

WE'VE RIP'D UP SHIRT PRICES

Wit a vengeance. Why? Simply because we determined to put an end to the so-called price cutting in this line that is commonly advertised in the papers, but fails to materialize at the counter.

Important

Before saying one word about prices, we wish to state that the goods quoted below are the

Newest, Freshest and Noblest Productions of the Present Season

Full prices will buy no better styles, qualities or makes, and to say the difference between our

Special Sale Prices

and regular values simply means an absolute waste of money, with no benefit gained whatever, looked at from any standpoint you will.

Correct Summer Shirts

30 Doz. Men's Laundered Shirts, all sizes; best White Muslin, with colored stripes, bosoms, collars and cuffs. Very, very stylish, and knock out price, 69c.

100 Doz. Men's \$1.00 Laundered Shirts in the following popular brands: "Eureka," "Trumpet" or "Masco." Collars and cuffs detachable. Very choice patterns. Guaranteed value \$1.00. Knock out price, 59c.

50 Doz. Colored Laundered Shirts, better than the kind you usually see advertised at "half price" (2) for 49c. or 50c. Knock out price, 40c.

Top Notch Hosiery for Men's Wear

100 Doz. Men's imported half hose, Black or Tan shades. All sizes. The quality you usually pay a quarter for. Knock out price, 2 prs., 25c.

250 Doz. Men's half hose in Tan, modes and absolutely Fast Black or Black with split feet. This is our well-known 25c. special, than which there is no better. Knock out price for Box of 6 pairs, \$1.19.

Suspender Bargains.

30 Doz. Genuine "Guyot" French suspenders; clean, new stock. You know them at 50c. Knock out price, 39c.

80 Doz. Various styles "Crown" make suspenders, the American favorite at 60c. Knock out price, 39c.

Belfast Linen Handkerchiefs

The real imported article, made from pure Irish flax. Half-inch, one inch, and one and one-half inch hem-stitched borders; extra 25c. quality. Knock out price, \$1.19 for Six.

Sale Now On

GLOBE WAREHOUSE.

AT THE TWIN SHAFT

Relatives Now Only Hope That the Bodies May Be Recovered.

SOME MAY STILL BE ALIVE

Possibility Which is Terrible to Dwell Upon in View of the Fact That It Will Take Weeks to Reach Them. Indications That the Whole Place Has Caved in from the Surface Down.

These are dreary days of waiting and watching for those who hang about the mouth of the ill-fated Twin shaft at Pittston. Not the slightest incident has occurred in the last forty-eight hours to help keep alive the faint hope that possibly some of the unfortunate men might be brought out alive and, now, this dim possibility causes bitter anguish instead of consolation for they feel that it were far better that their beloved ones should be dead than to be dying in delirium.

There is still the possibility, quite generally admitted that some of the men may still be alive but those who hold this belief are loth to give it words for the terrible picture this possibility conjures up before the mind is dreadful to contemplate, now that it is so certain that three or four weeks will pass before the rescuers can reach the spot where the men are supposed to have been caught.

Yesterday like the days immediately preceding brought forth no good news. The rate of progress was if anything, a trifle slower than on Thursday. Eight and a half feet were cleared, but only 6 1/2 feet were completely tumbled, during the eight hours between 7 a. m. and 3 p. m. From that time until 11 o'clock last night when the next shift came up the progress was just about the same. Yesterday morning the rescuers encountered an unusually large boulder 10x8x3 and lost much time in breaking it up and removing it.

BETTER TIME EXPECTED.

It is hoped today that a little better time will be made as the road just in advance of where the men were working yesterday has been explored and appears to be free from extra sized rocks and has one or two clear spots. The use of sledges for breaking the rock has been done away with to a great extent by the adoption of the "pin and feather" method, so much in vogue in quarries. A row of shallow holes are drilled in the rock, wedges are inserted in these holes and when hammered caused the rock to split. A dozen large boxes of dynamite were yesterday brought to the mine and stored in the powder house that the explosive may be on hand in case it is found expedient to use it. Just at present there is talk of experimenting with it.

