OUR SEMI-ANNUAL

Lace Curtain Clearance Sale Begins June 1

Our patrons have become familiar with the object of this sale, which simply means a cleaning up of the stock for the season now closing.

We recognize that the success of this Department depends almost entirely on being able to show a line at all times containing nothing but the latest goods, and, to accomplish this end, we willingly make the sacrifices noted below.

Cottagers

Intending to take up their sum-mer quarters soon would do well to look over these bargain lots. The savings in price indicated below are guaranteed.

Famboured

Swiss Curtains

'96 Spring styles, 315 yards long, very

4 pairs \$4.25 quality, now.......\$3.15 \$ pairs \$5.50 quality, now......\$3.75

Brussels

Lace Curtains

3½ yards long, exquisite new designs, full width, white only. 8 pairs \$5.50 quality, now......\$3.95 8 pairs \$7.50 quality, now......\$5.95

Irish Point Lace Curtains

	pairs	\$3.00	quanty.	now
8	pairs	\$4.25	quality,	now\$3.10
7	pairs	\$6.09	quality,	now\$4.25
2	pairs	\$7.50	quality,	now\$6.25
8	pairs	\$7.50	quality,	now\$5.96
	8 7 2	8 pairs 7 pairs 2 pairs	8 pairs \$4.257 pairs \$6.092 pairs \$7.50	 a pairs \$4.25 quality. pairs \$6.09 quality. pairs \$7.50 quality. pairs \$7.50 quality.

Nottingham Lace Curtains

Ecru or white, 3½ yards long, most- ly extra wide, all this season's goods.
6 pairs, 65c. quality, now
18 pairs \$1.12% quality, now85c.
41 pairs \$1.371/2 quality, now\$1.00
10 pairs \$1.65 quality, now\$1.29
13 pairs \$1.85 quality, now\$1.45
4 pairs \$2.50 quality, now\$1.75
5 pairs \$3.00 quality, now\$2.35
11 pairs \$3.25 quality, now\$2.45
14 pairs \$3.50 quality, now\$2.75
16 pairs \$4.25 quality, now\$2.95
9 pairs \$4.50 quality, now\$3.45

We've got lower priced Lace Curtains if you want them.

GLOBE WAREHOUSE.

Eleven Hundred Killed at the Coronation of the Czar of Russia.

HODYNSKY PLAIN TRAGEDY

Men. Women and Children Perish Before the Czar's Eyes-One Thousand Rubles to Be Paid to Each Bereaved Family.

Moscow, May 31.—A terrible accident, resulting in the loss of between 1.100 and 2,500 lives, occurred here yesterday. The popular fete of the coronation ceremonies was held today on the Hodynsky Plain, opposite the Petroffsky palace, and it is estimated that fully 500,000 persons attended.

For days the city has been full of peasants from many parts of the coun-

For days the city has been full of peasants from many parts of the country, all awaiting the free feast that was given today. Many of the peasants had walked long distances in order to be present, while others, more fortunate had arrived in the city in vehicles of every description. Expectation had reached the highest point, for it was known that today's fetes would excel anything of the kind ever given in connection with the coronaition of the czars. nection with the coronation of the czars.

Long before daylight the crowds began pouring in the direction of the plain, while at an early hour all sorts of merrymaking was indulged in. The scene was one to be long remembered.

Great booths had been constructed on the plain and from them were distrib-Great booths had been constructed on the plain and from them were distrib-uted free food, free beeer, and also mugs as souvenirs of the occasion. This free feast, which has always been the popular feature of coronations, has hitherto been the occasion of a great deal of crowding and good-natured fighting for places on the part of the hundreds of thousands of guests of the city, but no such gathering was ever city, but no such gathering was ever witnessed on the Hodynsky Plain, which has always been the scene of the popular entertainments attending cor-onations, as that which assembled to-

Everything went smoothly until the distribution of the food and gifts began. Then the people in the rear began to crowd forward, but the police and sol-diers checked them, and for a short there was comparative order.

CROWD SURGES FORWARD. Soon, however, the crowd in the rear agair, became impatient, and surged forward despite every effort to hold them back. Barriers had been erected in the vicinity of the booths to pre-vent excessive crowding, and, under ordinary circumstances, these would have been sufficient for the purpose. The people in front were swept against the barriers, where the enormous weight of the surging mass in the rear was thrown directly against them.

