

SILKS IN ALL THE LEADING STYLES, KINDS, COMBINATIONS, Shading & Novelty Effects

Now overstock the fixtures of our immense silk department to such an extent that we have determined to find relief by offering special values for 10 days, beginning

Tuesday, November 12

During that bargain period buyers will have our price lists pretty much their own way, the values being such as to induce sales, even if not for immediate use. At the same time, purchasers have the satisfaction of knowing that

THE MARKET OFFERS NOTHING NEWER, BETTER OR MORE DESIRABLE THAN CAN BE FOUND IN THE SPECTRUM SILK STOCK NOW SUBMITTED FOR THEIR INSPECTION

For Street Wear, For Evening Wear, For Stylish Waists, For Nobby Linings, For Trimmings, For Anything

That silk weaves were ever used for, look our stock through. If your thoughts run in fashion's latest and most approved grooves we can fill the bill to the smallest detail.

Among The Special Values Are:

20 pieces 22-inch Gros Grain Silks in black and colored grounds; Canele stripe effects; all suitable for waists or complete costumes. Special Price, \$1

15 pieces Fancy Seed Taffetas in fashion's very latest concepts, designed especially for nobby waists and trimmings. Special Price, \$1

20 pieces Taffetas with beautiful seed, in one flag and one country, with deeper emotion the fact that Georgia like our own magnificent commonwealth, was one of the original thirteen colonies that emerged from that struggle free and independent.

48 pieces, 3 distinct styles, assortment and shade list unlimited. We had ladies' waists in mind when we bought these. Special Price, 69c

23 pieces Brocade Satins. Two styles. All the desirable light tints, such as Rose, Light Blue, Old Rose, New Nile, Cardinal, Cream and White. Special Price, 75c

15 pieces, 22 in. Black Gros Grain. Brocades in correct styles for separate skirts, waists, etc. Special Price, \$1

THESE ARE BUT VALUE HINTS

Take the hint then and have the whole truth by a visit to inspection.

GLOBE WAREHOUSE

PENNSYLVANIA'S BIG DAY

The Keystone State Represented at the Atlanta Exposition.

ADDRESSES BY THE VISITORS

Remarks by Governor Hastings, Chief Justice Williams, Lieutenant Governor Lyon and Others--A Royal Welcome Extended to Pennsylvanians.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 14.--The Pennsylvanians had possession of the exposition to-day. Governor Hastings and staff, the justices of the Supreme court, the Manufacturers' club and the Philadelphia and the Pittsburgh Press Cadets came in on special trains early in the morning. There were two hundred and thirty-five Pennsylvanians in all. During the afternoon, the governor and his staff were escorted to the exposition by the governor's horse guards of Atlanta.

Governor Hastings, in responding to the address of Governor Atkinson, said: Governor Hastings' speech. Ladies and Gentlemen: This is Pennsylvania day in Atlanta, and the Cotton States and International exposition, we are glad to have you here and we are on all sides the evidence of your hearty welcome and your well known hospitality. Pennsylvania comes to Georgia today to renew her sentiments of good will, and to reaffirm that spirit of comity and fraternal feeling which has always existed between the two sister states. Georgia and Pennsylvania have a great common heritage. They are in fraternal association, the one in friendly rivalry the products of their native resources, the other in friendly emulation. In our journey here we passed through rich and historic states, but we have passed no section more fertile in historical obituary. They should never have obliterated the map of the United States. We have never seen a more beautiful scene before the new South, not in bud or blossom, but in that full and radiant bloom whose fragrance permeates the whole land.

There is much of similarity in the two states united in these similes. In the fertility of the soil; in the abundance of their crops; in their stores of minerals; in the value of their agricultural products; in their mountains that point to the heavens, and the rivers that run to the sea. In the patriotic heart of Pennsylvania beats as warmly and as steadfastly for Georgia and for the United States as when they first united to found a government upon the rock of freedom. Pennsylvania was one of the earliest provinces to throw her weight, her influence, her fortune, her honor and her future in favor of a free and independent government. It was the first to give its assent to a declaration of independence which you see at my right, for more than twenty years ago, and a warning to the world that the rights of man are not to be trampled upon, and that the rights of the people are to be maintained. It was the first to give its assent to a declaration of independence which you see at my right, for more than twenty years ago, and a warning to the world that the rights of man are not to be trampled upon, and that the rights of the people are to be maintained.

