, OF NATURALIZATION

What the Federal and State Law Is on This Subject.

CONGRESS WILL HAVE TO ACT

Governor-elect Oates, of Alabama, Explains Why His Bill to Secure Uniformity Should Pass—The Record in Lackawanna County Up to Date.

The abuses which have during the past few days characterized the operations of naturalization court in this county and in Luzerne—abuses equally distributed, we should guess, between the two political parties, although disgraceful to both—have renewed attention to the law upon this important subject of naturalization. The laws alike of state and nation are plain and explicit, and no judge of ordinary comprehension could possibly err as to his duty. The following is the text of the law of the nation defining who may be naturalized and how it may be done:

"He shall, at the time of his application to be admitted, declare on oath, before some one of the courts above specified, that he will suport the constitution of the United States, and that he absolutely and entirely renounces and abjures all allegiance and fidelity to every foreign prince, potentate, state or sovereignty, and particularly by name to the prince, potentate, state or sovereignty of which he was before a citizen or subject, which proceeding shall be recorded by the court. It shall appear to the satisfaction of the court admitting such alien that he has resided within the United States five years at least, and within the state or territory, where such court is at the time held, one year at least, and that during that time he has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same; but the oath of the applicant shall in no case be allowed to prove his residence."

The national law is thus emphatic that the court must satisfy itself not only as to the residence of the alien, but as to the character of the man who proposes to acquire the priceless boom of American citizenship. The judge is required by the law to fully satisfy himself that the applicant for citizenship "has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same."

The State Law.

On the same subject the law of our state, enacted Jan. 30, 1874, is even more emphatic in requring the careful scrutiny of applicants for naturalization. The following is the text of the law:

"If any prothonotary, clerk or the deputy of either, or any other person shall affix the seal of any court to any naturalization paper, or permit the same to be affixed, or give out, or cause or permit such naturalization paper to be given out in blank, whereby it may be fraudently used, or furnish a naturalization certificate to any person, who shall not have been duly examined and sworn in open court in the presence of some of the judges thereof, according to the act of congress, or shall aid in, connive at or in any way permit the issue of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

Congress Failed to Act.

An effort was made at the last session of congress to strengthen the federal provisions touching this subject. Governor-elect Oates, of Alabama, who, as a particular champion of this reform, in the last three congresses thoroughly mastered the details of the subject, framed a bill which the house judiciary committe favorably reported, but in the flurry and crush incident to adjournment the Oates measure went over until a more favorable opportunity. Speaking of the matter, Mr. Oates said: "Our naturalization laws are exceedingly loose and uncertain, especially in the matter of negligence on the part of a great many of the courts, which now have the right to naturalize aliens. An investigation by the judiciary committee brought many glaring abuses on the subject to light. If it is worth anything to be an American citizen then the law should be amended so that citizenship shall be restricted to persons worthy of the honor.

"The greatest abuses have grown out of the fact that under our present law an alien may readily declare his intention to become a citizen, and in most of the states he is readily endowed with all or very nearly all the privileges of a citizen. And in many cases persons who have thus declared their intention to become voters neglect to take out final papers of naturalization. The bill before the house reported from the judiciary committee restricted naturalization to the federal courts of the United States and to a sufficient number of state courts of record, courts which have a clerk and a seal.

Judges Not Thought Necessary.

"In some of the state courts that have been entrusted with the jurisdiction under the present law, subordinate officers have gone forward with the process of naturalization without even the presence of a judge. In one of the investigations we conducted on this subject, we found that in one of the courts of the city of Brooolyn there existed without the knowledge of the judge, a sort of secret organization engaged in the business of making citizens for pay.

"These court subordinates had control of the seal of the court and the forms of certificates, and would for $25 make any man a full fledged citizen three days after he arrived in this country. These abuses grow out of the provision of the law which allows this declaration of intention on the part of the alien. The bill before the house would have had no retroactive effort but it provides on its passage that five years residence and good behavior in this country should be necessary to entitle anyone to naturalization.

"The bill provided that a man after he had resided five years and should have filed a petition in proper form setting forth his claim under the provisions of the bill, in a court having jurisdiction, giving particulars as to age, nativity, residence, etc., that he is not an Anarchist or a polygamist, and has never been convicted of a felonious offense, or any crime involving moral turpitude, and when that is done the United States district attorney shall be notified by the clerk and shall deny the allegations so as to make it incumbent on the applicant to produce proof. If the proof is sufficient and satisfies the judge he makes an order or decree admitting persons to naturalization, and there is an end of it.

