

THE FACE OF ROSENTEL.

CHARLES HOWARD MONTAGUE.
"THE POINT OF A NEEDLE."
COPYRIGHTED, 1894, BY AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

CHAPTER IV. THE LOCKED DOOR.

When Maxey in his usual spirits was ascending the long flights of stairs which led to his apartments, he came up two steps at a time. But somehow a mental depression had so mysterious and intimate a connection with his powers of locomotion that when anything troubled him very much he was apt to content himself with the ordinary rate of progress. This afternoon his footsteps lagged on every stair. He looked at his latch-key abstractedly for several minutes before he placed it in the lock, and when he did finally perform this operation it was with a savage thrust, as though he wanted to stab the door. It was not quite dark when the key turned and he went in.

"Ah!" said Dr. Lamar from his chair by the bedside in the windowless alcove room, looking out between the looped curtains as the artist entered. "You are here at last! I am glad you have come. Dr. Bentley has just been down from the hospital. He is almost as much interested in the case as your worthy sister, and don't be surprised if you see me carried away by the same craze. He says he thinks there's a slight change in the patient's mental condition."

"Does that mean good?" asked the artist.

His sister answered quickly: "Of course!"

"Oh, possibly," substituted the cautious physician. "You must not let your wishes dictate your conclusions so largely, Miss Maxey. You will make a very probable disappointment much more keen by so doing. Now, I don't always say what I think, you know, but you are my friends, and I cannot feel like a professional man in this house, and I must tell you that this case is developing some of the most remarkable mental phenomena I ever met with. Whether they are symptoms of a curious brain disease or simply reminiscences of the normal mental condition of the patient, I am unable at present to decide. Dr. Bentley is as much in the dark as myself, and when Dr. Bentley hesitates in a case of this kind it is little to inquire further. We have been making some interesting experiments in your absence. And that reminds me that Miss Maxey said you went out for a specific purpose. Have you learned anything? What about the letter they found on the beach yesterday?"

"Learned!" echoed Maxey impatiently as his sister helped him off with his coat, after which it appeared that both his hair and his necktie were in a terrible state. "Learned! What could you expect of such an exasperating affair as this? Is there anything about it like anything else you ever heard of? Does anybody concerned in it do anything that a rational being would expect him to do? Not a bit of it. Mark my word, now, if the thing ever does come out, it will be just what nobody thought it was. But may I be shot if I believe we are ever going to know any more about it than we do at present. Our only hope is that the girl will get well enough to tell us, and she won't. But the letter, Julian?" urged his sister. "Sincerely the letter?"

"The letter!" echoed the exasperated Maxey. "The letter is just like everything else—a mystery. The letter leads just where the footsteps in the snow did nowhere."

"But even they gave us a hint of the direction the wind went," said the sister. "Oh, I think they are acting terribly stupid in this affair! If I could get out now, I believe I could do something."

"I believe you could do wonders, of course," returned Maxey a little spitefully, for he was still suffering the bemusement of his disappointment. "But I would like to be informed, for instance, what you would do in this case?"

"Do I would hunt up that Mrs. Haggood who wrote that letter if I had to question every man, woman and child in the city to do so."

"Of course you would, and so would anybody. That is just what the police did do. Only they were sane enough to look in the directory instead of attempting the catechizing. Why, they had a gentleman in conversation with Mrs. Haggood before the letter had been in their hands an hour."

"Then there is such a person!" cried the doctor and Miss Maxey together.

"Oh, yes, there is, but she never heard of or saw the letter before, and what is more, she is not acquainted with any Ammette and has not a single friend or foe to her knowledge missing or to whom such a letter could be written or such an accident possible. And as this Mrs. Haggood is a very worthy and respectable old lady indeed, it is no use to say she would lie about such an affair. You see, I couldn't believe it secondhand, and I have been to see her myself, and that's the result."

Maxey flung his gloves moodily on the center table and dropped himself into a chair, which his sister had wheeled in from the grate.

"How very strange!" cried Miss Maxey.

