The Scranton Tribune

PUBLISHED DAILY IN SCRANTON, PA., BY THE TRIBUNE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

E. P. KINGSBURY, PRES. AND GEN'L MGR.
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NEW YORK OFFICE: TRIBUNE BUILDING. FRANK S. GRAY, MANAGER.

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT SCRANTON, PA., AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

"Printers' Ink," the recognized journal for advertisers, rates THE SCRANTON TRIBUNE as the best advertising medium in Northeastern Pennsylvania. "Printers' Ink" knows.

SCRANTON, NOVEMBER 28, 1894.

THE SCRANTON OF TODAY.

Come and inspect our city.
Elevation above the tide, 740 feet.
Extremely healthy.
Estimated population, 1894, 103,000.
Registered voters, 20,599.
Value of school property, $750,000.
Number of school children, 12,000.
Average amount of bank deposits, $10,000,000.
It's the metropolis of northeastern Pennsylvania.
Can produce electric power cheaper than Niagara.
No better point in the United States at which to establish new industries.
See how we grow:

Population in 1860	9,223
Population in 1870	35,000
Population in 1880	45,850
Population in 1890	75,215
Population in 1894 (estimated)	103,000

And the end is not yet.

The Tribune, next Saturday, will publish the words and music of a charming song, entitled "Sapphires Are Those Eyes of Thine." The words are by H. Heine and the music is the composition of Genevieve M. Cannon. Next Saturday's Tribune will also contain the first of a series of delightful London letters by Miss Sadie E. Kaiser; and the second of a series of letters upon Historic Quebec, by John E. Richmond, in addition to the accustomed features that alone make it the best Saturday paper printed in Northeastern Pennsylvania. It would be expedient to order extra copies of this paper in advance.

Democracy Is Not Dead.

There is something in the note of warning sounded by the New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Press with immediate reference to the municipal problem in the metropolis which possesses general interest and value. After pointing out that the average vote cast at the recent election for the Tammany candidates reached about 105,000, he continues:

Therefore it is seen that in spite of the revelations before the Lexow committee, notwithstanding the overwhelming impulse in the direction of Republican success, Tammany was able to control 105,000 votes, and in these figures are to be seen the menace which is constantly before those who have undertaken to establish good government here. If that organization, in the face of emphatic public condemnation and in spite of the mighty influences that were making for Republicanism, is nevertheless able to poll 105,000 votes, or considerably more than one-third of the entire vote polled, then it is not safe to assume that the organization is going to be broken down simply because is has been once defeated. The Republicans are inclined to the opinion that they could have elected their candidate without any Democratic help, but an analysis of the official figures does not justify that claim. Had it been a straight party issue between the Republicans and the Democrats, the Democracy would have carried this city apparently by from between 10,000 and 15,000 votes. In fact a hasty generalization permits the statement that the straight Republican vote and the straight Tammany vote here would not, upon comparison, vary in figures more than two or three thousand. That would leave some 50,000 voters in the city who are independent enough to swing from one party to the other, and these persons have the balance of power. For that reason it is going to require great prudence, a very thorough knowledge of the situation, and good understanding of what public sentiment may sustain, for the Republicans to gain permanent fruits of the victory.

In the larger arena of national politics, almost a similar condition prevails. We are not of those who believe that an overwhelming number of American citizens lately voted for Republican candidates for the single reason that they were Republicans. Neither do we believe that the Democratic party has been permanently defeated. Upon straight party lines, which are the lines that the majority of our citizens observe unless specially aroused by a crying necessity for concerted action, the Republican and the Democratic parties are about equal in point of numbers. The people have repudiated Democratic servants whom they deem dishonest, unwise or unfit to govern, and have elected Republican servants believing them to be, in an emergency, safer and abler. But the self-same fact should admonish the latter that they can remain in power only during good behavior. The time has gone by in this country when a controlling element in its citizenship can long be fooled by partisan names and partisan claims which do not have behind them the collateral of prudent and effective legislative results.

The Tammany vote in New York, like the southern Democratic vote in national politics, is the foundation stone upon which Democratic ambition will build a new structure that will yet be crowned by the capstone of political success unless Republicanism, as reflected by its leadership, shall be sagacious, circumspect and faithful to its trust.