To Prevent Fraud.

"The bill is so drawn as to prevent fraud and imposition, and at the same time to allow every worthy alien to be admitted to American citizenship. I would like to see the bill amended so as to require each court when it admitted a man to naturalization to send a certificate of the fact to the state department, where it should be filed for future use. Mr. Bayard when secretary of state advocated such an amendment to the law and I am in favor of it. But because it would involve some additional expense it met with opposition in the house and was left out of the pending bill. The practice of imposing on the courts to obtain naturalization, and in some places a practice participated in by political parties when elections are impending, of mustering up great crowds and hordes of these foreigners, many of whom are too ignorant to know even who the president of the United States is, and running them through some sort of a naturalization mill, and taking them like driven cattle to the polls and voting them, is something which ought not to be tolerated in this great American republic of ours.

"I noticed not long ago that in an examination in one of the New York courts an applicant for citizenship stated that George Washington was now the president of the United States. My bill provides that one of the qualifications of citizenship shall be that the applicant must be able to read the constitution of the United States in some language, either English or his own native tongue. That is about as low a standard as we can fix."

Need of Immigration Sifting.

Mr. Oates then went on to say that he hoped an immigration bill would become a law before congress adjourned. Speaking on this subject he said: "I am in favor, and always have been in favor, of laws regulating immigration so as to exclude unworthy persons landing in the United States. The evils of our loose system of naturalization, as well as of our inefficient immigration laws are shown by the last census returns. Taking the penitentiary convicts of the United States and excluding colored persons, and there are more convicts foreign born than native born. In the charitable institutions there are nearly as many foreign born inmates as native born. In almshouses and poor houses, 41 per cent. of the inmates are of foreign birth. These figures do not prove that immigration to this country is undesirable, but they do prove that a great many immigrants have been coming here in recent years who ought to have been kept out.

"The testimony taken by the Ford investigating committee some years ago shows that 75 per cent. of all the inmates of the lunatic asylums and poor houses of the states which that committee examined were of foreign birth. The name 'American citizen' should be esteemed as that of a 'Roman' when Rome was the mistress of the world. Such pride can never be felt by our foreign-born citizens, with few exceptions, until the process of conferring this great boon upon an alien is attended with more solemnity and scrutinized more closely than at present.

"In New York, according to the latest census there were 63,169 foreign-born citizens over 21 years of age who could not speak the English language, and who had not then become citizens, but who have probably reached that stage by this time."

Congress Slow to Act.

There is small probability that the naturalization bill, pending an important election, will receive any consideration from the house. The committee on suffrage of the New York constitutional convention recently agreed upon a provision requiring a residence of sixty days after naturalization before a new citizen can be entitled to vote. That committee also had before it a proposition that a representative of the state should be detailed from the district attorney's office to look after persons who present themselves in a state court and apply for naturalization papers. This latter provision is similar to the one in the Oates bill. That requiring a residence of sixty days after naturalization before a new citizen can be entitled to vote, will be offered as an amendment to the bill when it comes up in the house, if it ever does again.

The Situation in Lackawanna.

Commenting upon the local aspect of this question not long ago the Olyphant Gazette said: "Statistics show a wonderful increase in citizenship in the coal regions within a few years. The increase in Lackawanna county, since 1892, is said to be 15,000, due to the rapid increase in population of non-English-speaking foreigners. Close observers say that our courts could assist in purifying the ballot box if they guarded against issuing citizens' papers to none but competent persons. There is a growing disposition among several judges throughout the state, to exercise the discretion allowed them by the naturalization laws. Judges Schuyler, of Northhampton, Yerkes, of Bucks, and Craig, of Carbon, have taken a possitive stand on this question and decline to issue papers to applicants who do not possess the necessary requirements. Besides the residence qualification, the statutes provide that applicants must be men of good moral character who are attached to the constitution of the United States.

"A certain class of aliens, who do not understand the language and who never saw the constitution of the United States, are naturalized in our courts every year. How can these men be attached to the constitution when they can neither read nor understand it? The majority of them know absolutely nothing of the principles upon which this government is formed, and do not care to learn. They are simply driven to the courts in charge of ward politicians and interpreters, secure papers which give them the right to vote as the politicians direct, and that's all. Such men as these should not be granted the privilege to vote and perhaps decide elections until they understand what they are doing. They should first learn the language of the country and imbibe some little knowledge of our institutions before acquiring the right of citizenship. No doubt the majority of them will in time become good citizens. But at present the courts should exercise the greatest care in passing upon the applications of men who don't know what they apply for."

