

THE dreaded pneumonia or "grippe" is relegated to the rear, and "Old Sol" with his penetrating rays is a constant reminder that we are candidates for Summer Attire.

Underwear

Exceptional values in this department. Goods were bought at clearing manufacturers' prices. Lisle Thread Vests in white, ecru and colors. Balbriggan Vests, Fashionable Ribbed Vests, Finest Egyptian Yarns, Gosamer Vests and in varieties—Novelty and staple.

Ginghams

The printings on Ginghams are recognized by all connoisseurs as the highest art in textile Dress Goods. Sweet Silk Ginghams, Pin Head and Shepherd's Checks. Solid colors in fancy shades, stripes and plaids, in wonderful varieties.

Hosiery

In these days of improvement and perfection we should follow the times. The "lat-st" costs no more than the time worn. Knit thread, black staples. All the improvements in soles and heels.

Corset Department

Contains a complete assortment of all the leading makes, including all the grades of ventilated and summer weight Corsets at selling prices.

Laces

For trimmings, for draperies, and for all uses this lovely fabric can be put to, we have in abundance.

Things

That are seldom written about, but needed just the same. We pay just as much attention to buying them right as we do expensive goods.

Silk Twist, Sewing Silk, Embroidered Silk, Batting Cotton, Cotton, Linen Thread, Bone Casing, Belting, Skirt Braid, Velvet Binding, Prussian Binding, Taffeta Binding, Darning Wool, Darning Cotton, Carpet Thread, Macrame Cord, Corset Laces, Silk Corset Laces, Shoe Laces, Covered Dress Straps, Horn Bone, Corset Stays, Garter Elastic, Silk Elastic, Hooks and Eyes, India Tape, rolls of Tape, Pins, Hat Pins, Black Kid Combs, Hairpins, Hairpins, Silk Tassels, Needle Cases, Shoe Buttons, Bone Buttons, Collar Buttons.

If you wish to be well and fashionably dressed TRADE AT OUR STORE. If you wish to save money, come to us first.

GORMAN'S GRAND DEPOT ELMHURST.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Innes and Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCrainey, of Bodine, have been visiting friends in this place the past week.

Miss Ella Reynolds, of Elmira, N. Y., is visiting Miss Jennie Dunning.

Miss Helen and Miss Snyder will attend the International Christian Endeavor convention at Cleveland, O.

Rev. E. McLean will leave today for Lyons Falls, N. Y., to be present and take part in the dedication of the First Presbyterian church of that place.

A. B. Clay is making improvements on his property on the West Side.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Merrill, of Cambridge, Mass., have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Hanwood.

Horace J. Cooper, of Nicholson, spent a few hours of the Fourth visiting relatives here.

Miss Lottie Clay is confined to her home with symptoms of typhoid fever.

TAYLOR. The entertainment and festival which the Methodist Episcopal church has been arranging will take place next Thursday evening. Great pains have been taken to make the entertainment one of the finest of its kind ever given in Taylor. Miss Mollie Tracy Weston, a recent graduate of the Philadelphia School of Oratory, has been prevailed upon to assist, as has Miss Blanche Ward, whom the people of Taylor all know. The choir have arranged a number of pieces which will be rendered in the excellent manner for which the organization is noted. After the entertainment a bill of fare will be presented calculated to stimulate the most sluggish appetite. Clams, steamed or baked, will be among the numbers on the menu.

MOTHER! MOTHER! MOTHER!!! Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

PRICEBURG. The new Presbyterian church in Dickson is almost completed. It is one of the prettiest structures in town.

William Wilson, of Lincoln street, has returned home after a few days' recreation at Niagara Falls.

The members of John Wesley Castle, Knights of Golden Eagle, had their photographs taken last week.

Michael and John Mullin, who have been spending the past week with friends in New York, returned home on Friday night.

Extensive improvements are being made at the Central. The large hall is now one of the best for lodge meetings.

Criticizing a Young Lady. "She would be a pretty girl for but one thing."

"What's that?" asked Charley. "George—Her face is always covered with purple and red blotches."

Charley—Oh, that's easily enough disposed of. Used to be the same way myself, but I caught on to the trouble one day, and got rid of it in no time.