The Washington correspondent of the Louisville Courier-Journal telegraphs to his paper that "when congress meets next month Chairman Wilson, of the ways and means committee, will report a series of amendments to the new tariff law that will have for their object a reduction of tariff duties on a number of articles contained in the various schedules. These amendments will have the support of the president, and will be in line with the Chicago platform. They will be put through the house under suspension of rules, as it will be the purpose of the majority to make the most of the short session. Every possible influence will be brought to bear on the senate to act on the house bills." It is probable that this correspondent is mistaken; and that the burned children of the expiring congress will dread the tariff-tinkering fire even more than they will dread the currency blunders of the experimentalist in the white house. But in either or any event, the tariff-smashing programme is certain to come to grief as long as Mathew Stanley Quay, in the senate, is physically able to keep up his "few remarks."

Alas, poor Joseph! He was, indeed, a fellow of infinite jest—and gall.

The suggestion that C. Fred Wright be nominated in the Fifteenth district to fill out his brother's unexpired term, and that afterward Wayne county be promised Susquehanna's support, seems, upon its face, fair and reasonable. It is well known that Fred Wright could more satisfactorily than any other man take up the cares of the congressional representation where his brother dropped them, because he is more familiar with the exact status of his brother's relinquished work.

Scranton, it seems, has two revenue collectors. The other is Sam Hudson.

An Unaccountable Attack.

We have waited with some curiosity to see an explanation of the singularly sudden and ferocious attack made in the Rochester cathedral last Sunday by Bishop McQuaid upon Archbishop Ireland. None has yet come. In that sermon the bishop, after confessing that he, personally, had not voted for twenty-seven years—an example of indifferent citizenship hardly to be recommended for general imitation—charged viciously into the St. Paul prelate for his "undignified, disgraceful and scandalous" interference in the New York campaign. For upward of twenty minutes, the Rochester bishop delivered extraordinary invective at John Ireland's expense, concluding finally with the expressed hope that "this scandal" would yet receive "public rebuke."

The Rochester Post-Express, whose editor is a distinguished Catholic, commenting upon this singular sermon, admits that the thesis of it—which is to say that Catholic bishops and priests should keep out of active party politics—is sound. Yet it "fails to see that there is justification for the attack in the action for which Archbishop Ireland is specifically censured. Bishop McQuaid denounces him for taking part in a political canvass in New York, on the theory that he has no business in the province of Archbishop Corrigan. But if Archbishop Ireland had a right to talk politics at all, he had as much right to talk politics in New York as in St. Paul, though he has no ecclesiastical jurisdiction here. Was it wise on his part to talk politics at all? Under the circumstances we think it was."

In support of this belief the Post-Express recalls how the Democratic state convention, by rushing through an anti-A. P. A. plank, had sought to convey the impression that Republicanism, in its union with the cause of municipal reform, was somehow hostile to the Catholic faith. It adds:

An attempt had been made to bring the question of religion into our state canvass. A leading priest in Buffalo had declared that all Catholic Republicans should vote the Democratic ticket; priests in New York had said the same thing in their pulpits; a priest in Rochester who was a Republican had announced openly his defection from his party on religious considerations and the Democratic candidate had laid great stress on the religious issue involved. A general impression was growing that in some mysterious way the Catholic church was throwing its influence for the Democratic party. The fact would have been a great misfortune to the country, to the Democracy, and to all religion, and the illusion would be only less evil than the fact. It was at this juncture that Archbishop Ireland stepped forward, repudiated the notion that there was a religious issue in the canvass, declared that the Catholic church should be in no way identified with any party, and advised every Catholic citizen to vote on honest political conviction. He urged this as a matter of policy no less than principle. There never was an occasion when it was a plainer duty on the part of some Catholic prelate to set forth the doctrine than that on which Archbishop Ireland spoke.

