

EIGHT PAGES--36 COLUMNS.

SCRANTON, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1896.

TWO CENTS A COPY.

IF YOU

Had gone through our Dress Goods stock last week and made the mark down in prices for this great mid-winter sale, you would certainly have been more moderate in the figure cutting that we have been.

We've Spared Nothing

Mid-Winter Dress Goods Sale

In our history. There isn't an item in the following list that is not reasonable, and all are in tones with fashion's most rigid requirements.

Sale Facts

10 pieces double fold Plaid in thirteen styles, black and white, as well as bright colorings. Regular value, \$4.00. SALE PRICE \$2.95.

12 pieces Chambray fancy, 34 inches wide. Ten ten folded effects in dots, stripes, etc. All dark colors. Value \$2.00. SALE PRICE \$1.25.

1 case 34-inch fancy, full assortment of Dark Shades, good medium weight in an extra good fabric. Value \$1.50. SALE PRICE \$1.25.

12 pieces 34-inch illuminated Suitings in as handsome a range of small Jacquard effects as you can possibly imagine. Full value for 25c. SALE PRICE 15c.

10 pieces 36-inch all Wool Suitings. Correct winter weight in an attractive range of Pin Checks and Stripes and plain colors as your fancy desires. Value \$2.00. SALE PRICE \$1.25.

10 pieces domestic Crepons, hard twist effects in a dozen different desirable shade combinations. Worth all of 25c. SALE PRICE 20c.

40 pieces all Wool Cashmeres, 40 inches wide; shade list as follows: Cardinal, Garnet, gold, nut and seal brown, light and dark navy, Sapphire, light and dark myrtle, light and dark slate, and black. This has been a leading value at 75c. SALE PRICE 50c.

10 pieces 38-inch all Wool French Serge; superb list of solid colors and a weight that just suits the season. Lowest former price 75c. SALE PRICE 50c.

10 pieces 50-inch all Wool French Serge, very fine twill in the following excellent shades: Scarlet, Cardinal, Garnet, Wood, Seal and Mid Brown, Slate, Olive and Myrtle. Cheap at 50c. SALE PRICE 35c.

10 pieces 40-inch Jacquard weave suitings. This lot consists of the balances of ten different lines carried during the season now closing. The shade list could not be improved on, and their actual values range from 75c to 85c. SALE PRICE 50c.

10 pieces 50-inch Flannel Suitings in Scarlet, Cardinal, Gold, Medium and Seal Brown, Tan, Navy, Myrtle and Black; also mixtures in Grey, Brown and fancies. Never sold under 45c. SALE PRICE 35c.

10 pieces 50-inch Ladies' Cloth, extra weights in Navy, Black, 3 Browns, Myrtle, Garnet, Cardinal, Slate and popular mixtures. Full value for 75c. SALE PRICE 50c.

10 pieces 45-inch Storm Serge Navy only. Full 50c. quality. SALE PRICE 45c.

10 pieces 50-inch French Storm Serge in Navy or Black. Usual 55c. SALE PRICE 40c.

10 pieces 52-inch Bourrette Suitings, Scotch Tweed effects, hard finish, heavy weight. Been 75c. SALE PRICE 50c.

10 pieces 50-inch winter mixed Boucle Suitings; heavy winter weight. Value \$1.25. SALE PRICE 75c.

Balance

Of Novelty Suitings in Silk and Wool Weaves; regular 75c. and 85c. Cloths in choice effects. SALE PRICE 45c.

GLOBE WAREHOUSE

PROCEEDINGS IN CONGRESS

First Speech on the Free Silver Substitute is Heard in Senate.

MR. HILL IS AGAIN SARCASTIC.

He Claims That North Carolina is Fickle. An Amusing Colloquy—The Pension Appropriation—Mr. Howard's Resolution Referred to Committee.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Senator Morgan (Democrat, Alabama) delivered a two-hour speech in the senate today on the house bond bill and the free-silver substitute for it reported from the finance committee. Mr. Morgan assailed bitterly the course of Mr. Sherman (Republican, Ohio) both as senator and as secretary of the treasury, in hostility to silver as currency on a party with gold. When he resumed his seat, the floor was taken by Mr. Butler (Populist, North Carolina) who will speak on the bill tomorrow.

