



EIGHT PAGES—56 COLUMNS.

SCRANTON, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1896.

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8 June Bargains In 8 June Fabrics.

The following items are right in season and the values are far beyond your highest expectations.

WASH GOODS

15 Pieces Belfast Dimities

These are the highest class imported goods that come to the American market, and the designs are all in this season's production. They include neat Dresden, Scroll, Vine, Floral and Stripe effects.

Special Price, 19c

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A beautiful Summer Cloth in combination herring bone stripes and antique Dresden effects, also plain shades. A remarkable value at our Special Price, 12 1/2c

1 Case Lovely Piques

White linen, or navy grounds in dots, scrolls, figures and stripes. One of our best regular 12 1/2c values.

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High Grade Swivel Silks

America's very best production in the daintiest color combinations of the season. Only 35 pieces.

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Prints and Gingham

1 case Simpson's first quality Satines, than which there is no better. Black grounds only, figures and dots, white or floral effects. Worth 18c.

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Best fast color domestic goods in stripes, checks, plaid and bright clear effects. Endless assortment.

Special Price, 5c

Remarkable Silk Offerings

20 pieces Cheney Bros. best China Silks, 24 inches wide; new Dresden effects, large variety. Actual value 50c.

Special Price, 50c

25 Pieces Taffeta Silks

22 and 24 inches wide, pretty new effects, especially designed for Walsts. Regular \$1.00 quality.

Special Price, 69c

GLOBE WAREHOUSE

FREE COINAGE IN OLD KENTUCKY

Blackburn Will Rule the Blue Grass Chicago Delegation.

BRECKINRIDGE A LONE GOLD BUG

The Colonel Says That the Tide Will Recede Later—Feeble Dissent to the Platform—Resolutions Offered. Blackburn Indorsed for President.

Lexington, Ky., June 4.—The Democratic state convention assembled at 9.30. It was over 18.30 before the committee could report, that on credentials having been in session continuously all night. Senator Blackburn was accorded a rousing ovation on entering the hall.

Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge, after being repeatedly called for, had the distinction of being the only gold-standard man to address the convention except Chairman Long in what was called yesterday his farewell address.

Colonel Breckinridge was given close attention, although he told the convention the recent silver victory was due to distress and discontent and its results would be temporary.

The committee on credentials reported for an equal division of the vote between the contestants in Kenton county, the home of Carlisle, and for seating the silver delegates in place of the Muscle Hill or Haldeman delegation from Louisville. The report gave the silver men forty more votes than they cast yesterday for Breckinridge for temporary chairman. Long discussion ensued on the part of the majority report unseating the "gold delegates" from Louisville. Colonel H. M. Stone leading for gold and G. T. Plim for silver. Interruptions and disorder protracted the consideration of the report. The last effort of the Louisville delegates was to demand a call of the 119 counties on the adoption of the majority report.

The majority report on credentials was adopted—yeas 678, nays 214. Some counties did not vote, whereupon the delegates from the Forty-eighth district at Louisville retired.

C. K. Wheeler, of Paducah, was then introduced as the permanent chairman and addressed the convention. The drift of the convention yesterday was to make Senator Blackburn president and General P. Wat Hardin, the defeated candidate for governor, his successor in the senate. The convention was ten to one for the 16 to 1 ratio.

The features of yesterday were not so much the speeches of Blackburn and Hardin as the ovations that were tendered them in the hotel, convention hall or wherever they appeared.

THE RESOLUTIONS. The committee on resolutions completed its work last night, but the report was postponed until today. The majority reaffirms Democratic principles in the first section, other sections being as follows:

Second—We are in favor of an honest dollar, a dollar worth neither more nor less than one hundred cents. We favor bi-metallicism, and to that end we demand the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 as standard money, with equal legal tender power independent of the action or advice of any other nation.

Third—We hold that the secretary of the treasury should exercise his legal right to redeem all coin obligations in gold and silver as may be more convenient, and we are opposed to the issuance of bonds in time of peace for the maintenance of the gold and silver standard.

Fourth—We are opposed to the national banking system and to any enlargement of its powers, and opposed to any contraction of the currency by the retirement of greenbacks or otherwise.

Fifth—We are for a tariff for revenue only.