The proposed investigation by a commission of mine inspectors appointed by the governor was the principal topic of conversation yesterday. The miners and friends of the entombed men have formed no fixed opinion on the matter as yet, simply contenting themselves with talking it over and making conjectures as to what it will be like.

The officials say they will welcome the investigation and have no fears of the outcome. General Manager Law in talking with a Tribune reporter said he was glad of the governor's action and that it was intelligent and competent men who were to conduct the investigation and not a coroner's jury with its indiscriminate make-up. To the reporter's question as to whether there was any truth in the report that the company had instigated the governor's investigation, Mr. Law said: "Not the slightest. The impression somehow or other got abroad that Mr. Patterson, president of the company, had seen the governor and invited the investigation, but this Mr. Patterson denied when I was talking with him this morning. Neither he nor any of the other officers of the company had any knowledge of the governor's action until we saw the dispatches in this morning's papers. Mr. Patterson agreed with me that the investigation was to be welcomed by us and that we should congratulate ourselves that it is to be an intelligent investigation. We will do all in our power to aid the investigating commission in making a full and complete report on the matter."

MINE INSPECTOR STEIN.

Inspector William Stein, of Shenandoah, one of the commission, arrived on the scene yesterday morning having come simply as a visitor. He learned of the letter addressed to him by Governor Hastings after he had started from home and consequently had not had much time to consider the matter. When interviewed on the matter he said that the investigation will probably be private out of courtesy to the governor who is entitled to the first information concerning the commission's findings, inasmuch as the investigation was suggested by him and the commission was his creation. Mr. Stein had not seen Inspectors Broderick or Barnum, the other members of the commission and consequently could not say definitely how the investigation will be conducted. As far as he was concerned himself he would not object to relatives of the widows or their representatives being present at the sessions of the commission, but believed that it

(Continued on Page 2.)

SCRANTON MARKSMAN WINS.

A. D. Spencer Victorious in National Shooting Tournament. Syracuse, N. Y., July 3.—Today saw the last of the double rest match in the national shooting tournament and festival. A. D. Spencer, of Scranton, Pa., won the event and the Herald's medal of honor with a total of 142 inches with 15 strings; R. M. Baker was second, 129 3-10 inches, with H. M. Spencer, a son of the winner, third with a string of 182 2-10 inches. Spencer beat out the celebrated Jamestown quartette, consisting of H. S. Perry, J. L. Bacon, G. Garfield and E. Page. His lowest string was 6 2-10 inches.

ACTOR GENTRY SENTENCED.

Slayer of Margaret Drysdale Weeps Upon Learning His Doom. Philadelphia, July 3.—Judge Yerkes in the court of oyer and terminer today heard argument for a new trial in the case of James Gentry, who was convicted on Saturday last of the murder of his fiancée, Margaret Drysdale. The motion was overruled and Gentry was sentenced to be hanged. The prisoner bore every appearance of great suffering and he cried bitterly while the judge was pronouncing the sentence.

COTTON MILLS CLOSE.

Plan to Reduce the Production During the Months of July and August. Secretary Howard's Advice.

Fall River, Mass., July 3.—The following official letter regarding the closing of the cotton mills in New England, was given out this afternoon by Secretary Rouseville, of the Fall River Cotton Manufacturers' association:

Boston, July 3, 1896. The committee appointed on the 21st ult. to inquire whether the cotton manufacturers of New England would generally co-operate in a movement to curtail production during the months of July and August, would respectfully advise that enough spindles now running short time in New England and the Middle States, to bring the aggregate up to over 5,000,000 spindles.

A telegram received this date from Charlotte, N. C., says that at a meeting of southern manufacturers, held June 25, resolutions were passed by the owners to reduce production 50 per cent. in the next two months, and 100 establishments have already acquiesced in this proposal.