George—What was it? Charley—Simply blood impurities. Took a short course of P. P. P. I tell you, it's the best blood corrector. The governor had rheumatism, and the only way you could bear him better clear across the country every time he moved. He tried it, and you know what an athletic old ruff he is now. If somebody would give Miss Daisy a pointer, she would thank them after wards. All the drug stores sell it.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

KNIGHTS OF THE FLAMBEAU ARE STILL ACTIVE

Concluded from Page 1.

work until day break. Nearly twenty cars standing on the tracks of half a dozen different railroads surrounding the packing houses had been destroyed during the night. All night long troops of United States cavalry and artillery patrolled the streets between Thirty-seventh and Fifty-fifth streets in this district. During the early hours of the morning a company of cavalry paraded along Michigan avenue from Thirty-fifth street south to Fifty-fifth street protecting the rich resident houses on the boulevard.

PRINTERS' INK THICKLY APPLIED.

Chicago Compositors Petition the President in Lurid Words.

CHICAGO, July 8.—Every morning and evening paper in Chicago printed in the English language, together with all the job printing houses of the city were represented at the meeting of the International Typographical union held in Greenbaum's hall this afternoon. It was the largest meeting of the union printers in Chicago in the history of the organization. An additional effect was given to its action by the presence, for the first time, of a committee from the German branches. The most important action taken by the meeting was the adoption of the following address to President Cleveland, and which was read to Washington at 2 o'clock to-night:

President of the United States, executive mansion, Washington, D. C. Dear Sir: Chicago Typographical union No. 16 in special meeting assembled appeals to you and your cabinet to cease its spoliation by federal arms the corporations, drunken to intolerance as they are, with the wife of special privilege, that you prove yourself worthy to take rank in the hearts of the people with the great emancipator, Abraham Lincoln, and be the second chief executive of this republic to throw about the weak and oppressed the strong arm of that government which should be their guide and strength.

The cause of liberty and patriotism is dying; the only hope of a free government, its working people, are having the chains of poverty forged stronger and stronger about them by the oligarchy of corporation slave drivers that has replaced the oligarchy of slave owners.

We appealed to the ballot box and won the victory; we have been robbed of the fruits of that victory by the servants we should represent; we, too, having become drunk with the wine of special privilege—drank from golden goblets of the corporations.

We appeal to you as the head of that government which we would love to call our government, and are determined we shall call you our government; we appeal to you to point us to our star of hope in the political firmament that our government can be reclaimed to us from corporate rule without the arbitrament of the sword.

We appeal to you to refuse longer to drink of the poisonous cup that is now being held to your lips. It is the cup of corporation greed and makes rebels and tyrants of those who drink of its contents.

We appeal to you to not let this government, created by the people and for the people, perish from the earth, and on its ruins to establish a government by corporations and for corporations. Yours respectfully, JAMES GRIFPIN, President C. T. U.

THE MEN FAILED TO COME

Striking Pullman Employees Neglect to Keep an Appointment.

CHICAGO, July 8.—Vice President Wickes, in accordance with his promise to Vice President Lawrence, of the Safe Deposit company, appeared at his office in the Pullman building at noon today, ready to talk over the situation with a committee of ex-Pullman employees. No committee called on him, however, and after waiting an hour and a half he closed his office and went home.

When Mr. Wickes at 1:30 o'clock had given up any thought of the conference today, he was willing to see the men, but had declined to see representatives of the American Railway union, or any other organization. As to what might result from a conference I cannot say. We are willing to hear what the men have to say, but the company has not come any change of attitude as to the strike.

It was reported that President Debs, of the American Railway union, might be at the conference, but the impression around Dulich's hall this morning was that neither he nor any other of the officers of the union had any intention of going.

Vice President Howard said: "The only reason Wickes consented even to treat with the men was because he had been informed by the mediator that the strikers were ready to surrender. Under the circumstances of course he was willing to confer. I have no doubt that the conference will accomplish anything."

TYPOS TO THE FRONT.