While calling the attention of Georgians to those things of which we boast in Pennsylvania, let me avail myself of the opportunity to direct the attention of Pennsylvanians to some of the distinctive features in the history of Georgia. Georgia's versatility of climate and soil induced her makers to establish the first state department of agriculture in the land.

Slavery was the first and only free and anti-slavery colony in America. Her code of laws of 1799 was so wise and symmetrical that it was afterwards approved and to some extent engraved upon the venerable body of English jurisprudence.

That she crossed the ocean sailed from Savannah. The first female college in the world, the Wesleyan Female college, was established at Macon, Ga.

The cotton gin was invented in 1793 by Eli Whitney near Savannah, on the plantation of General Green, of Revolutionary fame.

The first sewing machine was invented by a Georgia preacher, F. R. Goulding. Georgia is the second state in the production of cotton, and the first in the South in all general lines of manufacture.

We have gathered a few testimonials and have brought them here to lay them as an offering of friendship at your feet. They testify better than our brief spoken words of the record will which we bear to the people of Georgia and her sister states of the South. We are but one of that great constellation of stars and planets which comprises the only government founded on the rock of freedom, blessed with every gift of heaven, so peaceful, so prosperous and so homogeneous.

The stately banner, designed, woven, and first flown to the breeze in Philadelphia, now floats in peace and in glory over an undivided nation. We, in Pennsylvania, believe in one flag and one country. We believe in a common country, a common flag, a common Americanism, a community of interest and patriotism.

His address made a fine impression on the Southerners and he was loudly and frequently applauded. Governor Hastings was followed by Mayor King, of Atlanta; Lieutenant Governor Lyon, of Atlanta; and Judge Williams, of Pennsylvania's Supreme bench.

Justice Williams' Remarks. We come to your great state and to your people with a message of good will and affection, because we wish to know more of you, of the resources of this general republic, of its progress and of the remarkable development that has been in progress for a score of more years. We know something of your history, because it is a part of the history of this great republic of which we are all citizens. But we recall with greater interest and with deeper emotion the fact that Georgia like our own magnificent commonwealth, was one of the original thirteen colonies that emerged from that struggle free and independent.

There are forty-five states now gathered into the fold of the Union and they stretch from ocean to ocean. There were thirteen colonies then hugging the Atlantic coast. We are responsible jointly and severally for the greatness of her mercantile and the rounding out into complete proportions of the institutions which we have inherited and transmitted to us. We want to know more of you, of the resources of your state and of the progress of your people, and we want to know more of your industries and productions, more of your growth and the measure of prosperity you have reached, more of your educational system, and what may be called the tone of public opinion. And when you have reached the end of your visit which will be much too short for what we would like to gather from it we come to you with a message of good will and affection, because we wish to know more of you, of the resources of this general republic, of its progress and of the remarkable development that has been in progress for a score of more years.

Least, Governor Lyons' Address. Lieutenant Governor Lyons, in replying for the Pennsylvania legislature, said in part as follows: The people of Pennsylvania, Georgia and Georgia, planted as they were to the interests of liberty of conscience and for the progress of mankind, stand today as the people of one and the same high type of the people of the north, the olive as a high type of the people of the south, and both of them types of the commonwealth of which the nation is composed.

What a city of the east, representing a population of over a million people, is here glorying in the greatness of her mercantile and manufacturing and shipping industries; and glorying as glory she will may, in the fact that she is the first of the great cities of American independence. Yet we are here today from Pittsburgh too, and this is Pennsylvania's day, and this is

HONORABLE ARE INCREASING

Missionaries in Eastern Turkey Are in Great Danger.