The substance of all Archbishop Ireland's utterances during the New York campaign may be expressed in the following portion of his letter to the New York World, published just before election:

Catholics say they deprecate sectarianism in social and political affairs. Let them not give themselves the example of it or permit others to make of it an issue in the name of Catholics. The church in the eyes of Catholics should be so high, so sublime, as to be above all party politics, truly universal and American in her breadth of mind, and embrace of love. I would not have her exclusively Republican. I would not have her exclusively Democratic. I have no mission to give Catholics political counsel. In politics priests and laymen stand on the same ground as citizens and they vote as the judgment of each one dictates. I can only bid them vote with intelligence, sincerity, honesty, and fearlessness—voting the Democratic ticket, if they deem it the better one for the country, or the Republican ticket, if this seems the better. But I can counsel them, as I do, to allow no cry of religious bigotry to sway them, to be moved by no sectional hatred, to give credence to no vain rumors and accusations. If there are men who drag religion into politics, let it not be the Catholics, who even under penalty of some sacrifice must give to the country the highest example of exalted citizenship, and of politics utterly free from religious bias. The peace and prosperity of America demands this of all her citizens. I repeat, there is no religious question in American politics today, and a mention of one should not be heeded or tolerated.

We must confess we share the Post-Express' surprise at discovering that there is anything "undignified," "disgraceful" or "scandalous" in such an utterance as this; anything offensive to fair play or dangerous to good citizenship. In our view it looks like the advice of a genuine patriot, and we do not perceive that it is susceptible of so much as one iota of improvement. Furthermore, we do not believe, from what we know of the Catholics of this vicinity, that they will regard Archbishop Ireland's course as derogatory to the fame or glory of their church. Upon the reverse, it will, we dare say, grieve them exceedingly to find Bishop M'Quaid talking in a strain so irreconcilable with the known facts.

There are exceptions, of course, to every rule; but it is still the rule that election contests don't pay.

It is asserted in a Wilkes-Barre dispatch that Representative Harvey, of the Second Luzerne district is opposed to the Quay county movement. We question the truth of this assertion. Mr. Harvey has said that he would vote in accordance with the wishes of his constituents; and it is our belief that a majority of those constituents favor division.

The Democratic Philadelphia Times has a thorough right to tell Governor-elect Hastings whom not to appoint to office; and Governor-elect Hastings, by the same token, should quickly appoint that very fellow.

Now that he's as good as elected speaker, Harry Walton need not be surprised at his wonderful popularity on the floor of the house.

The recent intimation that Western Pennsylvania would be "next" has attracted a large array of Republican talent to the pie counter.

They might at least let General Hastings get settled comfortably in the gubernatorial chair before hurling him into the hypothetical.

If we were disposed to make a guess as to the next mayor of Philadelphia we should say that his name would be Boies Penrose.

CHATS BY THE WAY.

The reminiscences of congressional campaigns in the Fifteenth district call to mind vividly one of the instances of the visitations of political lightning as illustrated in the case of Congressman George A. Post, who represented the district in the Forty-eighth congress. Young Post, who had previously been employed as a clerk in the Erie offices at Susquehanna, had been admitted to the county bar, and had decided to go west and practice law. In order to get an advertisement for himself in the far west he sought the complimentary nomination for congress on the Democratic ticket. As there was apparently not a ray of hope for the election of any Democrat at that time the party good-naturedly allowed the boy to carry off the empty honor of a nomination. Post entered the campaign prepared to immortalize himself as a stump speaker in any event.

* * *

Suddenly there was a disturbance in the Republican camp. Colonel Overton was nominated by the regular conferrees. C. C. Jadwin bolted, and as an independent candidate carried the solid Republican vote of Wayne, while Overton held the Bradford vote. Susquehanna and Wyoming scattered and as a result Mr. Post secured the prize. Prominent Democrats of the Fifteenth district who allowed the plum to slip through their fingers by this relaxation of vigilance have been kicking themselves since for the lost opportunity that is not liable to come again during the present century. Mr. Post was the youngest member of congress, and was quite popular with the members of the Forty-eighth body. But he was promptly turned down at the next election when the warring Republican leaders had regained their senses and a Republican was sent to represent the district. Mr. Post entered journalism; was for a time editor of the Montrose Democrat and was afterward connected with the New York World. At present he is secretary and treasurer of a mining company, and, like Democracy in general, has nothing to expect from the Fifteenth district.

