breasts to the dangers of the infant Republic, the greater number is found propagating the faith of St. Patrick among the American Indians. As the war of the Revolution closed, emigration increased. Tyranny had removed her throne from America to Ireland. What she could not obtain by force of arms in America, she hoped to obtain by arms and treachery in Ireland. She withdrew her veterans from the shores of America and hurled them on the shores of Ireland. A persecution there of ten years did its work, and at the opening of the 10th century the Atlantic Ocean was white with the sails of the emigrant ships carrying their cargoes to America. Here the history of Catholicity in America in reality begins. Irishmen spread themselves from the waters of the Kennebec to the extreme boundaries of the States. They built their churches, however humble they might be. By degrees the wants of religion were supplied. Not from France, the mother of missionaries; not from Spain; not even from Italy, the cradle of the church; but from Ireland, the heritage of St. Patrick. Irish priests accompanied Irish emigrants. Irish skill and Irish talent, kept the vessels afloat, and Irish faith and Irish zeal took charge of the emigrants on the shores of America. And they have kept the faith, and have multiplied not only by emigration but by their natural increase, until there is scarce a State in the Union which is not under the influence of the Gospel of Christ, through the labors of Irishmen, or of their children. In Maine we have them, and in Pennsylvania, in the Carolinas and in Texas, in Missouri and in the far West, supplanting the missionaries of France—on the slope to the Pacific—in California—everywhere, go where you will, you have the Irish priest before you, and where you have the Irish priest there you have also congregations of Irishmen around him—the rustic church, and the rustic cross overtopping it.

By the census of 1860, the Irish population in the United States was computed to be about four millions. Of these we can safely say that about three millions were practical Catholics. Since then emigration has contributed not less than two millions more. If we add to this the children born in America of Irish parents, we will have, after allowing a wide margin for deaths and other causes, an Irish Catholic population in the United States of not less than six millions. Imagine the effect of such a population. They are a people who have been driven from home by tyranny and oppression—who could have lived in opulence, had they sacrificed their religious convictions. But they preferred their faith and their liberty to the gilded shackles of the tyrant. They have come to our shores penniless, it is true, but virtuous. They have labored long and hard for success and have found it. They have felled our forests, and built our cities. They have made not only our railroads, but the engines that run over them. If they remained poor they remained faithful, and if they grew rich their wealth and their faith, with the blessing of God, would seem to have increased in proportion.

I have no hesitation whatever in asserting that the Irish contingent to the population of the United States are the leaven of the mass—the very salt of the earth. It is true they are not all virtuous—not all faithful. I am aware of the faults of an Irishman. I do not say they are all what they ought to be, much less will they are what they will be, but I do say, take them as a whole, balancing their vices and their virtues, they will not only compare favorably with, but they will absolutely rise superior to any other element in the population of America. They have all the talent and energy that others have got. They have also got what most of the others have not—the true faith.

If we wish to form an estimate of the influence of Irishmen in the United States, apart from their religion, we have only to look back to the pages of our country's history. Such history embraces a period of less than 300 years. But young as we are we are old enough to have seen not only colonial but also revolutionary times, from which like the Phœnix we have risen. We have risen to be a great and powerful nation. In a word, in the western waters we have built up a nation, which affords an asylum to the persecuted of every land, which guarantees liberty to the tyranny of Europe. To effect all this, sacrifices of no ordinary character were required. In the days of the Revolution men had to deny themselves the common necessaries of life to carry on the struggle for independence—to leave the plough that supported their families and gird on the sword that protected them—to beat hardships of the most incredible description. They marched forth to meet the enemy poorly clad and worse fed. Sacrifices were made—ties of family and of home were severed. In the ranks might often be found the grey-haired father and sons fighting and suffering side by side in the sacred cause of liberty. These were the times that tried men's souls. But the men were equal to the times, and of all the men who suffered, and fought, and bled for American liberty, I claim that none in proportion suffered as much, or did as much as Irishmen and the sons of Irishmen. This may seem strange doctrine now-a-days. It would scarcely do at this late day to broach such heresy even in the very State where liberty made her first sacrifice, where tyranny immolated her first victim, and that victim an Irishman. Before the battle of Lexington, and shortly after the ten had been thrown overboard, an Irishman was shot dead in the streets of Boston for being engaged in the plot and for disloyalty to the King. As an illustration, I may mention, that the Irish contingent from the little town of Belfast, then in the State of Massachusetts, but now in Maine, was no less than 42 men. Of these, some eight or nine were killed in battle, eight more died either of their wounds or from exposure, and the remainder, many of whom were maimed for life, lived to recount the glories of the past to their children's children, or as the Poet says:—

