

THE LEADER

124-126 Wyoming Ave.

OUR ANNIVERSARY SALE

The public show their appreciation of our endeavors to save money for them by their liberal patronage. Bear in mind this sale continues during the entire month. We shall offer for the next ten days even greater bargains than in the past week. Investigation will prove to you that what we claim is true.

LEDBETK & CORNELL

OBJECT TO SEWELL.

Pittsburg Populists, However, Are Willing to Indorse Bryan.

Pittsburg, July 19.—The convention of the People's party adjourned from May 22 and reconvened yesterday for the purpose of nominating a county ticket, making preparations for the state convention to be held in Pittsburg August 5, and also to give instructions to the delegates to the national convention which meets in St. Louis July 22.

FIREWORKS AT PITTSBURG.

Big Ratification Meeting in Honor of the Bryan Ticket.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 19.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held in old City Hall last night for the purpose of ratifying the nominations of Bryan and Sewell. The meeting, which was not sanctioned by the Democratic county organization, was participated in by representatives of all shades of political belief.

JOURNEY TO SHOOT A MAN.

Druggist of Cheboygan Fatally Injured by a Young Stranger.

Cheboygan, Mich., July 19.—A stranger about 25 years old went to Sagster & Gahan's drug store just after the arrival of the train at 8 o'clock this morning and called Dan Graham, a member of the firm, out. The man went into the hallway leading upstairs and in a few minutes a shot was heard and Gahan started to run, when the man followed and shot twice more.

NOTE OWNED BY EXTREMISTS.

From the Times-Herald.

This country is not to be ruled by either Wall Street or Silver Gulch, but by the great majority of intelligent, conservative home holders, who owe allegiance to neither faction of the extremists.

Merit wins and that is why Hood's Sarsaparilla holds the abiding confidence of the public. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made. It is the one True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, jaundice, sick headache, biliousness, etc.

AMERICAN FARMER IN POLITICS

Have Never Voted as a Class and Probably Never Will.

POWER OF THE FARMERS' ALLIANCE

Under Certain Circumstances the Organization Might Accomplish Great Results—Populists Also Suffer from Lack of Support in Certain Districts.

From the New York Sun.

Washington, July 19.—There are, approximately, 13,500,000 voters in the United States and 8,500,000 of these, a preponderating majority, are farmers, farm laborers, or stock raisers. The farmers of the country are spoken of from time to time as an organized "class" of voters, the general assumption seeming to be that when, if ever, the farmers should act together in support of a candidate or party they would certainly be successful and accomplish whatever political action they might be agreed upon. As an historical fact, the farmers of the United States have never, at any time, acted together in support of one political party, and insuperable obstacles exist against the possibility of such concurrence of action in the future.

In recent years the most formidable organization of farmers for political action was the Farmers' Alliance established in St. Louis in December, 1883, at the call of the Farmers' and Laborers' Union of America, for the "purpose of bringing together in one organization all the different bodies of organized farmers in the country." This Farmers' Alliance movement, which in the first year of its existence seemed likely to exercise a very important influence upon American politics, was the outgrowth of other previous movements begun twenty years before for banding together the farmers of the United States. Its evolution was interesting as showing how, up to a certain point, and with certain limitations, a political movement may grow sporadically and then stop. On December 4, 1867, the National Grange of Farmers was organized in the city of Washington by seven men, two of them ministers of the gospel, and the rest of the members of the Grange secured a large membership throughout the country, reaching at one time 450,000; but its ranks were entered, if not invaded, by many persons whose relation to the farming interests of the country was speculative—loan agents, land brokers, insurance agents, "lightning-rod men," and lawyers.

