Scranton Tribune.

EIGHT PAGES---56 COLUMNS. SCRANTON, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 23, 1895. TWO CENTS A COPY.

Jack Frost's Enemy

Is Here at the Store

In such invulnerable force as to make the cold hearted, icy breasted monarch of frost and snow almost melt at its appearance.

Our Blanket Display This Week

Is grand beyond description. It embraces about every good thing manufacturers ever thought of making. At 50c. we offer a wonderful amount of solid comfort in an honest White Cotton Blanket of good size and weight, and from that figure, prices advance by almost imperceptible steps, till a great fathomless wealth of luxurious warmth is reached on our superb Blankets at $8.50. This week every number in our endless stock is opened up and conveniently arranged for your inspection.

As to Values

It's only natural we should take first place. We buy most and sell most, and when we say that the prices we quote this year, are more favorable to your interest than we have ever submitted, you can guess the rest.

Cotton Blankets

The best that ever came from looms, colored or white, fancy borders,

50c. to $1.25

50 Per Cent. Wool Blankets

Grays or white—the best wearing Blankets on the market and in many respects as good as all wool. The values are extra special.

Gray Blankets, $2.00 and $2.50
White Blankets, $2.25 to $4.00

All Wool Blankets

Scarlet or white—best standard makes only, and every thread of them purest wool.

Scarlet Blankets, $3.25 to $4.50
White Blankets, $3.75 to $8.50

Natural Wool Blankets

Made from the purest undyed wools; soft, fleecy and very heavy.

Prices $3.75 and $4.50

Honesdale Blankets

We carry a complete line of these justly celebrated Blankets. For durability they are matchless, and they are not lacking in any of the essential features of a good Blanket.

COMFORTS

Assortment unlimited—fillings and coverings the very best. The higher figures are for Eider Downs.

Prices, 85c. to $4.50

GLOBE WAREHOUSE.

ENGLAND INVITES A WAR

Her Majesty's Declaration Regarding Trinidad Will Arouse a Storm.

BRAZIL'S CLAIM UNASSAILABLE

As Portuguese Territory the Asphalt Island Descended to Brazil When the Independence of That Country Was Acknowledged.

Washington, Oct. 22.—An international complication which may be of greater importance to Great Britain than her dispute with Venezuela, it is said here, is likely to follow the declaration that her majesty's government will not relinquish the possession of the Island of Trinidad in Brazil, which is situated about 150 miles from Rio Janeiro. Various claims to the possession of this island, which is an important strategetic point have been advanced by Great Britain at different times. One claim was of original discovery, but this being abundantly disproved, in favor of the Portuguese, claim is now made to the island as having been acquired by Great Britain by purchase from the claimants to a grant disputed to Brazil. Great Britain is reported to have arrived at a decision that she will adhere to this her latest claim. No further information regarding the matter can be learned here.

The Brazilian minister, Senor Mondonca, politely but firmly declined today to discuss it. He said he had no information with reference to Great Britain's action and refused to discuss its effect either in its relation to Brazil or to this country. There is, however, true, and if this be so Great Britain's action will create a greater excitement in Brazil than has existed there for years.

There is the strongest documentary evidence that Brazil's claim to Trinidad is unassailable. The island, so far as its physical aspect is concerned, is barren and uninviting, with a sterile soil, of which rocks and rocky formations are the principal product. It was discovered by the Portuguese as far back as 1510 and later when Portugal acknowledged the independence of Brazil, it fell to the possession of the latter country.

Portugal's Control Acknowledged.

England has several times since practically acknowledged Portugal's control of the island and her seizure of the territory at this late day will, it is believed, arouse the deepest indignation of the Brazilians. This conclusion is based on the utterances of the Brazilian press several months ago, when the report was first circulated that England had taken possession of the island.

If the newspapers of Rio Janeiro and the other important cities of the republic, properly reflected public sentiment, the Brazilians were at that time willing to proceed to any extreme rather than thus be despoiled of any part of their territory. If public indignation was so deep-seated when England's course had not been well defined, it is natural to assume that it will be ever more intense if the fact shall be established that Great Britain has in an arbitrary manner converted to her own use a part of Brazilian soil.

Should any difficulty now arise between the two countries it is not thought that the United States will become involved. Brazil, it is believed, is competent to manage her own affairs without the assistance of this country, although it is not unlikely that in such an event she would have both the moral and material support of the other Latin-American republics in the southern hemisphere.