"To shoulder their crutch and fight their battles o'er again."

In the American army there were no less than 8 generals of division, 20 brigadiers, with a host of officers of inferior grade, all either Irish by birth or of Irish parentage. The American navy, which, during the Revolution, and since, made such sad havoc with the "hearts of oak," owes its origin and success to the talent and heroism of an Irishmen. It is needless to say, that for one soldier which Ireland contributed in the war of the Revolution, she contributed a hundred in the late war. I will not remind you of the friends and relatives that have passed from our midst—that have freely offered up their lives to perpetuate the government which their ancestors did so much to establish. For the sake of charity and peace it is better to draw a veil over that fearful struggle. If it were possible it were better to blot its memory forever from the pages of our country's history. But Irish names have been, and are, illustrious in that saddened epoch.

It is true we are here, not for our rights or privileges, but by virtue of what our forefathers wrought for us. We must hold and ponder with discretion the boon we possess. We are a force that must always be felt. We must train up our children in the faith wherein we were taught—and inculcate the faith of St. Patrick. You cannot be a good citizen unless you are a religious man. Have, therefore, a right care for your children—teach them that they have a history to make as you have done—a history every way fraught with instruction, combining intelligence and faith. Teach your children this history—teach them to come to church every St. Patrick's day, and it will require no prophecy to foretell what our great future will be, or to what eminence we shall rise. J. W.

THE DAILY EAGLE.

READING, PA.

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1869.

THE Eagle Book Store, ADLER office, DAILY EAGLE and READING GAZETTE & DEMOCRAT have been removed to 542 Penn street, Schmucker House building, opposite the Keystone House.

THE nominations of Frank Moore, of New York, to be Secretary of Legation at Madrid, and Wm. A. Forbes, to be Pension Agent at Philadelphia, were confirmed by the Senate on Wednesday. Several nominations were made by the President, among them Henry E. Moore for Customs Collector at Philadelphia, in place of Marks, resigned; and Joseph P. Smith for Internal Revenue Assessor of the First Pennsylvania District.

THE New Jersey Senate, on Wednesday, passed a bill allowing railroad companies to increase their stock.

THE Georgia Senate, on Wednesday, by the casting vote of its President, indefinitely postponed the consideration of the Suffrage Amendment.

THE New York House of Representatives, on Wednesday, ratified the Suffrage Amendment.

THE Governor of Louisiana has approved the bill providing for the admission of white and colored children to the same schools, and has appointed Commissioners thereunder. Two of the latter are colored men.

GOVERNOR BULLOCK, of Georgia, has ordered that no money shall be paid to the members of the Georgia House of Representatives until the Appropriation bills for 1869 are passed. This is done to prevent the absence of members to defeat business.

WEDNESDAY being St. Patrick's Day, it was generally observed by the Irish Societies and citizens throughout the country. In Philadelphia, New York, Chicago, Boston and elsewhere, religious services, parades, meetings, banquets, &c., were the principal features of the celebration.

AN Omaha despatch to the Chicago Tribune repeats the report of Gen Custer's capture by the Indians, but gives no particulars.

Two men disputing in an auction room at Chicago on Wednesday, one of them fired at the other. The ball entered the lung of a third man who was standing near, and inflicted a mortal wound.

AN INTERESTING LECTURE.—We publish to-day the very interesting lecture of Rev. J. J. McElvoy, of Philadelphia. This lecture, which was reported in full for the DAILY EAGLE by Mr. James Wall, of the EAGLE establishment, is one of the best we have ever read. For purity of thought and diction, eloquence of style, solid instruction and historic research, it has seldom been excelled. We recommend it to the attention of our readers, especially to those of the Roman Catholic faith.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

SPAIN.