They Applaud Debs and Want Government to Own Railroads.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Typographical union No. 6 today adopted the following resolution: RESOLVED—That Typographical union No. 6 heartily sympathizes with the Pullman strikers and with the sympathetic strike of the American Railway union, and urges President Debs to stand firm until the Pullman company agrees to arbitrate, and further:

Resolved—That we demand the government to assume control of all railways as a means of preventing further strikes.

ALARMED AT LOS ANGELES.

Business Men There Protest Against Withdrawal of Troops.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The strike situation in California is giving the officials much concern, and the failure to receive any information from that state today did not bring conviction

THIS HAS THE RIGHT RING.

Governor Matthews, of Indiana, Wants Law Enforced to the Letter. HAMMOND, Ind., July 8.—Shortly after midnight the mob of strikers here after a series of depredations, the like of which never before has been witnessed in this city. Fifteen cars were overturned on the Chicago and Calumet between here and East Chicago, six on the Michigan Central and two on the Nickel Plate. One Pullman car on the Monon was set on fire and badly scorched. The three train cars held by the mob there is not an unbroken pane of glass left.

At 10 o'clock this morning a Monon train pulled in from Chicago. As it stopped at the depot the strikers demanded the engineer and fireman to step out, while the train was being held. Word was at once sent to Chicago for assistance, and at 11:30 a company of regulars numbering about thirty-five men was unloaded here. The strikers at once proceeded to where the Monon train was being held. All sorts of hoots and hisses were hurled at them as they marched to the hold-up train.

At 12:30 another train was sent out from Chicago composed of empty passenger cars. No sooner had the train stopped here than the cry of "scab" and "pull him off" went up. A few of the United States regulars who cleared the way and allowed the last train to push the cars from the first train to the engine. At 2 o'clock Sheriff Fredericks received the following message from Governor Matthews:

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 8. Charles H. Fredericks, Sheriff: Large force of state militia to be at Hammond this evening to co-operate with federal troops ordered. They come to give you earnest support to enforce law. Will cooperate with regulars on your part to make their coming fully effective. Soldiers leave with positive orders to maintain order at all hazards. In case of failure of whole militia force is necessary. CLAUDE MATTHEWS, Governor.

While the federal troops were at State Line at 8 o'clock, strikers tore up nearly a mile of track on the Monon just south of the city.

SITUATION IN THIS CITY.

Local Railroad Employees Do Not Look with Favor on the Present Troubles in the West.

Although rumor after rumor has been afloat about the city since Saturday to the effect that there would be a sympathy strike of all the eastern roads running to Buffalo, including the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, it is pleasing to note that none of the rumors appear to have any substantial foundation in fact.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western employees are well treated, and are mainly satisfied with their lot. Those with whom a TRIBUNE reporter discussed the situation during the past few days declared that they will not be drawn into the strike, which is just now convulsing the west. They declare that they are not affiliated in any way with the American Railway union, and have no grievance that would induce them to strike.

General Manager Blasted they said has always given their grievances, when presented to him, a fair consideration. They appreciate the treatment they have received and are not disposed to be drawn by sympathy into a movement that must mean loss in wages to them and possibly injure the future usefulness of their Brotherhood. This strike only concerns the American Railway union.

If the present strike causes trouble in this city, it will not be through any desire on the part of local railway employees to have such a thing occur.

ON VOLUNTARY VACATIONS.

Organizer Naylor Tries His Hand at Proselyting in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 8.—Two hundred and fifty employees of the Pennsylvania railroad, the Allegheny Valley railway, the West Penn railway and the Pittsburgh and Western railway assembled in the public hall at Millvale this afternoon to listen to an exposition of the objects and benefits arising from membership in the American Railway union. Organizer Naylor, of Chicago, delivered a long address covering the same arguments embodied in his address at Lafayette hall on Friday evening. He deprecated riot and violence of any kind, and stated that it was not and would not be countenanced by the officials of the organization, that the men who had "gone on voluntary vacation" were sure to win the contest and that it would be won peacefully.

After the open meeting an entire session was held and a number of those present joined the new organization. Similar meetings were held in Allegheny City and in the East End, Pittsburgh. Organizer Naylor addressed a mass meeting at Twenty-eighth street tonight. He will probably leave for the city tomorrow. He says that the feeling in Pittsburgh favorable to a "vacation" of all the railroad employees is very strong, but he would not indicate when the men would be called on to stop work.

