THE LEADER

124-126 Wyoming Ave.

OUR

ANNIVERSARY SALE

A PRONOUNCED SUCCESS.

The public show their appreciation of our endeavors to save money for them by their liberal patronage. Bear in mind this sale continues during the entire month. We shall offer for the next ten days even greater bargains than in the past week. Investigation will prove to you that what we claim is true.

LEBECK & CORIN

FLOGGED BY MOTHER-IN-LAW.

He Had Bolted Chicago Nominees and She Is for Silver.

Willett, N. Y., July 22.—A heated political argument between Rolland De Witt and his wife, at Stantonville, ended when Rolland received a severe flogging at the hands of his irate mother-in-law, who will be prosecuted for assault. The De Witts are among the most prominent and influential residents of Stantonville. Rolland De Witt occupies a fertile farm adjoining that of Mrs. Adeline Stanton, his mother-in-law, from whose deceased husband the little settlement took its name. The De Witts and Stantons have always been Democrats, but since the Chicago convention Rolland De Witt has declared to his neighbors that he would not support the free silver ticket and proposed to vote for the Republican nominees. In this he has been antagonized by his wife and mother-in-law, the latter frequently referring to her son-in-law as a traitor, deserter and friend of monopolies.

Rolland had retaliated by characterizing the supporters of the Chicago ticket as a clique of anarchists, Populists and crazy fanatics. Last evening, while at the supper table, De Witt and his wife became engaged in a political discussion, and Mrs. De Witt informed her husband that he was losing his best friends by bolting the regular ticket.

"Name them!" exclaimed De Witt, springing from his chair.

"Mother is disgusted with your course," continued Mrs. De Witt, "and threatens to—"

"I am not controlled in politics or anything else by a mother-in-law," interrupted De Witt, becoming more excited. "She can attend to her own business and I will attend to mine."

The mother-in-law happened to enter the house at this time. De Witt had resumed his seat at the table, and was first apprised of her presence when he felt the stinging blows from a horsewhip descending in rapid succession upon his head and shoulders.

Mrs. Stanton had taken the whip from a corner of the room as she entered. "Take this and this and this for your insults!" cried the angry woman, as she rained the blows upon her astonished son-in-law, who made several unsuccessful attempts to rise from his chair.

Mrs. De Witt rushed from the room, but her mother did not leave until she compelled De Witt to beg for mercy. Then she joined her daughter, and both went to the Stanton homestead. Rolland De Witt declares that he will prosecute his mother-in-law for assault, and his neighbors advise him to do so.

UNITED AFTER LONG COURTSHIP.

Judge Gibson and Miss Van Hook Married at Charlestown, Ind.

Jeffersonville, Ind., July 22.—After a courtship of twenty-five years, George H. D. Gibson, judge of the Clark county circuit court, and Miss Jennie Van Hook, one of the most prominent ladies of this section, were married at Charlestown, fourteen miles from here, at 5 o'clock this evening. The ceremony was performed by Elder P. C. McGowen, of the Christian church, of the village.

After the wedding Judge and Mrs. Gibson left via the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern for Seattle, Wash., to spend their honeymoon. Judge Gibson is a politician of state note, and twice has served as representative in the legislature.

SILVER CONVENTION NOW IN SESSION

[Concluded from Page 1.]

reserves against their liabilities. It will continue to do money duty as such reserves after free coinage for silver is enacted. Hence a premium on it will not contract the currency. The utmost possible contraction of the currency will be the few millions circulating on the Pacific coast, and this will be retired but slowly.

A similar threat of a flight of gold was made for the Bland Act of 1878. President Hayes was urged to veto it, but congress passed it over the veto. Instead of a flight of gold as had been predicted, we gained by importation $4,000,000 the first year, $70,000,000 the next and $90,000,000 the third year. During the twelve years that the act was on the statute book we gained $221,000,000 of foreign gold. Instead of the destruction of our credit abroad, as had been predicted, the United States 4 per cent. loan, which stood at 101 on the day of the enactment, sold at 129 per cent. within three years, and at 139 per cent. subsequently. Instead of defeating the resumption of specie payments on January first of the following year the 24,000,000 silver dollars which were coined in 1878 and circulated by means of the silver certificates, reduced the demand upon the government for gold. Hence, the threat of disaster now is without historic foundation.

