THE SCRANTON TRIBUNE-TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 5, 1895.

The Scranton Tribune

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SCRANTON, MARCH 5, 1895.

THE SCRANTON OF TODAY.

Come and inspect our city. Elevation above the tide, 740 feet. Extremely healthy. Estimated population, 1894, 103,000. Registered voters, 20,599. Value of school property, \$900,000. Number of school children, 12,000. Average amount of bank deposits, \$10,-

000,000 It's the metropolis of northeastern Penn-

Can produce electric power cheaper than Niagara.

No better point in the United Sta	tes at
which to establish new industries.	
See how we grow:	
Population in 1860	9,223
Population in 1870	
Population in 1880	
Population in 1890	75,215
Population in 1894 (estimated)	

And the end is not yet. A gallant soldier, a modest citizen and an attentive servant of the people when entrusted with official responsibilitiesthese words well describe Captain William Kellow. In his death the city sus-

tains a real loss.

A New Cure for Strikes.

In the Social Economist for March appears a somewhat novel study of the strike problem. In two pages of prefatory remarks, the dangers of strikes to the public welfare are outlined, and the principle of the absolute equality before the law of organizations of both labor and capital is enunciated. Then we come to the article's novelty. Recognizing that the interests and therefore the rights of the public are greater than those of either laborers or capitalists, the author believes consequently that their conduct must be subordinate to the interests and decisions of society. In order to bring this about he would journment of congress. require both laborers and capitalists. In the event of arising differences, to treat each with the other by means of delegates, and would ordain "that if any strike or public disturbance results from the refusal of either party to recognize the rights of the other so to act collectively through their representatives, the party so refusing shall be held responsible for all costs and dam-

If capital punishment acted as a check are thirsty can get drink and be done to the commission of the crime of murder, we should have nothing to say with it by paying the flat price. This view is not wanting in common against it. We do not care one rap of a penknife what becomes of the de-If one accepts the license idea liberate murderer, provided he be disat all; that is to say, if one concedes, at any point in the argument, that posed of so as not to imperil society. The trouble with capital punishment is that the figures are all against it. It gets rid of one murderer only to find that two have sprung up in his stead.

There is every reason to believe that Jeneral Hastings, as governor of Pennsame footing, before the community, ocsylvania, will continue to study the cupied by the music business, the gronterests and the welfare of the whole ery business, the clothing business or any other legalized form of commercial Jim?" ommonwealth independent of faction or without reference to the probable enterprise. Take down the screens, reeffect of such a straightforward course upon the next national nominating convention.

Curb the Spitting Hog. An indignant Philadelphia physician, ffended by the aggressions, in street cars and other public places, of that that amiable, but somewhat finnical occullar American growth, the spltting

bipedal hog, writes an open letter to plains that the newspapers do not use one of the newspapers in that city the title "Mr." before proper names. which is equally as applicable to Scran-"There seems," he says, "to be a theory that if you give a man's Christian name ton. "The trouble is," he truly declares, "that in making rules corporations omit to prescribe penalties or to enare dispensed, at least in print, from force them or to insist upon their ofthe ordinary obligations of civility. How ficers enforcing them. What is the use would it answer in private life, or what would be thought if a stranger or acof having a placard in a car prohibiting a habit that no self-respecting or requaintance walked up to Mr. Choate fined person would think of doing withand said: 'How do you do, Joseph H. out giving the employes powers to en-Choate?" Yet are the obligations of civility less in print than in private?" force it? A public conveyance is the But, just fancy the "civility" of "misonly place where people are absolutely at the mercy and discretion of every tering" Joseph H. Choate on the same other person, and the rules governing page, or perchance in the same column with "Mr." James J. Corbett or "Mr." their conduct ought to be absolute and

instantly and absolutely enforced. To Gewhillikins Jones. be quietly and firmly enjoined to va-The Philadelphia Times intimates cate a car would do more in the way of that recent fires in this city indicate an object lesson to convince very many inefficiency and indifference on the part people that the highest kind of liberty is that which includes a consideration of the Scranton volunteer fire department. We do not concur in this opinof other people's convenience and self-

ion. A volunteer service is under no respect that a dozen moral lectures on the subject. If a man expectorates circumstances so good as a good paid service; and that is why we want a once, as some may do, through thoughtpaid service for Scranton. But it would lessness, let the conductor reprimand him quietly but firmly. If the offense is be a poor return to the volunteer firerepeated or if the passenger is offenmen of Scranton, for all that they have so generously done, to accuse them of sive, stop the car and request the passenger to step off. If he is still ofindifference.

The assertion of the state chemist such a penalty inflicted as will fully that it was really the Meadville editor who was fooled by that "oleo" trick company and the offended dignity of will be taken by most persons with a the passengers." To all of which, a liberal handful of salt. much abused public is prepared to ac-

> The streets of Scranton cannot be cleaned too soon nor too thoroughly. Unless this shall be done, disease and an increased mortality rate are almost sure to come upon us.

> Senator Quay's visit to Harrisburg today will be worth all of a dollar and a half to the hotel proprietors and spacerate correspondents of the Sleepy City.