"Well, isn't it in perfect keeping with all the rest? I was so exasperated to think it should turn out in that way that I hardly spoke to the old lady civilly. I know her, or rather know of her, too. She's a sort of an amateur artist, and I've met her before. She was quite upset and distressed at the idea that anybody should think of connecting her name with what she called that shocking affair and cried out, 'Oh, who won't put my name in the papers, will they?' I showed her the letter, and she let me see some specimens of her handwriting. There was no sort of similarity between them. She's a well meaning old soul as ever lived, and I'm sorry I disturbed her. That's all. But it's terribly exasperating."

"But, Julian, dear," pleaded his sister, "there must be some mistake. There must be some other Mrs. Haggood."

"Oh, without a doubt, dozens of Mrs.

comfortable this twilight. Never spell it with a light if you can help it. It is the best time of the day. Well, Maxey, good night."

"No," said Maxey suddenly; "I think I will go out with you. I have got something to say, and besides I want to smoke. Since our new arrival that's prohibited here, you know. Ellen, you are tired, and if I were you I would lie down a little while. I shall not be gone very long. I am just going to the corner with the doctor. But really, if you will take my advice, you will lie down and rest yourself."

"Don't worry about me, my dear, good brother. I know my strength and my weakness. I shall not overtax myself. It has not hurt me to be up a little while. I feel as bright as a day now."

"This must have been just a trifle while of the search. Ellen Maxey's brother had scarcely closed the door behind himself and the handsome doctor when you threw your tired body upon the bed. You listened to their footsteps going down stairs. You hear them becoming fainter and fainter till they were lost altogether. The deep voice of Dr. Lamar is still sounding in your ears. Do not deny the fact that it is exceedingly good music to you. You think of Dr. Lamar, and you wonder."

The great house is so still, and you are so very tired! What was that? Somebody at the door? No. A rat gnawing behind the woodwork. A loose coal falls in the grate. The wind rattles the panes. There is no other sound. Even the fire is paling now—is going out entirely. You are sound asleep.

"Open the door! Open the door! Ellen! Ellen! Open the door, I say!" Still the silence of the grave within. Julian Maxey was thoroughly alarmed by this time. Already he had stood in the hall pounding and calling for what seemed an age to him. There was something very strange about all this. Strange that Ellen, expecting him back directly, should lock the door on the inside. Stranger still that she should go out and leave the sick girl alone.

"Ellen! For the last time, Ellen!" Maxey had a momentary idea of breaking in the door. Then he thought of himself in the hands of the police. He thrust one of them into the keyhole. He breathed heavily in his excitement. Ah, the key was indeed on the inside. By dint of much rattling he managed to push it from its place and heard it fall with an ominous clink to the floor. After many ineffectual trials he picked the lock. The obstinate door yielded at last to his touch. He rushed in. It was totally dark everywhere. He felt his way to the sitting room. The only light was the dim glow of the coals in the grate, which told him nothing.

He blindly groped his way to the center table, where he knew there was a matchbox. In the obscurity he struck against a chair and overturned it. It fell with a startling crash, and in the instant of its concussion, starting, as it were, out of the very sound itself, he heard again that low, tremulous utterance that was neither a moan of pain nor a plea for mercy, but akin to both, just as he had heard it borne on the bitter wind from the darkening sea that night on the rocks above the surging of the waves. There was something in the cry that completely unnerved Maxey. It had always been his terror. Now, intensified by the circumstances, it assumed the potency of fate itself. His hand trembled so he made several futile attempts before he could strike a light. Finally the slender shaft took fire and blazed up. Maxey touched a gas jet. In the glare that followed he saw the girl they called Annette sitting, robed in white, upon the edge of the little bed in the alcove room, wringing her hands in the old nervous fashion, her fearful, white face turned toward him, her dark eyes regarding him with dread.

But it was not this that chilled him to the heart, that made the color fade from his lips till they were ashen. It was the spectacle of his sister, Ellen

"Why, I went into the studio of a friend of mine the other day, and I was struck at once by a splendid portrait in oils he had just completed. 'How many sittings did you have for that?' I asked him. 'If I tell you and you should repeat it to anybody, I might not get my price for the picture,' he said. 'There were really about 20 sittings, but 18 of them were sittings. After the first two I never did any work when the subject was before me.' Don't you see this is just a case in point? At the first he had sketched the outline of the face, and, as he told me, whenever he wanted to sit down and work at it he had only to recall the person's face to his mind, and he can recall to his best work from this mental copy alone by himself. The presence of the real face distracts his attention and makes him nervous. He has the power. Well, if it is a mental faculty and our girl gets well, she is going to remember all about this time and these events since we found her in a series of pictures, I take it."

