

50 Choice Garments

We ought to say EXTRA CHOICE, for finer skins of their class, or more carefully finished work, never came to market.

A Plain Statement

We thought several weeks ago that we had finished buying Fur Capes for this season, but the demand kept on and still keeps on. Sizes could not hold out against the heavy inroads made on them daily, and this week we were tempted to buy just fifty more of the handsomest Fur Capes that have come our way this season.

Some are trimmed, some untrimmed, all are in fashion's latest mould, and there isn't one garment that is not strictly high class in every respect.

The Skins Are the Finest Selected Astrakhans, Wool Seals And Electric Seals . . .

And we guarantee their real value to be not less than from

\$35 to \$65

For convenience of selling we have ground them into four lots and prices as follows:

- \$18.90**
- \$21.90**
- \$24.90**
- ... AND ...
- \$29.90**

Sizes will be complete at the opening sale on Monday, and as the grades of quality vary considerably in each price, quick, shrewd buyers have the advantage over procrastinators this time.

ON SALE AT 9 A. M.

GLOBE WAREHOUSE.

NOT SHOT FOR SALISBURY

Lord Rosebery Deplores the Many Mistakes That Have Been Made.

VOLEY OF QUIET REPROACH

Shortcomings of the Premier Pointed Out. Mysterious Action on Armenian Question—The Venezuelan Affair—Salisbury Replies.

London, Feb. 11.—In the house of lords the address in reply to the queen's speech was moved by Lord Stanmore and seconded by the Earl of Rosslyn. Lord Rosebery said he was glad to see that the negotiations for the settlement of the difficulties in the Transvaal were progressing. He expressed his approval of the conduct of Mr. Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, who had exhibited statesmanlike courage and promptitude of decision. He greatly deplored the recent utterances of Lord Salisbury, which, on the part of the Hoers, had tended to a feeling of distrust of England's good faith and would lead to the belief that the sympathy of the government was with the invaders of the South African republic. He demanded to know what form the government inquiry would take in regard to the relations of the British and British South African company to the transactions which had recently taken place in the Transvaal and also desired to know why the government had been ignorant of what had been going on at Mafeking, prior to Dr. Jameson's raid. It was obvious, he said, that the charter of the British South African company must be revised.

Turning his attention to the situation in Armenia, Lord Rosebery said that Salisbury's recent statements regarding the obligations of England under the terms of the treaty of Berlin were absolutely incorrect. The whole point to be taken into consideration was that the powers signatory to the treaty should see to it that the reforms required by that instrument were carried into effect. The Cyathus convention laid special obligations upon England and such an expression of impotency as that conveyed by the statement which had been made by the premier had never before been made by a British minister. Was this, he asked, peace with honor?

Concerning Venezuela. As regards Venezuela Lord Rosebery maintained that the sending of Maxim guns to British Guiana had not a little to do with causing the alarm felt by the United States. Continuing Lord Rosebery said he welcomed the introduction of the United States in the Venezuelan matter, inasmuch as it introduced into the question the important element of a solid, substantial government offering to guarantee the performance of a settlement that might be arrived at. He welcomed with infinite joy the indications in the speech from the throne that there had been communications between Great Britain and the United States in the direction of an equitable arrangement. Two things might be heartily welcomed as indications of a different policy on the part of the United States. The first was the unbounded expression of loyalty by Canadians (cheers) and the second, the serious movement on both sides in favor of permanent machinery by which questions referable to arbitration could be dealt with without loss of dignity or impairment of the sovereign rights of either (cheers).

Salisbury's Remarks. Prime Minister Salisbury followed Lord Rosebery. He said he concurred with Lord Rosebery that the mingling of the United States with the Venezuelan question might from some points of view conduce to desirable results. He did not think the invoking of the Monroe doctrine was necessarily justifiable. Considering the position of Venezuela in the Caribbean sea it was no more unnatural that the United States should take an interest in the matter than that Great Britain should take an interest in Holland and Belgium and from that point of view he trusted that the negotiations would continue. The United States attached a more unrestricted value upon that method of adjusting differences than had hitherto been the case. He concurred with Lord Rosebery that the proposal, which at the will of the arbitrator, might hand over 40,000 British subjects to Venezuela could not be accepted, but he believed that means might be found by combining negotiations and arbitration to effect a settlement. The great obstacle to a settlement had been the extravagant claims of Venezuela when she treated the whole country as far as the Essequibo as undeniably hers, and then brought diplomatic relations with Great Britain. But for that he believed the difficulty would have been solved long ago. He agreed that the mutual development of the desire for arbitration was satisfactory. He thought it impossible to adopt arbitration unrestricted as to subject matter and conditions, but between the extremes of handing everything to arbitration and the practice of using too little he fully believed there was a middle term, which would effectually diminish the chances of a conflict and differences of opinion. (Cheers.)