OCTOBER.

When comrades seek sweet country haunts
O suns and skies and clouds of June,
And flowers of June together,
Ye cannot rival for one hour
October's bright blue weather;
When loud the bumble-bee makes haste,
Belated, thriftless vagrant,
And goldenrod is dying fast,
And lanes with grapes are fragrant;
When gentians roll their fringes tight,
To save them for the morning,
And chestnuts fall from satin burrs
Without a sound of warning;
When on the ground red apples lie
In piles like jewels shining,
And redder still on old stone walls
Are leaves of woodbine twining;
When all the lovely wayside things
Their white-winged seeds are sowing,
And in the fields, still green and fair,
Late aftermaths are growing;
When springs run low, and on the brooks,
In idle, golden freighting,
Bright leaves sift noiseless in the hush
Of woods, for winter waiting.
When comrades seek sweet country haunts,
By twos and twos together,
And count like misers, hour by hour,
October's bright blue weather.
O suns and skies and flowers of June,
Count all your boasts together,
Love loveth best of all the year
October's bright blue weather.

—Helen Hunt Jackson.

JAPANESE LULLABY.

Sleep, little pigeon, and fold your wings—
Little blue pigeon with velvet eyes;
Sleep to the singing of mother bird swinging—
Swinging the nest where the little one lies.
Away out yonder I see a star—
Silvery star with a tinkling song;
To the soft dew falling I hear it calling—
Calling and tinkling all the night long.
In through the window a moonbeam comes—
Little gold moonbeam with misty wings;
All silently creeping, it asks: "Is he sleeping—
Sleeping and dreaming while mother sings?"
Up from the sea there floats the sob
Of the waves that are breaking upon the shore,
As though they were groaning in anguish and moaning—
Bemoaning the ship that shall come no more.
But sleep, little pigeon, and fold your wings—
Little blue pigeon with mournful eyes,
Am I not singing?—see, I am swinging—
Swinging the nest where my darling lies.

—Eugene Field in Chicago Record.

It Was Discouraging.

From the Detroit Tribune.

The cannibal who lingered at the landing sneered.

"The poor," he exclaimed, petulantly, "are always with us."

He recalled with sorrow that missionary thus far had been gaunt and bony, and observed with bitterness that the latest arrival was no exception.

NEWS OF THE CYCLERS.

One of the grandest schemes ever proposed to boom cycling is the cycling path from Boston to Chicago. It is perfectly feasible and may be an actual fact within a few years.

Le Veloce says that the prizes at the races at Sevres (Alpes-Maritimes) consisted of: Principal race, first prize, the finest hen in the country; second prize, six new-laid eggs.

Owing to the carelessness of cyclists, Mayor Schieren, of Brooklyn, has revoked the permit allowing them to use the footpaths in Prospect park between 7 and 9 o'clock.

Bicycling has brought lots of business to men in various lines of trade. The livery stable men, however, have suffered heavily by the popularity of the wheel, and their tale of woe is long and loud.

Joey Schofield and Tommy Relph, both of whom have made records in finishing "second to the bunch" in the country, are reported to have ridden a flying start mile on a tandem in 1.41 1-5—and on the road, too, in England. They used a 76-inch gear.

Pittsburg's clubs are arranging for a mass meeting of wheelmen to take action regarding proposed ordinances restricting the use of the bicycle, and to protest against any legislation which may be considered prejudicial to their interests.

A new cause of complaint against the much-abused cyclist has been discovered by one Daniel Button, an English cycler, who is under the impression that thirty men on bicycles pursue him through the night. He therefore goes armed with a revolver and a short iron poker, and has appealed to the Southampton police force for protection.

It is strange, says an English cycling paper, that the royal blood of England should almost entirely taboo the cycle when nearly every other European line enraptured with it. The king of the Belgians is a well-known rider and then we have the little Queen Wilhelmina, the czarewitz, Princess Waldemar and Carl of Denmark, the Princes George and Nicholas of Greece. Even the khedive of Egypt has his silver-plated bicycle.

It is an open question whether cycling will maintain its hold upon the affections of the fickle French public, but now, at all events, the interest in it is all absorbing. In Paris it supports two daily morning papers, Le Velo, with a circulation of 20,000 copies guaranteed, and Paris Velo, which also has a very large number of readers, to say nothing of innumerable weekly organs. Every Paris daily paper (and there are over seventy) devotes some space to cyclisme, the cafe chantants all provide topical songs dealing with the prevailing craze.

