R. I., Oct. 6.—The Republican state convention today, after choosing electors, adopted a resolution inviting all men, irespective of party affilitions in the past, to join in the crusade for sound

Mary E. Lease on the Stump. widely known, has wagered already 330,000 on McKinley, and is taking all offers.

The Republicans are not in the least discouraged over the Democratic de
The Republicans are not in the least discouraged over the Democratic de
The Republicans are not in the least discouraged over the Democratic de
The Republicans are not in the least discouraged over the Democratic de-

WHITE ROSES FOR BILLY BRYAN

Presented by the Lady Clerks of the New Albany Postoffice.

GOLDEN ROD AT SELLERSBURG

The Speaker Gains Points by Working Object Lessons on the Audience. Makes the Usual Plea for the Gold and Silver Coinage of the Con- Expects to Carry New York for Bryan

Seymour, Ind., Oct. 6.-The Bryan meeting at New Albany this morning held a decided silver tinge, four gray horses drew the carriage that drew Mr. Bryan from the station, where his special train arrived at 8.10 through Silver street, to Silver Grove, the place of the meeting, a few blocks distant. An audience unusually large for the hour of morning, was assembled there. It numbered between 800 and 1,000, who were assembled around the sides of a natural amphitheatre, in the centre of which Mr. Bryan spoke. Fifteen white roses, representing the fif-teen electoral votes of Indiana, were presented to Mr. Bryan by the lady clerks of the New Albany postoffice. Mr. Bryan referred to the present in his remarks. He said:

Mr. Bryan referred to the present in his remarks. He said:

Mr. Chairman. Ladies and Gentlemen: From the manner in which you have applauded the sentiment that there was not enough money. I imagine that there are very few in this audience who are alarmed at any prospect of a flood of money. (Cheers). It is one thing that has excited my sympathy to find occasionally the man who had never had too much money in all his life. Sometimes a man, not able to pay his debts, even in lifty-cent dollars daughter and cheers), a man who does not know where his provisions are coming from next winter, is trembling in his boots for fear that under free coinage there will be such a load of money that he will be overwhelmed. (Applause). My friends, we are preaching a doctrine which we believe to be sound, and that doctrine is this that the only way to stop falling prices is to increase the amount of money to be exchanged for property.

In conclusion he said:

I believe that if the people are allowed to vote as they please, we will succeed, and more than that, I believe that they will simply increase the number of our votes, because men will insist that if a man has good arguments and he will appeal to the reason and that is an evidence that he has no case when he attempt to use force to back up his position. Cheers,

GREETED WITH GOLDEN ROD.

It was raining when Mr. Bryan reached Sellersburg at 9 o'clock. Hats of golden hue were conspicuous among the crowd of a thousand there, and a number of people wore bunches of gol-

have the courage to say so and not de-clare that bimetallism is better than the gold standard? (Cheers followed by query). dozen or two held up their hands

and said the gold standard is a good

thing.
"Now, hold up some gold, some of you, who said the gold standard was a good thing. (Cheers of a wild character). Let me see your gold.' Up went a hand, and in it was a gold coin. Mr. Bryan nodded and said one man out of those not exceeding two dozen who held up their hands had gold. "It is not even 16 to 1, my friends, (Applause and laughter). You take 16 plause and laughter). You take 16 men who believe in a gold standard and there will be not more than one of them that has any gold, the standard that he said was good. We want a standard that furnishes the kind of money we want. We do not want to praise one kind of money and never get a chance to see it. We do not want money so scarce that few financiers can at such a price as they will. A few men can corner it at any time. Mr. Mc-Kinley said five years ago that when you discriminate against silver you make money the master, and all things else the servants. Those who want money to be the master can vote for the Republican ticket and all the rest of you can join with us to restore the gold and silver coinage of the constitu-tion." (Great cheering).

All along the route to Indanapolis the demonstrations were repeated. At Seymour four or five thousand people heard Mr. Bryan, a throng between 8,000 and 10,000 was at Columbus. Edinburg turned out 3,000 and Franklin nearly, if not quite, 5,000. Indianapolis was reached at 1.15 and Mr. Bryan was given a hearty reception along the streets through which he passed to the Grand hotel.

SPEECH AT SEYMOUR.