THE VENEZUELA AFFAIR.

Diplomats Are Skeptical in Reference to England's Alleged Ultimatum.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Diplomatic circles are growing somewhat skeptical respecting the correctness of the London despatches, which announce that an ultimatum has been sent by Lord Salisbury to Venezuela, and it is believed that these despatches are misleading if they are not, in fact, somewhat exaggerated. It is reported not yet an ultimatum is never the initial, but a subsequent step taken in international disputes.

It is shown in the case in point, that although the arrest of colonial officers at Uruan occurred in November last, no official cognizance of the matter was taken by Great Britain until recently. Under these circumstances the probability of an ultimatum being suddenly sprung is seriously doubted. It is not questioned that Lord Salisbury has sent a communication to the Caracas government directing their attention to the arrest of Sergeant Behrners and asking for a suitable explanation. If Venezuela's explanation should not be satisfactory, then, it is said, Great Britain might, with propriety, respond with an ultimatum, in which she might demand not only an apology, and a proper reparation, but limit the time in which these conditions should be complied with.

A continued refusal by Venezuela to furnish the satisfaction demanded might be followed by serious consequences, but some months, it is believed, will necessarily intervene before an acute stage in the contention is reached.

HARRY HAYWARD TALKS.

Gives His Version of the Recent Plot to Break Jail.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 22.—The condemned murderer, Harry Hayward, issued to the public today, through the press, a long statement, giving his version of the recently exposed plot to break jail. He admits the existence of the plot, and describes the details, but he strenuously maintains that the whole affair was conceived and carried forward by Deputy Sheriff Michael Kierce for the purpose of making money and in ingratiating himself with the authorities.

Hayward declares that all his dealings were with Kierce, who secured the false keys to the cell and jail doors, and outlined the plot to the prisoner. Hayward admits that he "bit like a sucker."

VOICE OF UNITARIANS.

A Thousand Leaders and Divines Protest Against Corruption in Politics.

Washington, Oct. 22.—More than a thousand leaders of the Unitarian church, including scores of prominent divines, were gathered in Metzerott's Music hall today, when the national conference of the Unitarian and other Christian churches were formally opened. Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, is the president of the conference, but was detained at Worcester, and Hon. Dorman B. Eaton, of New York, presided over the session.

Resolutions were adopted decrying the corruption of politics, and urging that church men come to the relief; deprecating the serious evils resulting from intemperance habits, and urging that Unitarian ministers and laymen alike exert themselves to suppress the liquor traffic and combating its influence.

The evening session was devoted to a series of eloquent talks on "Our Young People," the crowding of the hall attesting the popularity of the speakers. Rev. Edward A. Horton, of Boston, was chairman of the evening. Professor G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark university, Worcester, Mass., spoke on "Pedagogical Methods in Sunday School Work;" Rev. Benjamin R. Bulgely, Chicago, on "Cultivation of the Spiritual Nature;" Rev. Ida C. Hultin, Moline, Ills, on "Religious Development Through Intellectual Leadings," and Rev. Thomas R. Slicer, of Buffalo, on "Character and Citizenship Through the Sunday School."

DURANT'S DEFENSE WEAK.

Every Bit of Testimony Introduced in His Behalf Is Shattered to the Winds by Prosecution's Rebuttal.

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—The defense closed its case this morning without introducing any further testimony and the prosecution immediately began to put in its testimony in rebuttal. This was damaging to Durant and included evidence as to the notes of Dr. Cheney's lecture on the afternoon of Blanche Lamont's disappearance, which he obtained from a fellow-student. Five trustees of the Emmanuel Baptist church were called and denied that they had about the time of the murder given any instructions to Durant to repair the electrical apparatus of the church. They admitted that previous to that he had been requested to make repairs and in January had been asked to correct a defect in the apparatus connected with some chime bells; but none of them had spoken to Durant at any time about repairs connected with the sun burners.

Adolph Hobe, an old schoolmate of Durant's, testified that he had seen him at the ferry on the afternoon of April 12, the day of the Minnie Williams murder, with a young lady of Miss Williams' stature and with a cape such as she wore at 5.05 o'clock. Durant testified that he left the ferry before 5 o'clock. Some of the most important testimony of the trial was then introduced in the evidence of E. F. Glazer, a fellow-student of Durant's. He testified that on April 10, he, with Durant, went into a room at the college and while he read his notes of the lecture on April 3, Durant made notes in his note book.