This, then, is what will follow the reopening of our mints to silver; the gold already in the treasury will remain there, if common sense dictates the treasury management; that is, if the treasury exercises the option to redeem United States notes in silver. A premium on gold will not occasion a contraction of the currency, bank hoards of gold continuing to serve as a portion of bank reserves against bank liabilities. A premium on gold will tend to increase our exports by causing a higher rate of foreign exchange, that is to say by yielding a larger net return in dollars on the sale of bills of exchange drawn against goods exported. A premium will tend to diminish our imports by increasing the cost of bills of exchange with which to pay for goods imported. The tendency of increasing our exports and decreasing our imports will be, first, to set our spindles running, swell the number of paid operatives, increase their wages, thereby adding to the number and paying capacity of consumers, and thus enlarge our home market for all home products and manufactures, with prosperity in general as the result assured. The tendency of increasing our exports and decreasing our imports will be, second, to establish a credit balance of trade for the United States. A credit balance of trade means that Europe has become our debtor and must settle with us in money. Europe's silver money is overvalued in her gold, compared with ours, by from 3 to 7 cents on the dollar. The European merchant or banker will therefore make his trade settlements with us in gold, more profitably by from 3 to 7 per cent. than in his silver. With the instant that European trade settlements with the United States are made in gold, parity for our gold and silver money is established in the markets of the world. Therewith the 371¼ grains of pure silver in our silver dollar and the 23.22 grains of gold in our gold dollar become of exactly equal worth as bullion in New York.

GREAT APPLAUSE.

Mr. St. John's assumption that the convention would prevail upon the patriots' calling themselves the People's party to endorse Bryan and Sewall was received with great applause, continuing for nearly a minute. The assertion that the threatened flow of silver from the east had no force and that the entire stock of gold in the country would be retired, was also without force, for all of it but ten or fifteen millions, circulating on the Pacific coast, had already been retired, were greeted with loud applause. The effect of the speech upon the delegates was most happy, nearly every sentence being followed by enthusiastic manifestations of approval.

When Mr. St. John concluded many delegates rose to their feet and cheered. The next business in order, Chairman St. John announced, was the appointment of special committees. G. W. Baker, of California, moved the appointment of a committee consisting of one from each state to meet a similar committee from the Populist committee to take up the questions of differences between the two parties for the purpose of coming to some rational agreement, to the end that the nomination of Bryan and Sewall might be ratified by the two conventions. Mr. Olmsted, of Oregon, speaking for the Populists, and as one of the leaders of the party of that state, seconded the motion, making the suggestion that each state delegation select its representative on the committee. The motion was further seconded by delegates from Missouri and Virginia. A delegate asked if any one knew that the Populists were ready to confer with the silver party. Mr. Olmsted, speaking for the Populists, again responded that they were ready to meet the silver men anywhere, and he urged the silver men to meet the People's party half way.

POPULISTS ON THEIR DIGNITY.

Some desultory discussion ensued as to the propriety of the silver men making the first advances. Mr. Olmsted again addressed the convention, stating that the two conventions were called to meet here today in order to consolidate the free silver forces for the campaign. The Populists being the older party and having always stood for free silver, it would ill become their dignity, he thought, for them to take the first steps.

Mr. Porter, from Virginia, and a delegate from Ohio, seconded the motion and urged that the great end of united and harmonious action be kept in view.

A delegate from Illinois offered as a substitute for Baker's motion one to the effect that each state delegation select a member of this conference committee and that the Populist convention be notified of the action with a request that a similar committee be appointed by that body.

A delegate asked if it were the intention to await the report of the proposed committee before proceeding to nominate Bryan and Sewall. (Cries of no). "What's the use of appointing it, then?" he asked, but no one answered.

MR. SHINN TURNED DOWN.

A delegate from Kansas, Mr. Shinn, expressed the opinion that it was not wise or expedient for the silver convention to force themselves upon the Populists. There was really no difference between the two bodies. (Cries of "mistake") and he believed the effect of the motion upon the Populist convention would be different from that intended by its author. He believed that the convention would do its duty. Shinn was frequently interrupted by cries and applause, to all of which he stated that he would speak until he had finished. But he was mistaken. The chairman made the point of order that he had spoken more than once to the motion and the point was sustained by Chairman St. John, who directed Shinn to take his seat.

The roll of states was called and New Jersey named J. H. McCullough and Pennsylvania J. A. Wright. After the committee had been nominated a delegate asked the chair what the committee would confer about. Chairman St. John said he had no other information than had the questioner, but he inferred, as the committee was composed of level headed men and had but one object in view, it would rise to the occasion. (Cheers).