(Signed) Jonathan Chace, Chairman.

C. C. Rouseville, Secretary. To William C. Levering, President of the Arkwright Club, Fall River, Mass., July 3.

Secretary Howard, of the Spinner's Union, has issued a circular letter to spinners bearing on the proposed curtailment of production. Among many other things he says: "Bring on the eve of a general shut down of the mills, a decision to be made by a majority of the mills about shut down, the rate of stoppage, besides which there are some steady work and the law is put in force again."

The officers are quite willing to do without salaries, and are willing to be stopped and close the office up if it is agreeable to members. Husband your resources and live within your means. Make it advisable to inform you that rule 2, relating to stoppage pay, reads: "In the event of a majority of the mills about shut down, the rate of stoppage, besides which there are some steady work and the law is put in force again."

THE CLEVELAND STRIKE.

Trouble at the Brown Hoisting Works Not Yet Over—Albert Saunders Released on \$10,000 Bail.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 3.—The locked-out employees of the Brown Hoisting and Conveying company held a meeting at Superior hall this morning. The situation was thoroughly canvassed and it was ordered that these telegrams be sent: "Eugene V. Debs, New York city: Workmen here in awful ferment. Union men deliberately murdered by scabs. Burial Sunday afternoon. Can you come and deliver funeral oration?" "James O'Connell, grand master machinist, Oil City: Great ferment; union men murdered by scabs. Can't you come?"

A burning proclamation to all laboring men in the city was issued. The Brown Hoisting company and the municipal government which furnished police to protect the non-union men, were bitterly denounced. A strong appeal was sent to all union men in northern Ohio to make special effort and attend the funeral services of the dead striker at Immaculate Conception church, Sunday afternoon. Those attending the funeral were requested to wear a white ribbon.

The parade will be formed at Superior hall in the neighborhood of the works at 12.30 p. m. Sunday. The majority of the labor organizations in the city have already signified their intention to participate. A monster demonstration is anticipated. The strikers when not indulging in threats of avenging the death of William Rettger, who was killed yesterday are tonight expressing confidence of victory in the strike owing to the action of the Brown Hoisting company today. Shortly before noon the 72 men at work were paid off and told that the works would close at noon and not reopen until Monday. This the strikers think means that they will not be reopened at all. Manager Leach insists, however, that the works will open Monday with 250 men.

Albert G. Saunders, who fired the fatal shot is in a critical condition. He was released on \$10,000 bail and lies with a broken nose and jaw and terrible cuts and bruises about his head and body. The doctors are doubtful of his recovery.

SILVER MEN WILL RUN CONVENTION

No Hope for the Democratic Gold Bugs at Chicago.

SENTIMENT IN FAVOR OF TELLER

His Associates in the Senate Are All Giving Him Support—Senator Jones Declares That There Shall Be No Jugglery with the Platform.

Chicago, July 3.—It looks as if the Chicago Democratic convention would be quite as loquacious as the recent Republican gathering at St. Louis. There has been no break today in the monotony of the signs and tokens of what is to happen. It is to be a free silver convention. Moreover, with surprising unanimity the controlling men of the western and southern delegations have declared their preference for Teller. Nearly all his associates or former associates in the senate who believe in free coinage are giving him their support. The list includes Turpie, of Indiana; Jones, of Arkansas; Harrison, of Tennessee; Walsh, of Georgia; Chilton, of Texas, and Cockrell, of Missouri.

When the eastern delegates and friends of the gold standard reach Chicago they will find that the silver men have absolute control of the situation. Conferences have been frequent during the day. Out of all this consultation but one concrete fact seems to have been developed. The platform will be concise, short and clear cut, without so much as an ambiguous word that can be misconstrued into meaning anything other than out and out declaration for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Senators Jones, of Arkansas; Blair, of Kentucky; Tillman, of South Carolina, and Cockrell, of Missouri; Senator-elect Moore, of Mississippi; Representative Richardson, of Tennessee, and Hon. John R. McLean, have been in conference during the day, and all are agreed that the financial platform shall be given that prominence which its importance demands, and that its text shall be so short and its meaning so fixed and determined that he who runs can read it understandingly.