Other labor leaders addressed the meeting urging the unification of labor organizations for the common purpose of elevating the laboring classes. All of the speakers agreed that if the present effort proved a failure labor organizations were doomed.

NO BOYCOTT AT BALTIMORE.

The Trainmen There Are Not Anxious to Desert Work.

BALTIMORE, July 8.—The threatened strike in this locality as a result of the Pullman boycott was not ordered today, mainly because James Russell, secretary of the American Railway union branch, would not follow President Debs' instruction. Russell received a telegram last night from Debs ordering their men to stop work, with a view to crippling the eastern divisions of the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania railroad systems, but Russell today said the organization was not strong enough in these parts to warrant the promulgation of such an order unless they were to be supported by the other labor organizations. Of this he had a doubt.

"Should they strike," said an officer of the railroad conductors' organization today, "we must support them to this extent, we can't be expected to work with scab trackmen or switchmen. Our constitution binds us to

THE MEN FAILED TO COME

that "no news is good news." Senator White received a telegram this afternoon from Lee that resigned by the business men of that city urging him to protest against the removal or withdrawal of federal troops. The telegram stated that in the belief of the signers, such a step at present would be fraught with grave danger to the interests of the place.

PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

Formal Warning Against Unlawful Assemblies is Given.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—At a late hour tonight President Cleveland issued the following proclamation: Proclamation by the president of the United States: Whereas, By reason of unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblies of persons, it has become impracticable, in the public interest, to enforce the laws of the state of Illinois, and especially in the city of Chicago within said state;

And whereas, For the purpose of enforcing the faithful execution of the laws of the United States and protecting its property and removing obstructions to the United States mails in the state and city aforesaid, the president has employed a part of the military of the United States;

Now, therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby admonish all good citizens and all persons who may be or may come within the city and state aforesaid, to abstain from maintaining, encouraging or taking any part in such unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblies, and I hereby warn all persons engaged in or in any way connected with, such unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblies to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes or homes before the expiration of the 9th day of July instant. Those who disregard this warning and persist in taking part with a riotous mob in forcibly breaking and obstructing the execution of the laws of the United States, or interfering with the functions of the government, or destroying or attempting to destroy the property belonging to the United States, shall be held to be in contempt of the laws of the United States, and shall be regarded otherwise than as public enemies.

Troops employed against such a riotous mob will act with all the moderation and discretion consistent with the accomplishment of the desired end, but the stern necessities that confront them will not with certainty permit discrimination between guilty persons and those who are mingled with them from curiosity and without criminal intent. The only safe course, therefore, for those not actually unwillingly participating in the riotous mob, or at least not to be found in the neighborhood of riotous assemblies, is to leave the city of Chicago immediately.

While there will be no hesitation or vacillation in the decisive treatment of the guilty, this warning is especially intended to protect and save the innocent. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed. Done in the city of Washington, this eighth day of July in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and ninety-four, and in the fourth year of the United States of America, the one hundred and eighteenth.

(Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND, President.

By the president, W. Q. GREENHAM, Secretary of state.

The proclamation was communicated to General Miles by Secretary Lamont who telegraphed as follows: "In view of the provisions of the statute and for the purpose of enforcing the law, it is my duty to inform you that I have directed all innocent and well disposed persons, the president has deemed it best to issue the accompanying proclamation tonight. This does not change the scope of your authority and duties, nor your relations to the local authorities. You will please make this known to Mayor Hopkins."

MIND THEIR OWN BUSINESS.

Chief Arthur Advises Engineers to Do This Every Day.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 8.—The situation in the railroad yards is unchanged. Everything in the freight line is at a complete standstill. Passenger trains are moving regularly, with no immediate prospect of interference. The strikers are constantly losing new members to their ranks. The general feeling both among the strikers and railway officials, is that an attempt will be made early in the coming week to man the local yards and break the strike. Trouble is feared when this attempt is made. The outlook for the future in this city is not bright.

