

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEES

Busiest Day Ever Known at the Harrisburg Capitol.

LACKAWANNA WELL PLACED

The bustling young members from this vicinity have been chosen for important work—Representatives Farr, Connell and O'Malley recognized.

Concluded from Page 1.

University of Pennsylvania, for the establishment of a school of mines and engineering in western Pennsylvania. Mr. Robt. A. Althoff—Providing for the Eleventh Normal school district, making Beaver and Butler counties the Eleventh and Allegheny the Fourteenth district.

Mr. Seafie, Allegheny—Providing for the biennial organization of councils in cities of the second class.

Mr. Gilherson, Allegheny—Authorizing the directors or controllers of any school district and the directors of any sub-school district in this state where land has been or may be conveyed to it for educational purposes, to set apart such portion not necessary for school purposes to the site of public libraries.

Mr. Talbot, Chester—To provide state forest reservations and for the expenses thereof.

Mr. Phillips, Chester—An act to establish free illustrated lectures upon disease germs and their relation to the public health, and also upon the relation of economic zoology and of forestry to the commonwealth, and providing for the expenses thereof.

Mr. Lytle, Huntingdon—Providing for the preservation of the forests of the commonwealth and to this end enlarging the powers and duties of the forestry commission, designating fire wardens and prescribing their duties, regulating the prevention and extinguishing of forest fires, and providing for the punishment of persons who set fire to, or endanger forests.

Mr. Damby, Montgomery—To provide for the continuation of the forestry commission of the state and for the expenses thereof.

Mr. Kunkel, Dauphin—To create a state game commission.

Mr. Seyfert, Lancaster—To provide for a public school census biennially, also relating to compensation of female teachers, making pay equal with males when service is equal; also to provide for expenses of school directors in attending the triennial election; also to promote public school attendance and restrain truancy.

Mr. Fow, Philadelphia—Appropriating \$50,000 for the improvement of the Philadelphia harbor and the Delaware river; providing for the payment of interest on state deposits and security therefor; amending the act of 1772 by providing for administering oaths by doing away with kissing the Bible and substituting the laying of the hand on the open Bible.

Mr. Collins, Lehigh—To authorize the school district to purchase books with which to establish public libraries and maintain the same.

Mr. Kratz, Montgomery—Authorizing building and loan associations to borrow money to an amount not exceeding 25 per cent. of their capital stock.

Mr. Newberry, Northumberland—To provide for the imprisonment of persons sentenced to pay costs in criminal cases.

Mr. Ritter, Philadelphia—To provide for the selection of a site and erection of a state hospital for the dangerous and criminal insane.

Mr. Merriock—Authorizing another edition of the state report on birds and mammals.

Mr. Fow, Philadelphia—Providing that state depositors shall pay interest on state funds.

Mr. Orme, Schuylkill—Providing for tax on all orders, checks, dividends, coupons, pass books or other paper representing wages or earnings of an employee not paid in cash to the employee or member of his family.

Mr. Penniwell, Philadelphia—Constituting boards of school directors boards of health.

Mr. Niles, Tioga—Appropriation for Valley Forge for public park.

Mr. Grigsby, Lawrence—To provide against the adulteration of food and drugs.

Mr. Reinohl, Lebanon—To designate a special day for interesting people in sanitary science.

Mr. Pace, Dauphin—To create the office of dairy, food and drug commissioner. Mr. Grigsby, Lawrence—To establish the office of state fire marshal.

Mr. McFarlane, Allegheny—Regulating the construction of buildings in cities of the second class.

Mr. Hiles, Delaware—Providing for a board of revision of taxes in cities of the third class.

Mr. Woodring, Northampton—To prevent peddling and hawking without license.

Mr. Grigsby, Lawrence—Creating the townships of each county bodies corporate for the purpose of constructing, maintaining the construction and repairing of public roads.