Lamar laughed. "Something after the style of a panorama, I suppose? No, Maxey, you reason too loosely. You don't weigh your own words. Remember all about it. Do you know what it is to remember? It is to recall something that we have once known. This poor girl knows nothing of what is transpiring around her and has not since the moment when she lost her senses on the rocks at the sea road. What never is known cannot by any possibility be remembered. No. Whatever may be the future of the patient, this present time will always be a blank to her."

Dr. Lamar spoke very positively.

"Well," sighed Maxey, "if she but recovers enough to explain who she is and how she came where we found her, I shall feel reasonably satisfied. Still I can't see what your visualization amounts to if she cannot carry a picture which she sees now into the future, whatever be her condition."

"Ah, that is another thing!" said Lamar, "quite another thing from memory. That might be. She might carry the picture, but it would be a picture simply, unassociated with the succession of events. If she were a painter now, though she never knew you, she might paint your face and think it an idea of her own. Not very probable, I admit, but still it might be."

Maxey looked serious.

"What a curious fancy, that!" he mused. "I believe if she does get well, I will teach her the first thing to paint. Heigho, but she's not well yet!"

It had grown quite dark in the sitting room while they had been talking. The early evening of a winter's day had already come. Lamar all at once awoke to a realization of the flight of time. He turned the face of his watch to the fire and exclaimed:

"What an I lagging here for? It is nearly 6 o'clock! If I don't look out, this girl will ruin my business. Let us see how the patient is before we go. No, you need not trouble yourself to get a light, Miss Maxey. I have more senses than one. Ah, sleeping quietly! That is good, very good. I shouldn't wonder, after all, Maxey—but, ah, who knows, who knows?"

"I will strike a light while you put on your things," said Miss Maxey.

"Oh, no. Don't, pray. I know how

NOT SOFTENED BY TIME.
Fashion's Eccentricities of Forty Years Ago Seen Even Worse Now.
We know that fashion changes from year to year and that her fancies are unmarked by wisdom and good taste, but we do not fully appreciate the enormities she commits until time has rendered them obsolete. A glance at the fashion plates in magazines of 40 years ago provokes a wonder as to how men and women ever could have worn such absurd spectacles of themselves. Consumptive gentlemen, with sloping shoulders and wasplike waists—the latter accentuated by a style of coat with a full blouse gathered on to what women would call a plain bodice—ogle ladies who wear the fullest part of a full skirt in front and stand in poses that would drive a physical culturist to despair. If the women of two generations ago really carried her chest and shoulders so far in the rear of her

head and the rest of her anatomy, how can anybody have the assurance to state that the girl of the present age is inferior in health to her grandmother?

These early declining persons were white stockings, too, surely the most unbecoming costume ever adopted by a supposedly cultivated person not excepting the white kid slipper. And such bonnets as the women appeared in beggar description. It may be accurately stated that the women appeared "in" the bonnet

—so far in that only a direct front view revealed the fact that she had a face at all. An immense array of stiff covered neck, ears and hair and extended so far forward as to preclude any glimpse of a possible profile. All these things were fashionable in the eyes of our immediate ancestors. Is it possible that 40 years from now our pretty things will seem equally preposterous to our grandchildren?

Our present is enough better than that of past times to tell us that a blank expanse of straw, however fine, is less attractive to the eye than a view of the face it shelters. It has been many a day since the countenance was concealed by the head covering, and even our biggest hats leave the face to speak for itself. A fair example of modern fashion is shown in the accompanying sketch. It is a hat of black rice straw trimmed with black ostrich plumes. The brim is bent and caught up at the back, and black satin ribbon forms an additional garniture.

JUDIC CHOLET.
TWAS EVER THUS.

A Would Be Public Benefactor Who Found That He Was Not Appreciated.

"Please give me a dime." I was seated in the Mall at Central park, looking at the statue of "Robbie" Burns and thinking thoughts that many a man has thought before about his ill starred life, when I received about this time a coin from a stranger. It was a dime. I looked at it. "Why should I give you a dime?" I replied sharply, hoping thereby to get rid of it.