Indianapolis, Oct. 6.—In the course of his speech to the crowd at Seymour, Mr. Bryan said:

Mr. Bryan said:

The vote from the west has usually been Republican. This year the people out west are solid on the money question and no one doubts what the result is going to be there. (Cheers). I want to call your attention here in Indiana to a portion of a message sent to congress by Mr. Harrison when he was president in 1890. Let me read you what he says about the effect of legislation on silver. You will remember that this was just after the passage of the Sherman law. It was signed by President Harrison, and after its passage the price of silver rose to \$1.21 per ounce. On the first of December, of that year, President Harrison sent his message to congress and in that message you will find these words:

"The enlargement of our currency by the silver undoubtedly gave an apward tendency to trade and had a message.

The enlargement of our currency by the silver undoubtedly gave an upward tendency to trade and had a marked ef-fect on prices, but this natural and desired effect of the silver legislation was by many erroneously attirbuted to the tariff

My friends, principles do not change with each passing year and a truth spoken six years ago remains the truth, although the man who spoke it may be sorry that he ever spoke the truth and may be determined never to do so again. (Cheers).

ATTENTION TO BYNUM. At Columbus, among other things, Mr. Bryan said:

You will remember that there was on You will remember that there was once a member of congress from this state named William L. Bynum. Let me read to you what Mr. Bynum said in regard to the gold standard in 1886. I quote from the Congressional Record:
"It is because of the shrinkage of values, as well as the detriment to labor that I raise my voice and utter a protest against a crusade which has been in the past so persistently waged in the flat money interests."

My friends, we still wage this warfare against the money interests, although Mr. Bynum has gone to the other side, (Cheers). The people of the west are in debt, their farms, their homes, and in many instances their beds are mortgaged. They have been paying an exorbitant interest to the east until they are impoverished. The prices of their product have

failen, their lands have shrunk in value until they begin to stagger under the weight of their burden.

My friends, those farmers are in worse condition today than they were when Mr. Bynum so eloquently pleaded their cause, and we shall still plead their cause, I don't care how many turn their backs upon them and turn oppressor, instead of leader. (Great applause).

Great crowds witnessed Mr. Bryan's passage through the streets here to his hotel. At the Grand hotel there was a big grash and the throng cheered the ominee enthusiastically. After lunch on he went to the state house, where ne delivered an address.

DANFORTH IS ENCOURAGED.

and Sewall.

New York, Oct. 6.-The meeting o the Democratic county chairmen of the state this afternoon lasted two hours. About forty of the county chairmen were present and those who could not attend sent letters of apology. Chairman Danforth, at the conclusion of the reading of the reports, ex-presed his gratification at the bright outlook for the Democratic party in the

state. Danforth, "at the reports I have heard. If the county chairmen are cor-rect," said he, "we will carry New York for Bryan and Sewall." It was estimated from the reports at he meeting that the Republican mathe meeting that the Republican ma-jority in the state would be cut down by at least 40,000,

CUBAN WAR RESUMED.

Fierce Battles at Loma--- Spanish Troops Dislodge the Rebels After a Fight of Five Hours.

Havana, Oct. 6.-Lieutenant-Colonel Frenados reports that shortly after his olurin left Pinar del Rio city that he found at Guma and Cantabria a Spanish column surrounded by 3,000 rebels who had been sent by Maceo to attack the Spaniards. Lieutenant-Colonel Granados made a vigorous attack upon the enemy, who fired twelve cannon shots at close range. A prompt re-treat to Cantabria saved Granados' command, as well as the Spanish troops, which had been surrounded. The Spanish forces were united at Cantabria and in the meantime the rebels had taken positions at Loma. The united Spanish forces made an at-tack moon the rebels, who were dis-lodged from their positions after a fight lasting five hours. The rebels eighty killed and a large nur wounded. The Spaniards had twelve killed and ninety-two wounded, in-cluding four officers. Lieutenant-Col-onel Granados had started to march Mr. Bryan asked how many in the crowd believed the gold standard was a good thing and up went a score or more of hands. "Quite a purchas" a good thing and up went a score or more of hands. "Quite a number," he added. "Now. I want you people who raise up your hands to tell me why did not the Republican party pledge itself to get rid of the gold standard and substitute bimetallism as soon as foreign nations will help us to do it." (This caused loud cheering.)

"Now, you men who held up your hands and said you thought a gold standard is a good thing, if the Republican party thought so, why did not it have the courage to say so and not de-

FIREMEN AT JOHNSTOWN.

Scranton's Name Will Not Be Presented for the Next Convention.