At 6.25 the convention adjourned until 10 a. m. tomorrow.

POPULIST CONVENTION.

The People's Party Representatives Assemble---No Light Is Shed Upon the Evening Sessions.

St. Louis, July 22.—Chairman Taubeneck called the national Populist convention to order at 12.30. After prayer by Rev. W. R. L. Smith, of the Third Baptist church of St. Louis, Governor William J. Stone, of Missouri, delivered an address of welcome. He said:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention: I come to extend a genuine and hearty welcome to the hospitalities of the state to which I have the honor to be the executive officer. Freedom of opinion, of religion, political and social, and all other situations, freedom of action so long as the exercise of that freedom does not disturb public order or trench on the just rights of others, are cardinal principles in our great governmental system. (Applause).

"In this state we seek to give to that basic idea its best possible expression. We differ as to methods, and we differ often as to policies and principles, but it is to be devoutly hoped that all of us are actuated by love of country and by motives of the greatest patriotism. (Applause). You are met, gentlemen, in a crucial period (as I esteem it) not only of party history, but of national history. It would be unbecoming of me to make any suggestion whatever as to the duty of this convention. I can, however, without impropriety, say that I hope that every gentleman occupying a seat in this great body will perform the important and responsible duty imposed upon him with an eye single to the public good, to the development of our country and to the promotion of the felicity of our people and the glory of the republic."

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota, responded to Governor Stone's address of welcome. The selection of the center of this great valley for the convention of the People's party, he said, was particularly appropriate, because this movement was an outgrowth from the agricultural and laboring people of this country. It began at a million firesides, where the farmer in silence of his home studied out for himself the causes of the afflictions he endured and united to find a remedy. Our city friends, he continued, for a time regarded it as a movement hostile to themselves. They never could be convinced otherwise. It is at last dawning even upon the minds of our far eastern cities that in assenting to the evil conditions that now surround us, they have destroyed their own prosperity. (Cheers). While reaching out for foreign markets where they must encounter the hostility of the whole world, they have permitted their own natural market, of which they had the monopoly, to fall into poverty and wretchedness, and they are today in sackcloth and ashes feeling the result of that mistaken policy. (Loud cheers).

AN APPEAL FOR UNITY.

Mr. Donnelly closed by making an eloquent appeal for unity. "I stood, he said, at the cradle of the old Greenback party. (Cheers). I stood at the cradle of the People's party. God forbid I should be here today to attend its funeral. Stand together, friends. Lift up your hearts to the majesty and the dignity of the duties laid upon your shoulders. Mr. Donnelly said the men of Valley Forge had no more sublime and tremendous duty than we have today. No man, however great, is worth a scintilla against the interests of this great party.

The chairman asked such members of the executive committees as were in the body of the hall to step up to the platform. Among those who thus advanced was Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease, who was warmly cheered. Chairman Taubeneck introduced as temporary chairman of the convention, Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, who was received with three cheers, which he characterized as "a cyclone of patriotism." All history taught, he said, that history showed that there always came crises in the affairs of men when humanity was raised to a higher level, accordingly as the men on whose shoulders the responsibility rested were able to meet the crises with wisdom and patriotism (cheers), and to solve it to the betterment of humanity, two political parties, he said, had held national conventions this year, had adopted platforms, and had put forward their leaders, and now another good political party, young but a growing giant in strength, had assembled to speak to the American people in this critical and important hour (cheers). The Populists were here because there was need of them to be here. The parties that had had charge of the government since the war had succeeded in bringing the nation to the verge of bankruptcy and ruin, and had necessitated the existence of the Populist organization. The two parties had vied with each other in "straddling," and now "straddling" was a thing of the past. He went on to speak of the transportation question as standing side by side with the money question, and declared that both these great questions would have to be solved before the country got back to prosperity. The standard oil trust, he declared, would not exist today, if it was not for its copartnership with the transportation companies.

INFLUENCE OF THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

If the People's party were to go out of existence the next Democratic national convention would report a platform on which Bryan would not stand (cheers). The People's party had raised an issue so universal, so great, so important that it had split both the old parties in two (laughter and applause). Now this convention had met to save that issue or to allow it to go down in death. He had faith that this convention would not turn itself into a Democratic annex (loud cheers) or into a Republican annex (more cheers). But would find a way between them that was true and right. What, Senator Butler asked, should this convention do? And he was answered by one of the California delegates, Mr. Alfred Daggett, "nominate a straight Populist candidate on a Populist platform, without reference to what the Democratic convention has done" (cheers).