But it didn't have the desired effect. He wasn't an every day sort of tramp, although his apparel was shabby enough. There was a moody air of better days about him. He raised a sigh, and seating himself alongside of me—I couldn't resist that, because he had just as much right to a seat as I had—he began to unfold his tale. "I recognize in you," he began, "a kindred spirit. I, too, am a worshiper at the shrine of genius. Nothing delights me so much as to see the memory of great men fittingly honored. Years ago, in a fit of generous enthusiasm, I conceived a scheme which, had it been favorably received, would have put me in charge of other parks and public squares in the land with statues of mankind's greatest benefactors."

"But pardon me," he added, interrupting his narrative, "do you happen to have the mate to that cigar about you?"

"I told him I hadn't."

"Well, never mind, I ain't particular; I'll take a chew of tobacco, if you happen to have it."

I told him I had none.

Another sigh impinged itself upon my olfactory organs, and then he continued: "Nothing so helps a man to rise superior to the petty and soul-entrailing concerns of everyday life as the contemplation and study of true greatness. To assist in the attainment of that lofty state of mind there is nothing so effective as the presence of the counterfeited presentations of men who have towered like sun-kissed mountains peaks above their fellows. With that conviction strong upon me I abandoned my ordinary life, and gave myself up to thought. In due time the inspiration came. At the lowest estimate there are 4,000,000 men in this country who get shaved by barbers on an average three times a week. At an absurdly low estimate that involves an expenditure of thirty cents a week by each man. That, sir, as I have proved over and over again, amounts to \$120,000,000 a week, or \$32,400,000 a year.

"Just think of it! All that money practically thrown away. I proposed that these four millions should form a vast 'antishave' or 'shave yourself' association, and that the money thus saved should be put into a fund, to purchase statues for beautifying our parks and places of public resort. All the reward that I asked was that I should be made the treasurer of the fund. Had the scheme been carried out the artistic beauties of ancient Greece would be as nothing compared with ours, but my scheme fell unheeded on the miserable lot of mercenary, self-seeking men who libel this country by calling themselves Americans."

"That was fifteen years ago. As you may perceive, if you observe me closely, I have not advanced from that day to this. I tried to be a public benefactor. Society scornfully rejected my offering. Therefore, society owes me a living. And that, sir, is why I ventured to ask you for a dime."

"If, there! get out of this," harshly exclaimed a park policeman who had stolen upon us unawares. "Didn't I tell you I'd give you a taste of meclub if I caught you arround here again!"

"Shades of Scott and Burns and Shakespeare!" muttered the tramp as he shuffled off. "Has it come to this—that your most ardent devotee should be the sport and jest of a sparrow cop?"—New York Herald.

What Part Eccentricities Have Played.

I suppose most people could point to men or women of their acquaintance whom they hold in regard as originals or eccentrics. It is somewhat dubious a title to respect, even with us, who are reckoned so eccentric a nation. And yet it is worth while to remember that all the great inventions which have done so much for civilization have been discovered by whom they hold in regard as originals or eccentrics. It is the common growth; men who differed more or less from other men in their habits and ideals.—All the Year Round.

BLACK STRAW HAT.
head and the rest of her anatomy, how can anybody have the assurance to state that the girl of the present age is inferior in health to her grandmother?

These early declining persons were white stockings, too, surely the most unbecoming costume ever adopted by a supposedly cultivated person not excepting the white kid slipper. And such bonnets as the women appeared in beggar description. It may be accurately stated that the women appeared "in" the bonnet

—so far in that only a direct front view revealed the fact that she had a face at all. An immense array of stiff covered neck, ears and hair and extended so far forward as to preclude any glimpse of a possible profile. All these things were fashionable in the eyes of our immediate ancestors. Is it possible that 40 years from now our pretty things will seem equally preposterous to our grandchildren?

Our present is enough better than that of past times to tell us that a blank expanse of straw, however fine, is less attractive to the eye than a view of the face it shelters. It has been many a day since the countenance was concealed by the head covering, and even our biggest hats leave the face to speak for itself. A fair example of modern fashion is shown in the accompanying sketch. It is a hat of black rice straw trimmed with black ostrich plumes. The brim is bent and caught up at the back, and black satin ribbon forms an additional garniture.

JUDIC CHOLET.
TWAS EVER THUS.