NOTES OF THE TURF.

Allerton, 2.09¼, has a new performer in the 3-year-old, Prince Allerton, 2.28¾.

Nutwood gets another addition to his long 2.20 list in the stallion Mecca, 2.19¼.

Berwick Boy, 2.24½, by Pilot Medium, dropped dead in a race at Alliance, O., recently.

The same week that Magnolia lowered her record to 2.09¼ she also trotted a half mile track in 2.12¼.

The Pilot Medium 3-year-old B. B. P. trotted a mile in 2.10¾ at Lexington, Ky., in his work a few days ago.

Onoqua, by Keeler, has robbed Expressive of the 3-year-old filly race-record of the year by trotting in 2.11¼.

A trotter entered the 2.20 list out in Illinois last week that rejoices in the significant name of Bill of Expense.

The two 3-year-old pacers Whirligig, 2.10, and Ethel A., 2.10, are the two best ones of their age that have yet appeared.

C. M. Newton, of Hamburg, has a very promising yearling colt by Patchen Wilkes out of the dam of Ella Eddy, 2.12.

Directum's mile in 2.08¼ at Portland, Me., last week is the fastest mile the son of Director has made in public this year.

John Dickerson, who has been Budd Doble's first lieutenant for the past two years, will drive a public stable next year.

It is reported on seemingly good authority that M. E. McHenry will do all of Monroe Salisbury's race driving next year.

Rubenstein has reduced his record to 2.08 and will now attempt to capture the 4-year-old pacing stallion record from Online, 2.07¼.

The 3-year-old pacing colt, Sidmont, by Sidney, has reduced his record to 2.10½, which is now the fastest to the credit of a racing colt of this age.

The American half-mile and repeat running record was broken on the Valejo, Cal., track by Quirt, out of Trifle by Joe Hooker, owned by William Dixon. Her time was 0.47¼ and 0.47½.

Ralph Wilkes, 2.09½, seems to be the only rival Directum will have this fall in the struggle for the stallion championship and he is a possibility only on condition that he continues to improve as rapidly as he has done in the past few weeks.

William Shinners, the Buffalo trainer who developed Mascot, 2.04, and Billy S., 2.14½, has a 2-year-old colt in his stable that he thinks is the best colt he has ever handled. This colt is the chestnut colt Cracksman, by Red Wilkes, out of Buffalo Girl, 2.12½. Mr. Shinners let this fellow pace an eighth of a mile the other day in 17 seconds to a high-wheeled cart, and so easily did he do it that Mr. Shinners thinks he could have gone on and paced another eighth in the same time, making the quarter at a 2.16 gait.

Burdock Blood Bitters taken after eating will relieve any feeling of weight or over fulness of the stomach. Sold everywhere.

BASE BALL BRIEFS.

William Everett, of the Detroit team, and Catcher Donohue, of Kansas City, have been drafted by the Chicago club. Sam Dungan will also wear a Chicago uniform next season.

Hugh Duffy, of Boston, leads the National league in batting, with Thompson, of Philadelphia, a close second. Duffy's average is .431. The surprise in fielding is "Uncle" Anson's excellent showing. He leads the first basemen and the country in fielding with an average of .994. Quinn, St. Louis, leads the second basemen, although McPhee is easily the star of the league. He had 831 chances, against 672 for Quinn. Nash is at the head of the third basemen and Glasscock leads the shortstops. Fred Pfeffer is placed at the head of the list of shortstops, but the fact that he played only eighteen games in that position gives the honor to Glasscock. Weaver, of Louisville, leads the fielders with 9.85, but he participated in only thirty-four games. Griffin, of Brooklyn, is second with .969. Larry Twitchell, who played fifty-one games with Louisville, was second last with an average of .794. Esper, of Washington, now with Baltimore, was at the head of the pitchers with the remarkable average of 1.000. Cuppy, of Cleveland, was second.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Book free; pills 25c. At drugstores, or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal St., New York.

A WRECK

of the physical constitution often comes from unnatural, pernicious habits, contracted through ignorance or from excesses. Such habits result in loss of manly power, nervous exhaustion, nervous debility, impaired memory, low spirits, irritable temper, and a thousand and one derangements of mind and body. Epilepsy, paralysis, softening of the brain and even dread insanity sometimes result from such reckless self-abuse.