* * *

The good government leagues appear to be making rapid strides in this as well as in other sections of the country. Members of the organizations are straining every nerve to promote a spirit of interest in politics that will call the best citizens to caucusses and invoke the aid of the class of citizens who usually shun voting places at all times.

* * *

The explosion of the peanut roaster engine at the corner of Lackawanna and Wyoming avenues yesterday afternoon will probably have an effect in assisting toward abating the sidewalk mercantile nuisance. The corner fruit stand has long been an eye-sore in Scranton and when it is loaded with explosives, it would seem about time that some steps were taken to curb the dangerous enterprise. Even in case there is no ordinance by which the curb-stone merchant can be reached, there is no question that the steam engine peanut features will become unpopular with the people who rent ten-foot reservation privileges to the street venders. The presence of the little machine which is liable to perform the dynamite bomb act almost any time is not likely to attract many customers to the vicinity in which it is situated.

* * *

Wilkes-Barre's board of trade is booming these days under the direction of Secretary Ed A. Niven, the well known journalist. Mr. Niven has recently been doing lively hustling in the interest of the board, and his familiarity with newspaper work enables him to attend to the most essential details with ease and dispatch. It is undoubtedly true that a practical newspaper man has the advantage in work of this kind. The Scranton board of trade made its first rapid progress during the years that the office of secretary was filled by J. Harry Fisher, who graduated to the position from the city editor's chair on the Republican. Previous to Mr. Fisher's administration the board had been an exceedingly quiet and conservative organization, but under his active management the membership was doubled and a spirit of interest was worked up that has borne good fruit in the establishment of many substantial enterprises. While good work has been accomplished by the secretaries who have followed Mr. Fisher, it must be admitted that it was a newspaper man that first started the ball.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Judge Kirkpatrick will not contest Hart's election.

Ex-Treasurer Morrison is slated for superintendent of banking.

Factory Inspector Watchorn is a candidate for reappointment.

Charley Voorhees will be cared for in the Philadelphia city building.

The Miners' Journal nominates General J. K. Sigfried, of Pottsville, for factory inspector.

Senator Quay says only the free-alcohol-used-in-the-arts pop gun bill will pass the senate.

The senate compromisers say they will not permit any tariff or financial legislation at the coming session of congress.

Captain Clark, of New Castle, Lawrence county, will be chief of the bureau of industrial statistics under General Latta.

Senator Porter and Mayor Stuart favor Director Windrim for mayor of Philadelphia; but the odds still point to Penrose.

The kid-gloved element of Philadelphia's municipal league may announce an independent Republican mayoralty candidate.

Twenty congressmen have announced that they will not attend the short session of congress, and their mileage allowance has been refused.

Jere B. Rex will be resident clerk beyond doubt. The fight between Fleitz and Randolph for journal clerk will be decided strictly upon its merits.

Ex-Lieutenant Governor Davies, of Towanda, has entered the field as a candidate for the vacant congressional nomination in the Fifteenth district.

Ex-Congressman Jadwin, of Wayne, is reported as non-committal in the matter of the Wright succession; while County Chairman Wood and Homer Greene are avowed candidates.

The claim upon which Judge Sittser, of Wyoming county, will contest is that in several Wyoming county districts 81 ballots were cast for him that were not counted. The voters were Republicans and put a cross in the circle at the top of the Republican ticket and another cross opposite the name of Judge Sittser in the Democratic ticket. The election officers, it is said, ignored the Sittser cross and counted these votes for the full Republican ticket, Dunham included. If these votes are thus counted Sittser is elected by 52 majority over Dunham. This will be the only point to be decided in the contest.

THANKSGIVING HYMN.

We thank Thee, O Father, for all that is bright—
The gleam of the day, and the stars of the night;
The flowers of our youth and the fruits of our prime,
And blessings that march down the pathway of time.

We thank Thee, O Father, for all that is drear—
The sob of the tempest, the flow of the tear;
For never in blindness, and never in vain,
Thy mercy permitted a sorrow or pain.

We than Thee, O Father, for song and for feast—
The harvest that glowed and the wealth that increased;
For never a blessing encompassed earth's child,
But Thou in Thy mercy looked downward and smiled.