At a meeting of the National Grange of Farmers in St. Louis in 1874 thirty-two states were represented, and an agreement was entered into by the delegates (called "bonuses") that thereafter the membership of the Grangers should be limited to "persons either practically engaged in the work of farming, or so closely connected with that work as to be, to all intents and purposes, farmers." Five years later the National Grange was placed to the test in the state of Texas, so called, established in the state of Texas "to oppose the expropriation of public lands" in the Lone Star State. In October, 1880, the Farmers' Alliance was chartered under the laws of Texas. In January, 1882, a union was made between the Farmers' organization of Texas and a somewhat similar one of Louisiana, and thereupon efforts were made in other states to bring about an organization of the farmers of the country for political action, as well as for the "mutual aid" action of C. W. McCreary, of North Carolina, was the most active worker in the new movement, and two years later it had spread so far that it included nearly all the states of the country, and in December, 1883, at the time of the St. Louis convention there were 1,250,000 members of the Farmers' Alliance.

RESULTS IN 1880.

In the elections of the year 1880 a groundswell of support for Democratic candidates was felt throughout the country, but the Farmers' Alliance nominated candidates and supported them in many of the states. Generally speaking, however, the support of the Alliance was given to the Democratic candidates, and one result of the election was the choice of 237 Democratic members of congress and only 57 Republicans. The Farmers' Alliance choosing 5 representatives in Kansas (Jerry Simpson among them), 2 in Nebraska (William J. Bryan among them), and 1 in Minnesota. The Farmers' Alliance vote in that election was about 210,000, or in Kansas, 65,000; South Dakota, 49,000; Nebraska, 46,000; and Minnesota, 25,000. In the southern states, then under the immediate shadow of the Force bill, and in the absence of a party to be dominated, the members of the Farmers' Alliance voted generally for the Democratic candidates, and were opposed to separate political action until what was to them a more important question than "the spoliation of public lands" or the ownership of farming property or excessive rates in railroad transportation could be, or should be, disposed of. In the elections of 1891 the Farmers' Alliance members had prepared for political action at "the Cincinnati Conference" held on May 19, 1891, at Cincinnati, in which delegates, who in a formal manner put in motion the Populist party which nominated James A. Weaver for president at the Omaha convention of July 4, 1892, and is to hold its second national convention at St. Louis next week.

CRIME COMES TO LIGHT.

Claimant for a Tract of Land Killed and Buried in a Coffin.

Perry, O., July 19.—A dark murder case came to light in the eastern part of this county today. Ten days ago Allen Cook, lawyer and farmer, disappeared, and today his body was found buried in a coffin on the same tract of land he was claiming. Charles Hyatt, W. H. Bone and I. B. Bennett are the accused. Bennett, one of the accused, and Cook were claimants for the same tract of land.

BURNED WITH VITRIOL.

Jealous Wife's Fiendish Revenge on Her Supposed Rival.

Butte, Mont., July 19.—Mrs. Edward Heinbach, wife of the manager of the Boston and Montana Mining company, last evening threw a pint of vitriol in the face of Mrs. Thomas Shelling, whom she suspected of receiving attentions from her husband. The fluid burned almost every shred of clothing of the woman's body; her face and body were burned in a most frightful manner, and the sight of both eyes probably destroyed. Mrs. Heinbach and her sister, who accompanied her, are in jail.

MATRIMONIAL YOKE IS GALLING.

Prominent New York Educator Seeks Divorce in Oklahoma.

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DISASTROUS YEAR FOR LABOR.

Ohio Loss in Wage Earnings in 1895 Placed at \$22,991,280.

Columbus, Ohio, July 19.—The annual report of the state shop and factory inspector, filed with the governor today, shows that 36,822 fewer persons were employed during the year just closed in the shops and factories of Ohio than were employed in 1894. The inspector estimates the yearly loss of wage earnings on this account to be \$22,991,280.

RHEUMATISM RELIEVED IN 3 HOURS.

"MYSTIC CURE" FOR RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA RELIEVES IN THREE HOURS. Its action upon the system is marvellous and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease, and it is entirely safe. The first dose greatly benefits. The second dose cures. Leave orders 100 North Main avenue, or Bricks' drug store, corner Adams and Mulberry. Telephone 655.

FEELING THE PULSE ON SILVER ISSUE

Result of the Pittsburg Leader's Canvass on Coinage Question.

