

It is the business of a newspaper to

Scranton Tribune.

THE TRIBUNE is in that business six days each week.

EIGHT PAGES—56 COLUMNS.

SCRANTON, PA., MONDAY MORNING, JULY 2, 1894.

TWO CENTS A COPY.

THE TRIBUNE HAS A LARGER BONA FIDE CIRCULATION AMONG SCRANTON BUSINESS MEN THAN ANY OTHER MORNING PAPER

THE FUNERAL OF SADI CARNOT

Late President of France Buried with the Highest Honors.

THOUSANDS WITNESS THE PARADE

Ceremonies Attending the Burial of the Dead Ruler the Most Impressive Ever Witnessed in Paris—Expensive Decorations, Brilliant Pageants and Solemn Services at Notre Dame Are Among the Features of the Day.

PARIS, July 1.—The intense heat of the sun pouring from a cloudless sky all Paris and thousands upon thousands of people from the provinces and from various countries of the continent witnessed today one of the most imposing spectacles, the pageant-loving Republic of France has ever seen. The streets were thronged from the dawn of the day with every piece of citizens from the gutter snipe to the resplendently attired official, all eager to extract enjoyment from a typical French holiday. The decorations for the most part were tasteful and restrained. The cathedral of Notre Dame was also draped though not so profusely as the Pantheon. Hundreds of red-creped American flags hung in front of the American shops and the stars and stripes were also conspicuously displayed in front of American residences.

PALACE OF MOURNING.

At an early hour in the morning deluge began marching to the Elysee palace, bearing wreaths and other emblems of mourning. Those who held tickets of invitation entered through the door of honor opening into the courtyard, the walls of which were completely covered with black hangings bordered with white, together with tri-colored and medallions bearing the letters "R. F." Over the immense catafalque which stood in the center of the courtyard was spread a black band with two large white letters "C" and a black canopy trimmed with silver and with a silver summit covered the coffin.

The catafalque which blocked the main entrance to the palace was guarded by soldiers, and four guns were kneeling behind it. The passage on either side led to the grand staircase. The delegates arriving, passed silently along these passages after saluting the dead.

THE PROCESSION MOVES

At 10 15 the bands of the Republican guards outside played Glaziers Carnot funeral march, especially written for the occasion, while in the courtyard the organ of the Madeleine church and the customary prayers, sprinkling the coffin with holy water. As the bearers lifted the coffin to their shoulders, the first gun boomed on the Esplanade des Invalides, and continued at intervals of two minutes until 101 salutes were fired. From the Rue Saint Honoré it down the Avenue de Marigny and through the Champs Elysees the procession entered the Place de La Concorde headed by General Sausier, the military governor of Paris, who was escorted by the Republican guards in cars piled full of wreaths followed.

Then came a band with muffled drums and then the wreaths contributed by the royalties, all of which were carried upon treasuries by cadets from the St. Cyr military school, and preceded by the wreath sent by President Casimir-Perier. The next in order were the coaches conveying the clergy which were immediately in front of the hearse. M. Carnot's relatives in lively came next with the dead president's family, his three sons walking in the first line and his wife, Adolphe Carnot and his cousins and son-in-law behind. Madame Carnot was not present, being completely prostrated by the heat of the past week. Behind the family of M. Carnot came President Casimir-Perier in full evening dress with a broad crepe band upon his hat and a diamond studded plaque and the grand cordon of the Legion of Honor across his breast.

HIGH OFFICIALS IN LINE

Following the president were his secretaries. Behind these were the presidents of the senate and chamber, marshals, ministers, cardinals, ambassadors, diplomats, envoys, plenipotentiaries and envoys, plenipotentiaries, personal friends, members of the institute, municipal councils from the provinces, deputations from the army, navy and college of France, representatives of French and foreign press, notaries and so on.

A number of persons were prostrated by sunstroke, including a member of the president's military household. There were other minor accidents, but on the whole the day was remarkably free from casualties. The procession arrived at the cathedral of Notre Dame at 12:30.

CEREMONIES AT NOTRE DAME.