NO GUSH ALLOWED.

"Plattitudes will be eschewed by this convention," said Senator Jones, of Arkansas, today. "The silver men represent the plain people of the country, the thinking masses, and our declaration will be such that no man can juggle with its meaning or speak to represent it as some thing else. This convention is to be run by the silver men; we are in control and everything that is done will be by the consent of the majority only. This situation might as well be accepted by the minority at once. The minority will be accorded all its rights and will be part or parcel of the Democratic convention, but the voice of the majority is the voice of the party in the convention."

When asked if he had any fear of the delegates being won over from their allegiance to silver, Mr. Jones replied with a negative that was emphatic and convincing. "I am not in the least afraid," he said. "If the gold men are hoping to be successful in proselyting among the silver men," he continued, "it is high time they understood the character of timber of which this convention will be constructed. The delegates to the convention are men who can neither be bought or intimidated. They are firm in the faith, and nothing can shake their loyalty to the cause, which they put above all other political questions. Long months ago, when we first organized the silver movement in Washington, we took care to provide against such influences and wrote our people in every district to see that strong men were selected as delegates."

While there seems to be no concentration upon any one for temporary chairman the general opinion is that either Senator Harris, of Representative Richardson, of Tennessee, may be permanent chairman, and that Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, may be temporary chairman. All these gentlemen are good parliamentarians, Mr. Harris having been president pro tem of the senate. Mr. Richardson a frequent and experienced occupant of the speaker's chair, and Mr. Blackburn having frequently presided over the senate.

NO GOLD NOTE WILL SOUND.

Concerning the report that the national committee intended to attempt to force a gold standard man upon the convention for temporary chairman, Mr. Richardson said: "Nothing of the kind will be done. Of course we recognize the fact that the committee, as at present constituted, is not a very desirable one, but we will be very apt to remember also that the convention is very largely the other way. If it decides by a majority vote to recommend to the convention a gold man, the minority of the committee will offer a substitute naming a silver man. When the committee makes its report to the convention the substitute will be offered, and a substitute is always voted on first. The substitute will be adopted, and if there is to be a brush about the question, it will be short and quick and result in a sweeping victory for the silver men. From the floor demanding the previous question, which will be promptly and carried. While all reasonable

TIN PLATE MAKERS VISIT MCKINLEY

One Thousand Wage-Earners from Tuscarawas Pay Their Respects.

ESSENTIALLY A LABOR DELEGATION

Their Banner a Large Sheet of Tin Plate—Major McKinley Delivers One of the Longest Informal Speeches Made During the Present Campaign.

Canton, Ohio, July 3.—It was an interesting delegation of wage earners from Tuscarawas county numbering about 1,000 that called on Major McKinley this hot July afternoon. In the midst of the procession was borne aloft a huge sheet of American bright tin plate manufactured in one of the mills at Canal Dover. It is the largest sheet of tin plate ever made in the United States, its dimensions being 30 by 144 inches. The delegation was essentially a labor delegation. W. A. Bovey, of Denison, spoke for the visitors and his earnest remarks were cordially cheered. The appearance of Major McKinley was the signal for a prolonged outburst of cheering which lasted for several minutes. After quiet had been restored Major McKinley made the longest informal talk he has yet addressed to a visiting delegation. He said:

MR. TELLER'S POSITION.

Believes the Country Needs More Patriotism and Less Partisanship. Will Support Any Silver Man.

Chicago, July 3.—In view of the many conflicting statements put in circulation respecting Senator Teller's attitude and the intention of his friends who walked with him out of the St. Louis convention a fortnight ago, Senator Dubois this afternoon gave out the following letter from his associate, the only one, he said, that had been received from Senator Teller since the adjournment of the Republican national convention:

Morrison, Ill., June 24, 1896. Hon. Fred Dubois, Springfield, Ill.

