The Scranton Tribune

E. P. KINGSBURY, PARE. AND GEN'S MOD H. RIPPLE, SECT AND TREAS. LIVY S. RICHARD, EUTOR. W. W. DAVIS, Business Manager. W. W. YOUNGS, Asv. Mane's

SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

THE WERKLY TRIBUNE, ISSUED Every Saturday, Contains Twelve Haudsome Pages, with an Abun-dance of News, Fiction, and Well-Edited Miscel-lany. For These Who Cannot Take Thu Dally Taibung, the Weekly Is Recommended as the Best Hargain Going. Only \$1 a Year, in Advance

THE TRIBUNE Is for Sale Pally at the D., L. and W.



SCRANTON, JULY 3, 1896

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

NATIONAL.

For President, WILLIAM MCKINLEY, of Obio. For Vice-President. GARRET A. HOBART, of New Jersey. STATE.

Congressmen-at-Large. GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanna. SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT, of Eric.

Licetion Day, Nov. 3. THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

1. Tariff, not only to furnish adequate revenue for the necessary expenses of the government, but to protect American la-bor from degradation to the wage level of other lands, 2. Reciprocal agreements for open markets and discriminating duties in favor of the American merchant marine. 3. Maintenance of the existing gold standard and opposition to free colaage of silver except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world. 4 Pensions and preferences for veterans of the Union preferences for veterals of the times army, 5. A firm, vigorous and dignified foreign policy "and all our interests in the western hemisphere carefully watched and guarded." 6. The Hawalian Islands to be controlled by the United States; the Nicaraguan camal to be built; a naval states in the West Indies. 7. Protection of tion in the West Indies. 7. Protection of American citizens and property in Turkey. 8. Reassertion of the Monroe doctrine. Eventual withdrawal of European powers from this hemisphere and union of all English-speaking people on this continent. 9. The United States actively to use influ-ence to restore peace and give independ-ence to Cuba. 10. Enlargement of the navy, defense of harbors and seacoasts. 11. Exclusion of illiterate and immoral immigrants. 12. Reapproval of the civil service law. 13, A free ballot and an honest count. 14. Condemnation of lynching. 15. Approval of national arbitration, 18 Approval of a free homestead law. 17. Admission of the remaining territories, rep-resentation for Alaska and abolition of carpet-bag federal officers. Is. Sympathy with lesitimate efforts to lessen intemperance. 19. Sympathetic reference to "the rights and interests of woman." -- Condensed by the Times-Herald.

Practical Philanthropy.

Chicage, always a fruitful source of philanthropic novelties, now offers to public inspection a wholly new departure in the direction of what may well be called practical Christianity. It is a home for breadless and bedless workfugmen; a place where the man in want can get food and shelter without being pauperized or made to feel the object of ostentations charity. Concerning this new enterprise,, which owes its existence mainly to Dr. J . H. Kellogg, the Times-Herald says:

"For the nominal fee of 10 cents per

day patrons will be given the privilege of a bed, baths, massage and electric treatment, medicine and literature. Gospel is free. As an Inducement to partake of the spiritual features, a free lunch is served daily between the hours of 6 and 7 o'clock for all who attend the evening religious services. A free laundry has been established in the basement, where 100 men can be daily accommodated with laundry tubs and the use of the hot air dryers. A penny lunch counter is another feature. For of wholesome and well-cooked soup, a sandwich of generous dimensions, or a cup of steaming coffee with milk and sugar trimmings. In the free reading room the men can peruse books and every evening, in charge of a competent leader assisted by college helpers. In the medical department, missionary nurses attend the sick."

Another excellent feature in connecconnected with it a large farm, to which city wage-earners who wish to get away from metropolitan associations and temptations, may be transported. The farm is made attractive, and those who work can live upon it as long as they wish. In course of time cash wages are paid in addition to the food, lodging and clothing. It is hoped to put every feature of the "home" and the "farm" on a strictly business footing, yet to make the advantages of the two accessible to the poorest, and helpful to the upbuilding of moral character. Needless to say, the enterprise will reach a grand success if well-wishing will suffice to effect that result. It is a kind of philanthrophy of which there cannot be too much.

England Not Omnipotent.

"It is folly to talk about international bimetallism," observes the Century Magazine. "England would never consent to it." And then it draws a vivid picture of England's extraordinary prosperity on the gold standard, and cites that as its authority.