MADRID, March 17.—Serious disturbances, growing out of the opposition of the people to the military conscription, are reported in Andalusia. At Xeres and Montara, barricades were erected, and there was some fighting between the people and the troops. In the latter place two men were killed and six wounded. No disorder has occurred in Cadiz. Senor Sagosta had advised the Cortes not to enforce conscription. The members of the Cortes, without distinction of party, have offered their assistance and support to the Government to maintain public order at any cost.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, March 17.—The North German Parliament has passed a bill securing freedom of speech in all the Diets of Germany.

Our Kutztown Letter.

KUTZTOWN, March 18, 1869.

DEAR EAGLE:—The Democracy of the Borough met in convention, and nominated the following ticket last evening, at the public house of Ulrich Miller. The whole affair was peaceably conducted, and men such as the times demand were placed in nomination for the several offices. The result is as follows:

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Chief Burgess.—Paul Hilbert; *Assist. Burgess*—George Weaver.

High Constable.—Henry W. Esser.

Auditor.—Aaron B. Manderbach.

Council.—Lewis Fisher, Henry Sheidt, S. S. Schmehl, Charles Kutz, Perry Levan.

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

Justice of the Peace.—H. H. Schwartz, Esq.

Judge.—Isaac S. Hottenstein.

Inspector.—John Graeff.

Constable.—Charles Glasser.

Assessor.—Reuben Kutz.

School Directors—Allen S. Hottenstein, John Humbert.

A. S. H.

THE MARKETS.

READING, March 19, 1869.

Money Market.

Bushong & Bro., Bankers, No. 16 North 6th street, quote as follows:

READING, March 19, 1869.

Old U. S. 6's 1881	116
Old U. S. 5's 1862	119
New 6's, 5-20's 1864, July and Jan.	115
New U. S. 5-20's 1865, May and Nov.	117
New 6's 1865, new	118
New U. S. 5-20's 1867, July and Jan.	113
New U. S. 5-20's 1868	113
Ten Forty Bonds	103½
Gold in New York up to 12 o'clock	130
Gold in Reading at Bushong & Bros.	129½

Reading Grain and Flour Market.

There is nothing special to report in the grain and flour market of this city. Dullness still prevails, but there is no material change in prices. As we have no board of trade to regulate the prices from day to day it is very difficult to give the correct quotations. We often find that our dealers differ in the paying price, but we give the figures as near as possible.

SELLING PRICES.

White Wheat Flour per bbl.	$11 50
Red " " Extra Family per bbl.	10 50
" " " "	10 00
Corn Chop (new)	95
Best Middlings	1 30
Common	90
Bran	80
Corn Meal	1 30

PAYING PRICES.

White Wheat per bushel	1 80@1 90
Red " "	1 50@1 70
Rye	1 40
Oats	65
Corn	88

Philadelphia Markets.

THURSDAY, March 18.

FLOUR—Business continues very dull and prices are weak. The inquiry is confined to the immediate wants of the home consumers, who purchased a few hundred barrels at $5 25@5 50 for superfine, $6@6 50 for extras, $6 50@7 for Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family, $7@9 50 for Pennsylvania and Ohio do do, and $9 75@12 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour sells at $7 25@7 75. Nothing doing in Corn Meal. The receipts to-day are as follows: 2000 bbls flour, 8100 bus wheat, 6400 bus corn, 5000 bus oats.

GRAIN—The Wheat market presents no new feature; the demand is chiefly for prime lots, but inferior sorts are neglected. Sales of 2000 bushels red at $1 55@1 60; 1200 bushels Indiana amber at $1 65@1 68, and 500 bushels California at $1 85. Rye is steady, with sales of 800 bushels heavy western at $1 57, and 1000 bushels do, to arrive, at $1 55. Corn is less active, and lower. Sales of 5000 bushels at 87@90c, closing at 87@88c. Oats are unchanged. Sales of 4000 bushels western at 73@75c, and Pennsylvania at 69@68c. Nothing doing in Barley or Malt.