To reach, reclaim and restore such unfortunates to health and happiness, is the aim of the publishers of a book written in plain but chaste language, on the nature, symptoms and curability, by home treatment, of such diseases. This book will be sent sealed, in plain envelope, on receipt of ten cents in stamps to pay postage.

Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

AYLESWORTH'S
MEAT MARKET
The Finest in the City.

The latest improved furnishings and apparatus for keeping meat, butter and eggs.

223 Wyoming Ave.

DEXTER SHOE CO., Inc'p. Capital, $1,000,000. BEST $1.50 SHOE IN THE WORLD.
"A dollar saved is a dollar earned."
This Ladies' Solid French Dongola Kid Button Boot delivered free anywhere in the U.S., on receipt of Cash, Money Order, or Postal Note for $1.50. Equals every way the boots sold in all retail stores for $2.50. We make this boot ourselves, therefore we guarantee the fit, style and wear, and if any one is not satisfied we will refund the money or send another pair. Opera Toe or Common Sense, widths C, D, E, & EE, sizes 1 to 8 and half sizes. Send your size; we will fit you. Illustrated Catalogue FREE

DEXTER SHOE CO., 143 FEDERAL ST., BOSTON, MASS.
Special terms to Dealers.

SPRING HOUSE
HEART LAKE, Susq'a Co.
U. E. CROFUT.....Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE is strictly temperance, is new and well furnished and OPENED TO THE PUBLIC THE YEAR ROUND; is located midway between Montrose and Scranton, on the Montrose and Lackawanna Railroad, six miles from D., L. & W. R. R. at Alford Station, and five miles from Montrose; capacity, eighty-five; three minutes' walk from R. R. statoin

Good Boats, Fishing Tackle, Etc., Free to Guests.

Altitude about 2,000 feet, equaling in this respect the Adirondack and Catskill Mountains.

Fine groves, plenty of shade and beautiful scenery, making a Summer Resort unexcelled in beauty and cheapness.

Dancing pavilion, swings, croquet grounds, etc. Cold Spring Water and plenty of Milk.

Rates $7 to $10 per week. $1.50 per day

Excursion tickets sold at all stations on D., L. & W. lines.

Porter meets all trains.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 52 River St., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Matthews Bros., Druggist Scranton, Pa.

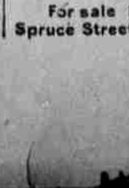
This Famous Remedy cures quickly and permanently all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Vitality, nightly emissions, evil dreams, impotency and wasting diseases caused by youthful errors or excesses. Contains no opiates. Is a nerve tonic and blood builder. Makes the pale and puny strong and plump. Easily carried in vest pocket. $1 per box; 6 for $5. By mail prepaid with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Write us for free medical book, sent sealed in plain wrapper, which contains testimonials and financial references. No charge for consultations. Beware of imitations. Sold by our advertised agents, or address NERVE SEED CO., Masonic Temple, Chicago.

SOLD IN SCRANTON, PA., H. C. SANDERSON WASHINGTON, COR. SPRUCE, DRUGGISTS.

For Delicacy,
For purity, and for improvement of the complexion, nothing equals POZZONI'S Powder.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS. The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILL ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies. Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. Send for circular. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., - Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by C. M. HARRIS, Druggist, 127 Penn Avenue.



EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get
Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills
They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by JOHN H. PHELPS, Pharmacist, cor. Wyoming Avenue and Spruce Street, Scranton, Pa.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Physicians and Surgeons.

DR. G. EDGAR DEAN HAS REMOVED to 616 Spruce sreet, Scranton, Pa. (Just opposite Court House square.)

DR. A. J. CONNELL, OFFICE 201 Washington avenue, cor. Spruce street, over Francke's drug store. Residence, 722 Vine st. Office hours: 10.30 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 and 6.30 to 7.30 p. m. Sunday, 2 to 3 p. m.

DR. W. E. ALLEN, OFFICE COR. LACKAWANNA and Washington aves.; over Leonard's shoe store; office hours, 10 to 12 a. m. and 3 to 4 p. m.; evenings at residence, 512 N. Washington avenue.

DR. C. L. FREY, PRACTICE LIMITED diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat; office, 122 Wyoming ave. Residence, 529 Vine street.

DR. L. M. GATES, 125 WASHINGTON avenue. Office hours, 8 to 9 a. m., 1.30 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence 309 Madison avenue.

JOHN L. WENTZ, M. D., OFFICES 52 and 53 Commonwealth building; residence 711 Madison ave.; office hours, 10 to 12, 2 to 4, 7 to 8; Sundays 2.30 to 4, evenings at residence. A specialty made of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat and gynecology.

