## THE SCRANTON TRIBUNE-THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 16, 1896.

# The Scranton Tribune

#### Daily and Weekly. No Sunday Edition

ranton, Pa., by The Tribune Pub-lishing Company. De: Tribune Building, Frank S. Gray, Manager. New York Offic

E. P. KINGSBURY, Paza, Ano Gen's Man E. H. RIPPLE, Sec'Y AND TREAS LIVY S. RICHARD, Corton. W. W. DAVIS, BUSINESS MANAGER. W. W. YOUNGS, Apy. Mana's

#### ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT SCRANTON PA. A SCOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

"Printers' Ink," the recognized journal for adver-tisers, rates THE SCRANTON THINKING as the best advertising medium in Northeastern Feinsylva-tin, "Printers' Ink" knows

THE WLERLY TRIDUCE, Issued Every Saturday, Contains Twelve HandSome Pages, with an Abun-cance of News, Fiction, and Well-Edited Miscel-hary. For Those Who Cannot Take Tirk Datky TRIBUNE, the Weekly Is Recommended as the Best Dargain Going. Only \$1 • Year, in Advance

THE TRIBUNE Is for Sale Daily at the D., L. and W. Station at Hoboken.

gold standard.

Philadelphia contemporary.

expressed in legislation.

States."

It provides that the proposed "Uni-

SCRANTON, APRIL 16, 1896.

The Tribune is the only Republica daily in Lackawanna County.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION. To the Republican electors of Pennsylva-

nia. The Republicans of Pennsylvania, by The Republicans of Pennsylvania, by their duly chosen representatives, will meet in state convention Thursiday, April 23, 1896, at 19 o'clock a. m., in the opera-house, city of Harrisburg, for the pur-pose of a commanting two candidates for representative-at-large in congress and thirty-two candidates for presidential electors, the selection of cight delegates-at-large to the Republican national con-vention, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented. By order of the state committee, M. S. Quay, Attest:-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Chairman.

Attest:-Jere B. Rex. W. R. Andrews. Secretaries.

The opinion of Deputy Attorney General Elkin upon the point raised with reference to the payment of the district assessors for making an enumeration of children of school age puts out of the way the last technical obstruction to a full, fair and honest trial in Pennsylvania of compulsory education. Now let that trial go on.

### Carlisle's Chicago Speech.

ready established in the land. A bill The speech made by Secretary Carlisle at Chicago last night on the curto this effect has at last been favorrency question, the substance of which provisions are worthy of careful attenis clsewhere reported, very clearly outtion. lines the dangers of unlimited silver coinage, which would, as he points out. versity of the United States" shall be probably drive out gold and leave us with the single silver standard. The great majority of thoughtful Americans, we take it, do not want a single standard, either of gold or of silver. What they want is bimetallism, or what is known as the automatic double standard, consisting of gold and silver used interchangeably.

Mr. Carlisle professes to be a believer in bimetallism when it can be established by international agreement. Until that time, he wants gold to be

car on silver is a war on one of the most valuable of our natural resources. and that if persisted in to the point of gold monometallism will be the means of doing more harm than can readily

be estimated. It has advocated the placing of a prohibitive tariff on all foreign silver, with free coinage for the American product, less the percentage of that product diverted to the arts. It believes that this can be done with entire safety, and that the doing of it would be an act of justice to the people, by affording them an expanding currency where today we have a arly research in practically every substeadily contracting currency damaging to all native productive interests. the location in Washington of such a It believes, too, that the repeal of the Sherman purchase act has not brought the relief that was promised at the time of that repeal under the whip and spur of this bond-selling, debt-creating Democratic administration. If this be "an extravagant length." we have

gone it. But in going that length we submit that we have not been more et travagant than the Press has been in turning its back on the bimetallism plank adopted in 1892 at Minneapolis, and in declaring, insistently and persistently, for the single, appreciating Liberty of opinion and frank expresindividuality. My cabinet will not be sion of that opinion in economic delate geographical, but national. It will not

are not inconsistent with true Rebe selected because of former political | Handy in the Times-Herald. pullicanism; and The Tribune expects affiliations, but because of the characto remain a "reputable and thoroughly ter and individuality of the men to be Republican newspaper" even though it chosen. It will be the administration has an occasional honest difference which will mark the beginning of a from its distinguished and amiable new political era in this country." If 1880, the sage of Lochiel said that, he was probably joking. Silver or no silver, It is decidedly unfair to Major Methe next president will be a Republi-Kinley to have some of his conspicuous can. newspaper champions come out every

day or two with double-leaded reitera-The respectable newspaper press of tions of his soundness on the financial the country owes to the Chicago Timesquestion. Of course, William McKin-Herald and to its energetic editor and ley is for a sound currency. No Reproprietor, a debt of gratitude for the publican of any prominence favors demonstration which that journal has anything else. The only point at issue given to the country that newspapers is as to how that soundness shall be may be clean and pure and wholesome without necessarily being dull. The Times-Herald, daily and Sunday, is a The University of the United mine of decent information put in attractive form, and no one can read it without feeling in some ways repaid For many years, in fact ever since for the trouble and in no way the worse Washington's time, it has been the wish

for the contact. We mention this cirof many leading educators and public cumstance at this time because the Chimen that the United States might escago Times-Herald is so different from tablish and maintain, at some central the sensational press of Gotham, parpoint, now invariably coincident with ticularly the New Work World. the federal capital, an institution of higher learning which shall not com-On Wednesday and Thursday of next pete with but rather supplement the

week a national conference will be held various colleges and universities alin Washington to promote international arbitration. About the same time President Cleveland will sign a bill apably reported to the senate, and its propriating \$11,000,000 for new war ships.