Chief P. M. Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is besieged by letter and telegram in regard to the attitude of that organization in the great strike. Mr. Arthur, when pressed for a reply, said: "Our position in this strike is simply one of non-interference. We will attend strictly to our own business. The Brotherhood of Engineers had nothing whatever to do with this strike, and my advice to engineers is to attend to their business as though nothing had happened and not run their engines whenever they can do so with safety."

It was reported here yesterday that the lodge of engineers at Dayton had surrendered its charter and joined the American Railway union. This was emphatically denied by Mr. Arthur.

SUNDAY AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

An Anxious Sunday Passed by the President and Advisers.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—All day long conferences have been held at the white house between the president and his chief advisers. A few of the non-republican Sunday at the white house and the waiting carriages and constant comings and goings of officers of the government made it obvious that something unusual was taking place. From an early hour this morning Secretary Lamont and General Schofield were in close consultation with the president. General Schofield brought his morning dispatch from General Miles and his tone was so pacific that the anxious president was considerably relieved.

General Miles said that the night had passed quietly and that there was every indication of a peaceful day. The president expressed himself as extremely gratified at the turns things had taken and he was joined by his associates in the belief that the serious on the strike which Chicago pastors would press today would have an excellent effect on a large number of people. A great deal of praise was accorded Archbishop Fossan for his discreet directing them to counsel their congregations to observe the law and not participate in rioting.

DEBS' ANARCHISTIC TALK.

He Says Capital Has Combined to Enslave Labor. BUFFALO, N. Y., July 8.—The following dispatch from President Debs to his representative here was received this afternoon: "We ask your cooperation in this city in making a great fight for labor and deserve the support of all railway employees. Capital has combined to enslave labor. We must all stand together or go down in hopeless defeat. It is impossible for companies to fill the vacancies. We can solve this problem only by quitting in a body and standing together one for all and all for one upon each and every road throughout the land."

ECHOES OF THE CONFLICT.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., July 8.—The Ninth infantry, stationed at Madison barracks, left this afternoon for Chicago.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—At 9 o'clock this morning everything was quiet here and no disturbance had been reported from any part of the coast.

SAN JOSE, Cal., July 8.—No attempt was made to move trains today. The authorities have agreed to furnish the railroad company with full protection to move trains when they are ready, and this effort will be probably made tomorrow.

ROANOKE, Va., July 9.—At a meeting held by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, employees of the Norfolk and Western railroad, it was decided by that body to remain at their posts and to take no part in the strike.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 8.—Adjutant General Greenland does not anticipate a call for troops in this state to aid in suppressing the strikers. He believes the attempt to influence the railroad at Harrisburg in favor of going out will fail.

CAIRO, Ill., July 8.—Edward A. Dwyer, president of the local branch of the American Railway union, and seven other men who were prominent in the strike, were arrested by a United States deputy marshal and taken to Springfield this afternoon.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 8.—It was reported today that the strike has been ordered on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore division of the Pennsylvania railroad in this city by the Knights of Labor. Careful investigation shows that there is no foundation for the report.

DETROIT, Mich., July 8.—The strike situation is unchanged. Everything was quiet last night and this morning. The Debs quit a passenger train into the Union station last night without trouble. All the other roads claim to be moving passenger trains about on time, but freight business is completely paralyzed on all roads.

CINCINNATI, O., July 8.—No freight was moved in any of the local railroad yards today, but the regular Sunday passenger trains went out on time. Nearly all of the incoming passenger trains were late. Subsequent to the strike about 100 strikers in the various railroad yards have been prepared under Judge Tat's omnibus injunction.

MULDERIG IN THE CITY.

He Has Paried Company With the Shenandoah Club.

Thomas Mulderig, the drawing Seventh ward boy who has been doing some clever writing for the Shenandoah club this season, is in the city. He left the club he says, because he was tired of being arrested every week for playing ball on Sunday.

The Shenandoah club played exhibition games Sundays with such State league and semi-professional clubs as it could make arrangements with. The result was that the players were arrested weekly by those who are behind the Sabbath observance movement at Shenandoah. The visiting clubs escaped arrest until last week.