Sixth—The Democratic party has ever been the party of personal liberty and religious freedom, and is now and has always been opposed to any union of church and state. It is opposed to any union of church and state, and to any union of church and state, and to any union of church and state.

Seventh—Resolution condemns Governor Bradley.

Eighth—Declares for party loyalty.

Ninth—Instructs delegates to Chicago to cast the vote of Kentucky as a unit for Joseph C. S. Blackburn for president.

A minority report will be presented by A. J. Carroll, member of the committee from Louisville. It omits indorsing Blackburn. Its financial plank reads:

"We insist upon a firm maintenance of the present legal standard of value with such use of legal tender, silver coin and paper convertible into coin on demand, as can be maintained without impairment or endangering the credit of the government, or diminishing the purchasing or debt paying power of the money in the hands of the people, and in the absence of an international agreement, we protest against the free coinage of silver or the compulsory purchase of silver bullion by the United States as injurious to the industrial and commercial interests of the country and especially disastrous to the interests of the farmer and the laboring man."

The majority report of the committee on resolutions was passed with a whoop after the minority substitute had been altered sufficiently by the silver humorists.

The electors for the state at large are: Hon. William B. Smith, of Madison, and James P. Tarrin, of Kenton. The convention adjourned at 1.57.

P. W. Hardin, John S. Rhea, Senator Blackburn and ex-Congressman W. T. Ellis were elected delegates at large to the Chicago convention by acclamation.

WHITELAW REID TALKS.

Is Not a Candidate for the Office of Vice-President. Cleveland, Ohio, June 4.—Whitelaw Reid was in the city for a short time today. After a brief call on M. A. Hanna, he left at 11 o'clock to visit McKinley at Canton. An inquiry was made as to Mr. Reid's view concerning the man to be given the second place on the ticket.

"My big namesake from Maine would undoubtedly make the ideal candidate," said Mr. Reid. "The statement in favor

of his nomination seems to prevail in all parts of the country."

"Will he accept?" was asked. "The question should be, can he refuse. When a man enters upon the public service and is honored for years by his party, he cannot well refuse to serve where the people wish to place him. But I prefer to say little on that subject. You know there are several candidates in my own state."

"Would you accept the place?" "I am not a candidate, and no candidate who I am sure that he office is not seeking me now."

"Should protection or silver be made the chief issue?" "The issue is simply that the people realize that they made a mistake when they entrusted the government to Democrats four years ago, and they will put back the party that gave them a strong protective tariff, a creditable foreign policy and a sound currency."

AUSTIN CORBIN DEAD.

The Railroad Magnate the Victim of a Ranaway Accident—One Companion Killed and Others Injured.

Newport, N. H., June 4.—Austin Corbin and his nephew, Corbin Edgell, with Dr. Paul Kuzler and Coachman John Stokes started on a fishing trip about 3 o'clock this afternoon. On going out of the yard at the farm house, the horses slipped, tipping over on an open carriage, throwing the occupants down an embankment about eight feet against a stone wall. The family saw the accident from the piazza and hurried to his assistance with the farm help. They found Mr. Corbin conscious, but terribly wounded.

His nephew and the doctor were also conscious. The coachman was unconscious and apparently hurt the worst of all. They were carried to the house and doctors summoned. Mr. Corbin's injuries were very serious—a compound fracture of the right leg above and below the knee, a fearful scalp wound over four inches long on the forehead, cut through to the skull; one on the right side of the head three inches long and the lip and chin badly cut.

Dr. Kuzler was thrown over the wall and sustained a broken arm and sprained ankle. Corbin Edgell had his leg broken between the knee and ankle. John Stokes' right leg was broken between the knee and ankle, and sustained a fractured skull. Stokes died from his injuries about 6 o'clock without regaining consciousness.

Dr. Bull of New York, and a specialist from Boston were telegraphed for.

Mr. Corbin died at 9.42 o'clock this evening, shortly after the arrival of Dr. Ciley, from Boston. His son, Austin Corbin, Jr., arrived on a special train from Boston about 11 o'clock, but too late to see his father alive. All the members of the family, with the exception of his son-in-law, George S. Edgell, who is in the west, was present when he breathed his last. The cause of the horses shying is said to be from the fact that the coachman was driving them for the first time without blinders.

VIRGINIA DEMOCRACY MIXED.