PROVISIONS—The market continues quiet, but prices are without material change. Mess Pork sells in small lots at $32 50@33 ₱ bbl. Bacon Hams are quiet; sales of plain and fancy bagged at 18@21c ₱ lb. Green Meats are firmly held. Pickled Hams sell at 17@17½c. Lard is dull; sales of barrels and tierces at 19@19½c ₱ lb.

SEEDS—Cloverseed is in fair demand; 850 bushels sold at $9 75@10, and some from second hands at $10 25 ₱ bushel. Timothy Seed sells at $3 62½ ₱ bushel. Flaxseed sells on arrival at $2 65.

WHISKY—Sales are making at 95@98c ₱ gallon, tax paid.

Reading Hay Market.

A large lot of hay and straw was brought into the city since Saturday last. It was all taken at the prices quoted below, with the exception of a few loads which was of inferior quality. The demand is somewhat limited, and prices are weak.

Hay and Straw Market.

Timothy Hay	$16 00 for 2000 lb.
Long Rye Straw	15 00 " "
Meadow Hay	14 00 " "
Mankled	11 00 " "

Philadelphia Iron Market.

In Pig Metal there is rather more doing, and prices are firmer; sales of No. 1 Anthracite at $42, and No. 2 at $40. Scotch Pig sells at $43@43 50 ₱ ton, and Glendon at $37@Furnace. Manufactured Iron commands $82 50@87 ₱ ton for Bars. Blooms are quiet.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

The arrivals and sales of Beef Cattle, at the Avenue Drove Yard were light this week, only reaching about 1200 head. The market was very dull, and prices were ½@¾c ₱ lb lower, extra Pennsylvania and western steers selling at 9½@9¾c; fair to good at 8@9c, and common at 6@7c ₱ lb, gross, as to quality.

Cows and Calves were steady. We quote springers at $35@60, and cows and calves at $40@75, with sales of 150 head.

Sheep were held firmly; sales of 10,000 head at 7@9½c ₱ lb, gross, as to condition.

Hogs were 50c ₱ 100 lbs lower; sales of 4000 head at 15 50@16 50 ₱ 100 lbs, net.

Reading Housekeepers' Market.

BUTTER—Fresh dairy, ₱ lb.		48
" Lump,		38
CHEESE—Cheese ₱ lb.		24
LARD—Lard ₱ lb.		24
EGGS—Eggs ₱ dozen		27
APPLES—Apples ₱ peck		2@30
" Dried ₱ quart		14
PEACHES— " lb.		15
MEAT—Beefsteak, round ₱ lb.		22
" " sirloin, "		20
" " rump, "		20
" Beef roast, "		20
" Beef dried, "		35
" Veal Cutlets, "		23
" " chops, "		18
" Mutton, "		18@20
" Pork, "		18@20
" " steak, "		20
" Sausage fresh, "		23@25
" " smoked, "		23
HAMS—Hams, "		24
" Sliced, "		30
SHOULDERS— "		16
SIDES— "		18
POULTRY—Chickens live, "		—
" " dressed, "		18
" Turkies live, "		—
" " dressed, "		22
" Chickens live p pr		50@100
POTATOES ₱ bushel		125

The Coal Market.

Egg and Broken Coal	$6 per ton.
Stove "	6 25 " "
Nut "	6 00 " "
Pea "	4 50 " "
Bituminous Coal	3 25 per ton.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15th, 1867.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement by liquor obtained from Juniper Berries, containing very little sugar, a small proportion of spirit, and more palatable than any now in use. The active properties are by this mode extracted.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists generally, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and gluttinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœa, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exists. In this you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation. With a feeling of confidence,

I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD.

Chemist and Druggist of 16 Years' Experience in Philadelphia, and now located at his Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, New York.

[From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.]

I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold; he, occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN.

Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU for weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forebodings of Evil, in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

The Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, in affections peculiar to Females, is unequalled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, imprudence, or in the decline or change of life.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU in all diseases of the organs, whether in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the greatest Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1.25 per bottle, or bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address H. T. HELMBOLD, Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS DONE UP in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

dec 23-2meod&w1

"THE HILL"

SELECT FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL,

An English, Classical, Mathematical, Scientific and Artistic Institution,

FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS!

At Pottstown, Montgomery County, Pa.

The second half of the eighteenth annual session commenced on Wednesday, the 3d day of February last. Pupils received at any time. For Circulars address

REV. GEO. F. MILLER, A. M.

References.

REV. DRS.—Meigs, Schaeffer, Mann, Krauth, Seiss, Muhlenberg, Hutter, Stork, Conrad, Bomberger, Wylie, Sterrett, and Murphy.

HONS.—Judge Ludlow, Leonard Myers, M. Russel Thayer, Benj. M. Boyer, Jacob S. Yost and Hiester Clymer.

ESQS.—James E. Caldwell, James L. Claghorn, J. F. & C. B. Orne, James Hamilton, Theo. G. Boggs, C. F. Norton, L. L. Houpt, S. Gross Fry, Miller & Derr, Charles Wannemacher, James Kent, Santee & Co., John Wiest, etc.

feb 20-2meod&imw

GREAT FURNITURE DEPOT.

SCHRŒDER & FELIX,

Wareroom, corner Fifth and Washington streets.

MANUFACTORY, WASHINGTON ST. BELOW FIFTH.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY invite public attention to their splendid stock of first-class furniture now and constantly on hand, and made to order to suit customers.

Among other articles, especial attention is invited to their unsurpassed

EXTENSION TABLES,

DRESSING BUREAUS,

DINING ROOM CHAIRS,

CENTRE AND OTHER TABLES

BEDSTEADS OF THE LATEST STYLES

and every other article in their line of business.

Every article is manufactured by themselves, in their admirably arranged manufactory, with the most perfect machinery, and skilful mechanics, and finished in an unsurpassed manner.

Also prepared to execute all orders for

CARVING,

TURNING,

SAWING, and

MOULDINGS.

All orders promptly executed, and warranted to give satisfaction. ap. 10 d

BEAU MONDE HALL!

BUCH & BRO.,

No. 543 PENN STREET,

Are now offering a splendid stock of

SPRING GOODS.

COME AND SECURE GREAT BARGAINS

Suits made up to order in splendid style—

EXCELLENT FITS.

An unsurpassed stock of gents'

FURNISHING GOODS.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

CALL AND SEE.

BUCH & BRO.,

BEAU MONDE HALL,

No. 543 PENN STREET.

feb 19d

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DEAFNESS,

DISEASES OF THE

EYE AND EAR,

AND

CATARRH.

ALEXANDER GARRISON, M. D.,

OF NEW YORK,

AUTHOR OF

A Treatise on Deafness—Catarrh,

Respectfully informs the citizens of Reading and vicinity that he will visit this city monthly. Office at the American House, and will be prepared to receive patients on Tuesday, April 6th, until Saturday, the 10th, and again on Monday, May 10th, to Wednesday, the 12th, after that time due notice will be given of each appointment, and can be consulted for Deafness, Noise in the Head, Catarrh, Discharges from the Ear, Accumulation of Wax in the Ear, Obstruction of the Eustachian Tube, and all acute or Chronic Diseases of the Ear and Air Passages.

ARTIFICIAL EYES INSERTED WITHOUT PAIN,

and perfectly resembling the natural eye.

OPERATIONS FOR

CATARACT, STRABISMUS OR CROSS EYE, ARTIFICIAL PUPIL, &c.,

Skillfully performed, and all diseases of the

EYE AND EAR

Treated, and every operation in Aural and Opthalmic Surgery performed by Dr. GARRISON.

For further particulars, references, testimonials, &c., send for a Circular.

mar 15-6mdaw

CATARRH.

Dr. GARRISON treats catarrh by the use of medicated inhalations.

NOTICE.—Any one desirous of having my opinion in any case relating either to the Eye, Ear, or Catarrh, will at all times receive the same candidly, if application be made in person. I am generally able to inform the inquirer whether or not a cure can be effected; if not, whether relief can be given, and to what extent.