Mr. Lytle, Huntingdon—Creating a banking department with a new head, called the commissioners of banks, enlarging the powers of the state over the management of banks and trust companies.

Bills Sired by Senators.

Senate bills were introduced as follows by:

Mr. McCarell—Providing for the appointment of game commissioners.

Mr. Baker—Allowing traction and motor companies leasing street railways to operate as one system.

WARSHIPS FOR HAWAII

Senator Aldrich introduces a Resolution Calling for American Vessels at Honolulu By the United Press.

Washington, Jan. 9.—In the senate today what is known as the "Sibley" bill was taken up and discussed till the close of the morning hour, when it went over without action. Then the Nicaragua canal bill was brought forward.

ward and Mr. Pascoe, Fla., made a speech favoring the construction of the canal by the United States government exclusively and consequently opposing the pending measure. An attempt to have an agreement for taking the final vote next Saturday failed by reason of an objection by Mr. Turpie, Indiana.

Just before the close of the day's session the question of American vessels of war at Honolulu was revived in the shape of a resolution offered by Mr. Aldrich, R., declaring it as the sense of the senate that one or more ships of the American navy should be kept there. The resolution went over till tomorrow, when it will come up in the morning hour.

FOR A CHINAMAN'S LOVE.

Millionaire Hip Lung's Wife Killed Her Rival.

By the United Press.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Minnie Myers, wife of Hip Lung, the millionaire Chinaman, is locked up at the Harrison Street Police station on a charge of murder.

Emma Johnson now lies dead at Jackson's undertaking house, 2506 State street, and it was owing to a personal request made by the coroner to the police officials that the wife of the Mogul Chinaman was taken into custody and held with the woman's death.

The encounter between the two women, who were rivals for Hip Lung's affections, occurred last April. Miss Myers' weapon was a two-edged knife and its execution was deadly. In a minute or two it had cut long gashes in Miss Johnson's shoulder, arms, neck and breast, and the woman fell to the pavement, fainting from sheer loss of blood.

Minnie Myers escaped with a few scratches. After a month or two Hip Lung married the victorious duelist and the matter was generally forgotten.

Miss Johnson never got well. She rallied and for months has been able to go about carefully as an invalid. A week ago blood poisoning set in, resulting in her death. The coroner at once ordered the arrest of Mrs. Hip Lung (nee Minnie Myers) and she was taken into custody.

TERRORIZED BY AN ANIMAL.

Residents of Abington, Ill., Will Organize a Hunt for the Brute.

By the United Press.

Abington, Ill., Jan. 7.—There is considerable excitement here over the appearance of a large wild animal in the timber east of town.

It has been seen by several persons, who describe it as about five feet long, with a low, heavy body, and as being very fierce. It attacked a man while he was chopping in the timber, but was beaten off. An organized hunt will be made.

Beware of Frauds.—Be sure you get the genuine Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It cures Colds, Croup, Asthma, Deafness and Rheumatism.

INDUSTRIAL TOPICS.

The personal estate of the late E. B. Leisinger has been appraised at \$1,382,943.33.

The coal tonnage of the Reading railroad for the week ended Jan. 5, while showing that the restrictive policy has been continued by the Coal and Iron company, also shows heavier shipments by 34,170 tons than during the same week last year. The total was 194,988 tons, against 160,828 tons. For the fiscal year, the shipments have aggregated 1,119,708 tons, against 1,257,865 tons for the same time last year, a decrease of 137,957 tons.

A Wilkes-Barre dispatch says: "The starvation story sent our from here to the effect that there is unusual distress and miners are starving, is exaggerated. There are always cases of poverty in the region, but the charitable organizations are able to care for them. The mines have been working with accustomed regularity. Some miners with large families have a hard time getting along; but those in real want are cared for by the public charities. There are no cases of starvation."