Stanton, Va., June 4.—The Democratic state convention met here today. While waiting for the report of the committee on resolutions, United States Senator Martin made a speech in which he commended the cause of free silver. He was confident that if all the Democrats of the country were inspired as those present, they would elect their president this year and, one, he said, who would be in accord with his party. No one could, he continued, be a greater "party wrecker" than the last one elected by the Democracy. This sentiment evoked prolonged cheers from the silver and some hisses from the gold delegates.

The platform declares adherence to the principles of Democracy as announced by Jefferson, Madison, Monroe and Mason and the patriots of their day; opposes McKinleyism, which proposes to tax the poor man for the benefit of trusts and monopolies; and to restrict revenue limited to the necessities of an economically administered government; opposes a third presidential term.

The platform further declares the immediate and complete restoration of the bimetallic money which existed in the United States from 1873 to 1875, in our opinion, demanded by the interests of commerce, manufacturers and agriculture, which are alike suffering from the continuous fall of prices and the consequent embarrassment or bankruptcy of those engaged therein, and in order to restore to us demand and free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the assent or concurrence of any other nation.

END OF THE ROMANCE.

Ex-Mayor Frank Magowan Will Marry Mrs. Barnes.

Chicago, June 4.—Application was made yesterday for a license for the marriage of Frank A. Magowan, ex-mayor of Trenton, N. J., and Mrs. Allen Barnes, of Chicago. Robert H. Wren, of New York, took out the license, as it was impossible for the prospective bridegroom to be present.

Mr. Magowan gave his home as Trenton and his age as 38 years. Mrs. Barnes' age is given as 30.

Late this afternoon the Trenton man appeared at the license office, and returned the document, explaining that he had no further use for it. It is presumed the couple went to Milwaukee and were married today.

SONS OF VETERANS.

Officers Elected at Gettysburg Encampment for the Coming Year.

Gettysburg, Pa., June 4.—The Sons of Veterans, (Pennsylvania division) adjourned their encampment to day. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Division commander, James H. Tawney, Philadelphia senior vice commander, John R. Frazer, Shamokin; junior vice-commander, A. S. Moulthrop, Dubois; division council, John Dower, Philadelphia; A. B. Fisher, Harrisburg; and W. H. Hall, Blightington. The Ladies Aid society of Pennsylvania elected Mrs. Kate Britton, of Georgetown, president; Miss Kate Hardcastle, Philadelphia, secretary, and Miss Ella Jones, Altoona, treasurer.

SLAUGHTER OF THE ANTI-BOND BILL

An Adverse Report Is Ordered by the Ways and Means Committee.

ONLY TWO VOTES IN ITS FAVOR

Characterized by the Republicans as a Populist Measure—Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, Makes a Report for the Minority.

Washington, June 4.—The house committee on ways and means today by a vote of 13 to 2 decided to report the Butler bond-prohibition bill adversely. The members of the committee voted as follows:

For the adverse report—Republicans—Dingley (Me.), Payne (N. Y.), Dalzell (Pa.), Hopkins (Ill.), Grosvenor (Ohio), Russell (Conn.), Dooliver (Iowa), Steele (Ind.), Johnson (N. D.), Evans (Ky.), Tawney (Minn.). Democrats—Turner (Ga.), Cobb (Mo.)—13.

For a favorable report—Democrats—McMillin (Penn.), Webster (Ark.). Representatives Crisp (Ga.), and McLaurin (Dem., S. C.) were absent, both of whom, it is supposed, would have voted for a favorable report.

There was little discussion of the resolution. Republicans spoke of it as a Populist measure. Mr. Grosvenor made the motion for an adverse report, which was carried after the motion of Mr. Wheeler for a favorable report had been voted down. Chairman Dingley prepared the majority report, and Mr. Wheeler will make one for the minority.

MR. WHEELER'S REPORT.

Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, opens his report, giving the view of the minority on the subject of an adverse report, which gives congress the power to borrow money on the credit of the United States.

"It was never contemplated," he says, "that the act of Jan. 14, 1875, should be construed to have any operation further than to effect the resumption of specie payment in 1879. It certainly was not contemplated at that time to give to any president unlimited and continuing authority to exercise the power which the framers of the constitution conferred upon congress alone."

The report of the majority, he says, refers to the resumption act "as an act passed by a Republican congress."