Mad with pain and fright, the peopeople who were crushed against the barriers struggled to get away, but their attempts were fruitless. Their their attempts were fruitless. Their shricks were heard, and this had the effect of further inciting those in the rear to rush forward. Suddenly the barriers gave way, and with a rush the immense throng swept forward. Hundreds of men, women and children were thrown down, and to stumble and fall meant death or serious injury, for no power could check the crowd, many of whom were in a condition of panic. The authorities were helpless, and for

The authorities were helped description.
time the scene bailled description. Many persons were killed by being crushed against the barriers before they gave way, and a great many met their their deaths by being trampled upon. cries and shrieks of the injured could be heard above the tumult of the crowd, and the effect was heart-rend-

TROOPS QUELL THE PANIC. Additional troops were called upon to assist in quieting and dispersing the people. This they finally succeeded in doing, when every effort was made to succor the injured. Cossacks were

placed at the entrances of the 500 booths on the plain, and into these structures were carried the bodies of the dead. A large number of the dead were car-ried away in ambulances and on fire trucks, but many bodies fre still in the booths. It is highly probable that many of the victims who came from a distance will never be identified. These bodies will be interred by the government. In fact, it is believed that most of those who were killed were Moujiks from the provinces. All the victims belonged to the poorest class of the population.

The number of injured is large, and

it is though that many of them will n some cases men had their legs and ribs broken, and several had their skulls fractured by the heavy wooden shoes of the peasants. The authorities and members of the Russian Red Cross society are taking disaster has cast a gloom over the festivities, these being the first fatalities that has occurred during the coronation ceremonies.

The czar and czarina, when informed of the extent of the disaster, expressed profound sorrow, and the czar gave orders that everything should be His majesty has taken a practical way of showing his sympathy with those families who lost a member in the calamity. He has ordered that the sum of 1,000 rubles be paid to each be-

The calamity was not due to any lack of precaution on the part of the au-thorities, but arose entirely from the eagerness of the people to enjoy the hospitality of the czar.

EFFORTS AT IDENTIFICATION. The efficials made every effort and offered every facility for the identification of the dead, but the bodies in hundreds of instances are utterly unhundreds of instances are utterly un-recognizable, the faces having been lit-erally crushed out of all semblance to humanity. A careful search is made of each body for papers to establish its identity and a record is made of the clothing on each corpse for the same purpose. It was officially announced this morning that the total number of victims was 1,138. Most of them were Mouliks from the provinces, a poor Moujiks from the provinces, a poor class of people, but among the number were many of the poverty stricken residents of Moscow and villages in the neighborhood of the city. The fete was play for the benefit of this class of the population, and the middle class gen-

SILVER VICTORY PREDICTED.

Representative Bailey Says There Can Be No Other Logical Result. Washington, May 31.—Representative Bailey, of Texas, who started last night for Kentucky to take part in the fight now raging between the free-coinage and sound money wings of the Democratic party in that state, said before leaving Washington:

"I have no doubt whatever of the triumph of silver at Chicago. The old

umph of silver at Chicago. The old Democratic strongholds are all in line, and our friends in the west are standing firm. The peope are at last aroused on the subject. The audiences that I have addressed showed the liveliest interest, and reports I received from local leaders were all highly encouraging. But there is nothing strange about this. Why should there be anything strange about it? If the Democratic party by platforms adopted and by votes cast in congress is committed to anything, it is committed to free silver."

it is committed to free sliver."

"You think, then, that the party should so declare itself at Chicago?"

In the most unmistakable terms. The platform adopted there should be Democratic from top to bottom, and it will be. And more than that. It will contain a pledge that the candidates who stand upon it will in case of election be strictly and faithfully guided by it. We don't want, and if we control things don't intend to have, any more straddles. The platform must point in but one direction, and the candidates must point in the same direction. Then if we win at the polls, and I believe we will win, our duty will be plain before will win, our duty will be plain before us, and our executive altogether to be trusted to carry out our wishes and pledges. The charge of double-dealing will not then lie against anybody."

SEARCHING FOR BODIES.

Operations at the Scene of Disaster at St. Louis-Workmen Demand Exhorbitant Wages - Deaths of a Day.