William Hodgins, a stationary engineer in the employ of the Susquehanna Coal company at Nanticoke for twenty-five years, has recently patented a high and low water alarm valve. It is self operating. When the water is low it gives an alarm by blowing a whistle, and when there is an overflow of water it also gives the alarm. It is easily fitted into horizontal or cylinder boilers. The mechanism of the double alarm is said by the Wilkes-Barre Record to be very ingenious and its success is already certain as it is simple, durable and reliable.

Speaking of the coal trade the New York Engineering and Mining Journal says: "It is an encouraging fact that, despite the dullness of the market, we hear of no flagrant cases of low offers. Of the companies we do not think that a single one is shading the circular. Neither are the more prominent individual operators; and some of the middlemen, who for a fortnight or three weeks ago had to offer at less than the companies' price, have, we understand, now disposed of their stocks, which they bought at low figures and could thus offer at a very fair concession from the ruling circular. It is fully recognized by all that to name lower prices would not result in more business. The year opens better than people expected in October and November. There is evident a desire to avoid the experience of the second half of 1894. We cannot help thinking, however, how well the companies restricted during the first four months last year, and how on June 1 the output for the five months showed a decrease of nearly 3,000,000 tons, as compared with the corresponding period of 1893; and how, in June, everybody threw wisdom and harmony to the dogs and mined 5,112,000 tons, and began to shade prices."

Philadelphia Record: "The report of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company for the year ended Nov. 30, 1894, will be read with interest. The company has earned a gross sum of \$17,497,140.80, and has spent for operating the road and for betterments \$13,320,829.25—having a balance of net earnings of \$4,176,311.55. This, together with income from other sources, has been sufficient to meet the interest on the funded debt and the rental of leased lines, and leave a small balance, but has not enabled the company to resume the payment of dividends. The floating debt of the company has been reduced nearly \$1,000,000. The falling off in receipts from freights and passenger and the losses growing out of the strike have reduced the revenue of the company over \$2,000,000. Such a combination of hard times and hard luck sufficiently accounts for the failure to pay dividends for 1894. The company, with the double-track completed from New York to Buffalo, is now in a condition to earn money as a result of extended facilities which in the construction have heretofore been a burden upon its treasury. The Lehigh stockholders may fairly anticipate, with the general revival of business, the reinstatement of the Lehigh Valley company as one of the strongest of the great coal carrying roads."

FATE OF CURRENCY BILL

The Measure Practically Snowed Under in the House.

DEMOCRATS NOT FAVORABLE

Republicans and Silver Advocates Refuse to Second Mr. Outwater's Demand for the Previous Question on Passage of the Resolution.

By the United Press.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The fate of the currency and banking bill was probably decided in the house today when by vote of 120 to 124 it refused to second Mr. Outwater's demand for the previous question on passage of the resolution.

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D. L. & W.	100%	100%	100%	100%
D. & H.	100%	100%	100%	100%
Gen. Elec.	100%	100%	100%	100%
Jersey City	100%	100%	100%	100%
L. & N.	100%	100%	100%	100%
Lack. Shore.	100%	100%	100%	100%
Man. Elec.	100%	100%	100%	100%
Nat. Lead.	100%	100%	100%	100%
Nat. Cord.	100%	100%	100%	100%
New Eng.	100%	100%	100%	100%
N. Y. & N. J.	100%	100%	100%	100%
O. & W.	100%	100%	100%	100%
P. & R.	100%	100%	100%	100%
S. & W.	100%	100%	100%	100%
W. & S. L.	100%	100%	100%	100%
W. Union.	100%	100%	100%	100%
C. G. R.	100%	100%	100%	100%
A. M. T.	100%	100%	100%	100%

WHEAT.	Op'n.	High.	Low.	Close.
January	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
May	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
July	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
OATS.				
January	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
May	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
CORN.				
January	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
May	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
July	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
LARD.				
January	6.90	6.90	6.90	6.90
May	7.02	7.10	7.02	7.07
PORK.				
January	11.55	11.67	11.55	11.67
May	11.92	12.17	11.92	12.12