DR. KAY, 206 PENN AVE.; 1 to 3 p. m.; call 2062. Dis. of women, obstetrice and and dis. of chil.

Lawyers.

J. M. C. RANCK'S LAW AND COLlection office, No. 317 Spruce st., opposite Forest House, Scranton, Pa.; collections a specialty throughout Pennsylvania; reliable correspondents in every county.

JESSUPS & HAND, ATTORNEYS AND Counsellors at law, Commonwealth building, Washington avenue. W. H. JESSUP, HORACE E. HAND, W. H. JESSUP, JR.

WILLARD, WARREN & KNAPP, ATtorneys and Counsellors at Law, Republican building, Washington avenue, Scranton, Pa.

PATTERSON & WILCOX, ATTORneys and Counsellors at Law; offices 6 and 8 Library building, Scranton, Pa. ROSWELL H. PATTERSON, WILLIAM A. WILCOX.

ALFRED HAND, WILLIAM J. HAND, Attorneys and Counsellors, Commonwealth building. Rooms 19, 20 and 21.

W. F. BOYLE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Nos. 19 and 20, Burr building, Washington avenue.

HENRY M. SEELEY—LAW OFFICES in Price building, 126 Washington ave.

FRANK T. OKELL, ATTORNEY-AT-Law. Room 5, Coal Exchange, Scranton, Pa.

MILTON W. LOWRY, C. H. VON Storch, Attorneys, 227 Washington avenue, Court House square.

JAMES W. OAKFORD, ATTORNEY-at-Law, rooms 63, 64 and 65, Commonwealth building.

SAMUEL W. EDGAR, ATTORNEY-AT-Law. Office, 317 Spruce st., Scranton, Pa.

L. A. WATRES, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 423 Lackawanna ave., Scranton, Pa.

P. P. SMITH, COUNSELLOR AT LAW. Office rooms, 54, 55 and 56 Commonwealth building.

C. R. PITCHER, ATTORNEY-AT-law, Commonwealth building, Scranton, Pa.

C. COMEGYS, 321 SPRUCE STREET.

D. B. REPLOGLE, ATTORNEY—LOANS negotiated on real estate security. 408 Spruce street.

B. F. KILLAM, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 120 Wyoming ave., Scranton, Pa.

Schools.

SCHOOL OF THE LACKAWANNA, Scranton, Pa., prepares boys and girls for college or business; thoroughly trains young children. Catalogue at request. Opens September 10. REV. THOMAS M. CANN, WALTER H. BUELL.

MISS WORCESTER'S KINDERGARten and Schol, 412 Adams avenue. Pupils received at all times. Next term will open September 10.

Dentists.

DR. WILLIAM A. TAFT—SPECIALTY in porcelain, crown and bridge work, Odontothreapia. Office 104 North Washington avenue.

C. C. LAUBACH, SURGEON DENTist, No. 115 Wyoming avenue.

R. M. STRATTON, OFFICE COAL EXchange.

Loans.

THE REPUBLIC SAVINGS AND Loan Association wil loan you money on easier terms and pay you better on investment than any other association. Call on S. N. Callender, Dime Bank building

Seeds.

G. R. CLARK & CO., SEEDSMEN AND Nurserymen; store 146 Washington avenue; green house, 1350 North Main avenue, store telephone 782.

Teas.

GRAND UNION TEA CO., JONES BROS.

Wire Screens.

JOS. KUETTEL, 515 LACKAWANNA avenue, Scranton, Pa., manufacturer of Wire Screens.

Hotels and Restaurants.

THE ELK CAFE, 125 and 127 FRANKlin avenue. Rates reasonable. P. ZIEGLER, Proprietor.

WESTMINSTER HOTEL, W. G. SCHENCK, Manager. Sixteenth st., one block east of Broadway, at Union Square, New York. American plan, $3.50 per day and upward.

SCRANTON HOUSE, near D., L. & W. passenger depot. Conducted on the European plan. VICTOR KOCH, Prop.

Architects.

DAVIS & VON STORCH, ARCHITECTS. Rooms 24, 25 and 26, Commonwealth building, Scranton.

E. L. WALTER, ARCHITECT. OFFICE rear of 605 Washington avenue.

F. L. BROWN, ARCH. B. ARCHITECT, Price building, 126 Washington avenue, Scranton.

Miscellaneous.