A concurrent resolution empowering and directing the president of the United States to receive a deputation from the Cuban revolutionists, and to extend belligerent rights to them was introduced by Mr. Kyle (Populist, South Dakota) and read by the committee on foreign relations. A rather amusing colloquy between Mr. Hill (Democrat, New York) and the two North Carolina senators, Mr. Fritchard (Republican) and Mr. Butler (Populist) took place across of a sarcastic remark of Mr. Hill a few days ago to the effect that although the two North Carolina senators were elected at the same time and by the same combination their statements were inconsistent, one of them claiming that the state was in favor of high protective duties, while the other asserted that it was in favor of tariff reform. Mr. Hill declared that it would be utterly impossible in the next presidential election for either of the two great parties to gratify the fickle constituency of North Carolina.

House Proceedings. Today being the second Monday in the month, under the rules, set apart for the consideration of business relating to the District of Columbia, and two measures of local interest were passed. The resolution appropriating \$100,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, the first of the general appropriation bills reported, was then taken up in committee. Mr. A. Stone (Rep., Va.), explained the bill and the two changes made by it in existing law which were to make a pension granted to the estate of the first applicant without regard to intervening rejections, and limiting \$500 the income which dependent widows may receive and yet be eligible to the pension. Mr. Howard's Resolution. Mr. Howard, a Republican member from Alabama, introduced the following resolution today: Resolved, That Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, be requested to furnish the house with the following information: What places did he use and what places did he give to members of congress to induce them to vote for the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law.

The matter was referred to the committee on coinage, weights and measures.

PREACHER IS ACQUITTED. Trial at Fort Scott Establishes the Innocence of Rev. Robert Seymour.

Fort Scott, Kan., Jan. 13.—Rev. Robert Seymour, pastor of the largest church in this city, was today acquitted after a three days' trial, acquitted of the charge of assaulting Lizzie Hancock, a 17-year-old girl of this city. The trial was sensational and the courtroom was densely crowded with spectators throughout.

Rev. Mr. Seymour was arrested at Louisville while conducting a normal service. He was held in custody, who made the arrest, for \$10,000. This evening he announced that he would bring damage suits against a number of prominent persons for alleged conspiracy to subject him to the indignity of a disgraceful trial.

GREW WOOD FOR HIS COFFIN. Eccentric Oran Pathing, of Indiana, Expects to Die Soon.

Indianapolis, Jan. 13.—Oran Pathing is a wealthy and highly respected citizen of Bartholomew county, but recently doing poorly. He has for many years ago planted a walnut tree in front of his house and said at the time that he would have his coffin made out of it. He also said that when it ceased to bear nuts he would know that he was destined to live but a short time. The tree has not borne for two years, and last Thursday he caused it to be cut down and sawed into lumber, and from this he proposes to have his coffin made. He is in his seventy-eighth year and is apparently hale and hearty, but he contends that the end is near and that he must complete the preparations for his departure. The lumber is being seasoned for the purpose desired.

MUSIC CHARMS IN PRISON. Convict Stahl's Productions and Good Behavior Secure His Release.

Joliet, Ill., Jan. 13.—All the prisoners doing serious time at the Joliet penitentiary none are better known than George Stahl, a German by birth, whose musical attainments have made him famous throughout the United States. He is leader of the prison orchestra, and his musical compositions are known everywhere. At the prison he is a familiar face at the chapel, where he sells music on his own account. He has many friends outside, also, and strong efforts made to secure a commutation of his sentence have finally been successful, and he will be released Jan. 17, having served since Aug. 17, 1891. Stahl was sent to the prison from Chicago for burglary. He has been a good prisoner during his confinement.

SNEFF'S NARROW ESCAPE. Knocked Senseless by a Negro and Left in a Burning Building.

Philadelphia, Jan. 13.—Henry Sneff was attacked by an unknown negro who was presumably a thief, in the stable of the Pennsylvania Hotel, at Falls, Schuylkill, a suburb, early this morning. Sneff was employed by Jenkins and when he grappled with the negro, the latter knocked the man senseless by a blow on the head with a club. A lantern which Sneff carried exploded when he fell and this set fire to the structure. The man regained consciousness in time to escape from the burning building, but the stable was destroyed. The loss is \$2,000. Sneff was taken to a hospital where his injuries were pronounced to be serious. The negro has not been captured.