No.	Par.	Val.	Bid.	Ask.
10	100	Scr'n Savings Bank	200	375
25	100	Third Nat'l Bank	250	375
100	100	First Nat'l Bank	500	500
400	50	Scranton Trust	200	400
10	100	Walker Automatic & Steam Coupler Co.	25	25
78	100	Allegheny Iron Co.	100	100
6	500	Scranton Glass Co. (Bonds)	500	500
7	500	Stevens Coal Com'y (Bonds)	500	500
2	100	Scr'n Jar and Stop per Co.	60	60
20	50	Dime Dep. & Dis. Bank	50	50
1	100	Scr'n Lake Water	100	100
4	25	Crystal Lake Water Co.	100	100
100	100	Lack. Trust & Safe Depos. Co.	110	110
60	100	Cent. Penn. Tel. Supply Co.	100	100
100	100	Spring Brook Water Co.	100	100
6	100	First National Bank (Carbondale)	250	250
5	100	Lack. Trust & Safe Depos. Co.	150	150
10	100	Scr'n Lace Cur. Co.	10	10
5	100	Scranton Forging Co.	110	110
20	100	Green R'ge Lum'r Co.	110	110
5	1000	Scranton Steel Company (Bonds)	1050	1050
10	50	Providence & Abingdon Turnpike Co.	50	50
5	100	Scranton Glass Co.	50	50

New York Produce Market.

New York, Jan. 9.—Flour—Quiet, firm. Wheat—Dull, firm; No. 2 red and white, 65c; No. 3 red, 64c; No. 4 red, 63c; No. 1 white, 62c; No. 2 white, 61c; No. 3 white, 60c; No. 4 white, 59c; No. 1 yellow, 58c; No. 2 yellow, 57c; No. 3 yellow, 56c; No. 4 yellow, 55c; No. 1 hard, 54c; No. 2 hard, 53c; No. 3 hard, 52c; No. 4 hard, 51c; No. 1 soft, 50c; No. 2 soft, 49c; No. 3 soft, 48c; No. 4 soft, 47c.

Wheat—Dull, firm; No. 2 red and white, 65c; No. 3 red, 64c; No. 4 red, 63c; No. 1 white, 62c; No. 2 white, 61c; No. 3 white, 60c; No. 4 white, 59c; No. 1 yellow, 58c; No. 2 yellow, 57c; No. 3 yellow, 56c; No. 4 yellow, 55c; No. 1 hard, 54c; No. 2 hard, 53c; No. 3 hard, 52c; No. 4 hard, 51c; No. 1 soft, 50c; No. 2 soft, 49c; No. 3 soft, 48c; No. 4 soft, 47c.

Wheat—Dull, firm; No. 2 red and white, 65c; No. 3 red, 64c; No. 4 red, 63c; No. 1 white, 62c; No. 2 white, 61c; No. 3 white, 60c; No. 4 white, 59c; No. 1 yellow, 58c; No. 2 yellow, 57c; No. 3 yellow, 56c; No. 4 yellow, 55c; No. 1 hard, 54c; No. 2 hard, 53c; No. 3 hard, 52c; No. 4 hard, 51c; No. 1 soft, 50c; No. 2 soft, 49c; No. 3 soft, 48c; No. 4 soft, 47c.

Wheat—Dull, firm; No. 2 red and white, 65c; No. 3 red, 64c; No. 4 red, 63c; No. 1 white, 62c; No. 2 white, 61c; No. 3 white, 60c; No. 4 white, 59c; No. 1 yellow, 58c; No. 2 yellow, 57c; No. 3 yellow, 56c; No. 4 yellow, 55c; No. 1 hard, 54c; No. 2 hard, 53c; No. 3 hard, 52c; No. 4 hard, 51c; No. 1 soft, 50c; No. 2 soft, 49c; No. 3 soft, 48c; No. 4 soft, 47c.

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