BAUER'S ORCHESTRA—MUSIC FOR balls, picnics, parties, receptions, weddings and concert work furnished. For terms address R. J. Bauer, conductor, 117 Wyoming avenue, over Hulbert,s music store.

HORTON D. SWARTS—WHOLESALE lumber, Price building, Scranton, Pa.

MEGARGEE BROTHERS, PRINTERS' supplies, envelopes, paper bags, twine. Warehouse, 130 Washington ave., Scranton, Pa.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES FOR SALE at 1533 Capouse avenue. D. L. FOOTE, Agent.

FRANK P. BROWN & CO., WHOLEsale dealers in Woodware, Cordage and Oil cloth, 720 West Lackawanna ave.

MT. PLEASANT
COAL
AT RETAIL.
Coal of the best quality for domestic use, and of all sizes, delivered in any part of the city at lowest price.
Orders left at my Office
NO. 118 WYOMING AVENUE,
Rear room, first floor, Third National Bank, or sent by mail or telephone to the mine, will receive prompt attention.
Special contracts will be made for the sale and delivery of Buckwheat Coal.
WM. T. SMITH.

RAILROAD TIME-TABLES

Central Railroad of New Jersey.
(Lehigh and Susquehanna Division)

Anthracite coal used exclusively, insuring cleanliness and comfort.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 20, 1894.

Trains leave Scranton for Pittston, Wilkes-Barre, etc., at 8.20, 9.15, 11.30 a.m., 12.50, 2.00, 3.30, 5.00, 7.25, 11.05 p.m. Sundays, 9.00 a.m., 1.00, 2.15, 7.10 p.m.

For Atlantic City, 8.20 a.m.

For New York, Newark and Elizabeth, 8.20 (express) a.m., 12.50 (express with Buffet parlor car) 3.30 (express) p.m. Sunday, 2.15 p.m.

For Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton and Philadelphia, 8.20 a.m., 12.50, 3.30, 5.00 (except Philadelphia) p.m. Sunday, 2.15 p.m.

For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc., at 8.20 a.m., 12.50 p.m.

For Reading, Lebanon and Harrisburg, via Allentown, 8.20 a.m., 12.50, 5.00 p.m. Sunday, 2.15 p.m.

For Pottsville, 8.20 a.m., 12.50 p.m.

Returning, leave New York, foot of Liberty street, North river, at 9.10 (express) a.m., 1.10, 1.30, 4.30 (express with Buffet parlor car) p.m. Sunday, 4.30 a.m.

Leave Philadelphia, Reading Terminal, 9.00 a.m., 2.00 and 4.30 p.m. Sunday, 6.27 a.m.

Through tickets to all points at lowest rates may be had on application in advance to the ticket agent at the station.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agent.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

Lehigh Valley Railroad.

MAY 13, 1894.

Train leaves Scranon for Philadelphia and New York via D. & H. R. R. at 7.45 a.m., 12.05, 2.38 and 11.38 p.m. via D., & W. R. R., 6.00, 8.08, 11.20 a.m., and 1.30 p.m.

Leave Scranton for Pittston and Wilkes-Barre, via D., L. & W. R. R., 6.00, 8.08, 11.20 a.m., 1.30, 2.50 6.07, 8.50 p.m.

Leave Scranton for White Haven, Hazleton, Pottsville and all points on the Beaver Meadow and Pottsville branches, via E. & W. V., 6.40 a.m., via D. & H. R. R. at 7.45 a.m., 12.05, 2.38, 4.00 p.m. via D., L. & W. R. R., 6.00, 8.08, 11.20 a.m., 1.30, 2.50 p.m.

Leave Scranton for Bethlehem, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg and all intermediate points via D. & H. R. R. 7.45 a.m., 12.05, 2.38, 11.38 p.m., via D., L. & W. R. R., 6.00, 8.08, 11.20 a.m., 1.30 p.m.

Leave Scranton for Tunkhannock, Towanda, Elmira, Ithaca, Geneva and all intermediate points via D. & H. R. R. 8.45 a.m., 12.05 and 11.35 p.m., via D., L. & W. R. R., 8.08 a.m., 1.30 p.m.

Leave Scranton for Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago and all points west via D. & H. R. R., 8.45 a.m., 12.05, 9.15, 11.38 p.m., via D., & W. R. R. and Pittston Junction, 8.08 a.m., 1.30, 3.50 p.m., via E. & W. V. R. R., 3.41 p.m.