Dear Sir: I reached this place yesterday and will remain here until the last of the week, when I will leave for Denver. I notice that the gold standard Democrats have declared their intention to control the Chicago convention. I do not think they can do so. If our silver friends control the convention and give us a good silver man, the gold standard men should have the right to say that they are in control and everything that is done will be by the consent of the majority only. This situation might as well be accepted by the minority at once. The minority will be accorded all its rights and will be part or parcel of the Democratic convention, but the voice of the majority is the voice of the party in the convention. I believe this can be done, and to that end we must bend all our energies. A little more patriotism and a little less partisanship is what our country needs at this time. The friends of silver made no mistake at St. Louis, and we must not make a mistake as to our future alliance with other silver advocates. The cause is of too much importance to admit of carping or criticism. We must all get together and act together. Let us hear from you soon. Yours truly, H. M. Teller.

ST. JOHN RESIGNS.

The New York Silver Banker Forced Out of His Office.

New York, July 3.—The following statement was given out at the Mercantile National Bank, 191 Broadway, this afternoon: "Mr. William P. St. John has resigned the presidency of the Mercantile National Bank." For several years he has outspokenly advocated the free coinage of silver. Recently the feeling in banking circles against a bank president's advocating free silver has been manifest. The matter was brought to an issue this morning at the board meeting by his reading a letter from one of his directors, of which the following is an extract: "I have just heard that you intend to take part in the silver convention at Chicago. You are under obligations not to do so, as is my belief. I admit that the position you hold gives you power before a convention, but you ought not to go when you know your bank is against your views, as well as all money centers."

Irish Education Bill.

London, July 3.—In the house of commons today Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury, announced the withdrawal from parliament of the Irish education bill.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

- Weather Indications Today: Showers in the Afternoon; cooler. 1 Outlook Gloomy at the Twin Shaft. Silver Democrats Will Control Convention. Teller Defines His Position. Tinplate Workers Visit McKinley. Cleveland Strike. 2 John T. Watkins Writes of Musicians Abroad. Dun's Weekly Trade Review. 3 Outlook Gloomy at Twin Shaft (Continued). Our Judges Vacation. 4 Editorial. 5 (Local)—The Day We Celebrate. Contract for Court House Addition. 6 Social Doings. News of Scranton's Churches. 7 Suburban News. Market and Stock Reports. 8 (Sports)—Scranton Again Defeats Wilkes-Barre. Eastern, National and State League Games. 9 Henry Watterson Addresses the British Queen Victoria Beloved by All. 10 (Story)—"Stealing of the Padre." 11 Death of One of Gwalla's Noblest Sons. 12 News Up and Down the Valley.

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MAJOR MCKINLEY'S SPEECH.

I am very grateful for this visit on the part of my friends in Tuscarawas county, and I thank my old friend, your spokesman, for the cordial and generous and eloquent words of greeting which he has brought to me in your behalf. The United States is fairly typical of our American communities, and it fitsly represents the varied occupations of the people. As your spokesman has already said, in this presence are farmers, laborers, mechanics, miners, railroad employes, merchants, professional men and representatives of every rank and condition of society. I am here distant from your home not from curiosity nor from any considerations of all personal, but you are here because in your hearts you believe in the great fundamental doctrines of the Republican party. (Loud applause.) You believe that these principles are best for you when put into practical legislation and administration. You believe that those principles will secure to all the people the largest measure of good to the largest number, and you believe that because you recall that for more than a century of a century those great Republican principles dominated legislation and administration in this country, and that during all that period you have enjoyed an exceptional prosperity which you have not during in the last three years and a half. (Loud cheers.)