St. Louis, May 31.—Grand and Flor-risant avenues, the main thoroughfares of Bellefontaine and Calvary cemeteries were covered today with a con-tinuous stream of carriers following the victims of the tornado to their last resting places.

The appearances of the hearses in the

said procession alone punctuated the points where one funeral party ended and another began. Fifty-one of the victims were buried today in this city, and thirty-nine in East St. Louis. The work of searching the ruins has gone steadily on. Two hundred work-

house prisoners were set to work upon the ruins of the city hospital. Health Officer Starkloff is of the opinion that a number of bodies are under the ruins

W. W. Boyd, chairman of the commit-tee, says that 3,500 deserving applicants received assistance today. The fund for this purpose this morning footed up \$91,568. The mails are beginning to bring subscriptions from the whole country. While the demand for help is great, it is still believed that the citizens of this city will be able to care all without appealing for outside help. The exaggeration of damage to the large buildings and hotels by newsuapers, is the cause of much indignation. Not one large hotel in this city suf-

fered, even temporary inconvenience.

The convention auditorium, which was represented to be obliterated, is reported to be slightly damaged. Contractor McCune has repaired the building and tomorrow it will be turned over to the Business Men's league ready for occupation.

The city is rapidly recovering from the shock of the disaster, and very soon the storm will be only a unte in local history.

STIRRING UP THE A. P. A.

Father Major Creates a Sensation at

Frankfort, Kentucky. Frankfort, Ky., May 31.—Father Thomas Major, paster of the Church of the Good Shepherd, created something of a sensation in his sermon to-day. After reading a letter from the bishop of the diocese directing Young Men's Institute, a Catholic erganization, to send letters to Governor McKinley, Senator Allison and other Republican and Democratic presiden-tial possibilities asking them for a written statement of their sentiments in regard to the American Protective as-sociation, he said that the time had come when Catholics, in self-protec-tion, should know the sentiments of candidates for office on this subject. He predicted that but few of those to whom the letters are to be addressed will give an answer to the query in regard to the American Protective asso-ciation, but indicated that Catholics ciation, but indicated that Cath should affiliate only with those speak out in open hostility to the order.

CONVENTION OF BREWERS.

Elaborate Banquet to Be Given at the Hotel Walton.

Philadelphia, May 31.—About 700 brewers from all over the United States will be present in this city next week when the thirty-sixth annual convenwhen the thirty-sixth annual conven-tion of the United States Brewers asso-ciation will open. The gathering will be by far the greatest trade meeting ever held in this city and the committee on arrangements has provided for a most marvelous showing of hospitality, even more sumptuous than that tendered the brewers during the centen-nial year. One feature will be an elab-orate banquet at which over 700 people will be seated.

The convention will open Tuesday, une 2, when the board of trustees and committees will meet at the Hotel Walton which is the headquarters of

TROLLEY ACCIDENT.

Car Leaps Over an Embankment at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 31.—A trolley car on the South Side branch of the Second Avenue Traction company, jumped the track at Six Mile Ferry this after-noon. It fell down an embankment afteen feet, and turned upside down, and the twenty-seven passengers were thrown into an indiscriminate mass in

the top of the car.

Ralph Clark, of Mount Olive, received a broken arm. C. Bierman, of South Thirteenth street, had his shoulder blade broken. The others established the control of the

SILVER MOVEMENT . NOW UNDER WAY

Circular That Has Been Given Out fo Publication.

> APPEAL TO FRIENDS OF SILVER They Are Urged to Push the Work of Organization as Rapidly as Possible and Break Away from the Old

Washington, May 31.—The following circular has been given out for publica-

Headquarters National Silver Party.
Washington, D. C., May D.
To the Friends of Silver.
Since the founding of this party on Jan.
22. 1896, the work of organization has been steadily but quietly pursued and the

the dip but quicily printed and the country has been aroused to a pitch of excitement unknown since the civil war. Silver is on all tips taroughout the land. It is echoed and re-echoed from the gliden mansion to the lowly cottage.