For Elmira and the west via Salamanca, via D. & H. R. R., 8.45 a.m., 12.05, 6.05 p.m., via D., L. & W. R. R., 8.08 a.m., 1.30, and 6.07 p.m.

Pullman parlor and sleeping or L. V. chair cars on all trains between L. & B. Junction or Wilkes-Barre and New York, Philadelphia, Buffalo and Suspension Bridge.

ROLLIN H. WILBUR, Gen. Supt.
CHAS. S. LEE, Gen. Pass. Ag't, Phila., Pa.
A. W. NONNEMACHER, Asst. Gen. Pass. Ag't, South Bethlehem, Pa.

"The Road of a Thousand Wonders"
DELAWARE AND HUDSON RAILROAD.

Commencing Monday, day, July 30, all trains will arrive at new Lackawanna avenue station as follows:

Trains will leave Scranton station for Carbondale and intermediate points at 2.20, 5.45, 7.00, 8.25 and 10.10 a.m., 12.00, 2.20, 3.55, 5.15, 6.15, 7.25, 9.10 and 11.30 p.m.

For Farview, Waymart and Honesdale at 7.00, 8.25 and 10.10 a.m., 12.00, 2.20 and 5.15 p.m.

For Albany, Saratoga, the Adirondacks and Montreal at 5.45 a.m. and 2.20 p.m.

For Wilkes-Barre and intermediate points at 7.45, 8.45, 9.38 and 10.45 a.m., 12.05, 1.20, 2.38, 4.00, 5.10, 6.05, 9.15 and 11.38 p.m.

Trains will arrive at Scranton station from Carbondale and intermediate points at 7.40, 8.40, 9.34 and 10.40 a.m., 12.00, 1.17, 2.34, 3.40, 4.54, 5.55, 7.45, 9.11 and 11.33 p.m.

From Honesdale, Waymart and Farview at 9.34 a.m., 12.00, 1.17, 3.40, 5.55 and 7.45 p.m.

From Montreal, Saratoga, Albany, etc., at 4.54 and 11.33 p.m.

From Wilkes-Barre and intermediate points at 2.15, 8.04, 10.05 and 11.55 a.m., 1.16, 2.14, 3.39, 5.10, 6.08, 7.20, 9.03 and 11.16 p.m.

Del., Lack. and Western.

Trains leave Scranton as follows: Express for New York and all points East, 1.40, 2.50, 5.15, 8.00 and 9.55 a.m.; 12.55 and 3.50 p.m.

Express for Easton, Trenton, Philadelphia and the south, 5.15, 8.00 and 9.55 a.m., 12.55 and 3.50 p.m.

Washington and way stations, 3.55 p.m.

Tobyhanna accommodation, 6.10 p.m.

Express for Binghamton, Oswego, Elmira, Corning, Bath, Dansville, Mount Morris and Buffalo, 12.10, 2.15 a.m. and 1.24 p.m., making close connections at Buffalo to all points in the West, Northwest and Southwest.

Bath accommodation, 9 a.m.

Binghamton and way stations, 12.37 p.m.

Nicholson accommodation, at 4 p.m. and 6.10 p.m.

Binghamton and Elmira Express, 6.05 p.m.

Express for Cortland, Syracuse, Oswego Utica and Richfield Springs, 2.15 a.m. and 1.24 p.m.

Ithaca, 2.15 and Bath 9 a.m. and 1.24 p.m.

For Northumberland, Pittston, Wilkes-Barre, Plymouth, Bloomsburg and Danville, making close connections at Northumberland for Williamsport, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington and the South.

Northumberland and intermediate stations, 6.00, 9.55 a.m. and 1.30 and 6.07 p.m.

Nanticoke and intermediate stations, 8.08 and 11.20 a.m. Plymouth and intermediate stations, 3.50 and 8.52 p.m.

Pullman parlor and sleeping coaches on all express trains

For detailed information, pocket time tables, etc., apply to M. L. Smith, city ticket office, 328 Lackawanna avenue, or depot ticket office.

Erie and Wyoming Valley.

Trains leave Scranton for New York and intermediate points on the Erie railroad at 6.35 a.m. and 324 p.m. Also for Honesdale, Hawley and local points at 6.35, 9.05 a.m., and 3.24 p.m.

All the above are through trains to and from Honesdale.

An additional train leaves Scranton for Lake Ariel at 5.10 p. m. and arrives at Scranton from the Lake at 7.45 p.m

Trains leave for Wilkes-Barre at 6.40 a. m. and