"While this party lives," Senator Butler exclaimed, "and God grant that it shall never die, because it will be ever needed so long as human liberty is threatened, it must be true to the mission which it was born to accomplish. (Cheers). If this convention cannot follow its own teachings, it is unworthy to represent the People's party. (Applause). What is your duty today? It is to endorse and approve what is right and to condemn what is wrong. No other course is true populism. The mission of the People's party has been to strike down what is wrong and to hold up what is right. If you waver in your principles (a delegate 'we will not do it') then you become no better than the old parties which you were raised to destroy.

"I believe that this convention is going to do the wise thing. I believe that it is going to stand together. It is not going to split. (Cheers). We have split both the old parties. We did it on a principle, but we ourselves will not split, because we stand upon the principle and are not going to be foolish enough to split upon details. (Cheers). If we stand together and go away a united band of brothers, we will strip for the fray, and we will see next November that the minions of organized capital, and of gold monopolists are stricken down in this country. We will show you, too, that this young giant of the People's party will come out of the campaign stronger than we go into it. (Cheers). Remember that you have accomplished more in four years than the old parties have accomplished in 100 years. And, remember, too, that if we do our duty at this trying hour, the time is not far distant when we will be the majority party of the country."

Senator Butler spoke for an hour, closing his speech at 2 p. m. He was congratulated upon it by Ignatius Donnelly and other persons on the stand.

MRS. LEASE GAGGED.

When Senator Butler resumed his seat, some cries were raised for a speech from Mrs. Lease, but the chairman directed the secretary to call the roll of states, to name the committees on credentials and resolutions. This was done. New Jersey named William B. Ellis and L. F. Fuller, and Pennsylvania J. H. Stenson and C. F. Taylor, respectively.

On motion of Mr. Donnelly, of Minnesota, the convention at 2.15 o'clock took a recess until 8 p. m. to enable the committee on credentials to report.

After the recess was taken, the convention resolved itself into an informal mass meeting, and Congressman Howard, of Alabama, who, it will be remembered, introduced a resolution to impeach President Cleveland, spoke for ten minutes. He made a bitter attack upon the Democratic party, and advocated standing on an independent ticket. He was followed by other speakers, who urged standing for the People's party issue first, last and all the time.

A DARK SESSION.

When the Populists got together in convention hall this evening they found themselves in trouble. No provision had been made for lighting the hall. Neither gas nor electricity gave a ray of light. The candles provided by the newspaper correspondents and the telegraph companies for their own use served to make the darkness intense and more picturesque. There was a full attendance on the floor and many spectators in the galleries.

For half an hour humorously inclined people in the galleries and on the floor indulged in jokes at the expense of the Populists and jeers and college yells prevailed. Finally the patience of the managers was exhausted; there was no prospect of the electric light being turned on, and yielding to the necessities of the case, it was announced at 8.50 p. m. that the convention had adjourned until 10 a. m. tomorrow.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents, Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. **

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous disorders such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, fullness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c., when these symptoms are caused by constipation, as most of them are, THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system. For a

WEAK STOMACH, IMPAIRED DIGESTION, DISORDERED LIVER

they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital organs; strengthening the Muscular System, restoring the long-lost complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite and arousing with the Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are facts admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that Beecham's Pills have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World.

WITHOUT A RIVAL. Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes.

25c. at Drug Stores, or will be sent by U. S. Agent, B. F. ALLEN CO., 366 Canal St., New York, post paid, upon receipt of price. Book free upon application.

Connolly & Wallace

WE ARE COMPELLED to make a new announcement almost every day, on account of many lines being sold out each day. This, of course, we cannot avoid, and we would advise you to come early to secure your wants from the following Special Bargain List for today and tomorrow.

HILL
36-inch Bleached Muslin, Price, 5c. a yard. No limit as to quantity.

PRIDE OF THE WEST
36-inch Bleached Muslin, the finest and most expensive muslin made; regular price, 13c. 9c. per yard

WHITE MARSEILLES QUILTS
A lot of about 150, all told, worth from $2.50 to $3 each; slightly soiled, Only $1.50 each.

COREA MADRAS CLOTH
Full 36 inches wide, and as fine as a silk; price all season has been 18c., Now 12½c.

TEVIOT SUITINGS
A superb cloth for Outing Skirts, made especially for McCreery, of New York, regular price 25c and 35c Our Price, 19c.