Professor Thomas Price, the leading chemist of the city, was called as an expert and disposed of the mysterious shoe found in Pastor Gibson's study with a stain on the sole, by saying he had found the stain to be a grease spot and not blood. Price went into details as to illuminating gas in use in this city. He said if Durant had inhaled it over the sun burners as he said he did for four or five minutes, he would have been entirely overcome. Had he remained two minutes he would have been overcome.

Dr. Gilbert F. Graham testified that he had an interview with Durant in prison. Durant asked him if he would not lend him his notes of the lecture of April 3. He said he had no notes and, with the aid of Grahams' he could prove an alibi.

JOHN MACKEY'S FUNERAL.

Impressive Services Over the Remains of the Young Millionaire.

Paris, Oct. 22.—The funeral of John W. Mackay, Jr., which took place today, in many respects resembled the obsequies of a great public personage. The entire front of the Mackay mansion was covered with mourning drapery, the lamps in front of the house were lighted and covered with crape and street traffic was entirely suspended in the avenues in the vicinity of the Arc De Triomphe. The coffin was covered with a white pall and a cross bearing the inscription: "Sa mere desolee" lay upon its top. The hearse was surrounded with white and silver trappings upon a black ground surmounted with black plumes and drawn by six white horses. Following immediately behind the hearse were five cars laden with wreaths, each drawn by four horses.

At the conclusion of the services in the church the portege was enforced and proceeded to the chapel of St. Augustine, where the coffin was deposited in a provisional vault which could be transformed into a chapelle ardente. The pallbearers were Messrs. Everett Digby, Edmond Lynch, Comte Albert De Morois and Mr. Evelyn.

READING TRAIN HELD UP.

The Crew Rendered Temporarily Unserviceable by Five Armed Men.

Pottstown, Pa., Oct. 22.—While William Reiff, conductor of a Reading railroad passenger train was trying to collect fares last night from five men who had crowded on the platform between the baggage car and the locomotive tender, they drew revolvers and compelled him to step inside. Reiff then called the members of the crew, but they were driven into the car. The holdup occurred a short distance north of Phoenixville.

The men were strangers and leaped off the train at Royersford and escaped. They did not attempt to enter the car.

RIOTOUS GLASS WORKERS.

A Big Row Is Narrowly Averted at Beaver Falls.

Beaver Falls, Pa., Oct. 22.—A serious riot between union and non-union glass workers was threatened last night. After the close of the theater a number of glass workers became involved in a quarrel over the strike at the Enterprise Glass works. Revolvers and knives figured in the melee and several participants were badly hurt. Several shots were fired and one man was shot through the legs.

The police reached the scene in season to prevent a general riot and arrested the principals, who were locked up to await a hearing.

KENNEDY'S DESPERATE ACT.

Angered at Dismissal of His Case He Stabs the Defendant.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 22.—During proceedings before 'Squire Rowe, this evenig, John Kennedy, being disappointed because his action against Warden Correyell for assault and battery was dismissed on account of a lack of evidence, stabbed the warden in the back and stomach, from the effects of which the latter will likely die.

After a desperate struggle Kennedy was overpowered and lodged in jail.

Dedication Postponed.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 22.—The dedication of the Pennsylvania monuments on the Chichamauga battlefield, which ceremony was arranged for Nov. 13, has been indefinitely postponed. The contractors are not ready. On their way to the Atlanta exposition the governor and party will visit the battlefield.

Another Advance in Coal.

New York, Oct. 22.—Following the advance in tidewater anthracite prices today the Delaware and Hudson Canal company has also advanced western prices to the following figures: At Chicago, $5.25 for grate, and $5.50 for other sizes.

PRESIDENT AT THE FAIR

Mr. Cleveland and Party Arrive at Atlanta.

OVATIONS ALONG THE LINE

Thousands Embrace the Opportunity to Shake the Hand of the President. Dinner Without Speeches—The Ladies Witness "1492."