The coffin had been placed on the catafalque surrounded by a forest of candles. Near were the great men of the papal hierarchy, Cardinals Lavigerrie, archbishop of Reims, Cardinals Richard, archbishop of Paris, and the archbishops and bishops from Lyons, Sens and Bourges. Besides them were the Parisian rectors, canons, curates and the Armanen patriarch. They appeared in all the pomp of the pontifical hierarchy. The pontifical vestments were put on the catafalque they recited prayers. Opposite President Casimir-Perier's seat they all bowed and he responded with a deep inclination of the head. The priests, high and low, authorized round the catafalque. The liturgical prayers followed, the president standing with his head reverently bowed.

Dean De L'Escale celebrated mass at the high altar. Meantime wonderful tones were brought forth from the organ, and the choir sang Gounod's "Mors Et Vita," "Dies Irae," and parts

of "Dei Jesu" from the organist's requiem mass.

After the short sermon, the archbishop of Paris extended his hands and gave absolution. The bearers took the coffin and bore it down the aisle, the clergy with lighted tapers in hand accompanying it to the door. All the bells in the city were tolling as the procession formed again and moved on to the Pantheon. H. Challemel-Lacour delivered an oration on behalf of the Senate. M. Denahy, first vice president of the chamber of deputies, pronounced an oration on behalf of the body in which he expressed the deepest sorrow coupled with the feeling of intense indignation which is universally felt. Premier Dupuy, on behalf of the government, spoke with great feeling and impressiveness.

THE CLOSING SCENES.

The coffin at 7 o'clock was placed temporarily in the crypt beneath the bodies of Rousseau and Victor Hugo. The crowds melted away quickly in the early evening. No man buried in Paris in the last twenty years has received more final evidences of respect than were shown to M. Carnot.

Mme. Carnot drove alone from the palace to the cathedral of Notre Dame, where she remained throughout the services. All known anarchists in the city were arrested at sunrise, so before the procession started from the Elysee palace more than 200 of them were under lock and key. Count Muesnier, German ambassador, informed Premier Dupuy this morning that in observance of M. Carnot's funeral Emperor William today pardoned the French officers, Degouty and Dagnet, who were arrested as spies of Kiel last year and were condemned after their trial at Leipzig to fortress confinement. The comment everywhere was that the emperor had done a grateful deed which would allay some of the bitterness between Germany and France.

BUSINESS IN CONGRESS.

Forecast of the Proceedings of the Coming Week—Fun Ahead Over the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Unless all the signs of the times fall, this week will see the tariff bill out of the senate and on its way to the house, where the struggle is to be renewed pending the final count in conference. The fight is now for hours rather than days. The Democratic managers are making every possible effort to get the bill out of the senate by Tuesday night and failing to accomplish that end they threaten to remain in session on the Fourth of July.

There are certain elements that cause the majority some feeling of uneasiness over the outcome, among them the attitude of Senator Blanchard, and the assertions repeatedly made during the past week by the Expositors that because of their votes heretofore cast in committee of the whole in favor of the bill, it must not be assumed that they will necessarily vote for it under all conditions on final passage. A defection of one vote would put the party in charge of the bill in a predicament that would cause serious trouble and anything tending to indicate weakness in the ranks of any of the forces pledged to the support of the bill at once becomes a very serious matter.

Appropriation bills will not detain the senate long after the tariff is out of the way. The only bill likely to cause any extended debate is the pension bill which will form the ground work for a number of partisan speeches. The house of representatives will be in waiting more or less till the senate tariff bill is laid before them. Little interest will attach to the proceedings until Chairman Wilson and his associates on the ways and means committee are put in possession of their chancery and are asked to decide the question what they are going to do about it. Then the fun will wax fast and furious.

One of the measures which may come up is the Cooper bill to tax greenbacks. It is under the control of Mr. Hall, of Missouri. A number of gentlemen have signified their desire to speak upon the bill and it will be antagonized generally by the Republicans. Another measure to which the members attach no little importance and which may come before the house upon the reassembling after the Fourth, is the joint resolution providing for the election of senators by the people.