As each hour passes it becomes more apparent that a political conflict, the like of which has never been seen before is just at hand. It must be clearly understood at once that party lines cannot withstand this conflict, and so far as the friends of silver are concerned, they must not. The party leader who puts in his time mending lines while the silver cause suffers will be relegated to a deserved seclusion. There is no time for composing differences between men who do not agree on this question. The only thing to be considered is how those who do agree can get together. They who say they are for free silver and at the same time plead for the unity of parties, are not the friends of silver and the suffering people. The unity of old parties is the death of silver, as everybody knows.

The secret of success in this conflict consists in the lining up for the battle. Those who compose the line must be friends, striking the same blows for the same object. This breaks party lines, and party lines once broken silver will be free.

That meeting of earnest men on the twenty-second of January marked an epoch, and will live in history. The convention which grew out of it, to be held in St. Louis on the twenty-second of July, will undoubtedly be one of the most important conventions and notable gatherings ever assembled in this country. Upon

will undoubtedly be one of the most important vonventions and notable gatherings ever assembled in this country. Upon the wisdom of its acts and that of the People's party convention, to be held at the same place and time, depends the vital question as to whether we can have a just actilement of this money isnie in our general conventions. If that isnue can be clearly presented to the voters of the United Stintes, stripped of all minor political questions, and under a standard and leadership which will command the confidence of the people, it will win by an overwhelming majority.

the ruins of the city hospital. Health Officer Starkioff is of the opinion that a number of bodies are under the ruins and the work was pushed with vigor. Up to 6 p. m. no bodies were found. Lack of labor in St. Louis hampers search work. The labor agitator is abroad in the city, and his infamous work has had its effect, as in some cases one dollar a hour was demanded for searching the ruins.

Three patients died in St. Mary's happital in East St. Louis today. They were John Kelley. Mrs. Ellen Hennessey and Adolph Hanschel. Most of the work there is directed to scarching the ruins of the Vandalia freight depot, and other buildings about the eastern approach of the Eads bridge.

All the railroads have placed on sale "tornado rate" tickets at all points within a radius of 250 miles of St. Louis. Rellef work has been systematic, Dr. W. W. Boyd, chairman of the commit.

The democratic party must not expect that party.

URGED TO ORGANIZE.

Our friends are urged to push the work of organization with all possible vigor. Siving rockeed to bush the work and in enemies as well as friends of our cause. The dower of our organization to defeat the smibition of Janus-faced politicizans is being recognized by all parties, hence clean cut declarations for or against silver are the rule in the local conventions of all parties this year.

Our purpose is to unite for action all believes to the restoration of free silver and prosperity. This cannot be accomplished by inaction or delay on the part of our friends.

The liepublican party is committed to the gold standard through the platforms of \$0 per cent. of the state conventions, and any stradile that may be made in its national platform will deceive no one.

The Democratic party must not expect the country to accept any candidate it may name acquiesced in by the gold wing of that party.

The question of vital importance is for URGED TO ORGANIZE

the country to accept any candidate it may name acquiesced in by the gold wing of that party.

The question of vital importance is for silver men to name a candidate for president whose nomination will be readily acquiesced in by all believers in monetary reform.

Priends of silver, look to your interests and organize now while the fruit is ripe for plucking. Do not wait on the problematical action of any party.

(Signed)

J. J. Mott, Chairman.

SENATOR MORGAN TALKS.

Author of the Cuban Resolution Thinks That the Abolition of the Royal Prerogative Has Been In Vain.

Washington, May 31.-Senator Morgan, of the senate committee on for-eign relations and author of the joint resolution recognizing the existence of a state of war in Cuba and declaring the neutrality of the United States, when asked today concerning the probability of securing action upon the resolution before adjournment, said: "Unless the house shall get upon Mr. Hyde's resolution, which is identical with the resolution offered by me in the senate, that is now held up by the committee of foreign relations, congress will probably disperse before any further action is possible. That responsibility will doubtless hasten the dispersion of some senators. The disposition of the ma-jority of the senate committee is to de-volve upon the president a responsibility that he is evidently eager to as-sume." and, he said " for a government with three co-ordinate departments, of which we beast, we are making a strange and rapid movement towards re-establishing the royal prerogative in the hands of our executive as a purthe hands of our executive as an uncontrollable power. If any British con-stitutional power was destroyed in America by the revolution of 1776, it was the prerogative of the crown. If the president, acting alone, can substitute the entire body of the laws of war for the laws of pages which now cover our the laws of peace which now govern our relations with Cuba, and if he can make this total revolution of our legal status as citizens and as a ration binding upon us, by his proclamation, it is in vain that we abolished the rotal prer gative in our federal constitution." and pursuing this point further Mr. Mercan suing this point further Mr. Morgan

In the present state of political agit-ation in the contry it is dangerously ap-parent that a declaration of war with Spain or a declaration of the existence of a state of war in Cuba, made on the sole authority of the president, would create a fever of excitement in the country that would remove all other questions now under anxious discussion in the minds of the people and would control the presidential election near at hand."