A Would Be Public Benefactor Who Found That He Was Not Appreciated.

"Please give me a dime." I was seated in the Mall at Central park, looking at the statue of "Robbie" Burns and thinking thoughts that many a man has thought before about his ill starred life, when I received about this time a coin from a stranger. It was a dime. I looked at it. "Why should I give you a dime?" I replied sharply, hoping thereby to get rid of it.

But it didn't have the desired effect. He wasn't an every day sort of tramp, although his apparel was shabby enough. There was a moody air of better days about him. He raised a sigh, and seating himself alongside of me—I couldn't resist that, because he had just as much right to a seat as I had—he began to unfold his tale. "I recognize in you," he began, "a kindred spirit. I, too, am a worshiper at the shrine of genius. Nothing delights me so much as to see the memory of great men fittingly honored. Years ago, in a fit of generous enthusiasm, I conceived a scheme which, had it been favorably received, would have put me in charge of other parks and public squares in the land with statues of mankind's greatest benefactors."

"But pardon me," he added, interrupting his narrative, "do you happen to have the mate to that cigar about you?"

"I told him I hadn't."

"Well, never mind, I ain't particular; I'll take a chew of tobacco, if you happen to have it."

I told him I had none.

Another sigh impinged itself upon my olfactory organs, and then he continued: "Nothing so helps a man to rise superior to the petty and soul-entrailing concerns of everyday life as the contemplation and study of true greatness. To assist in the attainment of that lofty state of mind there is nothing so effective as the presence of the counterfeited presentations of men who have towered like sun-kissed mountains peaks above their fellows. With that conviction strong upon me I abandoned my ordinary life, and gave myself up to thought. In due time the inspiration came. At the lowest estimate there are 4,000,000 men in this country who get shaved by barbers on an average three times a week. At an absurdly low estimate that involves an expenditure of thirty cents a week by each man. That, sir, as I have proved over and over again, amounts to \$120,000,000 a week, or \$32,400,000 a year.

"Just think of it! All that money practically thrown away. I proposed that these four millions should form a vast 'antishave' or 'shave yourself' association, and that the money thus saved should be put into a fund, to purchase statues for beautifying our parks and places of public resort. All the reward that I asked was that I should be made the treasurer of the fund. Had the scheme been carried out the artistic beauties of ancient Greece would be as nothing compared with ours, but my scheme fell unheeded on the miserable lot of mercenary, self-seeking men who libel this country by calling themselves Americans."

"That was fifteen years ago. As you may perceive, if you observe me closely, I have not advanced from that day to this. I tried to be a public benefactor. Society scornfully rejected my offering. Therefore, society owes me a living. And that, sir, is why I ventured to ask you for a dime."

"If, there! get out of this," harshly exclaimed a park policeman who had stolen upon us unawares. "Didn't I tell you I'd give you a taste of meclub if I caught you arround here again!"

"Shades of Scott and Burns and Shakespeare!" muttered the tramp as he shuffled off. "Has it come to this—that your most ardent devotee should be the sport and jest of a sparrow cop?"—New York Herald.

What Part Eccentricities Have Played.

I suppose most people could point to men or women of their acquaintance whom they hold in regard as originals or eccentrics. It is somewhat dubious a title to respect, even with us, who are reckoned so eccentric a nation. And yet it is worth while to remember that all the great inventions which have done so much for civilization have been discovered by whom they hold in regard as originals or eccentrics. It is the common growth; men who differed more or less from other men in their habits and ideals.—All the Year Round.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Book free; pills 25c. At drugstores, or write B.F. Allen Co., 365 Canal St., New York.

YES OR NO

A Well-Known Physician, Who, Among Other Things, Is Noted for His Frankness.

No one ever heard Dr. E. Graver use the phrase "I think" in his practice. The doctor is one of those frank, fearless, honest, positive men who never hesitate to say yes or no, as the case may require. "I can cure you" or "I cannot cure you" is his invariable decision after examination, and to this fact is attributable his remarkable record without failures. But it would be strange indeed if the doctor were not a more than usually successful practitioner. He has been surgeon-in-chief in more than one of the largest hospitals of this country, was lately Demonstrator of Physiology and Surgery at the Medical-Chirurgical College in Philadelphia, has been elected an honorary member of the Medical-Chirurgical Association, is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, etc., and is still a close student. A man with such a record could not fail to be a successful physician under any circumstances, but when backed by cautious conservatism in expression, or to use a more popular phrase, the "be sure you're right, they-go-ahead" system, it would be more than strange if failure overtook him.