You know, therefore, something of these great principles from experience, which, after all, is the most unerring teacher, and you are only waiting for an opportunity to express judgment based upon that experience in your votes next November. And all these demonstrations that have been witnessed here for the past two weeks are only significant because they show what the hearts and minds of the American people; that they want an opportunity—and they want it early—to return to power that grand old party to which your spokesmen have so feelingly alluded in every branch of the government of the United States. Here in this country we are dependent upon each other for our future and our occupations may be. All of us want good times, good wages, good prices, good markets and then we want good money always. (Vigorous cheering.)

SOUND DOLLARS WANTED.

When we give a good day's wage to our employes we want to be paid in good sound dollars, worth 100 cents, and no less. Now, whatever policy will bring us back to these good dollars is the one that the great majority of the American people are in favor of and will so register their votes at the coming election, and you seem to have made up your minds what that policy is. I am glad to hear that you are only long enough to say that I am grateful for this manifestation of your confidence upon the part of representatives of every part of the country. What I want to see in this country is a return to that prosperity which we enjoyed for so many years; (loud and continuous applause); what I want to see is the men at work and at American wages (loud applause); and the more men you have at work at good American wages, the better markets will the farmers have, and the better prices will they get for their products. Every one of you farmers know what from experience, and now, after expressing your gratitude to me, I am glad to have given me of your friendship and support, and welcoming you with an overflowing heart to my home city and to my own home, I will give me very great pleasure to meet and greet each of you individually. (Tremendous cheers and applause.)

Disbanded for Inefficiency.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 3.—In orders from National Guard headquarters, Company H, Fourth regiment, Staunton, have been disbanded for inefficiency. The Lebanon rifles will take the place of the Staunton company, and a new company will be placed in the Fifth regiment at Clearfield.

Filibusters at Work.

Key West, Fla., July 3.—The steamer Three Friends left this port this morning at 5.30. The arms seized on board the steamer City of Richmond and released yesterday, were transferred to the Three Friends last night. The schooner Delle is said to have left this port last night with fifty Cubans on board.

Must Not Graduate Too Young.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 3.—Deputy Attorney General Elkin has instructed the superintendent of public instruction that students who graduate from the state normal schools under the age of 17 are not entitled to the \$50 allowance. If the student has reached the age of 17 he is entitled to the allowance.

FINLEY'S

Special Sale of SHIRT WAISTS

Our stock is unsurpassed in style, workmanship and assortment, and to close the season we offer

Special Inducements

To Purchasers. . . .

As the following prices will show, we guarantee them to be the very best values offered this season:

- Fancy Lawn Waists, all colors, 48c. Fancy Percale Waists, all sizes, 69c. Better quality Percale Waists, 85c. Fancy Stripe Lawn Waists, \$1.10. Extra Fine Waists at \$1.35, \$1.45, \$1.65. The Celebrated "King Waists," in Percales, Lawns and Dimities, at \$1.40, \$1.75, \$1.98, \$2.25.

These goods sell themselves.

Plain White Waists in Batiste and Dimity, Plain Black Himalaya Waists, Silk Jacquard House Waists; also a superior line of Children's Dimity and Lawn Dresses, Boys' Kilt Suits in Plique and Fine Galatea Cloth at greatly reduced prices.

510 AND 512

LACKAWANNA AVENUE

4th of July

Today all the good people of America are patriotic and happy.



July the sixth, Monday, begins our 50-cent outing-shoe sale for the boys and girls. This will make every member of the family happy.

LEWIS, REILLY & DAVIES

114 AND 116 WYOMING AVE.

A LARGE AND WELL

SELECTED STOCK OF

FINE JEWELRY

CAN BE SEEN AT

408 SPRUCE STREET.

When you pay for Jewelry you might as well get the best.

A fine line of Novelties for Ladies and Gentlemen.

W. J. Weichel

408 Spruce St.

MATTHEWS BROTHERS

Atlantic Lead,

French Zinc,

Enamel Paints,

Carriage Paints,

Reynolds' Pure Colors,

Reynolds' Wood Finish,

Crockett's Preservative.

Ready Mixed Tinted

Gloss Paints, Strictly Pure

Linseed Oil, Guaranteed.