EAGER DEMAND FOR INFORMATION

The Average Voter Knows Little or Nothing about the Currency Questions and is Anxiously Awaiting for Instruction—Silver Sentiment in the Coal Regions.

Pittsburg, July 19.—During last week the Leader completed a canvass of the state for the purpose of ascertaining the sentiment of Pennsylvania voters on the doctrine of free silver, as proclaimed in the Democratic national platform. The result of the inquiry, which was pursued by staff representatives who reported nearly every county in the state, supplemented by statements from trustworthy correspondents, was published this morning.

It was found that in all parts of the state there is an eager demand for information on the subject and in the northwest and in the tier of counties along the southwestern border, and in the anthracite coal region there is a marked predilection for silver. In the northwestern tier the situation is marked by uncertainty. Erie and Crawford counties are full of free silver talk. Men are waiting for developments of the campaign, many of the people who know they know little about finance are waiting to be informed. Greene county, known as the Gibraltar of the Pennsylvania Democracy, accepts the ticket, while Somerset, Bedford and Fulton are to an extent also infected with the new doctrine. In the Cumberland valley, where are located York, Franklin, Adams and Cumberland counties, there is a marked disposition to accept the free coinage plan as a "sure cure" for national ills.

WILLIAMS EXPLAINS.

In an Editorial in the Lawrence Sun He Gives Reasons for Advocating the Free Coinage of Silver.

Lawrence, Mass., July 19.—An editorial appeared in the Lawrence Sun today signed by George Frank Williams, in which he gives some of the reasons for his firm belief in the advocacy of free coinage of silver by the United States at the ratio of sixteen to one. The first place he says that the present money system is a failure. It brought us in 1893 to panic. Prices have fallen faster in the last three years than ever before. Gold, which is one of the greatest necessities in this emergency, is leaving the country by constant drain on the treasury, and the gold standard is under such terrible strain that another panic may result, which will involve the failure of the gold standard, and we shall then arrive at a silver standard whether we wish it or not.

MARRIES IN PRISON.

Chicago Burglar Gets a Bride and Six Months in Jail.

Milwaukee, July 19.—Martha Johnson and Jerome Malone, both of Chicago, were married at the county jail yesterday afternoon. Malone is in the county jail on a charge of burglary. Malone was arrested for the robbery of the drug store of E. Vogt Sunday, and sentenced by Judge Neelson to six months in the house of correction. He became acquainted with Malone in Chicago and brought her here with him when he came to this city to work at his trade of burglary.

PRISONERS ESCAPE.

Three Inmates of the Huntington Reformatory Overpower a Guard.

Huntington, Pa., July 19.—Three reformatory prisoners named John Walton, of Altoona; Frank Reach, of Philadelphia, and a Washington county lad, who were working outside the walls under the care of Keeper Charles Knapp, late yesterday afternoon overpowered their guard, and making him and binding his hands and feet, carried him to the pumping station, where they attempted to throw him down a forty foot well. Changing their minds, however, they left him in the engine house.

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Connolly & Wallace SPECIAL EXTRAORDINARY SALE

of the goods damaged by water at our store during the recent severe storm. They must be closed out at once at prices ruinous to us, but greatly to your benefit. In conjunction with the disposal of the Watered Goods, we will conduct a general mark-down sale all through the house. Remember this is no fire sale. The goods have only received water damage and most of the stuff is worth full price to you. Don't neglect the opportunity.

- Printed Zephyrs Gingham. Slightly wet on edges. 2 1/2 c. a yard; former price, 10c.
Chamois Gloves. The Washable kind; slightly damaged by dirty water. Will wash out all right. 40c. and 62c. a pair; worth \$1.00 and \$1.25.
Ladies' Silk and Lisle Gloves and Mitts. 25c. quality at 2 pair for 25c.
Perkhill Zephyr Gingham. Beautiful range of styles; edges only wet. 5c. a yard; 12 1-2 and 15c. goods.
DIMITIES. The damage is hardly noticeable. 5c. a yard; Regular 12 1-2 c. grade.
50c. Corsets for 25c. They have been but slightly wet but are all right otherwise.
Men's Natural Wool Underwear. Busy now for next fall and winter. These goods were in our basement and were pretty well soaked. 25c per garment; worth, 75c.
9-4 Unbleached Sheeting. The slight water damage don't hurt this a particle. 9c. a yard; regular price, 17c.
Men's Natural Wool Underwear. Busy now for next fall and winter. These goods were in our basement and were pretty well soaked. 25c per garment; worth, 75c.