WIMAN VERY BANGUINE.

One of His Investments Yields Good Profits.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Erastus Wiman, who is in the Tombs, yesterday said that the report of the receiver of the Electric Power company, of Staten Island, Mr. F. S. Garrison, made public on Friday, showed a clear profit of \$25,000 for the year. As this was about the only recoverability in the vicinity which showed a result so satisfactory, he thought it justified the expectations of success which had induced himself and friends to invest in it.

Mr. Wiman was in his usual good spirits and the atmosphere of the Tombs does not seem either to have lessened his courage or his sanguine nature.

CAUGHT FROM THE CABLE.

The Sultan of Morocco is a prisoner, surrounded by Zimbores.

The British government has published the Russian gunmakers have produced a projectile that pierces Harveyized steel without injury to itself.

Monter, the insurgent leader of Peru, has liberated Doncarri, the customs officer, whom he held for ransom.

The person of the emperor of Germany is to be closely guarded hereafter, and a magistrate and detective will constantly attend him.

The anarchist who was defeated by Bourgeois in the late election, when arrested two days before the death of President Carnot, predicted the president's death at Lyons.

The Salvadoran authorities charge General Antonio Escaz with eight assassinations and the burning 800 houses. A warrant has been issued. Escaz is safe aboard a United States man-of-war.

MR. DEBS AND HIS FOLLOWERS

Prepared to Wreck the Railroad Business of the Country.

MISSIONARY WORK IN THE EAST

An Organization of the American Railway Union Affected at Philadelphia. Its Members Do Not Favor Joining the Pullman Strike—Strikes and Boycotts Paralyze the West.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.

The American Railway union gained its first foothold in the east today by the organization of Philadelphia of a local district. From the station of the railroad men at the meeting the district will be the entering wedge in the east for the most powerful organization that has yet arisen in this country. The meeting to organize the railroad employees of the road centering here was held this afternoon in a hall at Twenty-sixth and Wharton streets. It was reported that some of the officers of the American Railway union were here from the west, but if they have been proselyting in Philadelphia they have done their work quietly and gone, for none of them were present at today's meeting. The meeting was attended by about 275 engineers, firemen, conductors and yardmen of the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania railroads. As far as could be learned there were no men present from the Reading railroad, probably from a fear of discharge, as that company has a stringent rule that membership in a labor organization is cause for instant dismissal. No passenger conductors, firemen or engineers were present at the meeting, all the men in attendance belonging to those branches of the service being freight train men.

TO ASSURE RAILWAY UNIONS.

The meeting was called together by W. J. Lynch, a yardman of the Pennsylvania road. He explained the object of the meeting to the men and stated it to be his belief that the American Railway union was the coming labor organization of the country, and that it would ultimately absorb all the other railway unions. Several other speakers addressed the meeting. The speakers, while favoring the joining of the American Railway union, all agreed in taking issue in the present strike against the Pullman company. In this the meeting was in full accord with them. The first local district of the American Railway union was then organized with a membership of 275 and the following officers: President, W. J. Lynch; vice president, J. W. Furrar; secretary treasurer, Gattison.

Another meeting will be held this day two weeks at which it is expected President Debs or some of the officers of the union will be present. The men expect by that time to have increased the union's membership here to 1,000.

STRIKERS IN JAIL.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Seven leaders of the strikers are inmates of the county jail tonight. Tom Sawyer, who will be arraigned before United States Commissioner Hoyne on the charge of criminally violating section 4,400 of the United States statutes relating to crimes and criminals and which provides that if two or more persons conspire either to commit any offense against the United States or to defraud the United States in any manner or for any purpose, and if one or more of such parties should do any act to effect the object of such conspiracy, all of the parties in such conspiracy shall be liable to a penalty of not less than \$1,000 or more than \$10,000, or not more than two years' imprisonment.