Men's Ribbed Summer Underwear
Shirts and Drawers worth 50c., Will Close at 25c.

All of our United and Derby Brand Ladies' Shirt Waists, worth $1 and $1.25 At 50c. each.

CONNOLLY & WALLACE, 209 Washington Avenue, Opp. Court House.

ONE CENT A WORD.

WANTS OF ALL KINDS COST THAT MUCH, WHEN PAID FOR IN ADVANCE. WHEN A BOOK ACCOUNT IS MADE NO CHARGE WILL BE LESS THAN 25 CENTS. THIS RULE APPLIES TO SMALL WANT ADS., EXCEPT LOCAL SITUATIONS, WHICH ARE INSERTED FREE.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

WANTED—THREE NEWSPAPER CANvassers, of good address, to solicit subscriptions for the New York Journal, on salary. Apply at the Arlington Hotel between 9 and 10 a. m.

WANTED—AGENTS IN SCRANTON and surrounding towns; no capital required; good wages; work suitable for either sex. Call on or address V. C. GIEBNER, 632 Washington avenue, Scranton, Pa.

WANTED—AS AGENT IN EVERY SECtion to canvass: $4.00 to $5.00 a day made; sells at sight; also a man to sell Staple Goods to dealers; best side line $75 a month; salary or large commission made; experience unnecessary. Clifton Soap and Manufacturing Co., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED — WELL-KNOWN MAN IN every town to solicit stock subscriptions; a monopoly; big money for agents; no capital required. EDWARD C. FISH & CO., Borden Block, Chicago, Ill.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

WANTED—TWO COMPETENT YOUNG lady stenographers; make application by letter with reference as to ability to A., Colliery Engineer Co., Scranton, Pa.

WANTED—MIDDLE AGED PROTESTant woman as nurse and housekeeper in small family. Good house; $3 per week. Address "R," Tribune office.

LADIES—I MAKE BIG WAGES DOING pleasant home work, and will gladly send full particulars to all sending 2 cent stamp. MISS M. A. STEBBINS, Lawrence, Mich.

WANTED—LADY AGENTS IN SCRANton to sell and introduce Snyder's cake icing; experienced canvasser preferred; work permanent and very profitable. Write for particulars at once and get benefit of holiday trade. T. B. SNYDER & CO., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—TWO ENERgetic saleswomen to represent us. Guaranteed $6 a day without interfering with other duties. Healthful occupation. Write for particulars, enclosing stamp, Mango Chemical Company, No. 72 John Street, New York.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room; fine outlook; all convenient. Call at 644 Washington avenue.

FOR RENT—FRONT AND THREE CONnecting rooms, furnished or unfurnished. 228 Adams avenue, opposite court house.

FOR RENT—HALF OF DOUBLE HOUSE; modern improvements; rent reasonable; corner of Pine and Blakely streets, Dunmore.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—TWO SECOND-HAND LAUNdry wagons, in good condition; buggies $10 apiece. A. R. GOULD & SONS, 415-421 Linden street.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAIR OF WORK horses, double harness and platform wagon for sale cheap. RICHARD ROSS, 1533 Capouse avenue.

FOR SALE—A SILVER-PLATED CONN double bell euphonium, nicely engraved with trombone bell, gold lined; nearly new and cost $90; will sell at a bargain. Address this week to E. W. GAYLOR, LaRaysville, Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT—SIX-ROOMED COTtage. Wyoming Camp Ground; partly furnished. W. H. HAZLETT, Scranton.

FOR SALE—HORSE, AGED SIX YEARS, weight 1,000 pounds; can be seen at 1621 Price street.

FOR SALE—MY COTTAGE AT ELMhurst and the four lots on which it stands; also the four lots adjoining; most desirable location in Elmhurst; prices reasonable; terms easy; possession given at once. E. P. KINGSBURY, Commonwealth Building, Scranton, Pa.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

WELL FURNISHED AND CENTRALLY located; first-class business; reason for selling, want to retire from business. Address C. A. M., Lock Box 401, Nanticoke, Pa.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS, WITH USE OF gas, hot and cold bath, sitting and reading rooms. 215 Lackawanna avenue.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

"THE SOLDIER IN OUR CIVIL WAR." You want this relic. Contains all of Frank Leslie's famous old war pictures, showing the forces in actual battle, sketched on the spot. Two volumes, 2,000 pictures. Sold on easy monthly payments. Delivered by express complete, all charges prepaid. Address R. O. MOODY, 622 Adams Ave., Scranton, Pa.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME AUBREY, GREATEST LIVING clairvoyant in the world; tells past, present and future. 604 Adams avenue.