Position on Armenia. Lord Salisbury rebuffed Lord Rosebery's criticisms of the government's Armenian policy. He said he defied anybody to discover in the treaties or his own speeches a promise or threat that Great Britain would be against the sultan unless she governed better. He defended the government's policy on the lines of his speech delivered by him on Jan. 31 at the meeting of non-party members in which he described the atrocities in Armenia to the passions of race and creed. He believed that the sultan's government was wretched, but there were no grounds for imagining the sultan had instigated the massacres. England lacked the power to do the only thing necessary to end the troubles, namely, to militarily occupy the Turkish provinces. Patience must be exercised and the sultan will be given time to enforce the reforms he had promised. The Duke of Argyll gave notice that he would, at an early date, call the attention of the house to Great Britain's obligations in regard to Turkey and would submit recommendations as to the course she ought to pursue.

THE GIRL IS WEAKMINDED. Friends of Missie Swager Would Have Her Placed in an Asylum. Hollidaysburg, Pa., Feb. 11.—Missie Swager, the 15-year-old girl of Altoona, who poisoned her uncle, William McGregor, by placing a dose of rat poison in his cup of coffee, petitioned the Blair county court this afternoon

HASTINGS IS FOR QUAY

Will Heartily Endorse the Senator for Presidential Candidate.

EFFECT OF HIS CANDIDACY

The Governor Believes that Pennsylvania, the Leading Republican State, Should Be Recognized at the National Convention.

TALK ON MONROE DOCTRINE.

Mr. Ransford Argues in Favor of Its Recognition by Congress—The Gentleman from Louisiana Thinks a Navy Could Be Built "While You Wait."

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 11.—Governor Hastings declared in an interview today that he is in favor of Senator Quay for the presidency if he is a candidate. "My eyes," he said, "were never opened so far for my nomination, and I was not hunting for compliments. Senator Quay's candidacy would have a two-fold effect in this state. It would reunite the party in broad and lasting foundations, which every true Republican would welcome, and would help to dispel the idea abroad in the country that because Pennsylvania is the leading Republican protection state and always safe therefore she should never have a presidential candidate. Pennsylvania's constant Republicanism should be the best argument in favor of a Pennsylvania ticket. Quay is the man for the job. He is willing to be a candidate."

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 11.—Deputy Attorney General Eskin and other state officials supplement the interview of Governor Hastings in declaring for Senator Quay for president. Banking and Finance Commissioner W. B. Smith, 1 am heartily in favor of Senator Quay for president. He possesses every qualification for the place, and in my judgment, the mention of his name in this connection will create unbounded enthusiasm among all the Republicans of this state."

"BAT" SHEA ELECTROCUTED.

A Final Protest of Innocence—John B. McHugh Repeats His Confession as to the Killing of Ross.

Danmore, N.Y., Feb. 11.—"Bat" Shea was executed in the electric chair at Clinton prison this morning. Shea repeatedly asserted his innocence, and loudly and to the surprise of the crowd, he shouted out "I am innocent, father, innocent." Shea was in custody on a charge of killing John Ross, a coal miner, who was shot in the head by Shea while the latter was in the act of loading a mine cart. Shea was arrested after a search of the mine led to his discovery.

WALLER WANTS DAMAGES.

Ex-Congressman Prefers to Remain in Prison and Sue the French Government. Washington, Feb. 11.—A report from Secretary Olney sent to both houses of congress today by President Cleveland, in answer to resolutions of inquiry, show that John L. Waller, formerly senator from the United States at Tampa, Fla., and now in a French prison serving a sentence of twenty years imprisonment for treason, will be immediately released by the French government and given a full pardon, in accordance with the agreement of the United States to make no claim in his behalf on his arrest, conviction or imprisonment, in return for his release and his return to the United States.

SMUGGLER CAUGHT.

Captain of a Steamer on the Red Star Line Brings \$20,000 Worth of Gems.

Philadelphia, Feb. 11.—One of the largest seizures of diamonds ever made in Philadelphia, and the first since the States was effected today on board the Red Star line steamer Rhyneland. Twenty thousand dollars worth of gems were seized and Captain Lowitz, master of the steamer, is charged with illegally attempting to bring the diamonds into the country, and a warrant for his arrest will be issued tomorrow. For some time past the United States treasury authorities have been concerned that diamonds were being smuggled into this country. The government's agents abroad were instructed to investigate the subject, and suspicion fell upon Captain Lowitz. When the Rhyneland left Antwerp upon this trip the government agents abroad notified the treasury department that they believed Captain Lowitz had gems aboard his vessel, which he intended to illegally bring into this country.