MINISTER TERRELL'S ACTION

Through His Demands Orders Have Been Issued That Americans Be Afforded Protection from the Mobs--Shocking Cruelty to Christians.

Boston, Nov. 14.--Today's dispatches from Constantinople show that the missionaries in Harpoot, eastern Turkey, are in great danger. The missionaries referred to are those of the American board.

Secretary Rev. Judson Smith, D. D., of the foreign department of the American board, and Hon. Henry D. Hyde, of the prudential committee, left for Washington today to confer with Secretary Olney tomorrow morning relative to the situation as it affects the missionaries of the board.

Five Russian warships have been ordered to start immediately for the Mediterranean, in view of the proposed naval demonstration of powers at Constantinople.

A Butcher for Grand Vizier. Constantinople, Nov. 14.--The latest rumors here seem to indicate that Shaker Pasha, the imperial high commissioner for Armenia, is about to be recalled, in order that he may be appointed grand vizier, to succeed Hall Rifat Pasha, the present incumbent. The rumors were corrected by the Turkish government, and it is well known that he has done nothing to offend the grand vizier.

Abdulla Pasha, formerly president of the Sassan commission of inquiry, and Saabedin Pasha, have been sent to Harpoot and Bitlis, respectively, to command the Turkish troops in those places. This lends color to the report that Shaker Pasha is coming back to Constantinople to be appointed grand vizier.

News received here today from the district of Van records fresh massacres of Armenian Christians there, and these are the latest reports concerning the authenticity of the reports. The Kurds of Van are said to be attacking and pillaging the Armenian villages, and the Turkish officials are powerless to preserve order.

Horror of Erzerum. Every day brings further details of the massacres at Erzerum, and each report makes the story of the crimes there more ghastly. Men, women, and children were shot, bayoneted, burned, and thrown into the sea.

Further troubles are reported at Kharput, Malatia, and Arabkir, and at Marash the bloodshed and outrages are said to have been even more terrible and more numerous.

RUSSIA'S CURRENCY. Significance of Her New Coinage Measures--Probably a Step Toward the Redemption of Paper Currency.

Washington, Nov. 14.--The cablegram of yesterday announcing the intention of the Russian government to coin next year a gold and silver coinage of 500,000,000 rubles, in addition to the subsidiary coinage, has created considerable interest among financiers because of the evident purpose which is in view.

London, Nov. 14.--A verdict in favor of the plaintiff was rendered today in the suit brought by Dr. Conyers Herring, of New York, for the recovery of insurance money on his yacht Mohican.

DR. HERRING WINS. Awarded 3,000 Pounds for the Loss of the Steam Yacht Mohican.

ENGLAND AGREEABLE. The London Graphic Sees No Objection to Our Annexing Republics.

London, Nov. 14.--The Graphic, commenting on the articles in the North American Review, supporting the Monroe doctrine, says that if the people of the United States really care one cent for these Indo-Spanish Republics, which is doubtful, the course of the government is clear.

CHOLERA RAVAGES RUSSIA. 616 Deaths Caused by It in One Province in Two Weeks.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 14.--Between Oct. 13 and Oct. 26 there were 1,490 cases of cholera, and 616 deaths recorded in the Province of Volynia, and thirty-eight cases and twelve deaths in the Province of Kiev.

CUBAN REBELLION. An Important Engagement Between Spanish and Insurgent Forces Expected.

Madrid, Nov. 14.--Dispatches received here from Havana say that the insurgent leader, Roloff, is at Sigüenza, province of Santa Clara, awaiting Maximilian Gomez, who recently entered that province at the head of a force of insurgents, with the intention of advancing upon the city of Santa Clara, the headquarters of Captain General Campos, now preparing to give battle to the combined rebel forces.

NOT YELLOW FEVER. The Sickens Among the Missionary's Crew Was Malaria.

Newcastle-on-Tyne, Nov. 14.--It has been officially declared that the fever which afflicted the crew of the Norwegian ship Mindet, two of whom died, which was towed into this place on Tuesday last, is malarial fever.