A week ago yesterday the Harrisburg club played at Shenandoah, and a few days afterwards the Harrisburg players were arrested at Potsville for the offense and fined \$4 each. This new action will make it difficult for Shenandoah people to get anyone to play there on Sunday.

Mulderig says there is no disposition on the part of the Shenandoah boys to ball men too into the State league. He would like to have an opportunity to show what he can do on the Scranton team.

That Tired Feeling

So common at this season, is a serious condition, liable to lead to disastrous results. It is a sure sign of declining health tone, and that the blood is impoverished and impure. The best and most successful remedy is found in

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Which makes rich, healthy blood, and thus gives strength to the nerves, elasticity to the muscles, vigor to the brain and health to the whole body. In truth, Hood's Sarsaparilla

Makes the Weak Strong

Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's! Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

SPRING HOUSE

HEART LAKE, Susquehanna Co. U. E. CROFT, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE is strictly temperance, is new and well furnished and OPENED TO THE PUBLIC THE YEAR ROUND; is located midway between Monticello and Scranton, on Montross and Lackawanna Railroad, six miles from D. L. & W. R. R. at Alford Station, and five miles from Montross, capacity, eighty-five; three minutes' walk from R. R. station.

GOOD BAIT, FISHING TACKLE, &c., FREE TO GUESTS. Altitude about 2,000 feet, equalling in this respect the Adirondack and Catskill Mountains. Fine views, plenty of shade and beautiful scenery, making a Summer Resort unequalled. A great deal of fishing, croquet, dancing pavilion, swings, croquet grounds, etc. Cold Spring Water and plenty of MILK. Rates, \$7.50 per week, \$1.50 per day. Extension tickets sold at all stations on D. L. & W. R. R. Porter meets all trains.

GREAT Handkerchief Purchase THE FAIR 400 and 402 Lackawanna Avenue WE have just purchased for cash at 50c. on the dollar 32,228 doz. Ladies' Handkerchiefs, the entire stock of an importing house retiring from business. Sale Commences Saturday, July 7. 5c. Handkerchiefs, sale at . . . 2 1/2c. 10c. Handkerchiefs, sale at . . . 5c. 15c. Handkerchiefs, sale at . . . 7 1/2c. 25c. Handkerchiefs, sale at . . . 12 1/2c. 39c. Handkerchiefs, sale at . . . 19c. 50c. Handkerchiefs, sale at . . . 25c. THE FAIR 400-402 LACKAWANNA AVE.

RUGS AND ART SQUARES For a Few Days Only. FORMER PRICE. NOW. 100 Smyrna Rugs, best quality, 30x60 inches, \$4.00 \$2.00 50 Smyrna Mats, best quality, 16x34 inches, .75 .50 150 Moquette Mats, best quality, 18x36 inches, 1.25 .90 50 Moquette Mats, slightly damaged by water, 18x36 inches, .70 25 Ingrain Rugs, fringed, 36x72 inches, 1.25 .90 75 India Rugs, fringed, 27x60 inches, 1.50 1.10 48 Kasmer Rugs, unscratched for wear, 30x60 inches, 5.00 3.00 ART SQUARES 2 1/2 x 3 yards, all-wool filling, cotton chain, \$6.00 \$4.25 3x3 yards, all-wool filling, cotton chain, 7.20 5.00 3x3 1/2 yards, all-wool filling, cotton chain, 8.40 6.00 2 1/2 x 3 yards, all-wool, - - - 6.75 4.75 3x3 yards, " - - - 8.10 6.00 3x3 1/2 yards, " - - - 9.45 7.00 3x4 yards, " - - - 10.80 8.00

KERR & SIEBECKER 406 and 408 Lacka. Avenue.

ECONOMY TALK. No tales or history goes with the goods we sell at our Odd and End Sale You will find money by attending our Odd and End Sale It is cheap goodness—not cheap cheapness—that distinguishes our Odd and End Sale Figures are eloquent when used to indicate the value we are giving at our Odd and End Sale From a critical inspector you will turn an eager buyer at our Odd and End Sale Goods marked in plain, large, low figures at our Odd and End Sale Economy Furniture CO. 225 N. 2nd St. W. WOODS BLUE