MRS. FENTON, CLAIRVOYANT AND Phrenologist, can be consulted at No. 410 Main avenue, Hyde Park. Positively the last week.

REDEMPTION OF BONDS.

OFFICE OF SIMPSON & WATKINS, SCRANTON, Pa., July 20th, 1896.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN accordance with the provisions of the mortgage of the Babylon Coal Company to the Scranton Savings Bank and Trust Company, trustee, that bonds of the said coal company, numbered 60, 61, 62, 90 and 97, have been designated by lot this day for redemption, and will be redeemed at par and interest upon presentation at the Scranton Savings Bank and Trust Company. The interest ceases on the above numbered bonds on August 1, 1896.

THE BABYLON COAL COMPANY,
By C. D. SIMPSON, Treasurer.

TENANTS WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD TENANT FOR PROPerty situated on corner of Court and Dimond avenue, consisting of seven large rooms, bath, closets, etc.; newly papered. CHAS. T. MILLER, Grocer, Park Place.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE—THE UNDERsigned, an Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Lackawanna county to distribute the fund arising from the Sheriff's Sale of the personal property of Francis Fitzgibbons, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the Municipal Building, Scranton, Pa., on Friday, Aug. 14, 1896, at 9 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all persons interested are notified to appear and make their claims, or be debarred from coming in upon said fund. JAMES H. TORREY, Auditor.

CITY SCAVENGER.

A. B. BRIGGS CLEANS PRIVY VAULTS and cess pools; no odor; improved pumps used. A. BRIGGS, Proprietor. Leave orders 1100 North Main avenue, or Erckes' drug store, corner Adams and Mulberry. Telephone 4535.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

ALL PARTIES WHO ARE INDEBTED TO the Stephen Gutheinz and Barbara Gutheinz estate are hereby notified to make payments in part or whole within 30 days or accounts will be collected according to law; payments can be made at residence, 524 Alder street, from 7 to 8 p. m.; at furniture store, 615 Cedar avenue, any time during day. C. STORR, Alderman.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—SALESMAN; SALARY FROM start; permanent place. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL CIGARS; $75 per month; salary and expenses paid. Address, with two-cent stamp, FIGARO CIGAR CO., Chicago.

AGENTS—TO SELL OUR PRACTICAL gold, silver, nickel and copper electro plasters; prices from $3 upward; salary and expenses paid; outfit free. Address, with stamp, MICHIGAN MFG CO., Chicago.

AGENTS TO SELL CIGARS TO DEALERS; $25 weekly and expenses; experience unnecessary. CONSOLIDATED MFG CO., 48 Van Buren st., Chicago.

SALESMAN TO CARRY SIDE LINE; 25 per cent. commission; sample book mailed free. Address L. N. CO., Station L, New York.

AT ONCE—AGENTS APPOINTED TO sell new lightning selling table cloth, mosquito and house fly liquid at 10 cents and 20 cents a bottle. Sample free. BOLGIANO M'F'G CO., Baltimore, Md.

AGENTS—HINDE'S PATENT UNIVERsal Hair Curlers and Wavers (used without heat), and "Pyr Pointed" Hair Pins. Liberal commissions. Free sample and full particulars. Address P. O. Box 456, New York.

FOUND.

FOUND—A SETTER DOG, WHITE, WITH red spots on body; owner can have him by paying for this ad. T. E. REYNOLDS, 163 South Sumner avenue, Scranton, Pa.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST-class barber. Address M. H. M., 214 Spruce street.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BUTCHER; thoroughly understands the business. Address A., Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—GARDENER AND florist; first-class man, English, wife first-class butter maker, cook or laundress. KEYWOOD, 907 Green Ridge street, Scranton.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CLERK OR teamster or bartender; can speak five languages; good references given. Address J. J. W., 316 Penn avenue.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A YOUNG lady as copyist or office assistant; would work at anything honorable in order to secure employment; anxious to obtain work. Address MISS V., care Tribune office.

WANTED.

WANTED—A SMART REPUBLICAN IN every county who will work for $25 a week for two months and will earn it. Address, Box 1183, Phila. P. O.

RAILROAD TIME-TABLES

Del., Lack. and Western.

Effect Monday, June 1, 1896.

Trains leave Scranton as follows: Express for New York and all points East, 1.40, 2.50, 5.15, 8.00 and 9.55 a. m.; 1.10 and 3.38 p. m.