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 22.—President Cleveland and his party of cabinet officers arrived here at 4.05 promptly on schedule time. Twenty thousand people were massed in the streets which converge at the Union station. The carriages for the visitors were grouped in front of the Markham House. It was an orderly crowd and the police had very little trouble in keeping an open passage way from the palace cars to the carriages. Mr. Cleveland was greeted with cheers when he stepped upon Georgia soil. He was ushered into a carriage drawn by four white horses. President Charles Collier, of the exposition, Vice President W. A. Hemphill and Mayor Porter King, of Atlanta, took seats beside him. Secretaries Carlisle, Lamont, Herbert, Smith, Morton and Postmaster General Wilson, with lady members of their families, and General Passenger Agent Turk, of the Southern railway, followed quickly in other carriages, escorted by members of the exposition board of directors. The party were driven through two lines of humanity to the Aragon hotel, where they are quartered. The president smiled and bowed as he passed up the familiar streets, seeming to recognize a number of people in the throng.

Charlotte was the first town at which Mr. Cleveland showed himself on the trip down. The train stopped there for twenty minutes and the president shook hands with a large proportion of the 4,000 people who assembled. Twelve hundred school children marched past and two or three military companies were drawn up in line. Spartansburg turned out 5,000 or 6,000 strong to see the visitors. Greenville, S. C., was reached at 12.20. The president shook hands with all who could get to him and had a pleasant word for the children. The cabinet members also took part in the handshaking, for nowhere in the land is the great American passion for shaking the hand of dignitaries stronger than in the Palmetto state. This programme kept up all along the line.

Dined with the Mayor.

Tonight the president, the cabinet members and 100 prominent citizens were entertained at dinner by Mayor Porter King, at the Aragon hotel. The dinner was intended to be a representative one and the guests included the state, county and city officials, and the jury of awards at the exposition. There were no speeches at the dinner.

While the gentlemen were at dinner the ladies of the cabinet party were the guests of Mrs. Secretary Smith, at the Grand Opera House, witnessing the production of "1492." The only public utterances which Mr. Cleveland expects to make will be the address which he is to deliver tomorrow in front of the government building.

Tomorrow will be the greatest day at the exposition. Atlanta is jammed with visitors from all parts of the country, but chiefly, of course, from the adjoining states. Business of all kinds will be suspended.

Programme at the Grounds.

Mr. Cleveland will leave for the exposition grounds at 10.20 in the morning. He will not have a military escort, but will review the troops from a stand in front of the government building. He will make his address from this stand. He will see the government building first and then all the party will have a luncheon at the Piedmont Driving club.

In the afternoon the guests will be escorted through all the buildings. In the negro building there will be a reception for that race. At night there will be fireworks at the grounds, a reception down town, and at midnight the party will leave for Washington.

OLD PARTIES SCORED.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union Delegates Have No Faith in Either Republicans or Democrats.

Baltimore, Oct. 22.—The most intense interest of any session of the Women's Christian Temperance union convention so far held was developed this afternoon, when the report of the committee on resolutions was under discussion for nearly three hours. Nearly every delegate offered an amendment, a suggestion or gave her views as to at least one of the planks of the platform. So much time was thus consumed that only about half the report was acted upon. The most important of the planks were, however, amended and approved, and the remainder of the document was made the special order for tomorrow morning's session.

The Prohibition and woman suffragists' plank brought out most of the discussion and a number of amendments to each were offered before the delegates were satisfied that the sentiment of the convention was expressed in unequivocal language. As finally approved the Prohibition plank endorses the Prohibition party as "the only political party with the courage to speak out fully in favor of woman's suffrage, and the total annihilation of the liquor traffic."

The Republican and Democratic parties were scored for unfaithfulness and numerous instances of broken faith and repudiated promises were cited. The franchise plank states the belief that the ballot in the hands of women will hasten the overthrow of the liquor traffic and many other evils. It also endorses an educational limit for both sexes.

SAD SUICIDE.

A Fifteen-Year-Old Girl Takes Strychnine and Falls Dead.

Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 22.—Ella Duncan, the 15-year-old daughter of a laborer committed suicide today on her way to school, falling dead on the street. She used the money her mother had given her for candy to buy strychnine.

Two weeks ago she confessed to her parents that she had been betrayed. Since then she had repeatedly said she wished she was dead.

TWELVE THOUSAND IDLE.

The Strike Among Central Pennsylvania Miners Spreading.