MORE TURKISH IMPUDENCE

The Sultan Refuses to Allow Aid to Be Distributed.

WILL TAKE CARE OF SUBJECTS.

The Sublime Porte Expresses the Intention of Alleviating the Wants of the Turkish Subjects, Regardless of Race or Creed.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The Turkish legation gave out this afternoon the following official communication: "The imperial government will not permit any distribution among its subjects, in his own territory, by any foreign society or individuals, however respectable same may be (as for instance Red Cross society) of money collected abroad. Such interference no independent government has ever allowed, especially when the collections are made on the strength of speeches delivered in public meetings by irascible enemies of the Turkish race and religion, and on the basis of false accusations that Turkey repudiates. Besides the Sublime Porte is mindful of the true interests of things, despite the calumnies and wild exaggerations of interested or fanatical parties, and will, as it has done heretofore, under its own legitimate control, alleviate the wants of all Turkish subjects living in certain provinces irrespective of creed or race.

Position of the United States. Washington, Jan. 13.—Senator Cullinan, chairman of the senate sub-committee on foreign relations, had a conference with Secretary Olney today on the Armenian question. The sub-committee will probably report to the full committee at the next meeting.

It is believed it will take the ground that the United States can only declare its abhorrence at the crimes committed in Armenia and urge the powers of Europe, who have relations with the Turkish government, to extend their protection to the Armenians. The further display of force in Turkish lands by this government will not be endorsed.

ALARM AT HAVANA. Fright Caused by the Explosion of a Torpedo—Gomez Hemmed In.

Havana, Jan. 13.—A commotion was caused in certain circles here last night by the report that the insurgents were approaching Havana. The news spread with great rapidity, and there was considerable relief among the Spanish authorities when it was discovered that the alarming report grew out of the explosion of a large torpedo in the village of Vedado, near this city.

Despatches from the insurgent camp at Cuba tell of a skirmish there in which the insurgents left seven killed and the troops captured nine prisoners. From Matanzas, where it was believed that the insurgent camp was located, it is reported that the Spanish troops during which the former had eight killed and six wounded. The insurgents are also said to have retired carrying with them thirty-two wounded.

At Manzanillo a new band of insurgents commanded by Ruperto Sanchez, in a brush with the troops, had five men wounded. The insurgents who were in the vicinity of Manzanillo, about twenty miles from the city, retired with the loss of five killed and twenty-seven wounded.

It was stated today in official circles that General Gomez rapped last night at the plantation of Fajardo, near Gabriel, in the province of Pinar del Rio, and it is impossible to pass the military line drawn by the Spaniards across the island. The insurgent forces have been reported moving northward from Quivacan, but they were blocked from the latter place by General Gomez's command, as at first supposed, but only a portion of his forces which has been cut off from the rest.

The military line drawn by the Spaniards across the island. The insurgent forces have been reported moving northward from Quivacan, but they were blocked from the latter place by General Gomez's command, as at first supposed, but only a portion of his forces which has been cut off from the rest.

LUNATIC AT LARGE. Samuel Green's Wife Naturally Feels Somewhat Uncomfortable.

Altoona, Pa., Jan. 13.—Samuel Green, who escaped from the Marienville insane asylum Saturday afternoon, called on his wife and children yesterday morning. He appears to be perfectly rational and desires to take care of his family as well as to engage in any work. He and his mother claim that he has been detained in the asylum unjustly. Mrs. Green, his wife, whom he attempted to murder the night of his arrest is afraid of him.

Superintendent Orth of the asylum has been notified of Green's presence in the city.

TO PROTECT PUBLISHERS. Resolution Introduced in the Senate by Washington, Jan. 13.—Mr. Gray (Dem., Del.) introduced in the senate today a bill repealing Section 5325, revised statutes, which provides a fine and imprisonment as a punishment for any one who communicates or carries on any verbal or written correspondence with any officer of any foreign government with an intent to influence the measures or conduct of any foreign government in relation to any dispute with the United States, etc.

The act of Jan. 17, 1793, quoted the other day in the senate as applicable to the case of a New York publisher who secured telegrams from British officials on the Venezuelan question.

The Hartranft Commission. Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 13.—The Hartranft commission will meet in this city on Jan. 23. Governor Hastings is president of the commission and the date was changed from Jan. 3 to Jan. 23 at his request. He expects to return in time for the meeting.