We thank Thee, O Father of all, for the power
Of aiding each other in life's darkest hour;
The generous heart and the bountiful hand,
And all the soul help that sad souls understand.

We thank Thee, O Father, for days yet to be—
For hopes that our future will call us to Thee—
That all our Eternity form, through Thy love,
One Thanksgiving Day in the mansion above.

—Will Carleton.

Parlor Furniture . . .

WITHIN THE PAST FEW MONTHS THERE HAS BEEN RADICAL CHANGES IN THE STYLES OF

Parlor Furniture,

ALL WHICH HAVE BEEN TO THE ADVANTAGE OF THE BUYER, AS THE NEW AND TASTY PATTERNS ARE LESS EXPENSIVE THAN THE OLDER ONES, THUS ENABLING THE PURCHASERS TO FURNISH THEIR PARLORS IN UP-TO-DATE STYLES AT A

Moderate Cost.

YOU CANNOT FAIL TO BE PLEASED WITH OUR EXHIBIT OF THESE GOODS, AND IF YOU DO NOT SEE MADE UP WHAT YOU DESIRE, OUR STOCK OF COVERINGS TO SELECT FROM IS COMPLETE.

Hill & Connell, 131 AND 133 WASHINGTON AVE.

DINNER SETS

We are now showing the largest line of Dinner Sets ever displayed in this city. A splendid variety in

HAVILAND & CO.,
CHAS. FIELD HAVILAND,
R. DELENIERES & CO.,
FRENCH CHINA,
CARLSBAD AND AMERICAN CHINA, PORCELAIN AND WHITE GRANITE WARE.

If you want a Dinner Set examine our stock before buying.

Coursen, Clemons & Co.

THE LAYTEST IN HATS

Claims the Head Every Time. Never Walk Under a Fossil; It's Too Suggestive of Antiquity. Therefore Wear One of

CONRAD'S .·. HATS

305 Lackawanna Ave.

GOLDSMITH'S G.B. BAZAAR.

THANKSGIVING WEEK.

WILL be one of rejoicing to careful, discriminating buyers, who will be fortunate enough to visit our store, where they will find every one of our departments overflowing with goods, sparkling with the latest tints of fashion and absolutely unapproachable in value.

Our display of Holiday Goods will be open for exhibition Friday, Nov. 30, and comprises the newest, handsomest and most complete assortment of Toys, Games, Books, etc., ever brought under one roof. Customers will find it both money-saving and satisfactory to make their selection of Holiday Goods before assortments are broken, and for the convenience of those who desire to save themselves the worry and trouble of shopping incident to the Holiday Season, Holiday Goods selected now will be delivered to suit the convenience of the purchaser.

SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK.

22 styles of Fine Wool Eiderdowns, newest patterns, of which we have sold hundreds of yards this season no less than 49c.; in order to make room for other goods, **we are closing them out at 33 cents.**

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

Ladies' Tailor-made Jackets, 40 inches long, of Cheviot and Diagonal, worth $10.00; **our price, $7.98.**

Ladies' Kersey and Beaver Jackets, tailor made, of superior fit and workmanship, worth $15.00; **our price, only $9.98.**

We are closing out a few broken lines of Jackets, formerly $10.00 to $15.00; **your choice of same at $4.98.**

☞Please take notice that our distribution of Crayon Portraits to every $25 customer, which we have so successfully kept up for the past five years, will positively be discontinued after Dec. 31, 1894; so bring in your checks and leave your orders now, if you desire them before Christmas.

Do You Wear Shoes

If you do and needes new pair, why not examine the stock of

The Lackawanna Store Association, Lim.

Corner Lacka. and Jefferson Aves.

We are sole agents in this city for the J. S. TURNER & CO. High Grade Shoes for men's wear (these shoes took first premium at the World's Fair, Chicago), and for EDWIN C. BURT & CO.'S Celebrated Shoes for ladies' wear.

We also handle the following lines:

FOR MEN.	For LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN.
Strong & Carroll.	C. P. Ford & Co.,
J. & H. Fitzpatrick,	Thomas G. Plant Co.,
Stacy, Adams & Co.,	H. S. Albright & Co

If desired, will take measure and order special pairs from any factory in the country.

Our aim is to be prompt, to give our customers the best attention and lowest prices, guaranteeing satisfaction on all our goods.