Express for Easton, Trenton, Philadelphia and the South, 5.15, 8.00 and 9.55 a. m.; 1.10 and 3.38 p. m.

Washington and way stations, 4.00 p. m.

Tobyhanna accommodation, 6.10 p. m.

Express for Binghamton, Oswego, Elmira, Corning, Bath, Dansville, Mount Morris and Buffalo 12.20, 2.35 a. m., and 1.49 p. m., making close connections at Buffalo to all points in the West, Northwest and Southwest.

Bath accommodation, 9.15 a. m.

Binghamton and way stations, 1.00 p. m.

Nicholson accommodation, 4.00 and 6.10 p. m.

Binghamton and Elmira express 5.55 p.m.

Express for Cortland, Syracuse, Oswego, Utica and Richfield Springs, 2.35 a. m., and 1.49 p. m.

Ithaca 2.35 and Bath 9.15 a. m. and 1.49 p. m.

For Northumberland, Pittston, Wilkes-Barre, Plymouth, Bloomsburg and Danville, making close connections at Northumberland for Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington and the South.

Northumberland and intermediate stations, 6.00, 9.55 a. m. and 1.55 and 6.00 p. m.

Nanticoke and intermediate stations, 8.08 and 11.20 a. m. Plymouth and intermediate stations, 3.40 and 8.47 p. m.

Pullman parlor and sleeping coaches on all express trains.

For detailed information, pocket time tables, etc., apply to M. L. Smith, city ticket office, 328 Lackawanna avenue, or depot ticket office.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(Lehigh and Susquehanna Division.)

Anthracite coal used exclusively, insuring cleanliness and comfort.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 7, 1896.

Trains leave Scranton for Pittston, Wilkes-Barre, etc., at 8.20, 9.15, 11.30 a. m. 12.45, 2.00, 3.05, 5.00, 7.10 p. m. Sundays 9.00, a. m., 1.00, 2.15, 7.10 p. m.

For Mountain Park, 8.20, 11.30 a. m., 2.00, 3.05, 5.00 p. m. Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 1.00 2.15 p. m.

For Atlantic City, 8.20 a. m.

For New York, Newark and Elizabeth, 8.20 (express) a. m., 12.45 (express with Buffet parlor car), 3.05 (express) p. m. Sunday, 2.15 p. m. Train leaving 12.45 p. m. arrives at Philadelphia, Reading Terminal, 5.22 p. m. and New York 6.00 p. m.

For Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton and Philadelphia, 8.20 a. m., 12.45, 3.05, 5.00 (except Philadelphia) p. m. Sunday, 2.15 p. m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc., at 8.20 a. m. (through car), 12.45 p. m.

For Reading, Lebanon and Harrisburg, via Allentown, 8.20 a. m., 12.45 p. m., 5.00 p. m. Sunday, 2.15 p. m.

For Pottsville, 8.20 a. m., 12.45 p. m.

Returning, leave New York, foot of Liberty street, North River, at 9.10 (express) a. m., 1.10, 1.20, 4.15 (express with Buffet parlor car) p. m. Sunday, 4.30 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, Reading Terminal, 9.00 a. m., 2.00 and 4.30 p. m. Sunday 6.23 a. m.

Through tickets to all points at lowest rates may be had on application in advance to the ticket agent at the station.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

Erie and Wyoming Valley.

Effective June 22.

Trains leave Scranton for New York, Newburgh and intermediate points on Erie, also for Hawley and local points at 7.05 and 8.45 a. m. and 2.28 p. m., and arrive from above points at 11.18 a. m. and 2.18 and 9.28 p. m.

An additional train leaves Scranton for Lake Ariel at 5.15 p. m., returning arrives at Scranton at 7.42 p. m. and 8.16 a. m.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in Effect June 14, 1896.

Trains Leave Wilkes-Barre as Follows

7.30 a. m., week days, for Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and for Pittsburg and the West.

10.15 a. m., week days, for Hazleton, Pottsville, Reading, Norristown, and Philadelphia; and for Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Pittsburg and the West.

3.17 p. m., week days, for Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Pittsburg and the West.

3.17 p. m., Sundays only, for Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and Pittsburg and the West.

6.00 p. m., week days, for Hazleton and Pottsville.

J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
S. M. PREVOST, General Manager.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD

May 17, 1896.