CONDEMNNS FREE LUNCHES. Judge Ehrgood Gives the Saloon Keepers Some Good Advice.

Lebanon, Pa., Jan. 13.—Judge Ehrgood, in granting liquor licenses today, said that he had read in the newspapers of the advertisements of "concerts" and "free lunches" at certain places during the morning. He gave notice of all concerned that such practices, if continued, will be held sufficient for withholding liquor licenses from such parties indulging in the practice. He called attention to the dis-

AMERICANS UNDER ARREST

Citizens of the United States Mixed in the Transvaal Affair.

ENGLISH WILL PROTECT THEM.

Secretary Chamberlain Gives Assurance That Her Majesty's Commissioner Will Look After the Case of Hammond and Other Americans.

London, Jan. 13.—An interview was had today with Mr. Wiltse, a colleague of John Hays Hammond, the well known American mining engineer, who was a member of the reform committee at Johannesburg and who is now under arrest for sedition. Mr. Wiltse has just arrived from the Transvaal and has been informed that he had sent cable despatches to General Harris and Major J. R. Crocker, of San Francisco, friends of Mr. Hammond and had been informed that they had apprised Senators Perkins and White of the serious position of the Americans in Johannesburg. Senator White has said the matter before the department of state, which has promised to pay prompt attention to the matter.

Among the Americans arrested is J. S. Curtis, who has for some time been a resident of Johannesburg. He held a leading position there and is very wealthy. Charles Butler, who was under arrest, is connected with the Rand Ore Reduction company. Captain Mein is chief engineer of the Robinson colliery and was in Johannesburg in a time of emergency that was sufficiently serious to justify the Uitlanders in acting as they did. Mr. Wiltse concluded by declaring that the sympathies of all the Americans in South Africa were with the Uitlanders.

Will Protect the Americans. Washington, Jan. 13.—This afternoon Secretary Olney received a cablegram from Mr. Bayard saying that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain gave assurance that he had instructed her majesty's high commissioner (Sir Hercules Robinson) to look after the case of the Americans in the Transvaal as well as to look after the interests of British subjects under like circumstances.

Comments of London Press. London, Jan. 13.—The Post this morning publishes a dispatch sent by Cecil Rhodes, ex-prime minister of Cape Colony, in which he declared that England should have America's sympathy in the trouble in the Transvaal. In its issue tomorrow the paper will attack Mr. Rhodes for advising the United States. It will say that President Cleveland considers that the rights of Americans have been infringed by the Transvaal government and that the United States certainly does not require the assistance of Mr. Rhodes. The same he said of Great Britain, but it first must be made clear that the subjects have not put themselves out of court by their action. That Mr. Rhodes has much to answer for, apart from the questions of Dr. Jameson's raid and the Uitlanders, must be admitted. He must explain why his police force at Mafeking was ready for active service the moment that news of the raid was given. With these facts awaiting explanation the Post says it does not see any justification for Mr. Rhodes' extraordinary advice to the Americans.

The Daily News will say: Mr. Rhodes' ingenious argument in behalf of concessions to the Uitlanders proves to be a very weak one. The same showing it would justify Great Britain in annexing the Transvaal, with all the consequences that such wicked filibustering would entail on the rest of the world.

Referring to the request of the American government that Great Britain use her good offices in behalf of the Americans arrested at Johannesburg, the News will say: "Whatever may be the result of the recent occurrences in the Transvaal, the government and the people of the United States must be greatly concerned and cordial and gratifying a response was made to Mr. Olney's request. It will be Englishmen a source of peculiar pleasure at this moment to be able in any way testify to their regard for their kindred in the sea."

The Venezuela Question. The paper reiterates the importance of finding an honorable escape from the Venezuelan difficulty, and says: "If things are allowed to continue as they are now, there must be a war, no matter how many excellent people may be horrified at the idea. Lord Salisbury has never given up the idea. It was upon the scope, not the principle, of reference that he and Venezuela failed to agree. We believe Lord Salisbury has clearly shown that Venezuela is in the wrong, but we are not impartial judges. The stronger the British case the more eager should Lord Salisbury be to submit it to a competent court. Surely, we are willing to make a sentimental sacrifice for the sake of retaining the friendship of the United States. We expect something to be said from Lord Salisbury than an argumentative victory on paper."