This and other expressions of a partisan character by the majority, he claims, make it proper that the minority should state the facts as connected with this measure, and he concludes his report with a review of this character, giving the national Democratic platform of 1876, said to have been written by Samuel J. Tilden, denouncing the resumption clause of the act of 1875 and demanding its repeal.

STEEL FREIGHT CARS.

Carnegie Company Furnishes Samples That May Revolutionize Car Building—Four Specimens at Saratoga.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 4.—The Carnegie Steel company has again demonstrated that this is essentially an age of steel, and the results are calculated to revolutionize the car building industry of the United States.

Four steel cars—two hoppers and two flats—have just been completed at the company's Keystone Bridge works department and tonight they left for Saratoga, N. Y., where they will be placed on exhibition for the edification of the Master Car Builders' association, which meets in Saratoga on the 16th inst. They are the first steel cars ever built in this country, and will beyond doubt prove to the car builders of the country that cars of like construction are entirely practicable and better adapted to the requirements of freight transportation than the present carriers.

Each of the hopper cars weighs 39,550 pounds and has a capacity of 190,000 pounds, and have been tested with a load of 120,000 pounds net. The two flat cars weigh each 26,220 pounds with a carrying capacity of 80,000 pounds. The tests made here demonstrate satisfactorily that a train of seventy steel cars will carry the same freight as 100 wooden cars of the latest modern construction.

FAKE WRITERS CONDEMNED.

Atlantic City Pen and Pencil Club Passes Resolutions.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 4.—The Atlantic City Pen and Pencil club, composed of newspaper men, this afternoon passed resolutions condemning "fake" stories of representatives of several Philadelphia and New York papers, and requested the mayor to write the journals and ask them to reprint their correspondents.

Several monstrous "fakes" which have worked injury to this city have lately been given conspicuous space in the papers indicated and have necessitated the action of the club.

The Maybrick Case.

London, June 4.—In the house of commons today Sir Matthew White Ridley, home secretary, said, in reply to questions, that he saw no reason for extending any immunity to Mrs. Florence Maybrick, who is now serving a life term of imprisonment in Woking prison for the murder of her husband.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

Weather indications today: Fair; Slightly Warmer.

1 Blackburn Owns Kentucky. Veterans Break Camp. Adverse Report Ordered on Anti-Bond Bill. Senate Passes Filled Cheese Bill.

2 Tribune's Popular Want Columns. (Local)—Mayor Bailey Makes More Appearances. Luxemburger Trespass Suit.

4 Editorial. What Some of Our Exchanges Say. (Local)—Royal Welcome for the Booths. Street Railway Franchise War.

6 (Sports)—Scranton Wallops Wilkes-Barre. National and State League Games. 7 Suburban News. Market and Stock Reports.

8 News Up and Down the Valley.

VETERANS BREAK CAMP.

Proceedings of the Meetings Held by the G. A. R. at Chambersburg—Newly-Elected Officers Installed.

Chambersburg, Pa., June 4.—Many of the veterans who were attending the state encampment here have now returned home. The two chief events are over, namely, the election of a state commander and the street parade. But a large crowd remains to witness the closing exercises of the encampment, and to go to Gettysburg tomorrow morning.

At the meeting of the encampment this morning Chief of Staff R. P. Scott, reported on behalf of the aides on the staff, presented Commander Cummings with a rich gold past department commander's badge.

The amendment offered by Comrades Vanderveil and Hicks to select national delegates by districts was negatively voted on. Colonel Sample's minority report on the same subject was also defeated by a vote of 245 to 252. A resolution was adopted to refer the subject back to a committee of five.

Assistant Adjutant General J. F. Morrison announced the vote for commander as 480 for Darte and 330 for Denworth.

General J. P. S. Cobin made the report for the committee on resolutions which recommended that the national encampment change the resolutions so that by a two-thirds vote of each post its members can be exonerated from the payment of dues because of inability and the per capita tax on such members can be released.

Upon all grand Army of the Republic occasions the badge of the order shall be the only one worn. A resolution to change Memorial day to the first Sunday in June was not agreed to. A resolution to the effect that it is the sense of the body that the sale of intoxicating liquors on Memorial day shall be prohibited by legislation was adopted.