You can consult Dr. Graver any day at Rooms 5 and 6.

Temple Court Building
811 SPRUCE ST.,
From 9 a.m. till 9 p.m. Consultations free. Those suffering from Nervous Diseases are guaranteed a cure. For such there is the cheering word "Yes," as failure is unknown in the doctor's treatment.

Third National Bank of Scranton.
ORGANIZED 1872.
CAPITAL, \$200,000
SURPLUS, \$250,000

WILLIAM CONNELL, President.
W. H. ATTLIN, Vice-President.
WILLIAM H. PECK, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
William Connell, George H. Cullin, Alfred H. Jones, Archibald, Henry H. B. Co., William Z. South, Luther S. Miller

THE TRADERS
National Bank of Scranton.
ORGANIZED 1874.
CAPITAL \$250,000.
SURPLUS \$25,000.

FAMUL HINES, President.
W. W. WATSON, Vice-President.
A. B. WILLIAMS, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
SAMUEL HINES, JAMES M. FETTERHAY, LEVING A. FINCH, FRANK B. PRILEY, JOSEPH J. JEMMIS, H. M. KEMMERER, CHAS. P. MATTHEWS, JOHN T. PORTER, W. W. WATSON.

PROMPT, ENERGETIC, CONSERVATIVE AND LIBERAL.

This bank invites the patronage of business men and firms generally.

DEXTER SHOE CO., Inc's Capital, \$1,000,000.
150 SHOES IN THE WORLD.
"A dollar saved is a dollar earned." This Ladies' Soft French Dongola Kid Boston Shoe delivered free anywhere in the U.S., on receipt of Cash, Money Order, or Postal Note for \$1.50. Equals every year the boots sold in all retail stores for \$2.50. We make the boots ourselves, therefore we guarantee the fit, style and wear, and if any shoe is not satisfied, we will refund the money or send another pair. Open Top or Common Sense, width C, D, E, and EEE. Size 1 to 10 and half sizes. See your dealer or write us at once. Illustrated Catalogue FREE.

DEXTER SHOE CO., 149 FEDERAL ST., BOSTON, MASS.
Special Terms to Dealers.

BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 30 to 60 days by our "WATER CURE," under guarantee, backed by \$500,000. Full particulars and 10-page book illustrated from life-size photographs, sent free. When the Red Streak and Mercury Hair, our "WATER CURE" will cure you. COIN IN THE HAND IS THE BEST POLICY.

A Handsome Complexion is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. FOSTER'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.



The Flour Awards

"CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—The first official announcement of World's Fair diplomas on flour has been made. A medal has been awarded by the World's Fair judges to the flour manufactured by the Washburn, Crosby Co., in the great Washburn Flour Mills, Minneapolis. The committee reports the flour strong and pure, and entitles it to rank as first-class patent flour for family and bakers' use."

MEGARGEL & CONNELL

WHOLESALE AGENTS
SUPERLATIVE AND GOLD MEDAL

The above brands of flour can be had at any of the following merchants, who will accept THE TRIBUNE FLOUR COUPON of 25 on each one hundred pounds of flour or 50 on each barrel of flour.

Scranton—F. P. Fries, Washington avenue; Gold Medal Brand. Dunmore—F. P. Fries, Gold Medal Brand. Danbury—F. D. Manly, Superior Flour Brand. Hyde Park—Carson & Davis, Washburn St. Gold Medal Brand; Joseph A. Moore, Main avenue, Superior Flour Brand. Green Ridge—A. L. Spencer, Gold Medal Brand. J. T. McCall, Superior Flour Brand. Providence—Fenner & Chappell, N. Main avenue, Superior Flour Brand; J. G. Gillespie, W. Market street, Gold Medal Brand. Olyphant—James Jordan, Superior Flour Brand. Pockville—Shaffer & Kiser, Superior Flour. Jermyn—C. W. Winters & Co., Superior Flour. Archibald—James Simpson & Co., Gold Medal. Carbondale—H. S. Clark, Gold Medal Brand. Honesdale—J. S. Foster & Co., Gold Medal. Minooka—M. H. Lavelle.