DR. GARRISON does not pretend to cure all diseases, but from his experience of twenty years' practice in Europe and this country, is prepared to treat all curable diseases.

DR. GARRISON refers by permission to the following medical gentlemen: Dr. J. Mott and Dr. Lovett, New York City; Prof. Sanborn and Dr. Blake, Boston; Dr. Moore, Syracuse; Dr. Woodward, Troy, N. Y.; Hon. Nehemiah Pierce, New York.

$4,500,000

SEVEN PER CENT.

GOLD BONDS,

THIRTY YEARS TO RUN,

ISSUED BY

The Lake Superior & Mississippi River Railroad Company.

They are a First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bond, Free of United States Tax.

Secured by 1,632,000 acres of choice lands, and by the Railroad, its Rolling Stock and the Franchises of the Company, for sale

At 95 and INTEREST.

Yielding in Currency NEARLY TEN PER CENT. INTEREST.

We will take Government or other securities at full market price, in exchange for the Bonds. Pamphlets and full information and Bonds furnished on application by mail, or in person.

DE HAVEN & BRO

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITES, GOLD, &c.

No. 40 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

nov 7-d&w1y PHILADELPHIA.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

REMOVAL!

A. HENLEIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Has Removed his Establishment from No. 331 Penn street, to 433 Penn street, five doors below the Farmers' National Bank, where he will be happy to meet all his friends and customers.

A new and fresh stock of Goods on hand for the Spring Campaign, which will be made up in the BEST STYLE and at very reasonable charges.

MR. GEORGE HECKMAN

Has charge of the Cutting Department, and good fits will be guaranteed.

A CALL IS SOLICITED.

mar 8-2wd A. HENLEIN.

A NEW WINE

AND

LIQUOR STORE

HAS JUST BEEN OPENED AT THE

COR. OF EIGHTH AND PENN STS.,

BY

GEO. W. HUGHES,

For many years with Jos. Mishler & Co.,

AND

FRANCIS C. RHODE,

Son of Wm. H. Rhode, under the firm of

HUGHES & RHODE.

They have on hand and will at all times keep a large and well selected stock of all brands and qualities of

IMPORTED WINES,

BRANDIES AND GINS,

A choice lot of

CHAMPAGNE AND CLARET.

Also, fine double distilled rye whisky of different brands; also common rectified whisky and vinegar wholesale and retail. Demijohns and bottles of all sizes. All goods will be sold at prices to suit the times.

They extend an invitation to their numerous friends and the public generally, and hope by strict attention to business, and courtesy to all who may favor them with their patronage, to gain the confidence of buyers. HUGHES & RHODE.

Mar 8-1md

$20 REWARD.—The Firemen's Union will pay a reward of $20 for the arrest and conviction of any person or persons raising a false alarm of fire within the limits of the City of Reading.

JOHN A. BUCH,
Chief Engineer Fire Department.

mar 16-1wd

BOARDING WANTED.—A young gentleman desires boarding in a private family, $5.00 per week. Address

March 6—2wdl "J," EAGLE OFFICE.

PUBLIC SALE.—The BRICK HOUSE, No. 139 South Eighth street, with all the modern conveniences, and a lot 45 by 220 feet, will be sold at Public Sale on SATURDAY, March 20, 1869, at the Keystone House. Conditions made known at time of sale by

mar 15-5td THOMAS ZELL.

MACEDONIAN OIL TRIUMPHANT.

WILL YOU PLEASE READ THIS!

Reading, Pa., Jan. 12, 1869.—Mr. Wm. C. Krouse, No. 204 South Fifth street, says the M. M. Oil is the only thing which has given strength to his broken arm—has used it in his family for Earache, Neuralgia, and frosted feet, performing in each case a wonderfully quick and radical cure.

E. FOX, Proprietor of Keystone House, certifies that three bottles of the Oil cured a strain in a Horse, valuing the cure at $100.

JOHN KEMP, Policeman, says the Oil cured him of a severe fracture of the collar bone.