Philipsburg, Pa., Oct. 22.—According to the reports received here from William B. Wilson, master workman of the Independent Order of the Knights of Labor, who has made a tour of the mines in Northern and Central Pennsylvania, and who was in attendance at a mass meeting of miners at Houtzdale tonight, the strike seems to have spread today. The reports sent to Mr. Wilson, claim that about fifty per cent. of the whole number of men employed are on strike, the number idle being 12,000. The idle mines are located as follows:

Anita; 600 men; Helvetia, Arian and Walston, 2,500; Glen Richie, 300; Dunlo, 200; Cassandra, 500; Portage, 500; Gallitzin and Lilly's, 1,000; Reed's, 250; Spangler and Barnesboro, 700; Hastings, 500; Frugality, 300; Eleonara, 700; Dubois, Reynoldsville and Rathmell, 2,000; Toby Valley, 1,100 and Coal Glen and Beach Tree, 500.

There has been no change in the situation in the Clearfield and Beech Creek regions. All the miners worked today and there is no talk of suspension. The suspension of work in so many other places may result in trouble here before the agitation has wholly subsided.

COMING YACHT RACES.

The Conditions and Rules Are the Same as Those Governing the Valkyire-Defender Affair.

New York, Oct. 22.—The proposed conditions for the international races next summer between the Distant Shore and the American boat for the America's cup, which were mailed to Percy Theilusson, secretary Royal Victoria Yacht club, through whom Charles Day Rose, the owner of the Distant Shore has challenged, reached the other side tonight.

The conditions are practically the same as those laid out for the Defender-Valkyrie race and are, of course, subject to the approval and suggestions of Mr. Rose and the Royal Victoria Yacht club. The only marked change in the conditions is in the time limit, which has been reduced from six to five and one-half hours. The cup committee give as the reason for the reduction, the speed of modern racing yachts.

There is also a provision for postponement, if in the opinion of the regatta committee the space around the starting line is not sufficiently clear. The date suggested for the first race is July 23, which is ten months from the receipt of the challenge. The races will be sailed off Sandy Hook, the best three out of five to decide and one day, not counting Sunday, to intervene between the races unless changed by agreement. The course to be thirty nautical miles.

There is also a clause providing for serious accident to either vessel prior to the preparatory signal. Should such occur the boat shall have sufficient time to provide for repairs before being required to start, or if such accident should happen during the race, before being required to start in the next race. The America's cup committee close the letter by expressing their appreciation of the spirit of the challenge and of the confidence shown by the challenger in their committee.

MORE TROUBLE AHEAD.

Attorney Burleigh Will Sue the Pittsburg National Bank for Interest Money Paid to W. H. House.

Pittsburg, Oct. 22.—The First National bank has refused to pay the city the interest alleged to have been illegally collected from that institution by House, ex-assistant city attorney. The Allegheny National and the Tradesmen's National banks have not yet given their answers on this matter. It is generally anticipated, however, that their replies will be similar to that given by the First National bank.

City Attorney Burleigh is now preparing to enter suits against the above named banks. The method of procedure will be to declare that a conspiracy existed between the banks and City Attorney Moreland, aided by House, to defraud the city of Pittsburg out of the use and possession of its money on deposit in the different banks in the name of W. C. Moreland, on which interest was paid in sums ranging from 2 to 3 per cent. per annum. The suit will endeavor to show that by reason of its being deprived of the use of its money the city was compelled to pay interest on deferred payments to contractors for improvements at the rate of 6 per cent. For these and other reasons the city will seek to recover at least twice the amount of interest paid to W. H. House by the banks in question.

Further and still greater sensational developments in connection with the investigation of the city attorney's office are anticipated at an early day.

THE NEW STATE LEAGUE.

Wilkes-Barre and Scranton, It Is Said, Will Be In It.

Reading, Pa., Oct. 22.—President John Hanlon, of the Pennsylvania State league, is already hard at work, and the new State league for next season is assured. Many of the old cities will be dropped and others taken in, including Scranton and Wilkes-Barre, of last year's Eastern league. Hanlon arrived in Reading tonight and Millionaire Markle, of Hazleton, will arrive tomorrow to open negotiations with Witman for the purchase of his ball park. When this is done Hanlon claims everything is completed and a meeting of the different clubs to form the new league will be called to perfect arrangements.

The new league will consist of Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, Hazleton, Williamsport, Allentown, Reading, Lancaster and Philadelphia. The Carbondale club is to be transferred to Reading with Marty Swift as manager. The players reserved by the State league will be distributed among the different cities.

KING PACERS MEET.

Frank Agan Lowers His Record Pacing Against a Strong Wind.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 22.—A perfect day, fast track and good sport was the features in the second day of the Louisville Driving and Fair association. The kings of the pacing world again met, and Frank Agan not only came out victorious by winning the last three of the five heats, but lowered his own record of 2.06½ to 2.05¾. His performance is considered a most creditable one since the journey down the back stretch had to be made against a very strong wind.