Solid Silver Delegation.

Toledo, O., May 31.—At Defiance yester-day the Defiance county Democratic coun-ty convention selected a solid silver dele-gation to the state convention and in-structed it to support no candidate for delegate-at-large who will not pledge him-self to vote and work for free silver at the Chicago convention.

Steamship Arrivals.

New York, May 31.—Sailed for New York: Eleura, from Queenstown; Sanle, from Southampton, Sighted: La Nor-mandie, from New York for Havre, passed the Lizard; H. H. Meler, from Bremen for New York, passed the fizzard; Werken-dam, from Rotterdam for New York, passed Isle of Wight.

Mr. Roderick Resigns Hanleton, Pa., May 31.—J. M. Roderick, of Hanleton, has resigned as mine inspector of the Fifth anthracite district. Mr. Roderick has accepted the superintendency of A. S. Van Wickle's big coal operations in this saction.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

Fair; Cooler; Northwesterly Winds

(Telegraph)-Panic and Death at Czar' Fete.
Silver Movement Under Way.
Germany Alarmed Over Affairs
Crete.
Presbyterian Assembly Ends.
Searching for Bodies at St. Louis.

Prohibition and Populism. Forecast of Week in Obngress.

(Local)-How Decoration Day was Ob-served. Editorial. Comments of the Press.

(Local)—New Mt. Lookout Colliery. Political News and Chit-Chat, Booths Coming to Scranton.

(Sports)-Scranton Whips Eastern, Netional and State League Amateur Base Ball.

Suburban News. News Up and the Valley. Professor Coles for June, Business Brevities.

BERMUDA RETURNS.

The Famous Filibustering Ship Discovers Herself In the Delaware River Loaded with Bananas and Dollars.

Philadelphia, May 31.-All conjecture regarding the whereabouts of the now famous fillbustering steamer Bermuda were set at rest today when she steamed up the Delaware and made last to her pier. She came from Puer-to Cortez, Honduras, and instead of arms and animunition her cargo con-sisted of 8,400 bunches of bananas and \$000 silver dollars. The silver was 8,000 silver dollars. The silver was taken out to buy fruit, but a strike among the fruit cutters, coupled with the belief that the vessel was not bound on a legitimate voyage, made it impos-sible to secure a full cargo. The attempt to land her outward cargo and passengers on Cuban soil was a flat fallure, and the escape of the versel from destruction by Spanish shells was little short of providential.

The Bermuda sailed from Philadel-The Bermuda sailed from Philadelphia on April 22 in command of Captain O'Brien for Jacksonville. She sailed from the latter port on April 26 in command of Captain Riley, was succeeded O'Brien. The expedition was made up of ninety-six men from Key West, Tampa and Philadelphia, in command of General Leidal Vidal, a soldier of the former revolution and a native of Santingo De Cuba. The cargo consisted of two Gatling guns, 1,000 rifies, a half million rounds of ammunirifies, a half million rounds of ammuni-tion and 1,000 pounds of dynamite.

CHASED BY GUNBOATS. An attempt was made under General Vidal's order to land on the night of May 4 at a point on the coast of Cuba ten miles east of Cardenas. A Spanish gunboat was seen early in the evening, but it was thought she did not notice the Permuda, and eight boats with 49 men miles from the coast, when a search light from the approaching cruiser was lashed over the entire party. All hands were instantly in a state of hopeless demoralization and a desperate attempt to back to the steamer was made. Only a few, however, reached the Bermuda, which started at once at full speed.