Special to the Scranton Tribune. Johnstown, Pa., Oct. 6.-The streets of Johnstown present a lively appear-ance, the occasion being the seventeenth annual convention of the State Firemen's association. The greatest disappointment was that all saloons close at 10 o'clock sharp. During the whole night caucuses were held in the different headquarters and this morning after some close figuring it was decided not to present the name of Seran. cided not to present the name of Scranton. That Scranton would have won easily was apparent had the false articles appearing in the Scranton papers not been used throughout the state by some unscrupulous persons at the session. This afternoon Isadore Goodman was nominated for vice-president and will receive the support of the entire Wilkes-Barre delegation. As there are five other candidates besides him and only four to be elected some great hustling will have to be done this evening. The banquet takes place this evening and it is expected it will eclipse any ever held in honor of the state association. The Scranton party are well cared for at the Capital hotel.

Tomorrow morning the vote is to be taken, but will not create any great excitement as the only contest is that for vice-president. Under the circum-stances it was decided to not present Scranton for the next convention.

NO ARBITRATION YEI.

Great Britain Has No Time to Con-· sider the Venezuelan Question.

London,Oct. 6.—Information has been furnished to the United Associated Presses that no communications have passed between Great Britain and the United States on the subject of arbi-tration in over a month. Important developments in connection with Venezuela, however, will probably occur within the month of October. A settle-ment of the Venezuela dispute is by no means imminent and it is not true, as has been alleged, that Great Britain is making concessions to Venezuela. Much depends upon Mr. Chamberlain secretary of state for the colonies, who sailed from New York for England or September 30, though his desires in the matter are subject to the approval of Lord Salisbury. The latter, the foreign office officials say, is hopeful that the arbitration question will be soon solved, but he is at present very much occupled with the eastern question.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

Weather Indications Today; Possibly Local Showers; Cooler.

 Major McKinley Talks to Lumbermen. Bryan's Westward Travel. Victory is in Sight for the Republicans. 2 Whitney's Weekly News Budget,

3 (Local)—Trial List for October Sec Vidaver Agreed to Be Side-Tracked for a Consideration. 4 Editorial.

6 (Local)—Badger Game Broken Up. Institute of County Teachers.

6 Music Is Better Than Medicine

8-9 Opening Meetings of the Christian Endeavor Convention. (Story)—"The Three Correspondents." Lincoln and Dougles at Knox College 11 Disadvantage of Cheap Paper. Brave Soldiers in the Late Wan

News Up and Down the Valley.

IRON WORKERS

Enthusiastic Callers from East Brady Are Received.

LESSON OF THE BLAST FURNACE

The Champion of Protection Points Out the Causes of Exicing Conditions -- Sentiment in Favor of Plenty of Work, Good Times, Good Wages and Good Money.

Canton, O., Oct. 6.—A delegation of enthusiastic Republicans from East Brady, in the Democratic county of Clarion, Pa., came in the rain to call on Major McKinley this morning. The spokesman, N. E. Graham, said that there were thirty-one furnaces in the county under the McKinley law and not one of them in blast. Some of the men in the delegation bore banners inscribed: "Plutocrats from Clarion county." The delegation was made up of miners, farmers and workingmen, Major McKinley addressed it as follows:

Your spokesman tells us that in your county thirty-one blast furnaces have been stopped. What does that mean? It means that wages have been stopped. It means that taken have been stopped. It means that taken have been unemployed. It means that comforts have been taken away from hundreds of American homes which they had previously enjoyed. It means distress, and what is true of this county, has been substantially true-possibly not to so large a degree—of other counties of your state and throughout the entire country. Now, what we want to do, whether we are railroad men, or farmers, or professional men, or mechanics, or laboring men, is to get back to a policy that will give us a chance to increase our manufacturing, improve or home market, extend our foreign market, and give employment every day in the year to every workingman who wants work. (Great cheering and cries of "That's what we want.")

cheering and cries of "That's what we want.")

If we will but follow the lamp of experience and follow the direction which the light of that lamp leads us, on the third day of November will vote down the policies which have brought us these conditions and vote to continue a monetary system built upon a solid basis, which will give us the best money in the world, a money which panies cannot disturb and business failure cannot depreciate. (Tremendous cheering and cries of "Pennsylvania will vote that way.") We want good times, plenty of work, good wages and good money. (Applause and cries of "That's the stuff.") How will you vote? (Cries of "For McKinley, followed by great cheering.")

Rain fell steadily through the after-

Rain fell steadily through the after-noon today and Major McKinley had to welcome the visiting delegations at the Tabernacle. A delegation of nine-ty-five lumbermen from Buffalo and Tonawanda arrived on a special train

at 3 o'clock.