Commander-elect Darte made an address and representation from the Ladies Grand Army of the Republic and Relief corps were introduced and spoke. The election resulted: Senior vice commander, W. H. Mackey, of Chambersburg; junior, Frank H. Patton, Cory; chaplain, Rev. John Sayers, Philadelphia; medical director, Dr. J. G. Sloan, Monongahela; council of administration, William J. Ray, Henry Y. Yohn, William J. Patterson, Harvey Miller and George H. Dant.

Thirty-eight delegates were elected to the national encampment, and the newly elected officers were installed. The encampment then adjourned.

The Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic elected Mrs. Ada Shannon, of Philadelphia, president.

EDWIN FITLER'S FUNERAL.

Philadelphia's Former Mayor Buried at Laurel Hill.

Philadelphia, June 4.—Ex-Mayor Edwin H. Fitler, who died on Sunday, was buried today from his late residence, 1600 Walnut street. Services were conducted by Rev. Dr. William N. McVickar, and the interment was privately made at Laurel Hill cemetery.

The honorary pall-bearers were Governor Hastings, Mayor Warwick, George E. Roberts, president of the Pennsylvania railroad; Charles C. Harrison, provost of the University of Pennsylvania; ex-Mayor William S. Stokes, John H. Michener, Thomas Dolan, William M. Singery, Judge Craig Biddle, Frank Thomson, G. Ashton Carson, Commodore Edward Potter, Captain R. S. Colburn, Colonel F. J. Crilly, Dr. P. D. Keyser, George Rushton Howell, William Morton Jordan and Westcott Bailey.

SCOTCH-IRISH SOCIETY.

Proceedings of the Seventh Annual Session Held at Harrisburg.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 4.—The Scotch-Irish Society of America began its seventh annual session in this city today. A number of distinguished gentlemen from various parts of the country are present. Mayor Patterson delivered an address of welcome and Rev. Dr. John S. MacIntosh, of Chicago, responded to the words of greeting. The president of the society, Robert Bonner, of New York, is not able to be present owing to illness and has sent a letter declining to stand for re-election as president. Many names were presented for membership. This afternoon the members and visitors went to Old Quarry church and later to Paxtang church, historic spots, where addresses were delivered.

A Boyd Hamilton, of Harrisburg; Samuel Evans, of Columbia; W. Franklin Rutherford and Rev. Dr. N. G. Strickland, of Chicago, responded to the words of greeting. The president of the society, Robert Bonner, of New York, is not able to be present owing to illness and has sent a letter declining to stand for re-election as president. Many names were presented for membership. This afternoon the members and visitors went to Old Quarry church and later to Paxtang church, historic spots, where addresses were delivered.

Steamship Arrivals.

New York, June 4.—Arrived: Germania, from Liverpool and Queenstown; Aachen, from Bremen, Sailed: Columbia, for Hamburg. Arrived out: Amsterdam, at Longport; Furst Bismarck, at Plymouth; Treve, at Bremen; Werra, at Genoa. Sailed for Genoa: Kaiser Wilhelm I, from New York; Teutonic, from Queenstown; Sparadrum, from Longport. Sighted: Adriatic, from New York for Queenstown and Liverpool; Pauline Fastnet; Mohawk, from New York for London, passed Portland Bill.

MARKED PROGRESS IN THE SENATE

Proposition to Impose Citizenship on Civilized Indians Agreed To.

FILLED CHEESE BILL IS PASSED

Bill for the Scientific Investigation of Fur Seal Fisheries Is Passed—Contested Election Cases and Other Measures Disposed of in the House.

Washington, June 4.—Very easy and marked progress was made in the legislative work of the senate today. The conference report on the naval appropriation bill was disposed of after a discussion which did not occupy more than an hour's time. The motion to recede from the senate amendment reducing the number of new battleships from four to two was defeated—yeas, 17; nays, 33.

The conference report was then agreed to, and a further conference was ordered. This was followed by the conference report on the Indian appropriation bill—the controversy over that report being on the proposition to impose citizenship on the Indians of the five civilized tribes. The report was agreed to—yeas, 27; nays, 20; so that, when the Indian bill becomes a law, those Indians will have lost their tribal relations and will have become citizens of the United States. But, inasmuch as the conference had reached an agreement on the school question, and as the senate refused to recede from its amendment continuing contract schools up to the first day of July, 1898, a further conference was ordered.