The Rump parliament of Cromwell was a sustained feast of reason compared with the Hari Kari congress and the various new manufacturing which died at noon yesterday. establishments in this city, are cailing

It Is Their Own Affair.

From the Philadelphia Press. There is no particular demand for new counties in Pennsylvania, but if the peo-ple in the southern part of Luzerne and the northern part of Schuylkill want to enjoy the dighty of a new county, and are at all; that is to say, if one concedes, at any point in the argument, that saloons are essential to the welfare of the community and that the state may usurp and sub-lease the monopoly of the saloon business, then there is in-stantly much to be said in favor of putting that business on precisely the left outside its limits.

An Original Race War. From the Atlanta Constitution.

"Were you over in a race war, Uncle

Jim?" "Only one time, suh." "Well, how was it?" "Hit was dis way, suh: I had de turkey gwine 'long, an' wuz dez ez quiet ez could be, but somehow de dog got wind of it, en' me en' him had de big road fer 'bout a with hot was inclus someramine t?" move the paint from the windows and let in the light of day. That ought not to hurt a proper business; it ought

hall feature cancelled. Then men who

rather to help it. A new grievance has been formulated against the American newspapers by The en him had de big road fer 'bout a mile, but we finally compermise it." "And how was that?" "Oh, I des give de dog de turkey en a pa'r er britches!"

An Appropriate Name. critic, George W. Smalley. He com- From the Detroit Free Press.

Jack-"Those Chicago fellows have named their club the 'Alpine. Sam-"What's that for? They have no mountains in Chicago. Jack-"Perhaps not. But their club rooms are on the top floor of one of those and the initial of his middle name, you sky-scraper buildings, and the elevator doesn't run after midnight,"



An epicurean bowl-QUAKER OATS and Cream. The child loves it, the epicure dotes on it, the dyspeptic praises it-everybody likes it. Sold only in a lb. Packages.

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Useful and Orna-

mental Goods

LADIES' DESKS.

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100 Pairs	**		2.49 per pair.
79 Pairs	**	44	2.98 per pair.
25 Pairs	**	44	3.49 per pair.
25 Pairs	••	46	3.98 per pair.
Also 17 Pairs			1 98 non main
27 Pairs Exceedingly	Fine Irisl	1 Point a	t 7.98 per pair.

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Immense Stock of Kiotos, Yamatos, Kordavans, Carsava, Myotto. All Sizes. Best Quality.

=		\$ 1.73
	-	3.49
-	. 1	7.98
		14.98
•	• •	

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AGENTS FOR

and Supplies



DR. E. GREWER, The Philadelphia Specialist, and his ass ciated staff of English and German physicians, are now perminently located at

Old Postoffice Building, Corner Penn Avenue and Spruce Street. Avenue and Spruce Street. The doctor is a graduae of the Univer-sity of Pennsylvania, formerly demon-strator of physiology and surgery at the Medico-Chirurgical college of Philadel-phia. His specialties are Chronic, Ner-vous, Skin, Heart, Womb and Blood dis-eases.

ages to the full extent of their property."

In order to facilitate this intercommunication between capitalists and laborers, the author suggests that in addition to the two classes of organizations now in vogue, including the workers, on the one hand, and the owners and managers of capital on the other. there be tried the experiment of a anywhere else on earth. third, or mutual union, to be composed of an equal number of representatives of both employers and laborers in the industry or district represented. Before a change in wages or conditions be demanded in any shop, the subject is to be referred to this bi-partisan industrial senate, whose decision would, the author fondly believes, prevent a rupture nine times out of ten. It would, he adds, bring about a better understanding between employers and employe, tend to check the growth of passion and to promote that of reason, and lead by quick stages to a more harmonlous relationship all around, thereby gradually doing away with both the establishment of such an organization, cause and the costly effect of the strike they are at the service of persons thus as a class weapon. interested.

The foregoing are the salient features of an interesting, but unfortunately anonymous article. Its author, we fear, prevail in this city so long as the inadeis too idealistic. He does not appear to quate funds at the disposal of that demake proper allowance for the fact that partment are apportioned out under the inequality at present existing bethe ward-grab system. But even so, tween employers and employes in the the street commissioner ought to prelarge industries has not been caused sent more sustained and convincing altogether by the former class, in a evidence than at present that he is wanton spirit of heartlessness; but that alive and active. not a little of it has been due to the manipulation of the latter by cunning men who, after planting the seeds of unrest among them, have carefully by a vote of 75 to 20, of the Nicholson forced its growth until it has landed temperance bill is a circumstance worth these men, otherwise known as agitakeeping in mind. That bill provides that a tors, tree-high in well-salaried positions majority petition against a saloon in a of influential command. There is, becertain community will prevent one tween employers and agitators, a nabeing established there for two years. tural and apparently an irreconcilable It also provides against music in saconflict, which, if it did not prevent the loons. A saloon cannot be run in conpractical realization of our author's nection with any other business, a dineatly planned industrial senate, would rect blow at the restaurant with bar probably soon turn that senate into a attachment. The bill likewise, does forum of worse than Populistic blataway with screens, and all saloons ancy and demagogie jargon.