We represent one hundred and fifty firms, engaged in the lumber business and our delegation is composed of almost equal number of Democrats and Republicans, said the spokesman, M. S. Barnes, to Major McKinley, and what is more we handled a thousand million feet of lumber annually prior to the enactment of the present revenue laws, worth \$30,000,000. TO THE LUMBERMEN.

Major McKinley was vigorously and repeatedly cheered when he arose to speak. He said in part:

speak. He said in part:
This is a year, as you spokesman has well said, that party ties are not strong enough to hold any patriot within it who believes that his party has ceased to represent the highest and best interests of our glorious republic. (Applause), I do not think we appreciate the great industry which you represent and of which you are a part—one of the greatest in the country. In 189 the lake trade in lumber at Buffalo was over 382,000,000 feet. (Applause). Though, under the lumber provisions of the present tariff law the trade of Buffalo has since decreased until, in 1855, it was \$1,000,000 feet less than in 1890, while that of Tonawanda has shrunk in the same time more than 285,000,000 feet. Canadian free lumber has been encouraged at the expense of the lumber interests of the great state of New York and all the the same time more than 28,00,000 feet. Canadian free lumber has been encouraged at the expense of the lumber interests of the great state of New York and all the other lumber states of the American Union. I may be pardoned, gentlemen, if I say in this presence that I believe in the policy that gives preference to Buffalo and Tonawanda rather than to Montreal and Toronto. (Tremendous cheers), Like all the other features of free trade it has helped to make us poor for the advantage of other people living in another jurisdiction and who owe no allegiance to our flag. (Renewed cheering).

Did you ever reflect how it would help the prices of real estate and of buildings to have all values unsettled and the validity of contracts thrown into jeopardy? The history of the world proves that real estate suffers most severely in every period of financial distress and of all property it recovers the slowest. The triumph of sound money and protection at the polls in November will, in my judgment, restore confidence and thereby help every species of business and when that is done your business will share in the general advancement and profit by the general prosperity. (Great applause).

In the evening the Syracuse Republication of the private of the private of the proper of the property of the property of the property of the private of the property.

In the evening the Syracuse Republican escort, bearing colored flambeaux, and followed by the delegation from that city and by all of the uniformed campaign clubs of Canton, marched up to Major McKinley's residence and were received by him. The visitors were cordially applauded along the line of march, and they made the most effective night parade that has been

witnessed here.

Among Major McKinley's callers today was A. M. Higgins, president of
the Republican League clubs, of Indiana. Mr. Higgins told Major McKinley that Indiana would give him a plur-ality exceeding 15,000. Mark Hanna is expected here tomorrow afternoon,

THE CZAR AT PARIS.

Incidents at the Banquet Given at the Palace of the Elysee.

Paris, Oct. 6 .- At the banquet at the Palace of the Elyseethis evening Presi-dent Faure, in proposing a toast in honor of the Czar, said: "Your Majesty's presence here has, amid the ac clamations of our whole people, scaled the ties uniting our two countries in harmonious activity amid mutual con-fidence in their destinies. The union of your powerful empire and our laborious public has already exercised a bene-ficial effect upon the peace of the world. Fortified by tried fidelity, it will continue to spread its fortunate influence everywhere."

The Czar, in replying to the toast,

said: "I am deeply touched by the welcome extended to the empress and myself in great Parls, the center of so much genius, taste and light. Faithful to imperishable tradition I have come to France to greet in you, monsieur president, the chief of the nation to which we are united by such precious ties. As you have said, the union cannot but produce by its constancy a most fortunate influence. I beg you to interpret these sentiments to the whole interpret these sentiments to the whole

Herald's Weather Forecast.

New York, Oct. 7.—In the middle states, today, cloudy to partly cloudy, cooler weather will prevail, with local rain and fresh to brisk winds possibly becoming dangerous on the coust, and followed in the nothern and western district by clearing and a cold wave. On Thursday, clearing, colder weather and brisk to fresh northwesterily winds will prevail, with sharp frosts.

VISIT M'KINLEY

Blankets and

Comfortables Canton, O., Oct. 6.—A delegation of 11-4 Alpine Blankets, White or Tan. .98

Grey 145 11-4Kingston Blankets, White or

Grey 1.98 11-4 Bulgaria Blankets, White or

Grey 2.45 10-4 Chaska Blankets, White or

Grey 3.63 10-4 California Blankets, White,

11-4 California Blankets, White, 70x82
12 California Blankets, White, 74x84
Extra fine qualities in California Blankets at \$7.45, \$8.25, \$9.75, \$11.00
\$13.50, \$14.75, \$16.45, Also Crib and Cradle Blankets in all sizes.

Comfortables

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