CHARGED WITH MURDER. Owensound, Ont., Nov. 14.--The village of Big Bay, eighteen miles from this town, is in a state of excitement over the arrest of Miss Helen Finley, an educated and wealthy lady, charged with the murder of George E. Green, a 40-year-old boy, from the Barnardo Home.

CASTELLAN'S HEAVY LOSS. London, Nov. 14.--"Vanly Fair" has a dispatch from Paris referring to the recent losses on the Bourse there, in which the statement is made that Comte de Castellane was one of the heavy losers.

SCHLATTER SKIPS DENVER

The Divine Healer Disappears Three Thousand Patients.

HIS MISSION IS FINISHED

The Strange Individual Leaves Londford Fox the Task of Explaining His Sudden Departure--Anxious People Refuse to Believe the Story.

Denver, Nov. 14.--A climax in the remarkable furor over Francis Schlatter, the alleged divine healer, came today, when his room was found vacant. He left a note to Mr. Fox, with whom he lodged, saying: "My mission is finished. The Father takes me away."

According to all of Schlatter's past statements he was subject to the orders of "The Father," and doubtless he was told last night to arise and go forth. Mr. Fox came before the crowd of 3,000 people that had been assembled since 3 a. m., and told them the startling news. The crowd was astounded, and were disposed at first to disbelieve the story.

Today Schlatter was to appear before the United States commissioner as witness against the "blessed" handkerchief fakir, and to bear testimony entangled in the court proceedings is probably the real reason for the disappearance of the man. It was observed yesterday that he was growing restless under the increasing excitement and the swelling crowds.

The craze had grown beyond his power to control, and he was being made a restless under the increasing excitement and the swelling crowds. The United States court has issued a subpoena for his immediate appearance as a defaulting witness, and a search for his attorney has been made, but no one has been found.

A report tonight locates Schlatter at Rooney's ranch between Golden and Morrison. Rooney was one of the believers in Schlatter and had invited the healer to reside there to rest before starting for Chicago.

UNDER STRICT RULES. Monks Who Rarely Speak, Use No Fire for Heat and No Bed Covering.

European disturbances are forcing many religious communities to seek homes on this continent, and the Trappists of Italy are the latest to do so. They are about to found a monastery in the Brooklyn diocese under the direction of Rev. Edmund Obrecht, and with the approval of Bishop McDonnell.

For the last year of New York, he has been the guest of the Drumgoole mission, in Lafayette place, while arranging the details of the new establishment of the monastery of New York, now living on Long Island, Bernard Earl, has enabled the Trappist father to begin the work at his convenience. Mr. Earl gave a house and twenty-seven acres of land at a place near Hillsville, known as Round Swamp, which is of a character to provide the monks with an opportunity to show their skill in horticulture. It was an ordinary farm, and the house an ordinary farm building.

The monks will use the house as a monastery, after making such alterations as are needed. Besides following their own rule, they will keep a home for aged and infirm priests and a hospital for the poor. The monks will spend a longer or shorter time apart from the world. This house will be supplied with members from the Trappist monastery in Rome known as the Tre Fontane, where the monks turned a swamp into a habitable locality by planting grapes which the Trappist monks in Rome make a medicine efficacious in various ailments. The Trappists have been slow to settle in other countries of late years outside of Europe.

They have a monastery in Dubuque founded by Irishmen from the Irish Mt. Melleray, and a second in Kentucky, founded by German monks. The severity of their rule has usually confined them to a moderate climate, but a few years ago the French Trappists started a monastery in the province of Quebec, and secured dispensations from some features of their rule. In spite of the climate they have managed to get along, and will probably receive the approval of the Vatican. The principal feature of their rule is perpetual silence, unless in necessity, and then only in speech permitted in the presence of the abbot; four hours of field work and four of prayer each day; six hours of study or indoor labor four hours; one meal a day at which meat is not allowed, and no fires in the monastery except for cooking.

The monks sleep on a mattress without covering, never taking off their habits except to take baths. In Canada, however, they are allowed to wear fires and to eat a slight breakfast on account of the severe winters. The sick may use meat. With all this severity they do not want for members, and their average term of years is higher than that of other communities.