MISS HOLLINGSWORTH FREE.

She Is Released from Custody at Cincinnati. Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 11.—At 2 o'clock Fred Adamson, chief of the Indiana State Police, released Miss Hollingsworth from custody. She was taken to the station where she was held until yesterday when she was released. She was taken to the station where she was held until yesterday when she was released. She was taken to the station where she was held until yesterday when she was released.

ROOM FOR PATTISON.

He Will Be Pennsylvania's Democratic Candidate for President. Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 11.—National Chairman Harry and State Chairman Robert E. Wright, with other prominent Democratic leaders in Pennsylvania, arrived at the Commonwealth hotel tonight. They are here to attend the meeting of the Democratic state committee tomorrow, when Harrisburg will be fixed as the place and the middle of April as the time for the holding of the state convention.

INDIANS WERE SWINDLED.

Oil City by Right Belongs to the Descendants of the Seneca Chief Cornplanter. Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 11.—Chief Clerk Gearhart, of the state department, to whom was referred the cases of the Seneca Indians, descendants of Cornplanter, who claim the site of Oil City, stated today that he has carefully examined the papers in the matter, and that there is no doubt but that the Indians have been shamefully treated, and to quietly unblock the site of Oil City, he cannot, however, find any ground for action by the state any more than in any other case of sale. Mr. Gearhart explained that the commonwealth owned the land to the Indians by patent, and then its right in the matter ceased. The Indians sold a large portion of valuable land to a man named Connelly and took his note in payment. Had not mortgage made out to them and all they received in payment was the note.

BOOM FOR PATTISON.

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SAFE BURGLARS AT WORK.

Leesburg, O., Feb. 11.—Burglars effected an entrance into the Leesburg bank last night by the use of explosives. The vault door was first blown open and then the burglar proof safe was literally blown to pieces. All the money, amounting to \$8,000, was taken, besides valuable notes.

THREE ALARMS OF FIRE

Were Sounded in Quick Succession Early Last Night.

PROMPT WORK OF FIREMEN

Prevented Serious Blaze in Temple Court and in Cramer's Photograph Gallery—Frothingham Audience in Blisful Ignorance of Danger.

Three fire alarms were sounded last night between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock. The first alarm at 8 o'clock was for a fire in a dwelling occupied by a Polish family in the 22nd ward; that at 9 o'clock from box 22 was for a blaze in the Temple Court building on Spruce street, and the third alarm from box 15, was for a fire in Cramer's photographic gallery on the third floor of 309 Lackawanna avenue. The last two fires did not cause serious damage, but either might have proved very destructive but for the prompt work of the Phoenix Chemical company.

A blaze in the Polansky's house in the 16th ward had been extinguished at 4 o'clock in the afternoon by Engine company before more than \$200 damage had been done to the building and contents. Flames broke out in the same building about 8 o'clock and the structure was promptly destroyed. C. W. Freeman occupied, with his wife, two rooms, one a living apartment and the other a room in which he did some repairing, in the third floor of Temple Court, 111 Spruce street. Mrs. Freeman smelled smoke. She rushed to the door of the other room, but when she opened it she was met by a tongue of flame which swept across the hall and way and set fire to his woodwork. She and her husband barely had time to escape the next floor below. He succeeded in saving a rack of coats belonging to customers. All of their furniture, clothing and household effects were destroyed. They did not have any insurance.

OUR WINTER SHOES MUST GO.

You need the Shoes we need the room. LEWIS, REILLY & DAVIES. 114 AND 116 WYOMING AVE.

WEICHEL THE JEWELER

WISHES EVERYBODY A Happy New Year.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES BEFORE TAKING INVENTORY IN . . .

Watches, Diamonds and Silverware. 408 Spruce St. Near Dime Bank.

FINLEY'S

New Spring Goods. We have now on sale the most elegant stock of Embroideries and Laces we have ever shown.

OUR LINE OF Wash Dress Goods

is up to date and comprises French Organics, French and American Percales, Rejane Dimities, Scotch and Irish Dimities, Royal Creml Stripes, Chantilly Lace Stripes, Jaconet Duchesse, Corded Mulls, Scotch Ginghams, White and Colored French Piques, French Galateas, Linen Batiste

with all overs and trimmings to match. Perslan Lawns, Dotted Swisses and full stock of Staple White Goods.

510 and 512 LACKAWANNA AVENUE. Our 50c School Shoes Are Trade Builders.

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WEATHER REPORT.

For eastern Pennsylvania, fair; slightly colder; westerly winds.

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