CONNOLLY & WALLACE, 209 Washington Avenue, Opp. Court House.

ONE CENT A WORD.

- AGENTS WANTED. WANTED—AGENTS FOR...
WANTED—SALESMAN SALARY FROM...
AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL...
AGENTS—TO SELL OUR PRACTICAL...
AGENTS TO SELL GLOVES TO DEALERS...
SALESMAN TO CARRY SIDE LINE...
AT ONCE—AGENTS APPOINTED TO...
AGENTS—KINDER PATENT UNIVER...
SITUATIONS WANTED. SITUATION WANTED—GARDENER AND...
SITUATION WANTED—AS CLERK OR...
POSITION WANTED—TO DRIVE A...
SITUATION WANTED—BY A MIDDLE...
SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG...
FOR RENT. FOR RENT—FRONT AND THREE...
FOR RENT—HALF OF DOUBLE HOUSE...
FOR SALE. FOR SALE—AN ORGAN IN GOOD...
FOR SALE—A SILVER-PLATED...
FOR SALE OR RENT—SIX ROOMED...
FOR SALE—FURNITURE, AGED SIX...
FOR SALE—MY COTTAGE AT 1821...
HOTEL FOR SALE. WELL FURNISHED AND CENTRALLY...
UNFURNISHED ROOMS. SPECIAL NOTICES. THE SOLDIER IN OUR CIVIL WAR...
WANTED. WANTED—A SMART REPUBLICAN...
CLAIRVOYANT. MADAME ALBY, GREATEST LIVING...
COMPLEXION BLEACH 50 CTS. TOOTH...
MR. PENTON, CLAIRVOYANT AND...
EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. ESTATE OF MARY GORE, LATE OF THE...
TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. ALL PARTIES WHO ARE INDEBTED TO...
CITY SCAVENGER. A. B. BIGGINS CLEANS PRIVY VAULTS...
RHEUMATISM RELIEVED IN 3 HOURS. "MYSTIC CURE" FOR RHEUMATISM...
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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in Effect June 14, 1896. Trains Leave Wilkes-Barre as Follows 7:30 a. m., week days, for Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and for Pittsburg and the West. 10:15 a. m., week days, for Hazleton, Pottsville, Reading, Norristown, and Philadelphia; and for Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Pittsburg and the West. 3:17 p. m., week days, for Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Pittsburg and the West. 3:17 p. m., Sundays only, for Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and Pittsburg and the West. 6:00 p. m., week days, for Hazleton and Pottsville. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l. Pass. Agent. S. M. PREVOST, General Manager.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

Schedule in Effect June 14, 1896. Train leaves Scranton for Philadelphia and New York via D. & H. R. R. at 6:45, 7:45 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 4:41 (Black Diamond Express) and 11:38 p. m. via D. & W. R. R. 6:00, 8:08, 11:20 a. m., and 1:46 p. m. Leave Scranton for Pittsburg and Wilkes-Barre via D. & H. R. R. 6:00, 8:08, 11:20 a. m., 1:46, 4:41, 6:47 p. m. Leave Scranton for Hazleton, Pottsville and all points on the Lehigh Valley Railroad via D. & H. R. R. 6:45 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 4:41 p. m., via D. & W. R. R. 6:00, 8:08, 11:20 a. m., 1:46, 4:41 p. m. Leave Scranton for Bethlehem, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg and all intermediate points via D. & H. R. R. 6:45 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 4:41 p. m., via D. & W. R. R. 6:00, 8:08, 11:20 a. m., 1:46, 4:41 p. m. Leave Scranton for Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago and all points west via D. & H. R. R. 6:45 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 4:41 p. m., via D. & W. R. R. 6:00, 8:08, 11:20 a. m., 1:46, 4:41 p. m. Pullman parlor and sleeping or L. V. chair cars on all trains between L. & V. Junction of Wilkes-Barre and New York, Philadelphia, Buffalo, and Suspension Bridge. ROLLIN H. WILBUR, Gen. Supt. CHAS. A. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt. Phila. Pa. A. W. NONEMACHER, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. N. Y. City. Scranton office, 309 Lackawanna avenue.