We also carry a fine line of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHINGS, etc.

A trial is what we ask of our citizens and we will endeavor to please.

Engraving

Wedding Invitations,
Wedding Announcements,
Reception Cards,
Visiting Cards,
Monograms,
First-Class Work,
Prices Low.

REYNOLDS BROS.,

Stationers and Engravers,

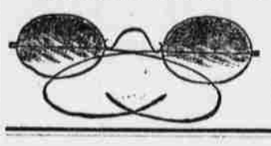
317 LACKAWANNA AVE.

DR. HILL & SON
ALBANY
DENTISTS.

Set teeth, $5.50; best set, $8; for gold caps and teeth without plates, called crown and bridge work, call for prices and references. TONALGIA, for extracting teeth without pain. No ether. No gas.

OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

SCIENTIFIC EYE TESTING FREE
BY DR. SHIMBURG



The Specialist on the Eye. Headaches and Nervousness relieved. Latest and Improved Style of Eyeglasses and Spectacles at the Lowest Prices. Best Artificial Eyes inserted for $5.

305 Spruce Street, Opp. Old Postoffice.

China Closets reduced 15 to 40 per cent.

Nov. 2, 1894.

Removal Sale of Furniture at

HULL & CO.'S,

205 WYOMING AVENUE.

Fine Dressing Tables greatly reduced in price

If you would have the
LARGEST
Amount of heat from the
LEAST
Amount of fuel, you must have a

Howard Furnace.

Foote & Shear Co.

DR. E. GREWER,

The Philadelphia Specialist, and his associated staff of English and German physicians, are now permanently located at

Old Postoffice Building, Corner Penn Avenue and Spruce Street.

The doctor is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, formerly demonstrator of physiology and surgery at the Medico-Chirurgical college of Philadelphia. His specialties are Chronic, Nervous, Skin, Heart, Womb and Blood diseases.

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM

The symptoms of which are dizziness, lack of confidence, sexual weakness in men and women, ball rising in throat, spots floating before the eyes, loss of memory, unable to concentrate the mind on one subject, easily startled when suddenly spoken to, and dull distressed mind, which unfits them for performing the actual duties of life, making happiness impossible, distressing the action of the heart, causing flush of heat, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, cowardice, fear, dreams, melancholy, tire easy of company, feeling as tired in the morning as when retiring, lack of energy, nervousness, trembling, confusion of thought, depression, constipation, weakness of the limbs, etc. Those so affected should consult us immediately and be restored to perfect health.

Lost Manhood Restored.

Weakness of Young Men Cured.

If you have been given up by your physician call upon the doctor and be examined. He cures the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Scrofula, Old Sores, Catarrh, Piles, Female Weakness, Affections of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Asthma, Deafness, Tumors, Cancers and Cripples of every description.

Consultations free and strictly sacred and confidential. Office hours daily from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sunday, 9 to 2.

Enclose five 2-cent stamps for symtpom blanks and my book called "New Life."

I will pay one thousand dollars in gold to anyone whom I cannot cure of EPILEPTIC CONVULSIONS or FITS.

DR. E. GREWER,
Old Post Office Building, corner Penn avenue and Spruce street.
SCRANTON, PA.

POULTRY AND GAME
OF ALL KINDS.

Maurice River Cove, Blue Point and Rockaway . . . **Oysters,**

CLAMS MEDIUM AND LITTLE NECK.

All kinds of Fresh Fish, Lobster, Hard Crabs, Escallops and Shrimps; at

PIERCE'S MARKET.

PENN AVENUE.

HORSE SHOEING.

HAVING purchased the stock and rented the Shoeing Forge of William Blume & Son, I shall now give constant attention to shoeing horses in a practical and scientific manner. Quick work and good is the motto.

JOHN HAMLIN,
DOCTOR OF VETERINARY SURGERY.

IF YOUR OLD BOOKS NEED FIXING, SEND THEM TO
The Scranton Tribune
Bookbinding Dept.

THAT WONDERFUL
WEBER
TONE IS FOUND ONLY IN THE
WEBER PIANO

GUERNSEY BROTHERS, 224 WYOMING AVE.