must be operated on the first floor, a The Harrisburg Patriot is inclined provision to knock out wine rooms. to agree with us that the hanging of The logic of the bill is obvious, Under murderers does not deter men from the high license idea, saloons are Lcommitting other murders. It remarks: censed by the state because they are "An examination of statistics of homicides in the United States for some years past is somewhat startling. In 2886 there were 1.449 murders and homicides and eighty-three legal executions. In 1887 there were 2,335 murders and homicides and only seventy-nine legal executions. Since that year the number of killings has steadily increased until last year they numbered more than 8,000, while there were 125 legal executions. In other words murders and homicides in nine years increased 600 per cent., while in the same period executions increased only 150 per cent." lunch bait thrown out and the concert strictly on its merits.

creasing number of scientific men, and awakening among our citizens generally an interest in scientific matters Science is a subject of conversation in office, store, workshop, home, school, Thanks! thanks!! thanks!!! and on the street. The advantage of living in the midst of the great anthracite field affords an opportunity for research in certain paleontological lines

fensive and makes a scene, let there be

satisfy the slight to the officer of the

cord its enthusiastic consent. There is

The doxology, we fear, wasn't half

emphatic enough to express the emo-

tion of these who witnessed the ad-

Why Not Unite?

The varied uses of electricity, the es-

tablishment and success of the corre-

sponding schools, the publication of

such a journal as the Colliery Engineer.

among us a large and constantly in-

An Interesting Temperance Bill.

too much of the spitter abroad.

Some Political Gossip Now Current in and About Harrisburg. Harrisburg, March 4.-The report that such as probably is not to be found there might be opposition to State Chair-man Gilkeson at the organization of the The great Lacoe collection of coal

plants, now the property of the Nastate Republican committee prior to next fall's state treasurership campaign is not generally credited here. The present extional Museum at Washington, is undoubtedly the most extensive and valuutive officers will, it is believed, be reelected without exception; and there is equally little doubt that the next Republi able of the kind in existence, and it has been accumulated in this very coal can nomineo for state treasurer, will be Senator Quay's warm friend and Beuten-ant, Benjamin F. Haywood, of Mercer, Colfield. Why should , not the scientific men of Scranton and vicinity, under the onel Jackson's cashier. Mr. Haywood is an exceedingly courteous and popular of stimulus of this incentive, form themficial characteristics which were noticed selves into an academy of science. by his friends several years ago, when he led the party ticket in his home county. and work together for the advancewhile a candidate for prothonotary. He is ment of the various lines of physical also a financier of signal skill and unquestioned integrity. and natural science in which they may be interested? If our columns can be used to advance any effort toward the

llastings and the Presidency. There is considerable quiet talk in and about the capital as to the likelihood that Governor Hastings may blossom forth as presidential canditdate. The comment is generally favorable; and those who are especially outspoken in the governor's be-Marked improvement in the street half point to the coincidence that at no previous national convention of the Re-publican party where as many as three cleaning department will probably not avowed candidates of international renown started in with determined follow-ings has any of them been nominated. The conventions which resulted in the nomination of Hayes and Garfield instantoccur to mind, and these are cited as sufficient to justify the belief that Penn-sylvania, with its phenomenal majority of last fall, may yet supply the next president. The governor, it is understood while not worrying about this contingency, is naturally not displeased that his name should attract favorable comment in connection with an office to which any The passage by the Indiana assembly, citizen may with pride aspire.

> Not a Factionalist. The one thing that he objects to, in this connection, according to those to whom he has communicated on the subject, is that his name should be so promiscuously bandled about in stories concerning al-leged factional combines and deals. Gov-ernor Hastings is said by those who know him best to wish to be, not a Martin Re publican nor a Quay Republican, as these words are now frequently used; but he does wish to be known as a Republican Republican, desirous of doing his entir duty, first to the commonwealth, b which he has been summoned to public office; and next, after that, to the whole party which elected him by the largest popular plurality in the history of Ameri-can state elections. If the carrying out of this dignified programme should make a president of him, well and good; if not he would be none the worse off.

necessities. That is, they are requisite Senator Quay's Visit. to the quenching of a thirst which. If All kinds of gossip are current with ref-erence to Senator Quay's visit, tomorrow. It is generally safe to discount these runot appeased in accordance with law, would violate law in order to obtain It is generally safe to discount these ru-mors 90 per cent., and then be suspicious of the remainder. The senator has a num-ber of things to look after, wholly apart from his exaggerated break with David Martin. Now that congress has adjourned, he is free to pick up the threads of polit-ical leadership in state affairs, and these, alcoholic drink. This is the theory of high license. The Indiana assembly, in passing the foregoing restrictive measure, simply says that if saloons be ical leadership in state affairs, and these, just now, are both numerous and tangled. The Philadelphia situation will probably not be neglected; but it is a safe guess that the senator's handlwork in that direction will not be exposed to the multitude. As for Quay county, he is positively taking no hand in that. The legislature will be expected to pass or reject the Kline bill substitue on the metits. necessities, they should be operated as such, and not transformed into !uxurles. If the business is strictly legitimate and wholesome, it ought to be conducted openly and above board, with the screen doors all discarded, the free