RAILROAD TIME-TABLES

Del., Lack. and Western. Effect Monday, June 1, 1896. Trains Leave Scranton as follows: Express for New York and all points East, 1:00, 2:30, 4:15, 5:50 and 9:55 a. m., 7:10 and 3:38 p. m. Express for Easton, Trenton, Philadelphia and the West, 1:15, 3:15, 5:00 and 9:00 a. m., 1:10 and 3:28 p. m. Washington and way stations, 4:55 a. m., 10:30 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 4:45 p. m. Express for Binghamton, Oswego, Elmira, Corning, Bath, Danville, Mount Morris and Elmira, 12:30, 2:35 a. m., 1:40 p. m., making close connections at Buffalo to all points in the West, North-west and South-west. Bath accommodation, 9:15 a. m., Binghamton and way stations, 1:00 p. m., Nicholson accommodation, 4:00 and 6:10 p. m. Binghamton and Elmira express 5:55 p. m. Express for Cortland, Syracuse, Oswego, Elmira and Richford Springs, 2:30 a. m., and 1:40 p. m. Elmira 2:35 and Bath 9:15 a. m., and 1:40 p. m. For Northumberland, Pittston, Wilkes-Barre, Plymouth, Bloomsburg and Danville, making close connections at Northumberland for Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington and the South, 6:00, 9:55 a. m., and 1:35 and 6:00 p. m. Nanticoke and intermediate stations, 8:05 and 11:20 a. m., 12:30 p. m., and intermediate stations, 8:40 and 8:47 p. m. Pullman parlor and sleeping coaches on all express trains. For detailed information, pocket time tables, etc., apply to M. L. Smith, city ticket office, Lackawanna avenue, or depot ticket office.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

(Lehigh and Susquehanna Division). Anthracite coal used exclusively, insuring cleanliness and comfort. TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 7, 1896. Trains Leave Scranton for Pittsburg, Wilkes-Barre, Easton, Trenton, Philadelphia and the West, 1:15, 3:15, 5:00 and 9:00 a. m., 1:10 and 3:28 p. m. For Atlantic City, 8:20 a. m., 2:00 p. m. For New York, Newark and Elizabeth, 8:20 (express) a. m., 12:45 (express) with Buffet parlor cars, 7:45 (express) p. m. Sunday, 2:15 p. m. Train leaving 12:45 p. m. arrives at Philadelphia, Reading, Terminal, 5:25 p. m. and New York 6:00 p. m. For Match Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton and Philadelphia, 8:20 a. m., 12:45, 2:00 (express) (Philadelphia) p. m., Sunday, 2:15 p. m. For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc., at 8:20 a. m. through cars, 12:45 p. m. For Reading, Lebanon and Harrisburg, via Allentown, 8:20 a. m., 12:45 p. m., 5:00 p. m. For Pottsville, 8:20 a. m., 12:45 p. m., 5:00 p. m. Returning, leave New York, foot of Liberty street, North River, at 9:30 (express) a. m., 1:30, 4:15 (express) with Buffet parlor car, m. Sunday, 4:30 a. m. Leave Philadelphia, Reading Terminal, 9:00 a. m., 2:00 and 4:30 p. m., Sunday, 6:25 a. m. Through tickets to all points at lowest rate may be had on application in advance to the ticket agent at the station. J. H. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt. J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

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