The prisoners are Edward O'Neill, Charles Saylor, alias W. N. Taylor, John Duffy and William McMullin, who were arrested at Hyde Park on the charge of knowingly and willfully obstructing train No. 23 of the Illinois Central railroad and which carried the mails of the United States and Frank McSherry, a fireman, O. Gusseno, also a fireman and James Murlin, a switchman and who are charged with knowingly and willfully obstructing a west bound train on the Rock Island road at Blue Island, and which train carried mail of the United States. The arrest of the men at Blue Island was effected late last night by a posse of United States deputy marshals. Upon reaching the scene the marshals were confronted by a mob of over 600 men headed by Murlin, who had been recognized by numerous spectators as the striker who threw the switch that derailed the engine of the outgoing train on Saturday night. The mob was in an ugly mood and for awhile it looked as if the deputy marshals were at its mercy. Chief Deputy Logan ordered his men to display their insignia of office and told the crowd that he and his men were there for business and proposed to serve the warrants which had been entrusted to them. Thereupon the crowd fell back and the three men who were known to the deputies were captured without opposition on the part of their associates.

The mob contented itself with crowding around and shouting at the officers. When the prisoners were looked at the county jail they made strenuous and vociferous demands for a hearing and bail, but no attention was paid to their requests and they were locked up in cells. The preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Hoyne is fixed for 10 o'clock tomorrow morning and in the meantime the men will be compelled to remain in jail. A number of local members of the American Railway union visited the jail this evening and late tonight with the intention of offering themselves as bondsmen, but were informed that bail could not be accepted until a preliminary hearing had been made.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—The men to take the places of the strikers on the railroads in the west are being recruited in this city. An employment office

has been opened at 234 Church street

and here all applicants are examined. The man in charge declined to give his name or the companies he was acting for, but from some remarks he let drop it is supposed the office has been opened by the General Manager association of Chicago. The office has been opened for a week and the manager said he had been hiring men daily and sending them west.

How many men he has engaged he declined to state, but said that he was only hiring experienced railroad men. He added further that he was offering no extra inducements to the men to go west and that the wages scale in operation in Chicago is being paid them. He said that there was no lack of applications and that he could get as many men as he wanted. Offices have also been opened in New York, Boston, Albany, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Erie, Baltimore and Washington.

THEY BEHIND FOLLOW.

CINCINNATI, July 1.—The Queen and Crescent, and Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton engineers have just decided to strike. The Big Four and Louisville and Nashville are still in session.

DENVER, July 2.—Fifty United States deputies were surrounded and disarmed today by the strikers at Trinidad. The deputies were held as prisoners.

NEGRO RUNNING AMUCK.

Lewis Weiss Shoots Two People and Receives Four Bullets in His Own Body Before He is Captured.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—Lewis H. Weiss, aged 28 years, a negro desperado, ran amuck today in Germantown, a suburb of this city, with a revolver and shot two people and himself four times by a policeman. Weiss became engaged in an altercation with a man and threatened to shoot him and when Mrs. Bertha Taylor intervened and attempted to play the part of peacemaker, Weiss turned upon her and with an oath cried, "I'll kill you," and fired twice at the woman and shot her in the head. He then fell to the pavement and while lying on the ground fired twice at the running negro. Cranshaw also opened fire on Weiss, and the negro, who had reloaded his revolver as he fled, answered with a lively fusillade. A man finally knocked Weiss down with a cobbler's mallet and the negro, who was overpowered and taken to the police station.

There it was found that he had been shot four times in the body and leg. He was removed to the hospital. Neither his wounds or those of Policeman Kelly are likely to result fatally. W. Furrar, secretary treasurer, Gattison.

FULL OF ELECTRICITY.

A Dying Patient Relieved of the Excrescences May Recover.

HACKETTSTOWN, July 1.—A case which is exciting much curiosity in this place is that of Ernest Ward, who, until recently, had been employed in the lamp department at Edison's works at East Newark. While there Ward was shocked by electricity. He was finally stricken down and had to be removed from the works in an unconscious condition. He was dying, it was supposed, from the effects of the shock he received.