Train leaves Scranton for Philadelphia and New York via D. & H. R. R. at 6.45, 7.45 a. m., 12.05, 1.20, 2.30 4.41 (Black Diamond Express) and 11.38 p. m., via D., L. & W. R. R., 6.00, 8.08, 11.20 a. m., and 1.55 p. m.

Leave Scranton for Pittston and Wilkes-Barre, via D., L. & W. R. R., 6.00, 8.08, 11.20 a. m., 1.55, 3.40, 6.00, 8.47 p. m.

Leave Scranton for White Haven, Hazleton, Pottsville and all points on the Beaver Meadow and Pottsville branches, via D. & H. R. R. at 6.45, 7.45 a. m., 12.05, 1.20, 2.30, 4.41 p. m., via D., L. & W. R. R. 6.00, 8.08, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.55, 3.40 p. m.

Leave Scranton for Bethlehem, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg and all intermediate points, via D. & H. R. R., 6.45, 7.45 a. m., 12.05, 1.20, 2.30, 4.41 (Black Diamond Express), 11.38 p. m., via D., L. & W. R. R., 6.00, 8.08, 11.20 a. m., 12.20, 1.55, 3.40 p. m.

Leave Scranton for Tunkhannock, Towanda, Elmira, Ithaca, Geneva and all intermediate points, via D. & H. R. R., 8.45 a. m., 12.05, 1.20, 11.35 p. m., via D., L. & W. R. R., 8.08, 9.55 a. m., 12.20 p. m.

Leave Scranton for Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago and all points west, via D. & H. R. R., 8.45 a. m., 12.05, 1.20, 3.33 (Black Diamond Express), 9.50, 11.38 p. m., via D., L. & W. R. R. and Pittston Junction, 8.08, 9.55 a. m., 12.20, 3.47 p. m.

For Elmira and the west, via Salamanca, via D. & H. R. R., 8.45 a. m., 12.05 p. m., via D., L. & W. R. R., 8.08, 9.55 a. m., 12.20, 3.40 p. m.

Pullman parlor and sleeping or L. V. chair cars on all trains between L. & B. Junction or Wilkes-Barre and New York, Philadelphia, Buffalo, and Suspension Bridge.

ROLLIN H. WILBUR, Gen. Supt.
CHAS. S. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt., Phila., Pa.
A. W. NONEMACHER, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., South Bethlehem, Pa.
Scranton office, 309 Lackawanna avenue.

"The Route"

DELAWARE AND HUDSON TIME TABLE.

On Monday, May 18, train will leave Scranton as follows:

For Carbondale—5.45, 7.55, 8.55, 10.15 a. m.; 12.00 noon; 1.21, 2.20, 3.52, 5.25, 6.25, 7.57, 9.10, 10.30, 11.55 p. m.

For Albany, Saratoga, Montreal, Boston, New England points, etc.—5.45 a. m.; 2.20 p. m.

For Honesdale—5.45, 8.55, 10.15 a. m., 12.00 noon; 2.20, 5.25 p. m.

For Wilkes-Barre—6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.38, 10.45 a. m.; 12.05, 1.20, 2.30, 3.33, 4.41, 6.00, 7.50, 9.00, 11.38 p. m.

For New York, Philadelphia, etc., via Lehigh Valley railroad—6.45, 7.45 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 4.41 (with Black Diamond Express) p. m.

For Pennsylvania railroad points—6.45, 9.38 a. m.; 2.30, 4.41 p. m.

For western points, via Lehigh Valley railroad—7.45 a. m.; 12.05, 3.33 (with Black Diamond Express), 9.50, 11.38 p. m.

Trains will arrive Scranton as follows:

From Carbondale and the north—6.40, 7.40, 8.40, 9.34, 10.40 a. m.; 12.00 noon; 1.05, 2.27, 3.25, 4.37, 5.45, 7.45, 9.45, 11.33 p. m.

From Wilkes-Barre and the south—5.40, 7.50, 8.50, 10.10, 11.55 a. m.; 1.16, 2.14, 3.48, 5.22, 6.21, 7.53, 9.03, 9.45, 11.52 p. m.

NEW YORK ONTARIO AND WESTERN RAILWAY.

SCRANTON DIVISION.
In Effect June 21st, 1896.

North Bound. | South Bound.

203 Limited	201 N Y Day Exp	Stations (Trains Daily, Except Sunday)	202 Local Pass	204 Ontario Day Ex
P M	P M	Arrive Leave	A M	
10 45	7 25	N. Y. Franklin St.	7 40	
10 20	7 10	West