Well, probably England wouldn't. True, gold monometallism is having anything but a happy effect on Eng-

they control parliament, England may "never consent" to international bi-

metallism. But why should that fact block an inernational agreement? France, Germany, and the United States could shoulder the task among them, at a moderate ratio; and then England would eventually be forced into line. It is well to remember that the Republican party, while unwilling to try to lift silver up independently, has pledged itself to promote an international concert of action in silver's behalf. We will not be scared away from that pledge by any talk like that of the Century Magazine.

"The money of the United States. and every kind or form of it. whether of paper, silver or gold, must be as good as the best in the world. It must not only be current at its full face value at home, but it must be counted at par in any and every commercial to the farmer, the wage-earner and the pensioner must continue forever equal in purchasing and debt-paying power to the dollar paid to any government creditor." -- McKintey in His Speech of Acceptance.

History of American Shipping.

A circular just issued by the American Merchant Marine association gives power for good. some interesting facts relative to the history of American shipping. From this it appears that in 1789, "only 23 per cent, of the foreign commerce of the United States was carried in American ships, although American ships were built from 33 to 50 per cent, cheaper, and better, and lasted longer, than foreign ships. The first act of the first congress, and subsequent acts of that and other congresses during the latter part of the last century, created a preference for American ships in the carriage of American foreign commerce, by taxing imports in foreign ships more than they were taxed in American ships. That policy, during the nearly forty years it was in force, enabled American ships to carry 90 per cent. of American foreign commerce.

In the mistaken belief that American ships could thereafter carry all of our tory preference the legislation that to Wichita, Kan, then to Salt Lake City, had created that preference was partly repealed in 1815, still more was repealed in 1817, and in 1828 was wholly and finally repealed. From that time American ships carried less and less of paign for McKinley's nomination was be-American commerce, and at the begin-American commerce, and at the begin-ning of the civil war they carried but 66 Utah and other states where they have per cent., which had fallen at the close of the war to but 28 per cent., and is today but 11 per cent, of our foreign at her own expense she commenced work, and, it appears, did good service. Now

to vessels of the United States, and which has given to the United hold the vote of the women for McKinley States the finest inland shipping in the world. In 1792 American registry was denied to foreign vessels, which act has een continually in force ever since. But the act of 1828, above referred to, nevertheless permits foreign ships to freely compete with American ships in the carriage of American foreign commerce

From time to time attempts have been made to again give the carrying of our commerce to our own ships, by bounties and subsidies. In 1849 subsidies were granted to two trans-Atlantic American lines and withdrawn in 1859, whereupon the lines failed. The subsidy act of 1891 has, by the help of another act, placed four vessels under the American flag, two of which are of American construction. That is the sum total of accomplishment under subsidies in the United States. There has never been a bounty act passed for the benfit of American ships, although such a bill has been discussed and ad-

The foreign commerce of the United States annually consists of between 1 cent the customer can secure a bowl one and a half and two billions of dollars' worth of imports and exports, and employs several millions of tons of foreign ships. In order that American ships may be restored to the carrying of this commerce, an agitation has been periodicals. Gospel meetings are held begun for the readoption of the policy of 1789, to create a preference for American ships by taxing imports a higher duty when brought here in foreign ships. This movement has received the indorsement of fifteen Retion with this "home" is that there is publican state platforms, in addition to that of the St. Louis national convention. A law putting it into effect will undoubtedly be signed by President McKinley early during his administration

A Power for Good.

In the city of Washington next Wednesday there will convene for a five days' session one of the largest and most important gatherings in the history of American conventions. It will not be a political body, and yet it will represent an organization more compact, more devoted and more unselfish than any known to secular politics. Neither will it be in any narrow sense an ecclesiastical gathering, although its labors are put forth in the name of God and the church." It will be simply collection from all parts of the United States of perhaps 50,000 young men and young women who are enthusiastic in the Christian Endeavor movement and who are rapidly becoming, in their respective communities, the bulwarks of Christian activity and progress.