FATHER SHOOTS TO KILL. Fatally Wounds the Man Who Helped to Wreck His Happiness.

Boone, Ia., Jan. 13.—E. W. McFarland, son of the late Judge McFarland, who was one of the pioneer judges of Iowa, was shot in this city this morning. He is still alive, but the physicians say he cannot recover. The shooting was done by Stanhope Royster, a farmer living ten or twelve miles north. Royster's daughter Annie, aged 20 or 22, employed as a domestic, went to live with McFarland, who had a suite of rooms on Keeler street. Royster learned of his daughter's conduct and came to Boone this morning. He met McFarland in a saloon on Keeler street, and shot five times, one bullet going through McFarland's lungs and one into the abdomen. Royster is under arrest.

ABYSSINIAN WAR NEWS. Italian Garrison Repulses the Enemy With Heavy Loss.

Rome, Jan. 13.—A dispatch from Massowah, capital of Erythraea, states that on Saturday the Abyssinians renewed their attack on the town of Makelle, where they had been defeated with heavy loss the day previous. The Italian garrison fought bravely and again repulsed the enemy with heavy loss. It is reported that the plague is raging in the Abyssinian camp, due to the fact that the dead have not been buried and the decomposing bodies have poisoned the air.

WILKES-BARRE. Brakeman's Awful Death. Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Jan. 13.—Elmer Brakeman, of Grifer City, a brakeman on the Lehigh Valley road, fell under a train of cars at Buck Mountain today and was killed. Seventy cars passed over his body, which was mangled beyond recognition.

WAR ON STREET PIANOS.

Wisconsin Congressman Proposes a Tax as an Amortizing Course.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Congressman J. W. Babcock, of Wisconsin, offered a bill in the house today to impose an annual license tax of \$12 on all hand organs, organettes and street pianos in the District of Columbia. The bill will likewise apply to all itinerant musicians visiting the capital who make their music in the open air. The tax is aimed particularly at the street pianos, which have always been numerous on the streets of Washington.

FIGHT FOR CONVENTION. The Contest for Location of the National Democratic Gathering Now Under Way.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The fight for the location of the Democratic national convention has been under way for several days. Governor Dave R. Francis, of Missouri, with four of the St. Louis boomers, got in this morning and began their campaign by paying their respective delegates. Charles Butler and several other Democrats in executive offices. The citizens' committee of Chicago, ten in number, are expected tomorrow. Seven of the advance guard from New York arrived tonight; twenty-five more are due tomorrow afternoon, and Tammany Hall's big delegation of forty is expected to arrive at the shore tomorrow night. Everybody who has come in so far seems impressed with the idea that the convention will not be held earlier than the middle of July, but that impression has no very substantial basis so far as can be learned, and may be modified radically before the committee meets on Thursday.

A sub-committee of the national Democratic committee will hold a meeting at the Arlington tomorrow night to consider a resolution which was offered by Mr. Collins, of Massachusetts, at the last convention, limiting the attendance at the convention of 1896 to those who were present at the national committee and newspaper men. The Collins resolution was inspired by the resolution in our columns at Chicago. It is not believed that the sub-committee will act favorably upon the resolution, although the sentiment generally expressed is in its favor. The all committee now in the city, is that if a similar abuse by the galleries be attempted at the forthcoming convention it will result in the suspension of the line of the Collins resolution in the future.

GASOLINE AS MOTIVE POWER. Hoskins Motor System Adopted by a Dayton Street Railroad.

Dayton, Ohio, Jan. 13.—The Wayne avenue street railway today decided to adopt the T. D. Hoskins gasoline motor as a means of power. This will be the first practical test of that system, though magistrates from other cities are considering the new invention, which, it is claimed, is not only cheaper than electricity and equally efficient. The gasoline engine is concealed beneath the car, thus dispensing with overhead and underground wires, conduits or a central power station. It is predicted it will thoroughly revolutionize modes of rapid transit, and that vehicles in general will finally be propelled by the new mechanical arrangement.

LETTERS DELAYED FOR YEARS. Loose Condition of Affairs in an Indiana Postoffice.