As a rule, jests about manslaughter are not in the best of taste, but in the case of the facile confessor and monumental har. Herman H. Hoimes, this rule stan is waived. He clearly is a romancer who delights to shock people solely for the no-toriety it brings him, and upon whom con-siderate treatment would be wasted. The Pittsburg Times gets off this amusing bit of burlesque on Holmes, which puts his gory pretensions to the right kind of tidt-cule; of post-graduate rank, with authority to establish co-operative relations with other institutions of education and learning, in this or in other countries, and with power to confer degrees upon such persons' only as have previously received the degree of bachelor of arts

or its equivalent, or who have re-Philadelphia, April 13.—The accomplish I murderer and humorist, Ha Ha folmes, made a full confession yesterday ceived certificates of graduation from some state educational institution. No It was made in the presence of his press agent and his business manager, both of applicant for admission fulfilling these

<text><text><text><text> GOLDSMITH'S 📀 BAZAAR

## A M'RINLEY ESTIMATE.

Quay is a god politician and a loyal friend, but he is not infallible. He is great in managing a campaign, but has been no-toriously unlucky in picking winners. He was for Hartranft in 1576, for Grant in 1880, for Arthur in 1884, for Sherman in 1888, and for Blaine when Blaine had no carthly chance in 1892. He has rarely won except by compromising, and that is what he will do by compromising on McKinley.

#### AS TRUE AS GOSPEL.

From the Carbondale Leader.

If the people of many cities of like size should some morning pick up a home pa-per equal to those issued in the cities of the Wyoming and Lackawanna valleys they would be astonished without meas-ure. This is a fact without exaggeration that every newspaper man knows if the general public does not.

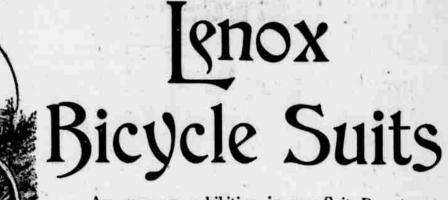
# TOLD BY THE STARS.

Tribune Astrologer.

It is to be hoped that the proposition to banish the Institute of Science and His-tory to the wilds of Nay Aug is not a re-flection on its character. ce and His-

of them.





Are now on exhibition in our Suit Department. There is such an unprecedented demand for these, the most practical suit invented, that an early selection is advisable. They are made in various colorings. with knickerbockers and leggings to match.

This announcement makes it evident to the public that other houses in this city are not the sole agents, as they have advertised.

TW We also have a new line of LADIES' SWEATERS,



the standard and sliver made a token money, like paper. As between a paper dollar standing for gold and a silver dollar standing for gold, he would pay 50 cents for the silver dollar when he could get a good paper dollar, redeemable in gold, at the cost of a fraction of a cent. It strikes us that this is poor economy. If we believed in a gold single standard, we would favor paper rather than silver token money, since it would be a great deal cheaper and also more convenient. Then silver could go to the level of zinc or copper. and we could pin our whole financial salvation to gold alone, of which there is about \$2,000,000,000 in the world and about \$600,000,000-Mr. Carlisle says \$625,000,000+ in the United States.

The Tribune agrees with the Democratic secretary of the treasury that the free and unlimited coinage by the United States of the silver of the world, at the ratio of 15% or 16 to 1 would as silver is now rated, prove hazardous. On the other hand, it does not despair of being able to take care of the silver produced in this country without reference to other nations. Hence it would put a prohibitive tariff on foreign silver and coin our own product, less the amount used in the arts, on a parity with gold, and the prohibitive tariff vide for the institution by direct approwould maintain that parity. This home priation or by setting aside a portion silver output is now \$35,000,000 a year. all of which at present goes into the arts or is exported. Even if-an improbable estimate---it should reach \$100,000,-000 a year under the stimulus of home coinage, not more than half of that could get to the mints, and the likelihood is that not more than 40 per cent, would. Our natural growth in population and the business revival which this safe expansion of our currency would bring, would absorb 40,- American students go abroad for post-000,000 standard dollars a year, very graduate study because there are no nicely.

Then, if the other nations wanted to

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applicant for admission fulfilling these requirements shall be excluded and neither sectarian nor partisan instruc-tion shall be imparted. The govers-ment of the institution is vested in a board of regents and a university coun-cil, the former to be composed of the president of the United States, who shall be president of the board; the chief justice of the United States, the commissioner of education, the secrechief justice of the United States, the commissioner of education, the secre-tary of the Smithsonian institution, the president of the National Academy of Science, the president of the National Educational association, and the presi-dent of the university, and nine other citizens of the United States, no two of whom shall be citizens of the same state, to be appointed by the president by and with the consent of the senate; and the latter to consist of the board of regents and twelve other citizens of the United States, to be appointed by the board of regents from eminent educators connected with institutions of learning in the United States. The board of regents are to be supreme in financial matters. For the organiza-