LESSONS TO SWEARERS. How George Francis Train Reproved Violators of Third Commandment.

The eccentric George Francis Train, while traveling in a parlor car, was annoyed by many oaths with which several men interlarded their conversation, says the Dallas News. Determined to rebuke them, he joined in the talk, exclaiming again and again: "Shovel, tongue, and post!"

"Mr. Train," said one of the men at last, "wearily with the recurring exclamation, 'why do you use that non-sensical phrase?'"

"That is my way of swearing," answered Train; "and it is no more non-sensical than your oaths. I'll quit if you will." There was no more swearing during the journey. The Christian describes another lesson given to a swearing student.

A late distinguished president of one of our western colleges was one day walking near the college, with his slow and noiseless step, when a youth, not observing his approach, while engaged in cutting, began to swear profanely in his vexation.

The doctor stepped up and said: "Give me the axe," and then quietly chopped the stick of wood. Returning the axe to the young man, he said in his peculiar manner: "You see now the wood can be cut without swearing."

CHARGED WITH MURDER. Owensound, Ont., Nov. 14.--The village of Big Bay, eighteen miles from this town, is in a state of excitement over the arrest of Miss Helen Finley, an educated and wealthy lady, charged with the murder of George E. Green, a 40-year-old boy, from the Barnardo Home.

He died last Friday, and the post mortem examination showed that the stomach was empty and the body covered with bruises. Neighbors testified that Miss Finley, who is a powerful woman, frequently knocked the lad about, and beat him with a heavy stick.

WEATHER REPORT. For Eastern Pennsylvania, threatening weather and rain; easterly winds; probably dangerous to the coast.

FINLEY'S

SPECIAL SALE OF

Ladies' Muslin Underwear

For One Week, Commencing Thursday, November 14th. . . .

LADIES' GOWNS

10 doz Gowns with Tucked and Embroidered Yokes, at69c each.

6 dozen Gowns, with Tucked Yoke and Embroidered Ruffle85c.

10 dozen Ruffled Cambric Gowns95c.

The greatest bargain of the season.

6 dozen Empire Gowns\$1.19

5 dozen Gowns, Tucked Yoke, Sailor Collar\$1.35

Also a large assortment of Gowns handsomely trimmed with Tucking, Embroidery and Lace, at

\$1.35, \$1.45, \$1.65, \$1.95, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00, and \$7.00 each.

All these goods are included in our regular line, the quality and finish of which are so well known that comments are not necessary.

Goods and prices speak for themselves.

Outing Flannel Gowns for Ladies and Children.

510 and 512

LACKAWANNA AVENUE

Always Busy.

Every Foot

In the Family

Properly Fitted.

LEWIS, REILLY & DAVIES

114 AND 116 WYOMING AVE

Open Evenings Until Jan. 1

18 Salespeople Busy Every Day and Evening.

A beautiful line of Banquet Lamps, and Bric-a-Brac, very suitable for a

WEDDING OR HOLIDAY GIFT

Call and see them!

W. J. WEICHEL, Jeweler

408 SPRUCE ST.

STABBING AFFRAY.

Abner Barkalow and William Barnes Renew an Old Grudge.

Shippensburg, Pa., Nov. 14.--Abner Barkalow and William Barnes, residing near here, had no enemies for years, but on Tuesday they were reconciled. After talking for a long time the subject of the old grudge came up.

Barnes was badly stabbed in the shoulder. He got possession of the knife and stabbed Barkalow in the abdomen. The latter will probably die.

Healy and O'Connor Expelled. Dublin, Nov. 14.--The parliamentary committee of the Irish National party at a meeting today passed a resolution by a vote of 35 to 18 expelling Timothy M. Healy and Arthur O'Connor from that body.

Damned in Vaia. Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 14.--The attempt to create an artificial food in the Susquehanna river by building a splash dam at Lock Haven for the purpose of forcing the 400,000 feet of stranded logs into the Williamsport boom has proved a failure.

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