Taylor—Judge & Co., Gold Medal; Atherton & Co., Superior Flour. Duryea—Lawrence Store Co., Gold Medal. Moonville—John McCreedy, Gold Medal. Pittston—M. W. O'Brien, Gold Medal. Clark's Green—Frasco & Parker, Superior Flour. Clark's Summit—F. M. Young, Gold Medal. Dalton—S. E. Finn & Son, Gold Medal Brand. Nicholson—J. E. Harding. Waverly—M. E. Eason, Gold Medal. Factoryville—Charles Gardner, Gold Medal. Hopkinton—S. M. Finn & Son, Gold Medal. Tolythousa—Tolythousa & Louisa Lumber Co., Gold Medal Brand. Gouldsboro—A. Adams, Gold Medal Brand. Moscow—J. G. & C. Adams, Gold Medal. Lake Ariel—James A. Bortree, Gold Medal. Forest City—J. L. Morgan & Co., Gold Medal.

"No star was ever lost we once have seen,
We always may be what we might have been,"

A HAPPY PATRON OF
THE RICHARDS LUMBER CO.
Scranton, Pa.
22 and 23 Commonwealth Building.
TRY US.

DID YOU KNOW?

That we will GIVE you beautiful new patterns of Sterling SILVER SPOONS and FORKS for an equal weight, ounce for ounce, of your silver dollars. All elegantly engraved free. A large variety of new patterns to select from at

Mercereau & Connell
307 LACKAWANNA AVENUE

P. P. P. Pimples, Blotches and Old Sores Catarrh, Malaria and Kidney Troubles

Are entirely removed by P. P. P.—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium. The greatest blood purifier on earth.

Marvelous Cures in Blood Poison Rheumatism and Scrofula

P. P. P. purifies the blood, builds up the weak and debilitated, gives strength to weakened nerves, expels diseases, giving the patient health and happiness where sickness, gloomy feelings and lassitude first prevailed. For primary secondary and tertiary syphilis, for blood poisoning, mercurial poison, malaria, dyspepsia, and in all blood and skin diseases, like blotches, pimples, old chronic ulcers, tetter, scald head, boils, eruptions, eczema—we may say, without fear of contradiction, that P. P. P. is the best blood purifier in the world, and makes positive, speedy and permanent cures in all cases.

Ladies whose systems are poisoned and whose blood is in an impure condition, due to mercurial, irascible, and other poisons, and who are troubled by the wonderful tonics and blood-cleansing properties of P. P. P. Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 14th, 1893.—I can speak in the highest terms of your medicine from my own personal knowledge. I was affected with heart disease, pleurisy and rheumatism for 35 years, was treated by the very best physicians and every known remedy without finding relief. I have only taken one bottle of your P. P. P., and can cheerfully say it has done more good than anything I have ever taken. I can recommend your medicine to all sufferers of blood diseases. Wm. M. YEARY, Spr. 22nd, Green County, Mo.

SKIN CANCER CURED.
Testimony from the Mayor of Seguin, Tex. Seguin, Tex., January 14, 1893. Messrs. Lippman Bros., Savannah, Ga.: I had a skin cancer of the skin, usually known as skin cancer, of thirty years' duration. It was a large, hard, white, fleshy growth, which had become very painful. I had taken every kind of medicine, but nothing had done me any good. I had been told that your P. P. P. was the best blood purifier and cleanser of the blood. I had taken five or six bottles of your P. P. P., and had obtained a complete cure. I can therefore say that your P. P. P. is the best blood purifier and cleanser of the blood. Yours truly, G. F. LIPPMAN, Mayor of Seguin, Tex.

Book on Blood Diseases Mailed Free.
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.
LIPPMAN BROS.
PROPRIETORS,
Lippman's Block, Savannah, Ga.

MANHOOD RESTORED! NERVE SEEDS. This is the best and most reliable remedy ever used to restore all nervous diseases. It restores the system, builds up the strength, and gives the patient health and happiness. It is the best remedy for all nervous diseases, including nervous prostration, nervous debility, nervous exhaustion, nervous weakness, nervous irritability, nervous hyperaesthesia,