His aunt, Miss Annie Bonely, said she believed him to be "full of electricity" and came to the conclusion that if Ward's body could be relieved of the excess he would recover. It was decided to attach a ground wire to portions of Ward's body with a view of carrying off what electricity was in it. A common insulated wire was made bare at the end. One end was lightly fastened to a water pipe and the other end was attached to a sponge which was placed in the patient's hand. It was noticed that Ward felt a little better after the operation and appeared to be semi-conscious. The experiment was tried again when Ward became able to talk and was able to distinguish objects around him. The physicians now attending the man say he has a good chance for recovery.

CAMP M'CARTNEY QUIET.

Veterans Remain in Their Tents Until Hour of Dress Parade.

GETTSBURG, Pa., July 1.—Sunday at Camp M'Cartney, of the Grand Army of the Republic, was moderately quiet. A large number of excurionists were in town and made the hill lively, but the veterans themselves remained in their tents. In the morning Chaplain Sayres preached a sermon at the Rotunda in the National cemetery from the text, "Hitherto Hath the Lord Helped Us." In the evening the veterans turned out in dress parade. Latter there was a sacred song service at the bandstand conducted by the chaplain.

SERVICE AT WASHINGTON.

Requiem Mass for the Remorse of Carnot's Soul is Celebrated.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Requiem mass for the repose of the soul of President Carnot was celebrated at the church of St. Matthews today. President Cleveland and several members of his cabinet were present, as were also legislators and judges.

M. Jules Patenotre, the French ambassador, and accredited diplomatic representatives of all the leading powers of the world.

BRIEF BITS OF HOME NEWS.

The Women's Suffragist association of Colorado met in Denver and Mrs. Rott, wife of ex-Governor Rout, presided. Chicago capitalists have organized the Indiana, Casting and Steel company with a capital stock of \$200,000 at Anderson. The corn report of Illinois for the past month shows a large increase of acreage sown over 1893, there being about 4,505,123 acres sown and under cultivation.

KALSBOMINE FOR TAMMANYITES

An Effort to Cover the Odium of the Lexow Disclosures.

SCAPE GOATS WILL BE RELEASED

The Proposed Police Investigation Started Solely to Show That the Great Political Organization is Not Responsible for the Rascalities of the New York Police—The Inquiry to Be Closely Watched by the Members of the Lexow Committee.

NEW YORK, July 1.

The senate investigation of the police having for the time being adjourned, the investigation of the police by itself is announced to begin. Superintendent Byrnes being in charge of the investigation. It is semi-officially given out that the subject will be taken up in earnest the week after next and that a great deal of time between then and Sept. 10, the latest set for the re-assembling of the Lexow committee, will be devoted to the search.

Commissioner Murray objected to the inquiry on the ground that it would tend to interfere with the operations of the senate committee. What he was overruled he introduced a resolution, which was adopted, calling upon District Attorney Follows to examine the evidence taken by the committee, and if he deems it sufficient against any members of the police department he shall present it to the grand jury and ask for indictments.

BIG TASK AHEAD.

The proposed investigation will, if honestly conducted, involve a big task. During the Lexow inquiry the names of at least sixteen captains were dragged in and smirched more or less, besides Inspector Williams, who caught St. Sunday, and Inspector McLaughlin, who was charged with corrupt practices by some of the Fourth ward madams. The captains whose names have been mentioned are Straus, Devary, Dross, Stevenson, Murphy, Doherty, Solbert, Schmitzberger, Allaire, Thompson, Kelly, Price, Killias, Haughey, Meakin and Bergbold. That is a sufficiently imposing galaxy in itself, but when it is added the names of a score of ward detectives, past and present, who have been banished over the walls; of a job lot of sergeants and fifteen or twenty patrolmen, the magnitude of the task may be appreciated.

Naturally Lawyer Goff and the members of the committee are displeased with the action of the police board and are disposed to doubt its good faith. There is a fear that the police inquiry may harass and intimidate witnesses yet to appear before the senate committee. There is also speculation whether the real motive of the new inquiry will be justice or whitewashing. In case that Chairman Lexow and Lawyer Goff decide that the police board is not acting on the level it will be an easy matter to reconvene the committee. A quorum can be obtained in less than ten hours. Chairman Lexow and Senator Robertson come to New York every day. Senator Cantor lives here and Senator Bradley is at the other end of the big bridge.