She had only run about eight miles when a second gunboat started in pur-suit, which was kept up until daylight There were repeated flashes and roars from the guns on the Spanish war ship. Solid shot and bursting shell fell thick and fast, until the distance between the vessels increased, the Bermuda being forced to her utmost speed, and when day dawned the gunboat could not be seen. Two days later the steamer arrived at Truxillo. Honduras, the bal-ance of the war material having been thrown overboard during the race.

FIVE ARE DROWNED. Five of the party were drowned in attempting to make the landing, among them being Nicolo Cardenas, a brother of Colonel Cardenas, an in-surgent chief. The fate of the others is not known, but it is believed that the greater number were caught on the coast and probably shot by the Spaniards. At least thirty-two of the party

The other passengers were landed or the coast of Honduras, between Trux-illo and Puerto Cortez, and afterwards reached Mobile. The fate of Dr. Emilo Cabada is unknown, but he is believed to have been among the lost. It is said there is now little doubt but that the intended landing place of the Ber-muda was known to the Spanish offlic-ials in New York before she left Jack-

INSURGENTS RETREAT.

Forced to Abandon Strong Positions

in Remedios District. Havana, May 31.—Reports received here state that three columns of Spanish troops, acting together, met a force of rebels near Manicaragua, in the Re-medios district and after a sharp fight succeeded in dislodging the insurgents from the strong positions occupied by them and compelling them to retreat, leaving fifty dead on the field. Among the insurgents filled were the leaders the insurgents killed were the leaders Toledo and Fonseca. The rebels also lost forty wounded. The loss of the treops is not stated.

General Ochoa reports that his com-mand have defeated the rebel bands un-der Pancho and Rodriguez, near Jaruco in the Havana province, killing four-teen of the insurgents. Three of Gener-al Ochoas' force were wounded.

ENGINEER ARRAIGNNED.

Frank Meliugh Held for the Death of Two Persons. New York, May 31.-Miss Lizzie Mc-Keon, one of the party thrown into the Harlem river last night by the colli-sion of the steam launch, Ben Frank-lin, and transfer boat No. 5, of the New

York, New Haven and Hartford rallroad, died at the Harlem hospital to-The body of Kate Murray, who was drowned at the time of the accident, was recovered today near where the

The body of Mabel Wolfer, who was also drowned, has not been recovered. Frank McHugh, engineer of the Ben Franklin, was taken before Coroner Dobbs today after being arraigned in the Hariem police court, and was sent to the Tombs in default of \$5,000 ball on a charge of criminal negligence.

Herald's Weather Forecast.

New York, June 1.—In the Middle states today, fair to partly cloudy weather, with variable winds, mostly southeasterly, will prevail, followed by local rath in the western districts and possibly on the seaboard. On Tuesday, partly cloudy, sultry weather with southearterly and southerly winds, followed by local thunder storms.

SITUATION IN CRETE ALARMS GERMAN

Dangers to the Peace of Europe.

THE GREEKS JOIN CRETAN REBELS

Berlin, May 31.-The situation in Crete is engaging the most serious at-tention of the German government and tention of the German government and greatly absorbing public interest as involving manifold dangers to the peace of Europe. It is an open secret that the government in the event of any radical change taking place in the relations between the Island of Crete and the Portwill support a proposal for the union of the island with the kingdom of Greece. In the meantime the question of the annexation of the island of Crete to Greece is not one in which the Dreibund is vitally interested, though communications have passed between the bund is vitally interested, though com-munications have passed between the governments at Berlin, Rome and Vienna tending toward concerted action on the part of the Dreibund powers in behalf of Crete and the Greek govern-ment has asked the government of Ger-many to join Grusce in exerting pres-sure upon Turkey against the latter throwing large reinforcements of Turk ish troops into the island with a view of wiping out the Cretan revolt by shee force of numbers. What Greece mosforce of numbers. What Greece mos desires at present is that a sort of truc-shall be established between the Turl-and the Cretan rebels while the Euro pean powers confer as to means of a final settlement of the Cretan question At present the force of Turkish regular troops on the island is 7,200 men and 1,800 additional troops are about leaving Salonica, and an equal numbe are on the eve of departure from Smyr na to reinforce them. Opposing this force there are now over 20,000 Cretan under arms and they are being rapidly strongthened by Greek volunteers, who are well armed and possess ample supplies of provisions and ammunition. This force is able to hold the entirisland against the Turks with the exception of the fortified towns.