Some features of the convention deserve a word of fore-announcement. Washington expects during it to entertain 100,000 visitors. The exercise will anything but a happy effect on Eng-land's working classes. They are by be in progress in nine different places at ble gentiemen appeared as an 'infernal

no means to be envied. Neither are once. Three tents seating 12,000 people England's manufacturers in the best each, are to be erected near the Washof conditions under the gold standard. Ington monument. They will dispose of Else why should so many of them be 29,000 people, or 40,000 on a pinch. Cenbimetallists? But there is no use in trai Hall, which will accommodate 2,000, denying that England's bankers and is to be used. Five of the largest bond holders are prosperling mightily churches will also be used. They are under the present system. And since expected to accommodate 8,000. The chorus which is to sing for the visitors contains nearly 5,000 voices. Such a chorus has never existed before. It has been training for two or three months in four sections of about 1,100 each. One day during the convention all these people are to gather together on the steps of the national capitol and sing. "Think," says one writer, "of 4.671 trained voices raised to heaven at this historic spot!"

On Wednesday, the first day, services will be held simultaneously in 22 churches. Formal organization will oc- | that he has made for others in Lackawan cur on Thursday; the convention will get down to practical business by Friday and on Saturday evening a grand patriotic song service will be held upon the shaded east front of the capitol, led by the combined choruses. A march down Pennsylvania avenue to the treasury department will conclude the exercises of the week and the convention center of the globe. The dollar paid | will come to an end on Sunday, July 12. Although founded only fifteen years ago, the Christian Endeavor society extends all over the globe. There are organizations in Great Britain, France, and Germany, India, Australia, Honolulu and Alaska. The society numbers nearly 2,000,000, of whom about threequarters are in this country. It is a

> "Picturesque Binghamton," published by the Binghamton Railroad company, is a charming study of one of New York state's most charming cities. We acknowledge with pleasure the receipt of a complimentary copy of this interesting volume

> If Brother Reed plays his cards well, maybe he also can give his name to a protective tariff bill, next congress, and thus get in line for the presidency when McKinley steps out.

WORKING FOR M'KINLEY.

W. E. Curtis' Canton letter.

One of Governor McKinley's most earnst supporters in this section is Miss Minnie Kithn, a music teacher at Massillon. Her father is a Democrat. He is one of the oldest residents of Massilon, where he has been employed in the shopof Russell & Co. for nearly fifty years. Miss Minnie started out several years ago and to Cheyenne, Wyo, where she saw women voting. She is not a believer in woman suffrage herself, but it made a profound impression upon her, and, hav-ing returned to practice her profession here at her own home, when the cam the voting privilege in his support. She organized a literary bureau and without his knowledge or that of Mr. Hanna and In 1792 an act was passed which con-dential campaign, and with the co-operafined our coastwise and inland com- tion of Miss Estelle Reed, of Wyoming, intends to make a thorough canvass of the silver states, most of which have an act that has never been disturbed, granted suffrage to her sex, in order to against the free-coinage candidate. They argue that the women may have the bal-ance of power in some of these states and that the men committees do not know how to go at them. Their work is entirely voluntary. Major McKinley and Mr. Hanna will not know of their plans until they read of them in this column and they are not asking for any financial or other assistance, although they may call for supply of campaign literature.

Miss Reed is superintendent of public instruction in Wyoming, and the manner which she secured her office demonstrated her skill as a politician. When she decided to be a candidate she had sevral thousand prints made of her photo graph, which represents her to be an un nmonly good-looking young woman. and forwarded them with all "a sweet little note" to every man in Wyoming whose address she could obtain. Cowboys and clergymen, schoolschers and miners, merchants, bankers, laborers, in fact, all who wore were made the objects of this little attention, and the photographs of Miss Reed are now to be found in every camp and cabin in Wyoming, and often the only ornament there. In reply to her notes she received abundant assurances of sup port, which were not only verified and justified when the primaries were held. out were supported by a slient vote that made her the only candidate before the convention, and she was nominated and elected without opposition. These women, Miss Kilhn and Miss Reed, intend to carry on an equally thorough campaign in favor of Governor McKinley, particularly mong the women of Wyoming, Utah and

HAVES' PROPHECY. From the Washington Post,

As the nominations recently made at St. Louis are now the uppermost topic of onversation the following incident, retice Harlan, of the United States Supreme ourt, is of interest: Speaking of Major McKinley, Justice

Harlan said that in 1977 he called at the white house to pay his respects to Mr. Hayes, Upon being ushered president's room, he observed Mr. Hayes in conversation with two or three genlemen, one of whom was a short, smooth faced man with a high and prominent forchead. In his hand be held a new silk hat. To this member of the group his attention was attracted. In a few moments they took their departure, and President Hayes turned to Justice Har-

Refore entering upon the object of his isit Justice Harlan said: "Mr. President who was the short, smooth-faced genwho was the Ecort, smooth-faced gen-tieman who just left the room?"
"That, sir," responded Mr. Hayes, "was Major McKinley, of Ohio, the coming American—a man who will some day oc-cupy this white house."

TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS.

From the Washington Post. A group of newspaper men were sitting in the coolest corner at Chamberlin's tell-ing stories of funny typographical mis-

takes. Amos Cummings, of course, had a repertoire far ahead of all the rest, for could he not narrate incidents in Horace Greeley's career that came under the im-mediate observation of the clever journalst-congressman? "I remember once," said Cummings, "that Mr. Greeley wrote of something as having been done by an informal com-

ittee. The printer struggled with it a ong time, but the best he could make of t was 'infernal committee,' This struc the eye of the proofrender as wrong, and he marked the proof with the letters a. c on the margin, by which he meant for the compositor to see copy. The latter thought that s. c. indicated small capitals,

committee' in very bold type, and the editor of the Tribune was the maddest

mun in New York.
"Another time Mr. Greeley quoted the well-known lines: 'Tis true, 'tis pity; pity 'tis, 'tis true,' The unfortunate type could make nothing of them, and after vainly trying to get help from ev-erybody about the office he did the best ne could, his rendition being: "Tis two, "tis fifty; fifty 'tis, 'tis two.' "

LIKELY TO WIN.

From the Wilkes-Barre Record. Day before yesterday William Connell unnounced his candidacy for congress in the Lackawanna district. * * * From what county we are convinced that Mr. Connell can secure the nomination for congress if he wants it and is willing to put forth half the effort he is capable of making. And he will not have to buy it, either. We doubt if there is a Republican leader in any county in the state of Pennsylvania who has so powerful an organization of devoted adherents as has William Cornell of Lackawanna. * * * If William Connell should make half the tight for himself na county nothing short of an interposition of Providence could defeat him.

POTTSVILLE PATRIOTISM.

From the Pottsville Republican. It doesn't speak well for the patriotism of Pottsvile storekeepers that the clerks and chore-boys are compelled to appeal 'c them to close their claces of business on the Fourth of July. We wouldn't like to deal with a man whose penary overcam his American manhood so much as to in-duce him to keep his employes at work on the day of all days to his country. Everybody should remember the Sabbat; day to keep it holy, and the Fourth of July is about as sacred to Americans as Sunday is to the majority of the people of

THE PITTSTON ACCIDENT.

From the Pittsburg News .. When a war has been fought and the dead and maimed are numbered we are touched by the sacrifice, but who reckons up the hundreds and thousands who fall in the strife with nature, contending with her for her hidden treasures? Who takes account of the heroic spirit displayed in them? Peace has its triumphs no less than and its dreadful situations. Pity is it that there were not a better proportioning of the honors among those who fall in peace and those who fall in

A DESERVING CANDIDACY. From the Carbondale Herald.

To us it would seem that the Republican party owes this nomination to Mr. Connell. There is no doubt of the high steem in which the man is held personally. His services to his party which have en practically without reward deserve recognition now. And we feel it is no disparagement to any other candidate eay that the Lackawanna district will be ably represented in congress if William Connell is chosen.

WE HAVE Everything in the Line of

SWEATERS

SPECIAL OFFER In Fine quality BICYLE HOSE, all

50 Cents Pair. ilso a numberless variety in newest combinations of colors at

\$1. 1.50 and Per Pair.

SWEATERS

Light-weight Jerseys in Wool and Worsted, Plain and with sailor collars, in all solid colors, and stripes, all at lowest

SPECIAL RATES TO BIGYCLE CLUBS.

412 SPRUCE STREET. 205 LACKAWANNA AVE

Seventeen dozen Odd China Creams, IMPORT SAMPLES, at one-half their original They are a sight to see,

even if you do not buy,

CLEMONS, FERBER, O'MALLEY CO. 422 LACKAWANNA AVE.