TAMMANY'S ATTITUDE.

Some curiosity is expressed as to the attitude of Tammany in the matter. Conversations with leaders of the organization make clear the fact that they propose to make a desperate effort to clear the organization of part of the odium that has been attached to it. They will seek to show that the system of blackmail and extortion is a legacy from previous Republican and anti-Tammany combinations and that the police during the past two years, when Tammany has been in practical control of the department, have simply pursued former practices.

As for the criticism that knowing these nefarious methods to prevail the police board has not made an effort to stamp them out, it is urged as a defense that never before has immunity been offered to witnesses. In previous trials, cases against accused officers were brought about owing to the inability to induce witnesses to testify to suspected facts. Besides the commissioner's findings are subject to scrutiny by the courts, and they have to be extremely careful in dismissing officers, as there have been a number of cases where officers have gone to the courts and been reinstated and received back salaries.

HEADS WILL BE LOPPED OFF.

It is the present intention to show no mercy to any man against whom a case can be made. The exigency is of such importance to Tammany that the question of saving individual souls sinks to nothing in face of the paramount interests of the organization. If this is the stand the commissioners propose to take, and it seems to be the one now absolutely decided upon, more than one captain and warman will doff their uniforms for good before the Lexow committee meets in September.

THE PRESS CLUB'S REGATTA.

It Will Take Place at Lake Ariel Aug. 14 Much Interest Already Aroused.

The Scranton Press club at a well attended meeting on Saturday evening decided upon holding its regatta at Lake Ariel this year on Tuesday, Aug. 14. Among the prizes to be rowed for will be the Honorary Member's cup, won by the Yachman of Brooklyn, N. Y., in the senior four-oared gig race; the Elmira Telegram cup, won last year at Lake Ariel by the Passalos, of Newark, N. J., in the junior four-oared shell, and the Press Club's cup, won by the Yachman of Brooklyn, N. Y., in the senior double scull.

There will also be a magnificent cut glass vase from Dorringer & Sons, White Mill, and a fine "Fringetone" punch bowl from J. S. O'Connor, Hawley, which will be given as prizes in either the four-oared scull or an eight-oared senior. Beside these

prizes the winners of the various

events will be presented fine gold badges, and the clubs they represent will receive hand embroidered silk banners. The committee to arrange the regatta details will at once begin active work, and there is every reason to believe that a still greater crowd than that of last year will witness this unique and novel sport the coming August.

LOST HIS LIFE FOR A CENT.

Little Simon Finneas Was Trying to See Where His Penny Disappeared.

Simon Finneas, aged 2 years and 6 months, the little son of Lindwig Finneas, of 313 First street, fell off the westerly end of the Dogtown bridge yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock and was drowned.

The little boy had been playing with children of his age and a penny which he had dropped from his hand had fallen into the river. He was kneeling under the guard rail watching the spot where the coin dropped and he lost his balance.

The fall did not kill him as he was seen to struggle in the water. The father, who lives close to the bridge, was present and jumped in the river to the rescue. The drowned child was taken out without much trouble and efforts were made to resuscitate him, but to no avail.

A Tribune reporter visited Finneas' house last night and witnessed a case of destitution that appeals very forcibly to charity. The body lay on a battered table wrapped up in a few yards of dirty muslin.

LIVES WITH BROKEN NECK.

Student Menge to Undergo an Operation Which May Restore Him to His Normal Condition.

NEW YORK, July 1.—George Menge, who is under treatment in the Flower hospital, has the distinction of being one of those who have had their necks broken and still live.

Mr. Menge is a student of a preparatory school in East Hampton, Mass. While practicing in a gymnasium on Jan. 9 he slipped and fell from a horizontal bar. Although he remained unconscious for more than an hour the physician who was hastily called to attend him diagnosed the case as a simple sprain of the muscles of the neck.

A second examination made by the doctors at the Philadelphia hospital showed that it was a real case of broken neck. The fracture is in the second cervical vertebra. Had it been lower down the neck death, it is said, would have resulted from pressure upon the spinal cord.