In the third and fourth heats Agan only won from Robert J by a nose, but Gears drove the latter for all he was worth. Joe Patchen was the only one of the four who failed to take a heat. He however, showed some signs of lameness.

Heoffer Disappears.

Columbus, O., Oct. 22.—C. W. Heoffer, the Republican candidate for the legislature, whose letters to Senator Brice and other Democrats, offering to sell his vote in the election of a United States senator, have just been published, has disappeared. It is the general opinion that he has fled.

Mr. Harrison Silent.

New York, Oct. 22.—Ex-President Harrison left the Fifth Avenue hotel this afternoon for Indianapolis. He has to argue a law case in that city on Thursday next. The ex-president declined to talk about politics before he left the city.

The Governor's Trip.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 22.—Governor Hastings will start for Ohio next Monday, but will return in time to make a speech at Cooper Union, in New York, next Friday night.

FIGHT IS DECLARED OFF

Corbett Fails to Agree with Julian, the Fitzsimmons Representative.

WINDY AFFAIR ENDS IN SMOKE

Champion Expresses Desire to Chastise Fitzsimmons for Money or for Fun. Bob Also Indulges in Big Talk at a Safe Distance.

Hot Springs, Ark., Oct. 22.—There may be two or three more fights pulled off in this resort within the next two or three weeks, provided that the decision of the Supreme court is favorable, and that, as is expected, the governor will not further interfere; but there are less prospects of Corbett and Fitzsimmons meeting in the ring than there was twenty-four hours ago. Corbett came to town from his training quarters this evening for the express purpose of meeting Martin Julian, the representative of Fitzsimmons, and as the result of a stormy interview, in which Julian rejected every proposition made by the champion, the latter "washed his hands of the whole business," to use his final expression, and left the conference room with the announcement that he would go out of training at once.

President Dan Stuart, of the Florida club, who goes to Dallas in the morning, to return on Sunday, said tonight that the club still has under consideration the matching of Corbett with another man, and the pulling off of the two remaining fights. Julian also leaves in the morning for Corpus Christi. His final announcement in the imbroglio is this: I will have Fitzsimmons here on the 31st, and ready to fight as provided by the articles of agreement. If the Florida club is no longer connected with the affair, and there is no purse in sight, then we will be willing to fight in private, in a place to be selected by a Chicago man now here for the side bet of $10,000 each. If Corbett will not consent to this, then we will demand the forfeit of $2,500, and as the people identified with the Florida club are supposed to be all honorable men, we assume they will pay over promptly.

Corbett Thirsts for Blood.

In the course of the conversation Julian intimated that Corbett wished the fight postponed because he could not get into condition in time. Corbett replied: "Well, now to relieve your mind, I will tell you what I will do. You know if we fight on Oct. 31 we do not get a cent, we fight for nothing. Now if you think the club postponed the fight to allow me time in which to get into condition, go and get Fitzsimmons as quickly as you can and I will fight him for nothing. Can you get him before the governor can do anything to prevent the fight?"

"I have heard nothing about the governor going to stop it."

Corbett laughingly replied: "Have you been in a trance. I told you I would fight Fitzsimmons for nothing and I want to do it right now before the law prevents us."

"Will you fight him in Corpus Christi on Oct. 31?"

"No; you know there is a law in Texas making prize fighting a felony. I don't want to go to state's prison."

"Well, we will allow a gentleman present to select a place for a private fight on Oct. 31."

The person in question evidently did not care to assume the responsibility of selecting a place, as he allowed the suggestion to pass without any comment.

"Don't you imagine that you or Brady, or any of the members of the Florida club are going to force Fritzsimmons to change his position in this matter."

"In the first place, I don't want to fight for nothing, but I just want to call this fellow down. He is the biggest coward ever put on record. He is a cur, and never intended to fight. Now I will tell you what I will do. If you will bring Fitzsimmons here I will fight him for nothing."

"There is no law now in the state of Arkansas against prize fighting. The case now before the Supreme court will not be decided until Saturday, and the governor will have no time to take steps to stop it. Now I want to show up your man in his true colors. He is a yellow dog, and while I know it is policy for me to offer to fight him for nothing, he is such an arrant coward I want to show him up, and I will sacrifice everything to do so. So Fitzsimmons won't come here and fight me. Well, I am disgusted. Fitzsimmons can come here and claim the champion belt, I am through with fighting forever and a day. My purpose was to show this fellow a cur. Having accomplished my mission I will quit the game and never fight again.