By CAPT, CHAS, KING, U. S. A. JUST ISSUED.

BEIDLEMAN, THE BOOKMAN Entarged and Improved Store 437 Spruce St., Opp. The Commonw

GOLDSMITH'S 🖘 BAZAAR.



29c each

49c. each

98c. each

At \$1.23 each

Forced Reductions

It wouldn't do to have so many Shirt Waists on hand when we take inventory. Almost time for the mid-summer stock taking. From now till then you will be treated to many excellent.

Bargains in Laundried Shirt Waists.

Here Are Some of the Latest Reductions:

Lot of 50-cent Waists in light and dark effects, reduced to only Our 75-cent Percale and Lawn Waists, of Stanley make, worth a dollar; to be sold at

Special assortment of Fine Lawn and Percale Waists, that used to sell at \$1.50; you may have them now at Dimity and Lawn Waists, in all sizes and various styles, with self

collar or white collars, the regular \$1.75 grade Another lot of special styles in Handsome Lawn and Dimity Waists, formerly \$2.00, are to be sold

At \$1.49 Many Stylish Linen and Madras Waists, fancy patterns that ought to bring \$2.50 or \$3.00, we offer now At \$1.75

Everyone ought to have a good supply of Handsome Waists when there's such an excellent opportunity to buy them at our prices. These special bargains are on Main Floor, East Aisle.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—As our store will be closed Saturday, July 4th, we will remain open Friday evening, July 2d, for the accommodation of our customers who cannot find time to do their shopping during the day.

THE NEW WOMAN'S SHOE BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIAILD \$5 and \$6 Shoes

The Most Perfect Fitting Shoe Made. Al Full Line in All Widths at



I'M TO BE MARRIED OH, HO! OH, HO!

YUM YUM sings; but where she is to choose her Wedding Invitations isn't mentioned. But, when she is informed that REYNOLDS BROS. get out invitations, announcements, church; at home and visiting cards, in up-to date styles, she is no longer worried. Everything they keep on hand for either business, official or social functions, is always the finest to be found in Scrauton.

REYNOLDS BROS.

Stationers and Engravers, HOTEL JERMYN BUILDING.

Jean With Ribbed Bottoms D

Balbriggan Heavy Ribbed Merino Gauze Scrivans

305 LACKAWANNA AVENUE.

Elastic Seam

MERCHANT TAILORING nd Summer, from \$20 up. Trouser Overcoats, foreign and domesti-made to order to suit the most fas a price, fit and workmanship.

D. BECK, 337 Adams Ave.

FANCY HOME-GROWN BLACK RASPBERRIES RED RASPBERRIES

First Pickings Always Best for

Canning. Order Early.

326 Washington Ava., SCRANTON, PA

TELEPHONE 555.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. Dentists.

C. C. LAUBACH, SURGEON DENTIST. No. 115 Wyoming avenue. R. M. STRATTON, OFFICE COAL EX-change.

Physicians and Surgeons.

DR. A. TRAPOLD, SPECIALIST IN Diseases of Women, corner Wyoming Diseases of Women, corner Wyomin, avenue and Spruce street, Scranton. Of fice hours, Thursdays and Saturdays fice hours, Thurs 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. DR. KAY, 206 PENN AVE.; 1 to 3 P. M.; call 2002. Dis. of women, obstetrics and all dis. of chil. DR. W. E. ALLEN, 512 NORTH WASH

DR. C. L. FREY, PRACTICE LIMITED, diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat; office 122 Wyoming ave. Resi-dence, 529 Vine street. DR. L. M. GATES, 125 WASHINGTON avenue. Office hours, 8 to 9 a. m., 1.30 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence 309 Madi-

DR. J. C. BATESON, TUESDAYS AND Fridays, at 505 Linden street, Office hours 1 to 4 p. m. DR. S. W. LAMEREAUX, A SPECIAL-ist on chronic diseases of the heart, lungs, liver, kidneys and genito urinary organs, will occupy the office of Dr. Roos, 232 Adams avenue. Office hours 1 to 5 p. m.

W. G. ROOK, VETERINARY SURGEON Horses, cattle and dogs treated at Edwards' boarding stable, 124 Linden st. 'Telephone 2672.

Loans.

THE REPUBLIC SAVINGS AND Loan Association will loan you money on easier terms and pay you better on investment than any other association. Call on S. N. Callender, Dime Bank building.