An effort was made by Mr. Gear (Rep. Iowa), chairman of the Pacific Railroad committee, to have the Pacific refunding bill set down for consideration on the eighth legislative day of next session, and then to be continued as the unfinished business; but the proposal met so many objections that before it could be acted upon, the morning hour expired, and the filled cheese bill came up as the unfinished business, displacing Mr. Gear's motion, which is to be renewed tomorrow.

The filled cheese bill was discussed for a couple of hours. All the amendments that were offered to it were voted down and the bill was passed—37 to 13—just as it came from the house, so that now it only needs the approval of the president.

The conference report (final) on the general deficiency bill was presented and agreed to.

An effort was made by Mr. Lodge (Rep. Mass.) to have the immigration bill taken up and made the unfinished business, but it had to be abandoned in face of the obstruction tactics on the part of Democratic senators.

A bill for the scientific investigation of the fur seal fisheries was passed.

CONTESTED ELECTION CASES.

The contested election case of Murray (colored, Republican) against Elliott (Democrat) from the First district of South Carolina was decided today the first thing. By a vote of 153 to 33 Murray was declared to be entitled to the seat occupied by Elliott, and he was sworn in by Speaker Reed amidst Republican applause.

The case of Martin (Populist) vs. Lockhart (Democrat) from the Sixth North Carolina district occupied nearly all of the rest of the session, and at 5.40 o'clock the house adjourned, with the understanding that a vote should be taken the first thing tomorrow.

In this case also the majority recommended the seating of the contestant (Martin).

The final report of the conferees on the general deficiency bill was presented and agreed to, and the following bills were also finally disposed of: To pension Mrs. Mary C. Gregg, widow of Major General John Irwin Gregg, at \$60 a month; to pension Mrs. William Lansing Spencer, widow of ex-Senator and Brigadier General George E. Spencer, of Alabama, at \$50 a month; authorizing the restoration of John N. Quackenbush to his rank and place as commander of the navy, and his retirement by the president.

The river and harbor appropriation bill, which was yesterday passed over the president's veto by the senate, the house having previously taken similar action, was last evening signed by the presiding officers of both bodies and was this morning delivered by W. S. Daniels, one of the vice-president's secretaries, to the state department for record—the law requiring it to be so delivered by the vice-president in person or by some one designated by him.

AFRICAN CONFERENCE.

Bishop Grant Presides Over the 80th Annual Session at Reading.

Reading, Pa., June 4.—The African Methodist Episcopal conference convened in this city this morning. This is the eightieth annual session and there are about eighty clergymen present, representing over 100 congregations. Bishop Abraham Grant, D. D., president, Rev. Noah D. Tompkin, of Wilmington, Del., delivered the opening sermon from Philippians 1, 17. At the close of the sermon these transfers were made to the Philadelphia conference: Rev. Edward S. Carbro, New Jersey; Rev. G. L. White, New England; Rev. H. H. Cooper, Bermuda; Rev. J. T. Hammond, Puget Sound, and Rev. J. A. W. Newell, New England. Rev. John C. Brock was elected secretary. John M. Taylor recording secretary and A. M. Buckley statistical secretary.

Bishop Grant said that there had been 42,000 converts in his district the past four years. He said the negroes of the south now own 700,000 homes. The afternoon session was devoted to the reading of reports of clergymen.

Hawaii's Gentle Knock.

Honolulu, May 23.—Formal resolutions in favor of annexation to the United States have been unanimously passed by both houses of the legislature. It is merely a repetition of former action.

Herald's Weather Forecast.

New York, June 5.—In the Middle states today, warmer, fair, and more easterly weather will prevail, with light southwesterly winds, followed by cloudiness and haze on the coast. On Saturday, fair to partly cloudy, warmer and sultry, with southerly winds, followed by local rains and thunder storms in the afternoon or at night.

FINLEY'S

June Opens with Some Great Specials in Our

DRESS GOODS

Department

Which are worthy of the attention of one and all. The reductions are genuine, and at the prices ought to command a ready sale and close out the lines in a few days.

7 extra choice silk and wool novelty suits in Ferial and grenadine effects. Were \$24.50.

June Price \$19.75

11 choice Persian and silk and wool Stofflene dress patterns. Were \$17.50 and \$19.50.

June Price \$13