So saying, Corbett left the office. Later Manager Brady said that while Corbett would be perfectly justified in packing up and going east, there was no question but that he would remain in the neighborhood of Hot Springs until the end of the month. If this is adhered to, and Fitzsimmons arrived Tuesday of next week, in accordance with Julian's pledge, the feeling on Corbett's part is so strong that nothing can keep the two men from coming together, even if Fitzsimmons goes out to Spring Lake or Corbett seeks him at his hotel. In either event one of the principal fight promoters is responsible for the prognostication that this will be an exhibition of brutality that will disgust the American people with prize fighters forever.

Fitz Also Indulges in Big Talk.

Corpus Christi, Texas, Oct. 22.—Fitzsimmons said to the United Press reporter today:

"At the conference at Hot Springs Julian claimed the forfeit money, as the fight could not be pulled off Oct. 31. Then we offered to fight Corbett for $10,000 a side. Brady positively refused to let Corbett fight. You may say I now challenge the world for $10,000 a side, and the world's championship, in this or any other country. Furthermore, I will meet Corbett for a $10,000 side purse, and let the gate receipts be given to some charitable institution of New York. I am now confident that Corbett does not want to meet me, and is looking for easier game."

German Ironclad Aground.

Kiel, Oct. 22.—The German ironclad warship Wurttemburg is aground in the little belt between the Baltic sea and Battegat, and is seriously damaged. She is leaking badly and is partially filled with water. The warship Brandenburg and the dispatch Sachsen, have gon to her assistance.

Big Store Burglarized and Burned.

Bethlehem, Pa., Oct. 22.—The Coleraine furnace general store, near here, was burglarized at an early hour this morning, and afterwards set on fire. It was burned to the ground. The loss will reach nearly $10,000.

General Dobson Retired.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 22.—General John R. Dobson, of Phoenixville, has been placed on the roll of retired officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania.

FINLEY'S

Fall And Winter Underwear.

THE REPUTATION OF THIS DEPARTMENT OF OUR BUSINESS IS TOO WELL KNOWN TO NEED ANY COMMENTS.

The stock this season is larger than ever before and of greater variety, comprising very full lines of Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's Vests, Pants and Union Suits. We call special attention to

The Stuttgarter Sanitary Wool Underwear

(of which we are sole agents in Scranton) the excellence of which is unquestionable. Owing to the reduced tariff these goods are lower in price than ever before, while the quality is much improved. We note a few

Specials in Underwear

Ladies' Onelta Union Suits. Three specials in Union Suits at 75c., $1.00, $1.25; Children's Union Suits at 49c. up; Gents' Wright's Fleeced Health Underwear at 50c. up.

Three Great Specials

in Ladies' Egyptian Ribbed Vests and Pants at 25c., 39c. and 38c. Great special in Children's Vests and Pants; all sizes. Full line of

Gloves and Hosiery.

510 and 512 LACKAWANNA AVENUE

Dry and Wet Weather SHOES.

SHOES that don't let in wet; built to keep feet dry when it rains; a comfortable, serviceable Shoe for winter wear. Have a pair.

LEWIS, REILLY & DAVIES
114 AND 116 WYOMING AVE.
Wholesale and Retail.

Fall Novelties IN FINE JEWELRY.

Elegant Specimens Suitable for Wedding Presents, Birthday Presents, Etc.

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REUNION OF THE 47TH.

Surviving Members of General Gobin's Regiment Meet at Harrisburg.

Harrisburg, Oct. 22.—The surviving veterans of General Gobin's regiment, the Forty-seventh Pennsylvania volunteers, held a reunion here today. Over a hundred of the old soldiers were here. They called on the governor, who made a short speech. They cheered him and also cheered General Gobin as the next governor. After visiting the flag room at the capital the veterans held a business meeting at the headquarters of Post 58. The officers elected were:

President, Francis Dauefer, of Allentown; secretary, Charles W. Abbott, of Allentown; treasurer, Augustus Eagle, of Catasauqua; cahplain, W. D. Roderick, of Paterson, N. J. The next reunion will be held at Allentown.

WEATHER REPORT.

For Eastern Pennsylvania, fair, preceded by cloudy weather, colder; fair Thursday.