The above named persons are well known in this vicinity, and are living witnesses.

Having furnished such ample testimony at the times we advertised with the

FOUR HORSE CHARIOT,

giving those popular open air

CONCERTS,

I deem it unnecessary to add more names. The Magic Macedonian Oil Co. will forfeit

$1000,

if any dozen remedies combined will furnish as many good certificates from prominent citizens in the city and vicinity as those who have been cured by the use of the Macedonian Oil—call on

PROF. RAYMOND,

The German and English lecturer of the Company, stopping at the Keystone House and purchase a bottle of the Oil, or receive advice and treatment free of charge.

Also—Sold by J. K. McCurdy, Doctor Ziegler and S. S. Stevens. jan 13 d.

THE NEW

FEE BILL

FOR ALDERMEN AND JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Approved February 19th, 1869,

For sale at the

EAGLE BOOK STORE,

542 Penn Street.

mar 8-d & w

MUSKRATS, MINKS, RATS AND RACCOONS.—Just received a full assortment of Muskrat, Mink, Rat and Raccoon Traps for sale cheap by

[illegible] BALTIMORE,
[illegible] Penn street.

oct 31-1y

BANKING HOUSE.

BUSHONG & BRO.

BANKERS,

Dealers in

U. S. BONDS & STOCKS, GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS.

DRAFTS,

ON NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.

Interest paid on all Deposits.

Open at 9 a. m. Close at 3 p. m.

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jan 1-1869 d & w

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FASHIONABLE

HAT STORE

SPRING GOODS JUST OPENING.

BEAUTIFUL NEW STYLES SUITED TO ALL TASTES.

All hats warranted to give satisfaction.

GIVE US A CALL.

J. C. BUNTING,

PORTICO ROW,

541 PENN STREET, READING.

mar 4—1d

WHITMAN & HOLLOWBUSH

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mar 8-d—

JOHN M. SHARP,

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NO. 609 PENN STREET, READING.

[OVER BROWN'S EAGLE HAT STORE.]

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Mar 6-3md

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Extensive Grain Warehouse,

Now ready for

FARMERS AND CONSIGNORS

Who may wish to store Grain, &c., and commission reasonable. Also, a [illegible] stock of

FLOUR AND FEED, &c.,

For sale wholesale and retail, at lower rates than can be purchased elsewhere. Also superior lot of

Buckwheat Meal, and Potatoes.

Office, 105 North Eighth St. Reading, Pa.

feb 5-d

READING FIRE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMP'Y OF BERKS COUNTY.

Organized, July, 1867. Capital, $150,000.

Office, Reading Insurance Building, No. 19 North Fifth street, South-East Corner of Court Street.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

DIRECTORS:

J. PRINGLE JONES, JAMES MCKNIGHT,
HENRY Z. VAN REED, JACOB SHAFFNER,
J. T. JACKSON, D. E. STOUT,
JONAS SHALTER, J. T. VALENTINE,
GEORGE RIESER.

THIS COMPANY INSURES ALL kinds of property against loss or damage by fire at rates as low as any other reliable Company and upon every plan known to Stock Insurance Companies.

Perpetual Policies issued requiring no renewal and upon which the amount of premium paid can be reclaimed at any time, less a deduction of five per cent. The advantages of this method are worthy of the attention of farmers and others having first-class dwelling houses, barns and other buildings, in town or country, as being the cheapest and safest.

Policies for one, two, three, five or seven years, or for less than one year, issued and no change made for Policy and survey when renewed or when insurances are transferred from other companies.

The citizens of Reading and vicinity hitherto dependent mainly upon foreign companies, have now the privilege of protecting their insurances in a home institution, well organized, with an adequate paid in and guaranteed capital, presenting as strong a basis of security as that of any other company. The advantages of doing business directly with the Company and the importance of keeping some portion of the large sums paid for insurances in circulation at home, will be appreciated by all.

J. PRINGLE JONES, President.
JAMES MCKNIGHT, Vice President.
S. E. ANCONA, Secretary and Treasurer.

aug 6, 1868-1y d&w