Wire Sreens. JOS. KUETTEL, REAR 511 LACKA-wanns avenue, Scranton, Pa., manufac-turer of Wire Screens.

Hotels and Restaurants. THE ELK CAFE. 125 and 127 FRANK-lin avenue. Rates reasonable. P. ZEIGLER, Proprietor. SCRANTON HOUSE, NEAR D., L. & W. passenger depot. Conducted on the European plan. VICTOR KOCH. Prop. WESTMINSTER HOTEL,
Cor. Sixteenth St. and Irving Place.
New York
Rates, \$3.50 per day and upwards. (American plan),
E. N. ANABLE.

Of HANAN & SON and

For \$3 and \$3.50

FINE REPAIRING.

BROADHEAD & HANKS

Lawvers

WARREN & KNAPP, ATTORNEYS and Counsellors at Law, Republican building, Washington avenue, Beranton, Pa.

JESSUPS & HAND, ATTORNEYS AND Counsellors at Law, Commonwealth building, Washington avenue, W. H. JESSUP, HORACE E. HAND, W. H. JESSUP, JR. PATTERSON & WILCOX, ATTOR-neys and Counsellors at Law; offices 6 and 8 Library building, Scranton, Pa. ROSEWELL H. PATTERSON, WILLIAM A. WILCOX.

ALFRED HAND, WILLIAM J. HAND, Attorneys and Counsellors, Common-wealth building. Rooms 19, 20 and 21. FRANK T. OKELL, ATTORNEY-AT-Law, Room 5, Coal Exchange, Scran-

JAMES W. OAKFORD, ATTORNEY-at-Law, rooms 63, 64 and 65, Common-wealth building. SAMUEL W. EDGAR, ATTORNEY-AT-Law. Office, 317 Spruce st., Scranton, Pa. L. A. WATERS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 423 Lackawanna ave., Scranton, Pa.

JRIE TOWNSEND, ATTORNEY-AT-Law, Dime Bank Building, Scranton, Money to loan in large sums at 5 per R. PITCHER, ATTORNEY-AT-

C. COMEGYS. 221 SPRUCE STREET. D. B. REPLOGLE, ATTORNEY-LOANS negotiated on real estate security. 405 Spruce street. B. F. KILLAM, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 120 Wyoming ave. Scranton, Pa.

J. M. C. RANCK, 136 WYOMING AVE.

JAS. J. H. HAMILTON, ATTORNEY-AT-law, 45 Commonwealth bld's, Scranton,

Architects. EDWARD H. DAVIS, ARCHITECT, Rooms 24, 25 and 25, Commonwealth building, Scranton. E. L. WALTER, ARCHITECT, OFFICE rear of 606 Washington avenue.

LEWIS HANCOCK, JR., ARCHITECT, 425 Spruce st., cor. Wash, ave., Scranton. BROWN & MORRIS, ARCHITECTS, Price building, 128 Washington avenue, Scranton.

Schools.

SCHOOL OF THE LACKAWANNA.
Scranton. Pa., prepares boys and girls
for college or business; thoroughly
trains young children. Catalogue at request. Opens September 2.
REV. THOMAS M. CANN,
WALTER H. BUELL. MISS WORCESTER'S KINDERGARTEN and School, 412 Adams avenue. Spring term April 13. Kindergarten \$10 per term.

Seeds.

G. R. CLARK & CO., SEEDSMEN AND Nurserymen; store 146 Washington ave-nue; green house, 1350 North Main ave-nue; store telephone 782.

Miscellaneous.

BAUER'S ORCHESTRA-MUSIC FOR balls, picnics, parties, receptions, wed-dings and concert work furnished. For terms address R. J. Bauer, conductor, 117 Wyoming avenue, over Hulbert's music store. MEGARGEE BROTHERS, PRINTERS supplies, envelopes, paper bags, twine, Warehouse, 120 Washington ave., Scranton, Pa.

FRANK P. BROWN & CO., WHOLE-sale deniers in Woodware, Cordage and Oil Cloth, 700 West Lackawanna ave.

THOMAS AUBREY, EXPERT Accountant and auditor, Rooms 19 and 28, Williams Building, opposite postoffice Agent for the Rex Fire Extinguisher.