THE CASE OF STERN. The case of Louis Stern, of Nev York, who forfeited his bail of 80.00 marks under conviction of having its suited Baron Von Thuengen, deput commissioner of the Spa et Kissenge last summer, has occupied a great des of space in the columns of the Germa press since the publication of the corre press since the publication of the correspondence on the subject which passe between Baron Von Thielmann, it German ambassador at Washington and Hon. Richard Olney, United State secretary of state. The home pape have assumed that the publication of the correspondence was due to Mr. Oney for the purpose of causing inconvenience to Baron Thielmann arbitraging shout his retirement, but dinary course of things, with no po-

eign office is that Stern did not exhaust the ordinary legal means at his disposal to obtain a reversal of his entence and that he asked the state department at Washington to interfer in his case before he had gone to the end of his legal resources, thus crea ng trouble all around which could ha been averted.

A TURKISH VERSION. Washington, May 31.-The Turkis

Shortest Session on Record—Ait indance Not as Large as Last Year-Many of the Ablest Men Silent.

Breed, of Pittsburg.

By tomorrow noon all of the commissioners will have left town, thus closing

Its session was the shortest in its his tory, only nine days being consumed in point of attendance it was not as large by five members as last year Comparatively few of the best known names were on the roll and many of the ablest men were not heard.

"As hard problems were up as ever came before any assembly," said one of the members today, "and the action was as decisive, but possibly couched in fuller and more modifying language The urgent desire for seminary contro by the asesmbly was unanimously en dorsed, and donors were exhorted as to peril. The action of the Pittsburg as-sembly as to students in disapproved institutions was affirmed with explana institutions was animed with explaint thoms. There was no weakening on judicial cases. The assembly thought it mission was to eliminate special committees but it only discharged threand created four new ones. No final action was taken on any great question."

Small Pox at Havana.

Public Interest Absorbed in Manifold

Twenty Thousand Cretans Are Well Armed and Prepared to Hold the Island Against Turks--Case of Louis Stern Again Before th

Every

bringing about his retirement, but has not occurred to them that the co

from the utterances of an irresponsit

legation has received the following tell gram from the Sublime Porte: "Certain European newspapers pul lished recently some imaginary as malevolent news about the situation i the island of Crete. All the trouble cosisted in a simple incident provoked bette guard of the Russian consul. This guard killed without any apparent motive a certain Emin Effendi while thatter was seated in front of a shop During the affray which followed si Mussulmen and ten Christians werkilled or wounded. Thanks to the measures token by the Impression with ures taken by the Imperial authoritie order was restored and no new inci-dents have taken place since."

CLOSE OF THE ASSEMBLY

Saratoga, N. Y., May 31.—The second Presbyterian Sunday here was attended by a perfect downpour but which did no interfere to any great extent with the attendance at the various church ser vices whose pulpits were filled by commissioners. Five sessions were held in the assembly chrch, opening this morning with a strong sermon by Rev. D. B.

the assembly of 1896.

A brief review of the session is ap-

The agitation on young people's so-cicties is only begun, it is said, and will be further along next year. The New York mission house and the seminary centrol questions are not settled and the "Temporalties" subject only started. It is predicted that the movement for a contitutional rule as to can-didates will start the greatest agitation of the day, while the committee to ex-amine into the expenses, etc., of the home board will only open a great dis-cussion. Within six months the work of the assembly will have taken its of the assembly will have taken its place in history and be better known, and better still by 1900.



On Monday, June I.

Purchaser of dermsdorf Fast Black Will Receive losiery Fratis a Handsome Souenir Picture.

510 AND 512

ACKAWANNA AVENUE



Bicyclists Take Notice

Weichel, the Jeweler, has a nice line of Bicycle Belts. Call and see them. One of the latest novel-

SPRUCE STREET.

HEADQUARTERS FOR NOVELTIES.

MATTHEWS BROTHERS

Atlantic Lead. French Zinc, Enamel Paints. Carriage Paints, Reynolds' Pure Colors, Reynolds' Wood Finish. Crockett's Preservative.

Ready Mixed Tinted Key West, May 31.—Private advices received in this city last night state that small pox is raging at Morro Castle, Ha- Linseed Oil, Guaranteed.