Menge's head was put in a brace and he was able to get about. While on his way to the Katakulis before submitting himself to further treatment at the Philadelphia hospital Menge stopped in Brooklyn. There he was introduced to Dr. Stafford, who persuaded him to go under the treatment of Dr. Williams Todd Helmholtz, of the Flower hospital, in this city.

Accordingly Menge came here, and is now being cared for by Dr. W. H. Bishop, of the Flower hospital. Dr. Bishop has decided that the ordinary appliances used for holding the head still would be useless in this case, where absolute rigidity of the muscles of the neck is required. Hence an immense plaster cast has been designed for the purpose.

This will be put upon the patient in three or four days and will cover all his head except the face and the whole body to the waist. One cast was put on the patient last week, but it was in the nature of an experiment and was taken off after three days as it proved to be uncomfortable.

The operation about to be performed is a unique one of its kind, and if successful will restore Menge's neck to its normal condition within a month or two.

ITALIAN EDITOR KILLED.

Journalist Who Denounced Carnot's Assassination is Fatally Struck.

ROME, July 1.—Giuseppe Bandi, editor and proprietor of the Garante Livornese, was stabbed with a poisoned dagger this morning while riding to his office in a carriage. He died in a few hours. The assassin escaped.

The murder has thrown political men and journalists into a state of consternation. It is believed that it was the work of an anarchist conspirator. Bandi had opposed the anarchists with great courage in his newspaper and had strongly denounced the assassination of President Carnot. He was one of Garibaldi's thousand heroes of Marsala.

HUMBERT AND CRISPI.

They are Receiving Hundreds of Threatening Letters from Anarchists.

ROME, July 1.—A most energetic anti-anarchist campaign has been inaugurated by the police in Italy, and as a result hundreds of anonymous letters of a menacing character have been addressed to King Humbert, Premier Crispi and other prominent persons. The state of siege in Italy has been prolonged indefinitely.

RUN DOWN BY A CAR.

George Senker Received Injuries From Which He Died.

Eight-year-old George Senker, of 401 South Washington avenue, was run down by a car on the bridge on which the Lackawanna Iron and Steel company's road crosses the Roaring brook at 8 o'clock Saturday morning.

The boy was so severely injured that he was taken to the Moses Taylor hospital where he died at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

WEATHER FORECAST.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Forecast for Monday: For Eastern Pennsylvania, generally fair, conditions favorable for local thunderstorms, such winds. For Western Pennsylvania, local thunderstorms, but fair during the greater portion of Monday, cooler west winds.

FINLEY'S SPECIAL SALE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR



We have received from our manufacturer some special job lots of MUSLIN UNDERWEAR. All perfect goods at cut prices. The quantity is limited and cannot be duplicated.

- 10 dozen Gowns, solid embroidered yokes, at 95c. each.
- 10 dozen Gowns, assorted, at \$1. 15.
- 10 dozen Skirts, with 5 tucks, 62c.
- 5 doz. Plain Skirts, cambric ruff, 75c.
- 5 dozen Muslin Skirts, 5-inch embroidered ruff, at \$1.
- 10 dozen Drawers, embroidered ruff, 50c.
- 10 dozen Misses' Gowns, embroidered yoke, 75 and 85c.
- 6 dozen Infants' and Children's White Dresses, 65c. each.

ALSO, SPECIAL JOB LOTS OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S Shirt - Waists 49, 75 and 98c.

610 and 612 Lackawanna Ave.

MINERS' OIL CLOTHING Wholesale and Retail.

H. A. Kingsbury 313 Spruce Street.

Lewis, Reilly & Davies



Comfort-Giving Shoes The only kind that give it, for the summer, is our "Service & Kumfort" Shoes in colors and black.

Lewis, Reilly & Davies

New Store New Goods

Suitable for Wedding and Commencement Presents Finest line of Silver Belt Buckles, Veil Clasps and Other Novelties in the city.

Watch for OPENING DAY ANNOUNCEMENT. A Souvenir Present given FREE to every lady caller, if you buy or not.