Albany, Ind., Jan. 13.—Postoffice Inspector Vickery investigated the Georgetown postoffice, six miles west of here, on Friday, and discovered a most startling state of affairs. He found three wagon loads of newspapers which had never been delivered, and a great number of letters to citizens in the vicinity that had lain in the office for years. Some of them were valuable and important letters, one of them containing a check from a prominent Chicago commission firm to the postoffice. This one had been mailed three years ago. The postoffice was in charge of a woman named Mottweiler, who had been the postmistress for years.

ROTHSCHILD'S CORNER GOLD. Agents Contract for Most of the Yearly Kansas Cripple Creek Output.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 13.—The Journal reviews the recent stories of attempts being made to corner the output of western gold mines, and asserts that through business transactions of the Wells-Fargo company, the agents of the Rothschilds have secured contracts with the mine owners of Cripple Creek under which most of the gold taken from the mine during the coming year will go into the coffers of the bankers. Company officials refuse to confirm the statement, but the Journal asserts that the information leaked out through authentic sources.

GOLD FOUND IN INDIANA. Workmen Pick Up Large Nuggets at the End of an Old Glacier.

Crawfordsville, Ind., Jan. 13.—Considerable excitement has been caused at Crawfordsville, three miles south of this city, by the discovery of an unusually rich deposit of gold. Henry Morrison, while working on an old dam at terminal moraine of an old glacier on Sugar Creek, found several nuggets of pure gold, one of which weighed several ounces. He brought a number of nuggets to this city tonight. As that section had always been thought to contain paying ore, it will now be worked.

OYSTER PACKERS FAIL. Baltimore Firm Sent to the Wall by Decrease in Demand.

Baltimore, Jan. 13.—Another firm of oyster packers and canners went to the wall today. The Robert C. Griffith company was the sixth firm to assign within a week. The estimated assets are \$10,000, the liabilities are considerably more. The Griffiths company employed over 100 persons during the busy months. They, with all other canning concerns, have experienced a sudden increase in prices of raw goods, and owing to the terrific competition, a decrease in price and demand for the manufactured article.

Brakeman's Awful Death. Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Jan. 13.—Elmer Brakeman, of Grifer City, a brakeman on the Lehigh Valley road, fell under a train of cars at Buck Mountain today and was killed. Seventy cars passed over his body, which was mangled beyond recognition.

FINLEY'S

ANNUAL LINEN SALE

Owing to the great success of our annual Linen Sale we will continue it a few days longer. We have added a few special items of interest to our patrons.

72 inch Cream Damask, 49c.

72 inch Cream Damask, 63c.

66 inch Cream Damask, 50c.

72 inch Silver Bleach Damask, \$1.00.

Cream and bleached German linen damask (the genuine article), German linen towels and toweling, 5c. German napkins, 2c. German damask napkins, 1 1/2c. old lots of napkins at special prices, full line of towels and best hem stitched huck towels over shown at 35c per dozen.

We have secured another lot of our celebrated 98 cent counterpanes. Best in the market.

510 and 512 LACKAWANNA AVENUE

1806 Will Be Busy

Increase every day in the year; more good shoes make more good friends.

LEWIS, REILLY & DAVIES 111 AND 116 WYOMING AVE

WEICHEL THE JEWELER WISHES EVERYBODY

A Happy New Year.

Great reductions in prices before taking inventory in . . .

Watches, Diamonds and Silverware.

408 Spruce St. Near Dime Bank.

FIGHT WITH A LYNX. Two Canadian Hunters Badly Lacerated Before They Kill the Animal.

Kingston, Ont., Jan. 13.—News of a terrible fight with a Canadian lynx has reached this city. Two men, J. S. Scott and S. Westlake, were seen hunting in the Algonquin Park lumber regions, when their dog treed what they supposed to be a raccoon. Scott attempted to shoot the animal, but at the report of the rifle it landed on him, knocking him down, and before the dogs came, tore away the clothes and badly lacerated the flesh of his arms and shoulders.

The lynx then tore three dogs to pieces, and was starting to kill another, when Westlake attempted to strike the animal with an axe, but only succeeded in turning the lynx from the dog to himself, and was soon bitten and scratched in a terrible manner. The wounded men fought bravely and succeeded in killing the animal.

WEATHER REPORT. For eastern Pennsylvania, 14th, weather: light westerly winds.